

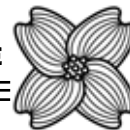


RULES OF
Department of Revenue
Division 10—Director of Revenue
Chapter 10—Financial Institutions

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TITLE 12 – DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
Division 10 – Director of Revenue
Chapter 10 – Financial Institutions

12 CSR 10-10.010 Sales Tax/Bank Tax Credit
 (Rescinded July 30, 2018)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 11, 1983, effective Aug. 11, 1983. Rescinded: Filed Jan. 26, 2018, effective July 30, 2018.

12 CSR 10-10.020 Allocation of Bank Tax

PURPOSE: This rule provides a uniform manner for financial institutions to apportion their bank tax among the main bank and the branches. This uniform treatment assures consistent disbursements to the political subdivisions of Missouri.

(1) The definitions of terms used in this rule are as follows:

(A) Taxable year shall mean the calendar year in which the bank tax is required to be filed and the bank tax is payable;

(B) Income period shall mean the calendar year next preceding the taxable year;

(C) Facility shall have the meaning ascribed to it in section 362.107, RSMo; and

(D) FDIC Report shall mean the summary of deposits filed with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) during the income period pursuant to the *Code of Federal Regulations* 12 CFR 304.3.(q).

(2) The division of the bank tax between the main banking house and facility shall be computed as follows:

(A) General Rule. If a bank maintains or operates one (1) or more facilities, then the bank tax liability of the bank for the taxable year shall be divided among the main banking house and each of the facilities by application of a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of deposits reported for the main banking house or the facility, in the FDIC Report, and the denominator is the sum of the deposits reported for the bank's main banking house and all of its facilities in the same FDIC Report;

(B) Exception to the General Rule. Where a main banking house or facility is chartered or authorized after the cutoff date for the FDIC Report, records shall be maintained on a calendar quarter basis that indicate the amount of deposits in the new main banking house or facility as of the last day of the calendar quarter in the income period, provided the new banking house or facility was in existence for any part of that calendar quarter. To prorate the deposits, they shall be added together and divided by four (4). The resulting figure shall be the deposits for the new main banking house or facility. The bank tax liability for the taxable year shall be divided among the new banking house or new facility by the application of a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of deposit for the new main banking house or the new facility as determined in this subsection and the denominator shall be the sum of deposit determined for the denominator under subsection (2) (A) plus the deposits reported for all of each bank's new main banking houses or facilities subject to this subsection; and

(C) Rule for Automated Teller Machines. Automated teller machines (ATMs) that are authorized and operate as facilities are not subject to the FDIC Report. Therefore, deposits through ATMs shall be allocated as follows:

1. If the ATM operates as a facility before the cutoff date

for the FDIC Report, the deposit will be hidden in the FDIC Report for all bank locations. The ATM operating as a facility shall report its deposit separately as of the cutoff date for the FDIC Report. The tax liability for the taxable year shall be divided between the ATM operated as a facility and the main banking house and all other facilities by the application of a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of deposit the bank has separately calculated for the ATM operated as a facility in the income period and the denominator is the sum of deposits determined for the denominator under subsections (2)(A) and (B). However, this exception requires that the deposit representing the main banking house be reduced by an amount equal to the deposit reported for the ATM operating as a facility;

2. If the ATM operates as a facility only after the cutoff date for the FDIC Report, then the deposit of the facility shall be reported in the same manner deposits are reported for new facilities under subsection (2)(B);

3. If a bank deposit is reported through the use of a thrift, credit union or proprietary ATM system (which the bank does not own or lease), the deposit shall be considered a part of the main banking house deposits; and

4. ATMs that operate as a part of the manned facility or the main banking house shall not be separately reported.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 2016. Original rule filed Oct. 15, 1984, effective Feb. 11, 1985. Amended: Filed July 25, 2023, effective March 30, 2024.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.030 Statute of Limitations for Bank Tax
 (Rescinded March 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: sections 148.100, 148.200, and 148.700, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed July 11, 1985, effective Oct. 11, 1985. Rescinded: Filed July 31, 2023, effective March 30, 2024.

12 CSR 10-10.040 Statute of Limitations for Credit Union and Savings and Loan Association Tax

PURPOSE: This rule establishes a statute of limitations for the assessment of Credit Union and Savings and Loan Association Tax as set out in Chapter 148, RSMo.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, an assessment shall be mailed to the taxpayer within three (3) years after the return was filed. No deficiency shall be assessed or collected with respect to the year for which the return was filed unless the notice is mailed within the three (3)-year period or the period otherwise fixed.

