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**UNION PROVOST MARSHALS' FILE
OF PAPERS RELATING TO
TWO OR MORE CIVILIANS**

Roll 5

Nos. 821 - 1078

March-April 1862



**THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES
NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION**

Washington: 1964

821
No. 213
208
Chubbuck 1855

Custom House

New Orleans, Collector's Office

To March 1852

Scratch B. H.

~~Scratch B. H.~~ Collector.

Dispatch of, to S. S. Sollick
relative to discharging of vessels
from foreign ports.

(Copy)

Ch. O. & G. W. R. R. Telegraph Line
Extending from New Orleans to New Orleans,
then connecting with the Texas Lines

From New Orleans

Dated 15th March 1862.

To Inspector S. S. Sellick

Allow all the cotton in
charge of G. Waters for J. H. Macaulay
to pass to the exporting vessel
taking an account of the same.

(Signed) G. H. Waters

Collector,

Official

Chas W. Lowell

Major Brown

Dept of War

(Copy)

Custom House & New Orleans

Collector's Office, March 21 1852

Sir,

Yours of 20th inst. transmitting the manifest of Schooner "Lilly" and Steamer "Fox", and reporting the circumstances connected with your action in reference to Sch. Lilly is received.

Your action in this case meets my entire approval. I have this morning, before the receipt of yours, telegraphed to you to permit the cargo of the "Lilly" and other vessels to be discharged; my desire being to throw no obstacles in the way of landing the cargoes of all vessels from foreign ports; and I shall direct the attention of the consignees of the "Lilly" to the facts reported by you.

Respectfully, &c,

T. N. Hale

Collector

D. C. Ellick Esq.

(signed)

P. S. Inspector,
Newick,
La.

official
Chas. W. Howell
Major Ordnance
Dept. of La.

(Copy)

Manifest Ship "Gov. A. Mouton"
From Bracluar to Sabine

Passengers.

J. B. Kee

C. W. Allen

R. J. Kee

H. B. Wood

E. Homes

J. Turner

Cargo

Shippers -	Articles -	Consignees -
Estate of Robbins	40 Bbls Sugar	H. J. Sanders
W. H. Bateman	50 " "	" "
J. J. Sanders & Sons	55 " "	" "
Sanders & Daniel	32 " "	" "

C. W. Allen -	498 Bales Tobacco	C. W. Allen, Beaumont, Texas.
	38 Half " "	
	2 Packages " "	

15 Barrels Flour	H. Schiltz
1 " Sugar	
5 " Molasses	
1 Ice Rice & Sundries	

A. O'Brien -	4 Bbls Sugar	Capt. J. E. Parker
	3 Half " Molasses	

Bracluar to Sabine 3rd 1882

Official
Chas. W. Lowell
Major & Pres. of the
Dept of L.

Certified Correct
(Signed) Fred O. Cleveland
Clerk.

(Copy)

C.O.O. & G.W.R.R. Telegraph Line
Extending from New Orleans to New Iberia,
then connecting with the Texas lines.

From New Orleans

Dated 21st March 1862

To C. C. Felck.

Permit Schooner Lilly to
discharge cargo & permit all other vessels
from foreign ports to discharge promptly
& without interruption, sending manifest
to this office by mail

(Signed) J. H. Hale

Collector.

Official

Allen M. Howard

Major & Surgeon Genl.

Depta. Sa.

(copy)

On Board the St. Pt. Rachel
for Sabine 190 Hds Sugar, 66 Bbls Molasses,

$\frac{20}{210}$

Bearhead City

(signed) P. D. Pratt

March 15th 1882

JR

Official
Chas. W. Howell
Major & Prov. Marshal
Dept of La.

Copy

Collector's Office, March 8th 1862

The Inspector of the Customs on board the
Sloop "Liberty" will permit the Captain to
land coastwise cargo from Brownsville,
Texas

(signed) P. E. Walden

By Collector

Official

Chas. W. Howell

Major A. S. Mather

Dept of La.

(Copy)

Collectors Office

New Orleans, Feby. 24 1862

E. Lambert, Master of the Schooner "Relief"
from Point Isabel, having entered his vessel
according to law, permission is hereby given
to land his cargo

(Signed) J. C. Walden

Dy. Collector

Official

Chas. M. Lowell

Major Procurement
Dept of War

(copy)

C. O. & G. W. R. R. Telegraph Line
extending from New Orleans to New Iberia,
there connecting with the Texas lines,

From New Orleans

Dated 10th April 1862

To Capt. Welch.