(2) If a taxpayer omits from its return an amount of income that is properly includable in its gross income which is in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of gross income stated in its return, an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer within six (6) years after the return was filed. For purposes of this rule, in determining the amount omitted, there shall not be taken into account any amount which is omitted in the return if the amount is disclosed in the return, or in a statement attached to the return, in a manner adequate to apprise the director of revenue of the nature and amount of the item.



(3) If no return is filed or a false or fraudulent return is filed with intent to evade the tax, an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer at any time.

(4) If a taxpayer fails to report a change or correction in federal taxable income which would increase its tax liability under Chapter 148, RSMo an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer within one (1) year after the Business Tax Bureau or Field Audit Bureau of the Department of Revenue shall become aware of the change or correction. A notice under this section shall be limited to the effects of the change or correction.

(5) Where, before the expiration of the time prescribed in this rule for the assessment of a deficiency, both the director of revenue and the taxpayer shall have consented in writing to its assessment after that time, the deficiency may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period so agreed may be extended by subsequent agreement in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

(6) For purposes of this rule, a return filed before the last day prescribed by law or by a corresponding rule for the filing of that return shall be deemed to be filed on the last day. If a return for any period ending with or within a calendar year is filed before April 15 of the succeeding calendar year, the return shall be deemed to be filed on April 15 of the succeeding calendar year.

AUTHORITY: sections 148.100, 148.200 and 148.700, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed July 11, 1985, effective Oct. 11, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945; 148.200, RSMo 1945 and 148.700, RSMo 1982.*

12 CSR 10-10.050 Statute of Limitations for Credit Institutions Tax

PURPOSE: This rule establishes a statute of limitations for the assessment of Credit Institutions Tax as set out in Chapter 148, RSMo.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, an assessment shall be mailed to the taxpayer within three (3) years after the return was filed. No deficiency shall be assessed or collected with respect to the year for which the return was filed unless the notice is mailed within the three (3)-year period or the period otherwise fixed.

(2) If a taxpayer omits from its return an amount of income that is properly includable in its gross income which is in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of gross income stated in its return, an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer within six (6) years after the return was filed. For purposes of this rule, in determining the amount omitted, there shall not be taken into account any amount which is omitted in the return if the amount is disclosed in the return, or in a statement attached to the return, in a manner adequate to apprise the director of revenue of the nature and amount of the item.

(3) If no return is filed or a false or fraudulent return is filed with intent to evade the tax, an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer at any time.

(4) If a taxpayer fails to report a change or correction in federal

taxable income which would increase its tax liability under Chapter 148, RSMo, an assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer within one (1) year after the Business Tax Bureau or Field Audit Bureau of the Department of Revenue shall become aware of the change or correction. A notice under this section shall be limited to the effects of the change or correction.

(5) Where, before the expiration of the time prescribed in this rule for the assessment of a deficiency, both the director of revenue and the taxpayer shall have consented in writing to its assessment after that time, the deficiency may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period so agreed may be extended by subsequent agreement in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

(6) For purposes of this rule, a return filed before the last day prescribed by law or by a corresponding rule for the filing of that return, shall be deemed to be filed on the last day. If a return for any period ending with or within a calendar year is filed before April 15 of the succeeding calendar year, the return shall be deemed to be filed on April 15 of the succeeding calendar year.

AUTHORITY: sections 148.100, 148.200 and 148.700, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed July 11, 1985, effective Oct. 11, 1985.*

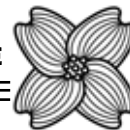
**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945; 148.200, RSMo 1945 and 148.700, RSMo 1982.*

12 CSR 10-10.060 Multiple Assessments of Credit Unions and Savings and Loan Associations for a Single Year

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies that the director of revenue may issue multiple assessments against a taxpayer for a given period on separate issues.

(1) The director of revenue may issue multiple assessments against the taxpayer for a single taxable year pursuant to section 148.680, RSMo when the director determines, based on separate findings or evidence adduced at the hearing provided in section 148.680, RSMo that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that tax computed by the taxpayer. The director, upon making the determination, shall notify the taxpayer by certified mail. The director will state on each assessment the reason for which it is issued. The taxpayer may seek independent review of each determination of the director of revenue by the Administrative Hearing Commission.