The Schooner "Kittie" is permitted
to load on the cotton at Brashear.

(Signed) J. T. Pickett.

A. A. Smith

Official

Chas. M. Lowell

Major Genl. Prov. Army

Dept of War.

(Copy)

Telegraph.

March 21st 1862

Permit "Schooner Little" to discharge cargo,
and permit all other vessels from foreign
ports to discharge promptly and without
intermission, sending Manifest to this
office by mail.

(Signed)

J. N. Hatch,
Collector.

J. J. Sellick Esq.
C. S. Inspector,
Burrhead,
La.

Official

Chas. W. Howell

Major & Provost Marshal

Dept of La.

(Copy)

Collector's Office

New Orleans January 18th 1862

B. P. Wilson, master of the ship Isabel, from
Point Isabel, having entered his vessel
according to law, permission is hereby given
to land his cargo.

(Signed) J. E. Walden

Dy Collector

Official

Chas. Howell

Major & Prov. Marshal

Dept of War.

(Copy)

Steamer Gov. Powell P. E. Buck
October 1861.

Jan. 17 Schr. Isabel Wilson.
48 Bales Wool,
J. H. Phelps Consignee
727 Pips Lead

Jan. 22nd Schr. Alexander Anderson
209 Bales Cotton
to Havana

22nd Schr. Isabel H. P. Wilson
50 Bales Tobacco
20 Quercos Rice
115 Bbls. Sugar, 9 Hhdos do,

Steamer S. M. Parby Smith
May 5th 1861.

Steamer Wave Green
Decr. 6th 1861.

Sloop Ramack Sabine Pomeroy
Febry. 2nd 29 Carboys Sulphuric Acid
" 3 Kegs Roll Brimstone

Steamer St. Mary Bruce
Febry. 5th 1862

Sloop Edwin B. Parby, Hulbert, Brasco ^{c.d. for}
151 Bales Tobacco Febry 8
6 Boxes do
Date of License: Febry 8th 1862
14⁶⁴/₉₅ Tons

Schr. American

Steamer A. W. Bates. Maguire

June, 5th 1861.

140 Hhds 99 Hef Bbls Feb. 22nd

Cleared for Sabine

Steamer Crickett J. D. Smith

Feb. 14th 1862.

Feb. 22nd

Steamer Peayun No. 2 - Parker, from Sabine

Jan. 14th 1862,

282 Sacks Coffee

42 Bales Wool

1 Bag Wool.

37 Hides

48 Boxes N. Y. Chew

20 Kegs Pipes

Picayune No. 3 Broad.
 May 9th 1851 Cleared 25th Feb Sabine
 272 Hkds. Sugar 7 Bbl Molasses

Steamer Greener Cleared for Sabine
 Pres Febry 20th 1852,
 Cargo 205 Hkds. Sugar
 20 Bbl. Sugar, 3 do do
 40 Bbl. Molasses.

Schr. Relief from Pt. Isabel Lambert
 Arrived Febry. 21st 1852 Date of Papers
 Cargo 9 Tons Pig Lead J. W. Packard
 1 Rack 41 Pkg. Coffee
 24 Bops Cheese
 18 Bags Coffee
 40 Heps Butter
 2 Bops 1 Bag Iron
 E. Pillsbury

1862.

5

Steamer Southern Merchant
May 7th 1861.

2

Schr. Relief Gammow Master
Cleared Mech. 11th 1862, left 20/62
Cargo 200 Bales Tobacco.

Sch Lilly Colley from Havana
Arrived March 20th 1862. Awd. Cargo.