(2) Example: The taxpayer files a return for the taxable year and remits an underpayment of the tax for the period. The director determines based on the return and payment that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that remitted by the taxpayer and issues an assessment for the underpayment. At a later date, an audit conducted by the Department of Revenue of the credit union or savings and loan reveals additional findings based on separate issues not associated with the underpayment and the director determines that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that previously computed and based on these findings issues a separate assessment for the same taxable year. The taxpayer may seek independent review of each assessment by the Administrative Hearing Commission. The first assessment generated will be for the amount of the underpayment and will contain the language underpayment as the basis for the assessment. The second assessment for the same taxable period will be based on the audited findings and



will contain the language additional audit findings as the basis for the assessment.

AUTHORITY: section 148.700, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Sept. 16, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.700, RSMo 1982.*

12 CSR 10-10.070 Extension of Time to File Credit Unions and Savings and Loan Associations Tax Returns

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the procedures for filing request for extensions of time to file for Credit Unions and Savings and Loan Associations tax returns.

(1) Reasonable extension of time to file under sections 148.610–148.710, RSMo is defined by the director of revenue to mean a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days from the due date, April 15, for each taxable year. The extension request shall include either a copy of Extension of Time to File, Form 7004, filed with the federal government or the Missouri Application for Extension, Form 60. The request shall clearly state the reason for extending the filing date. The extension shall be granted only if it has been filed on or before the due date of the return. The extension shall be deemed granted unless denied in writing by the director of revenue. The extension may be denied or suspended at any time upon written notice to the applicant by the director of revenue.

(2) Any taxes not paid before the original due date shall bear interest computed in accordance with section 148.640, RSMo.

(3) The return shall be filed and all unpaid taxes plus interest shall be remitted on or before the last day of the extension.

AUTHORITY: section 148.700, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Sept. 16, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.700, RSMo 1982.*

12 CSR 10-10.080 Multiple Assessments of Credit Institutions for a Single Year

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies that the director of revenue may issue multiple assessments against a taxpayer for a given period on separate issues.

(1) The director of revenue may issue multiple assessments against the taxpayer for a single taxable year pursuant to section 148.190, RSMo when the director determines, based on separate findings, that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that tax computed by the taxpayer. The director, upon making the determination, shall notify the taxpayer by certified mail. The director will state on each assessment the reason for which it is issued. The taxpayer may seek independent review of each determination of the director of revenue by the Administrative Hearing Commission.

(2) Example: The taxpayer files a return for the taxable year and remits an underpayment of the tax for the period. The director determines, based on the return and payment, that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that remitted by the taxpayer and issues an assessment for the underpayment. At a later date, an audit conducted by the Department of Revenue of the

credit institution reveals additional findings based on separate issues not associated with the underpayment and the director determines that the correct amount of the tax is greater than that previously computed and based on these findings issues a separate assessment for the same taxable year. The taxpayer may seek independent review of each assessment by the Administrative Hearing Commission. The first assessment generated will be for the amount of the underpayment and will contain the language underpayment as the basis for the assessment. The second assessment for the same taxable period will be based on the audited findings and will contain the language additional audit findings as the basis for the assessment.

AUTHORITY: section 148.200, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Sept. 16, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.200, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.090 Extension of Time to File Credit Institutions Tax Returns

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the procedures for filing request for extensions of time to file for credit institution tax returns.

(1) Reasonable extension of time to file under sections 148.120–148.230, RSMo is defined by the director of revenue to mean a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days from the due date, April 15, for each taxable year. The extension request shall include either a copy of Extension of Time to File, Form 7004, filed with the federal government, or the Missouri Application for Extension, Form 60. The request shall clearly state the reason for extending the filing date. The extension shall be granted only if it has been filed on or before the due date of the return. The extension shall be deemed granted unless denied in writing by the director of revenue. The extension may be denied or suspended at any time upon written notice to the applicant by the director of revenue.

(2) Any taxes not paid before the original due date shall bear interest computed in accordance with section 32.065, RSMo.

(3) The return shall be filed and all unpaid taxes plus interest shall be remitted on or before the last day of the extension.