Steamer Gov. A. Watson, Parker Master
left Mech 3/62 for Sabine,
Cargo 137 Hchs. Sugar
498 Bales Tobacco
38 Hef. Bales do
2 Pkgs do
15 Bbls. Oil, 1 Bbl. Sugar
5 do Molasses, 1 Cw Rice
4 Bbls. Sugar, 3 Hef. Bbls. Molasses

March 19th 1862 Com, discharging

And 18th Cargo of Steamer Fox

Powder *[scribbles]*

Powder *[scribbles]*

Coffee *[scribbles]*

39 Boxes Castor Oil

41 Bbls. Epsom Salts

11 Bbls. Copperas

1 Cask Ammonia

9 Bbls. Sal Soda

23 Bbls. Soda Ash

100 Boxes Starch

Scops. IIII
IIII

Pepper IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII
IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII

Guns IIII Cases

2 Cases Emory Cloth

3 Kegs Potash

1 Box Needles

59 Boxes Tin

2 Cases Camphor

5 Bbls. do

Large Steamers Short

Star Boat in Command of George
Walters left March 17th 1862 with
425 Bales Cotton for Grand Caillon.

Steamer Rockuck for Sabine
March 15th 1862 Cleared
Cargo 210 Hhds. Sugar
66 Bbls. Molasses.

Sloop Liberty Jr. Laer Master
from Brownsville Mar. 20/62 ^{arrived}
Cargo 83 Pips Lead
57 Slabs Lead
27 Packs Wool
Leser & Co. Consignee

1852

9

Marches Departed Sloop Catfish ^{Master} ~~been~~
for Sabine

Cargo 2 Bbls. Whiskey 1/2 Cask Brandy
1 Mattress, 1 Pkg. Raincoats.
2 Boxes Tobaccos & do
1 Box Matches 1 Bdl Paper
2 Packages Dry Goods.
1 Box Drugs.

Mech. 31st British Steamer Ho. of
Clear'd Reinhardt, Master, Havana
April 8th left Cargo 1425 Bales Cotton

April 5th Arrived Gov. A. Maton Steamer
from Beaumont via Sabine,
Parker, Master
Cargo 73 Bales Wool

(over)

10
1862

Carry

319 Pigs Lead
141 Boies Cheese
4 Bags Iron
50 Hef. Bbls. Butter
118 Hef. Butter
2 Bbls do
35 Dry Mexican Hides
20 Green Hides Sabine
42 Bbls. Lard
33 Bbls Kerosene Oil
5 Hef. Bbls. Mackerel
11 Dr " "
2 Hts "
2 Bbls "
2 Carboys Nitric Acid
57 Bags Pecan Nuts
1 Juice + 1 Bbl do

car'd up

1862

5 Cases Irons
1 Bbl Sulphur
13 Hhds. Bacon

Apr. 5th Sloop Purdy to Master
Sabine in Ballast arrived.

Apr 4 Cleared Steamer Arizona,
Archer Master for Havana
left April 8th 1862.

Cargo 1013 Bales Cotton

Apr. 5 Wm. G. Hewes, Smith
for Havana, left Apr 14/62
Cargo 1157 Bales Cotton

12
1862

July 11th Cleared Steamer Atlantic,
Smith, Master, for Havana,
with 963 Bales Cotton.
departed from Berwick April 14th
with 800 Bales, leaving behind 163 Bales.
W. J. Williams, Shipper to Order.

Apr. 11 Br Schooner Lilly Cleared
Williams, Master, for Havana,
Cargo 105 Bales Cotton
215 Hef. Bales do
240 Oil Casks staves
Left April 10th 1862.

Sts. Matagorda, Col. Martin,
cleared for Havana April 15th 1862
Left Brasher April 10th 1862
Cargo 994 Bales Cotton.

Feb 20 Schreiner Juins, P. Maasick Master
from Havana.

- 100 Baskets Sweet Oil
- 40 Sacks Rio Coffee
- 20 Boxes Dutch Cheese
- 30 Cases Spanish Wine
- 10 Btts. Coal Oil
- 39 Boxes Gin
- 25 Bundles Printing Paper
- 5 Bundles Brown Paper
- 1 Bundle Writing do
- 1 Bundle Sewing do
- 1 Case Percussion Caps
- 2 Cases Segars
- 125 Jars Spanish Oil
- 2 Btts. Cigarettes
- 1 Case Quinine,
- 1 Case Tartaric Acid

(over)

1 Case Balsam Capivi
 1 Bbl. Epsom Salts
 1 Case Opium
 2 small Cases Borax
 2 Cases Black Tin.

Steamer Uncle Ben from Sabine
 Apl. 22. Cargo 3 sacks Coffee
 1 Bbl. Butter
 2 Bbls Lard
 33 Half Bbls. Mackerel
 11 Bbls do

Steamer Gen. A. Minton for Sabine
 Apl. 23 308 Bales Tobacco
 4 Tons Rice
 1 Blough 10 Bbls Oil
 5 Hds Sugar 1 Bag Coffee

Schooner James Ward Master for
apl. 20 Havana cleared 252 Bales
Cargo 212 Bales Cotton

1854

Michy H. McNeil,

\$5.00

Official
Chas. W. Lowell

Major & Pro. Marshal
Dept of Cal.