AUTHORITY: section 148.200, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Sept. 16, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.200, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.100 Multiple Assessments of Banking Institutions for a Single Year (Rescinded December 30, 2023)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Oct. 1, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985. Rescinded: Filed May 17, 2023, effective Dec. 30, 2023.

12 CSR 10-10.110 Extension of Time to File Bank Tax Returns

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the procedures for filing request for extensions of time for bank tax returns.



(1) Reasonable extension of time to file under sections 148.010–148.110, RSMo is defined by the director of revenue to mean a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days from the due date, April 15, for each taxable year. The extension request shall include either a copy of Extension of Time to File, Form 7004, filed with the federal government or the Missouri Application for Extension, Form 60. The request shall clearly state the reason for extending the filing date. The extension shall be granted only if it has been filed on or before the due date of the return. The extension shall be deemed granted unless denied in writing by the director of revenue. The extension may be denied or suspended at any time upon written notice to the applicant by the director of revenue.

(2) Any taxes not paid before the original due date shall bear interest computed in accordance with section 32.065, RSMo.

(3) The return shall be filed and all unpaid taxes plus interest shall be remitted on or before the last day of the extension.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Oct. 1, 1985, effective Dec. 26, 1985.*

**Original authority: 148.100 RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.120 Delinquent Interest Rate for Insurance Premium and Retaliatory Taxes

PURPOSE: This rule provides guidance as to the interest rate applicable to delinquent insurance premium and retaliatory taxes.

(1) The delinquent interest computations for all quarterly payments which are due under sections 148.310–148.461, RSMo will be calculated at a rate determined by section 32.065, RSMo as provided by section 148.375, RSMo and set out in 12 CSR 10-41.010. The delinquent rate will be computed for each month the payment is late, or fraction of a month, until the time the tax liability is paid in full.

(2) Claims for refunds must be filed within two (2) years from the date of payment in accordance with section 136.035, RSMo (refund statute) on forms prescribed by the director of revenue.

AUTHORITY: section 136.120, RSMo 2016. Emergency rule filed Oct. 17, 1985, effective Oct. 27, 1985, expired Feb. 24, 1986. Original rule filed Oct. 17, 1985, effective Jan. 26, 1986. Amended: Filed Oct. 2, 2018, effective April 30, 2019.*

**Original authority: 136.120, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.125 Income Period (Rescinded December 30, 2023)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987. Rescinded: Filed May 17, 2023, effective Dec. 30, 2023.

12 CSR 10-10.130 Bank Franchise Tax

PURPOSE: This rule establishes a procedure for filing the bank franchise tax return as required under section 148.050, RSMo.

PUBLISHER'S NOTE: The secretary of state has determined that

publication of the entire text of the material that is incorporated by reference as a portion of this rule would be unduly cumbersome or expensive. This material as incorporated by reference in this rule shall be maintained by the agency at its headquarters and shall be made available to the public for inspection and copying at no more than the actual cost of reproduction. This note applies only to the reference material. The entire text of the rule is printed here.

(1) A taxpayer subject to the Missouri bank franchise tax or substitute bank franchise tax provided for in sections 148.030 and 148.031, RSMo, shall file the return required by section 148.050, RSMo, using the following forms published for the corresponding taxable year:

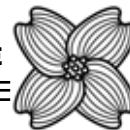
- (A) Form INT-2;
- (B) Form 2331; and
- (C) Form 4347 (if apportionment is required).

(2) A form required to be completed under section (1) of this rule shall be completed in accordance with the instructions included on such form, including the “General Instructions” for the bank franchise tax return published for the corresponding taxable year.

(3) The Form(s) INT-2, Form(s) 2331, and Form(s) 4347, as well as the instructions included in or with such forms, as published by the Missouri Department of Revenue for bank franchise taxable years 2021 through 2023, dated as revised December 2023, are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this rule, and are available at www.dor.mo.gov or Harry S Truman State Office Building, 301 West High Street, Jefferson City, MO 65101. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions to such forms and instructions.