Fort Henry, Tenn.
March 29th 1862

Thos. Futrel abs.

Statement in regard to
 the disloyalty of
 John U. Brown &
 Frank M. Brown.

Sworn before
 Mortimer Neely
 1st Lt. Co. H.
 Curtis Horse
 who certifies to Futrel's
 loyalty.

In the case of Samuel Downs, John
A Downs and Frank M Downs —
arrested and detained near Fort Henry
on the charge of disloyalty, aiding
and abetting the rebellion one Thomas
Putnal deposes and says as follows

That the above named persons
have repeatedly and publicly expressed
their disunion sentiments, have driven
Union men from their homes by threats
of hanging them in case they remained
that they said that no one but rascals
would take any provisions to the Federal
troops, also that the Confederate forces
would soon have possession of this
country, and then they would arrest
every Union man in this part of the country,
also that the loyal citizens stand in great
fear of them

Witness

Eugene Marshall

Thomas ^{his} Putnal
mark

Prom to and subscribed before me at Fort
Henry Tennessee this twenty eighth day
of March 1862. I also certify that said
Thomas Putnal has proved himself a
good loyal citizen

Mortimer A. Kelly
1st Lieut Co K
Curtis Horse

N 163 823 1862
Elizabethtown Mich 26th

Saml Haycraft

Presents the claims of
Mrs Audulon and Elizabeth
Abell for accommodations
furnished sick soldiers
of the 9th Mich Vol
while stationed at Eliz-
abethtown

Saml Haycraft

Recd

Wd Gurn's Nashville Mich 30

Will him to send
the accounts to
me, and if made
out in accordance
with Pa. 1277 Report
and properly certified
I will offer them
as evidence.

Wm. H. H. H.
Wm. H. H. H.

Elizabeth Town Ky
March 26. 1862

Genl D C Buell

Commander in Chief Nashville Tenn

Conscious that your multifarious duties will make it inconvenient to attend to private claims on the Government, (But the necessities of two worthy persons concerned must be my apology)

While Genl G's Regt of Michigan lay wintering was encamped at this Town and before any General Hospital arrangements could be made

Mr. William Guichard a Tavern keeper and Mrs Elizabeth Ables a poor woman who kept a genteel boarding house - had each of their houses converted into private Hospitals, and were engaged to board sick soldiers at stipulated prices, agreed on by the Surgeon with the sanction of the Commanding Officer of the Detachment (under the 1317. Section of the Army regulations, and they did furnish board under their respective claims amounts.

William Guichard for the month of January	\$ 303.00
do for the month of February	162.75
	<hr/>
	\$ 465.75

Elizabeth Ables for January	\$ 162.50
do for the month of February	164.00
	<hr/>
	\$ 326.50

Both had their accounts properly made out & their correctness certified by the Surgeons & approved by the Commanding Officer of the Detachment, but the Regt being without funds they were referred to the head quarters at Louisville I went there on Monday last & have kept by me at the Subsistence department. There was without funds, but said he could not pay them without your approval & order to pay even if he had the money, It will be absolutely necessary to this party not to get their pay & and being certain as to

permit when your head quarters are stationed - I enclose
 you with this communication, to ascertain how I am to
 proceed to get their pay for them & whether the Capt
 is right in requesting your approval if so. Had I better
 enclose the accounts to your head quarters or come
 in person? And in case of your absence can
 Capt Fry arrange it, at Nashville?
 Very respectfully yours

Saml Haycraft

Recd

Ad Genl Nashville March 30

N 163 833 1862
 Elizabethton March 26th
 Saml Haycraft
 Capt

Parents the claim of
 Humphreys, and Elizabeth
 able for accommodations
 furnished sick soldiers
 of the 9th Mich Infy
 while stationed at Eliz
 ethton.

We have to send
 the accounts to
 you, and if you do
 not see an objection
 with you 12 17 Regt
 and properly certified
 I will offer them
 should you be
 present.

Manuscript No. H. 7. 162
F24

J. B. Underwood
&
others Citizens

Petitions the release of
certain slaves belonging to
Mr. Stranger

V
G. W.

16

Recd W. G. Gum Nashville March 26

Frankfort 4 March 1862

Genl Buell
Dr Sir

Allow us to introduce Doctor Wm
H Stockwell, a gentleman of high standing & character.
He is the son in law of Mr Nat Strange of Warren
County Ky & he visits your Quarters with a view
to reclaim some eight or nine slaves the property
of Mr Strage, who have left their master & are now
supposed to be in your Camps. We beg you, General,
to afford Doctor Stockwell every facility & aid
in reclaiming the slaves. There can be nothing but
hated & bitter animosities between the people of the
Northern & Southern States so long as those of the
North interfere to obstruct the legal rights
of slave owners. For the peace & the welfare of
a common Country, whose inhabitants ought to cherish
a strong sentiment of fraternity, we implore you to
drive from your Camps every slave who has
sought a refuge in them

With great respect your
Obedt Servt

J. B. Underwood
H. H. Hays
Richd A. Buckner

P. S. We think the political opinions of the slave holder should not be regarded in settling a question of property & the delivery of a slave to his owner. If however it be important, we believe Mr. Stanger very strongly sympathizes with those engaged in sustaining the Southern confederation. But his son Robert & son in law Doctor Storkwell are devoted to the Union of all the States under our present national constitution. He has but two children

825

Continues

Nov 16 60

and Fairfield
Havellie
Ky

State of Kentucky
Johnson County 25th Set

This is to certify that I am personally acquainted with Nathan Harris and Daniel Daniel, whose affidavits is here enclosed and say that they are both good Union men given under my hand this 16th day of March 1862

B. F. Salys, J. C.

State of Kentucky
Johnson County 25th Set

I John Thomas Clerk of the County Court for the County of Johnson said to certify that I am well acquainted with John Thomas whose genuine signature appears to the above Certificate and know him to be Union man given under my hand this 16th day of March 1862

John Thomas, C. C.

Duplicate of
Passes of Saps
Conducted to
Mrs Ratteff & Sons

Citizens

March 1861

Head Quarters 18th Regt
Piketon Ky. March 9, 1862

The pickets are hereby ordered to pass
you Ralphy Esq - through the lines to
this place - and any troops
under my command are
hereby ordered to respect and
give safe conduct to him -
By Order

J. A. Garfield
Col Comd^g Regt

Head Quarters 18th Regt
Piketon Ky. March 9, 1862

The pickets are hereby ordered to pass
Harrison
Ralphy Esq - through the lines to this place, and any
troops under my command are hereby ordered to respect
and give safe conduct to him
By order

J. A. Garfield
Col Comd^g Regt

827

Auth of
Williamson's

of
Pike Co Ky
Mch 12th / 12

Wilmington

Head Quarters 18th Brigade
Camp Brownlow Feb 12th 1862

I Abner Thompson Mellicamsen & James H. Williams
-son of Pike County Ky do Solemnly Swear that
we will bear true faith and allegiance to the
Constitution and Laws of the United States of Amer-
-ica. That we will give no aid or abet. give
aid or Comfort to the rebel Army. That we will
carry no information or hold any communica-
tions that may aid or assist them

So help us each of us God
A. S. Mellicamsen
James H. Williams

Pond & south
 of
 A of Rattiff
 also south of
 Rich^d Rattiff
 Mch 25th 42

Continued

Head Quarters 18th Brigade

Camp Brownlow Ky Mch 25th / 62

Know all men by these presents that we Algerius
Ratliff and James Ratliff as principals and Richard Ratliff
Williamson, Solomon & Dawson, Roland S Burns & Jeremiah Osborn

As Sureties all of the
County of Peck — and State of Kentucky are held and
firmly bound unto the United States of America in the
penal sum of Five — Thousand dollars lawful money for
the payment of which well and truly to be made we bind
ourselves our heirs executors and administrators jointly by these
presents. Nevertheless the above bond to be null and void and of
no effect whatever on the following conditions to wit