(4) The Form INT-2 and its instructions rely upon the federal Form(s) 1120, Form(s) 1120-S, and their instructions. For use in completing the Form INT-2 according to its instructions, the federal Form(s) 1120, Form(s) 1120-S, Instructions for Form(s) 1120, and Instructions for Form(s) 1120-S, for 2020 through 2022, dated as indicated below, as published by the Internal Revenue Service, are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this rule, and are available at www.irs.gov or by request at Harry S Truman State Office Building, 301 West High Street, Jefferson City, MO 65101. The forms and instructions incorporated by reference in this section are dated as follows: federal Forms 1120 and 1120-S—revision dates 2020, 2021, and 2022; 2020 Instructions for Form 1120—February 8, 2021; 2021 Instructions for Form 1120—January 24, 2022; 2022 Instructions for Form 1120—January 30, 2023; 2020 Instructions for Form 1120-S—February 3, 2021; 2021 Instructions for Form 1120—January 19, 2022; 2022 Instructions for Form 1120—January 27, 2023. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions to such forms and instructions.

(5) The Form INT-2 and its instructions rely upon Treasury Regulations 1.1552-1 and 1.1502-33(d). For use in completing the Form INT-2 according to its instructions, Treasury Regulation 1.1552-1 as found in Title 26, Section 1.1552-1 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (last amended June 27, 1996), and Treasury Regulation 1.1502-33(d) as found in Title 26, Section 1.1502-33(d) of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (last amended Oct. 20, 2008), are hereby incorporated by reference and made part of this rule, as published by the United States Government Publishing Office, 732 N. Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20402-0001, phone: toll-free (866) 512-1800, DC area (202) 512-1800, website:



www.bookstore.gpo.gov. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions to such regulations.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 2016. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective May 28, 1987. Amended: Filed Feb. 16, 1988, effective May 26, 1988. Amended: Filed Nov. 8, 2023, effective May 30, 2024.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.135 Federal Income Tax Deduction

(Rescinded July 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987. Rescinded: Filed Dec. 27, 2023, effective July 30, 2024.

12 CSR 10-10.140 Interest, Additions to Tax and Penalty

(Rescinded September 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987. Rescinded: Filed Feb. 20, 2024, effective Sept. 30, 2024.

12 CSR 10-10.145 Refund of Overpayment of Bank Tax – Refund From Other County

PURPOSE: This rule establishes an effective date and period for which bank franchise tax refunds may be issued, as provided by sections 148.050, 148.062 and 148.076, RSMo.

(1) This rule shall only apply for the purpose of refunds of overpayments of taxes paid pursuant to section 148.030, RSMo.

(2) Credits will be allowed for credits approved by the director for taxable years prior to 1987.

(3) Interest will be allowed on any overpayments at a rate in accordance with section 143.811, RSMo if the overpayment is not refunded within one hundred twenty (120) days of the due date or date the return was filed, whichever occurs later.

(A) Interest shall be allowed on any overpayment resulting from the filing of an amendment of the tax by the taxpayer for taxable year 1987 and after that on or before the last day prescribed for filing of the return without regard for any extension of time at the rate established by section 143.811, RSMo.

(B) Interest shall be allowed on any overpayment where the overpayment resulted from filing of an amendment of tax by the taxpayer for taxable year 1987 and after that following the last date prescribed for the filing of the return at the rate of six percent (6%) per annum.

(C) No interest shall be allowed if the overpayment of tax is refunded within one hundred twenty (120) days after the last date prescribed or permitted by extension of time for filing the return.

(4) For purposes of this rule, the last day prescribed for filing shall be April 15 of the taxable year.

(5) Overpayments resulting from the calculation of tax in accordance with section 148.030.2(1), RSMo will be refunded from the General Revenue Fund, plus any applicable interest.

(6) Overpayments resulting from the calculation of tax in accordance with section 148.030.2(2), RSMo will be refunded if funds are available from the political subdivision(s) in which the institution is located. If funds are not available, the institution will be given a credit or it must apply for a refund of the overpayment from the political subdivision(s) in which the institution is located.

(7) All refunds or credits resulting from overpayments must be approved by the department before the refund or credit can be issued.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987. Amended: Filed April 1, 1992, effective Sept. 6, 1992.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.150 Tax Credits on Bank Tax Return

PURPOSE: This rule establishes guidelines concerning allowable tax credits on the bank franchise tax return pursuant to section 148.030.3., RSMo.

(1) The following criteria shall be used to establish whether or not a tax credit may be claimed against the bank franchise tax, imposed by sections 148.010–148.110, RSMo, computed pursuant to section 148.030.3., RSMo:

(A) The payment must have been made to Missouri or a Missouri political subdivision;

(B) Payment must have resulted from a tax liability imposed by a government agency, as defined in subsection (1)(A) and cannot be a regulatory fee collected solely for the purpose of paying the cost of administering the taxing jurisdiction's laws; and

(C) The following should be used as a general guideline to determine if an exaction, required by subsection (1)(A), is an allowable tax credit or a noncreditable fee:

1. If the proceeds, paid as defined in subsection (1)(A), are collected for deposit into the general revenue account of the taxing jurisdiction, to raise revenue for the entity, then it is a tax and is an allowable tax credit; or

2. If the proceeds, paid as defined in subsection (1)(A), are collected primarily to cover the costs of the regulation of an activity, and which are then deposited with the regulatory agency, then it is a noncreditable fee.

(2) At all times the burden of establishing whether an exaction is an allowable tax credit or a noncreditable fee shall be on the taxpayer.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective May 28, 1987.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.155 Bank Tax/Sales Tax Credit

PURPOSE: This rule establishes the taxable year when the sales tax credits may be taken, in accordance with section 148.030.3., RSMo.

(1) Beginning with taxable year 1987, all state and local sales and use taxes paid by banks as purchasers to sellers, vendors or Missouri on purchases of tangible personal property and



services enumerated in Chapter 144, RSMo shall be creditable against the bank tax imposed under section 148.030, RSMo.

(2) All state and local sales and use taxes, taken as a credit, will not be allowed as a deduction in computing taxable income.

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.160 Neighborhood Assistance Credit (NAC) (Rescinded March 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed March 2, 1987, effective Aug. 13, 1987. Amended: Filed Feb. 11, 1991, effective July 8, 1991. Rescinded: Filed July 31, 2023, effective March 30, 2024.

12 CSR 10-10.165 Method of Computing Federal Income Tax Deduction for Credit Institutions

PURPOSE: This rule establishes the method of computing the federal income tax deduction for credit institutions.

(1) Credit institutions using an accrual method of accounting to determine net income shall deduct their apportioned share of accrued consolidated federal income tax liability.

(2) Credit institutions using a cash basis method of accounting to determine net income shall deduct their apportioned share of consolidated federal income tax liability paid.

(3) The credit institution's apportioned share of consolidated federal income tax liability shall be determined by use of a fraction, the numerator of which is the taxpayer's taxable income computed as if a separate federal return were filed and the denominator of which is the total separate taxable incomes of the profit members of the consolidated group.

(4) Credit institutions which do not file a consolidated return for federal income tax purposes shall deduct accrued federal income tax liability, unless a cash basis method of accounting is used to determine net income.

AUTHORITY: section 148.200, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Dec. 15, 1987, effective April 11, 1988.*

**Original authority: 148.100, RSMo 1945.*

12 CSR 10-10.170 Method of Computing Federal Income Tax Deduction for Credit Unions and Savings and Loan Associations

PURPOSE: This rule establishes the method of computing the federal income tax deduction for credit unions and savings and loan associations.

(1) Credit unions and savings and loan associations using an accrual method of accounting to determine net income shall deduct their apportioned share of accrued consolidated federal income tax liability.

(2) Credit unions and savings and loan associations using a cash basis method of accounting to determine net income shall deduct their apportioned share of consolidated federal income tax liability paid.

(3) The credit union's or savings and loan association's apportioned share of consolidated federal income tax liability shall be determined by use of a fraction, the numerator of which is the taxpayer's taxable income computed as if a separate federal return were filed and the denominator of which is the total separate taxable income of the profit members of the consolidated group.

(4) Credit unions and savings and loan associations which do not file a consolidated return for federal income tax purposes shall deduct accrued federal income tax liability, unless a cash basis method of accounting is used to determine net income.

AUTHORITY: section 148.200, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Dec. 15, 1987, effective April 11, 1988.

12 CSR 10-10.175 Personal Property Tax Credits – Definition, Calculation and Refund Agreement (Rescinded March 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed Dec. 22, 1988, effective June 11, 1989. Rescinded: Filed July 27, 2023, effective March 30, 2024.

12 CSR 10-10.180 Interest Earned by Banking Institutions From the Resolution Funding Corporation and the Financial Corporation (Rescinded March 30, 2024)

AUTHORITY: section 148.100, RSMo 1986. Original rule filed April 1, 1992, effective Sept. 6, 1992. Rescinded: Filed July 31, 2023, effective March 30, 2024.