That the aforesaid Algerius Ratliff and James Ratliff
shall abide by the laws and regulations of the United States
of America and the laws of the State of Kentucky giving
them aid and assistance for their maintenance and support
and not give aid or comfort to the rebel Army, or in any way
or manner countenance or support the so called Confederate States
of America

In Testimony whereof we hereunto set our hands and affix
our seals the day and year above written

Signed and sealed in
the presence of —

Capt J M Hawthorth Adj. A. G.
W. W. Wells Adj. 42nd Regt

Algerius Ratliff	{Seal}
James Ratliff	{Seal}
Richard Ratliff	{Seal}
Williamson	{Seal}
Salomon Dawson	{Seal}
Roland S. Burns	{Seal}
Jeremiah Osborn	{Seal}
	{Seal}

Head Quarters 18 Regtals
Camp Brown Ln (Wch) 1862

I Algernon Radcliff James Radcliff of the County of Pike State
of Kentucky, do solemnly swear that I will bear
true faith and allegiance to the United States of
America, that I will faithfully and to the best of my
ability support the Constitution and Laws of thereof,
that I will aid and defend her in all my acts, words
and influence against all her enemies and opposers
whomsoever, more especially against the Em. so called
Confederate State of America.

So help me God!

Algernon ^{his} Radcliff
James Radcliff

829 Report of —

St. Louis, Mo. —
Prairie City

Ben Harris arrested
by order of Prov. Mar. Genl.
— Condition of his Dis-
trict growing worse
rebels being armed as
state Militia.

Prairie City

Oct 27, 62

Let

Macon City Mo, March 29, 1862

Col Bernard G. Farrow
 Porort Marshal General
 St Louis Mo

Sir

The undersigned, Porort Marshal of Macon City
 submits the following as his Report from March 16
 to March 29, 1862.

Names of persons who have voluntarily subscribed to the oath of allegiance.		\$ 2000.00
Perennob M Palmer	Wm W Berrich	1000.00
W. D. Cunningham	Edward Perry	1000.00
Charles W. Talbot	James B Glenn	1000.00
Benny H. Hargrove	Wm Holder	1000.00
John J Morrow	Geo W Rosell	1000.00
John J Morrow	J. P. Ersey	1000.00
Lucas Morrow	James H. Holt	1000.00
W. J. Johnson	John J. Hobbie	1000.00
Thomas E Taylor	Wm Brammer	1000.00
Matthew S Holley	John D. Frost	1000.00
W. A. Ayers	Robert Wood	1000.00
	Joseph J. Terry	1000.00
	Wm J. Terry	1000.00
	B. J. Hodges	1000.00
	M. C. Young	1000.00
Persons who have given bonds	John A. Powell	1000.00
	Squire Hendron	3000.00
Berry M. Stacey	James Evans	1000.00
Corey L. Linn	B. J. Inodgrafs	1000.00
Geo. J. Goddard	J. W. Therrmon	1000.00
Charles H. Burrard	Wm H. Epperson	1000.00
Thomas Clark	Jerne Ferrin	1000.00
M. H. Miller	H. A. Faught	1000.00
E. Eryart	J. P. Cook	1000.00
P. W. Banning	G. C. Causly	1000.00
		35000.00

Report Continued.

Two horses taken as contraband on or about Nov. 1861
Reported to have been taken from the Government
Stable at this Post. by J. D. Foster. Col. company 22nd Reg. Mass.
were ordered to be locked up. One of said horses was
found about 45 miles from this Post and brot back
other not found.

Ben Harris, arrested by your order, and
held a prisoner awaiting further orders.

Six contraband horses sold at auction
for the sum of one Hundred and forty Eight (148.00)
and fifty cents.

One horse turned over to Post Q. M. Resett for use.

The completion of my district is in my
opinion being very slow, on account of Rebels
being armed under the name of State Militia.
All of which is respectfully
Yours
Capt Fred C. Terrey
Post Quartermaster

6
13

850
Per Mr. Seal
St. Louis Mo
Mar 27th 12

Instructions re
Acknowledges receipts
of bonds. re 58



Mar 27, 62

Done

Office of the Provost Marshal General,

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis, March 27 1862.

Colonel,

Your letter concerning Robt and
Geo Diddan & Belgen. is recd. When persons
failing to file their bond report to you,
you will require them to report every
month on pain of arrest, until they
fill their bonds.

The above bonds are received.

Very Respectfully,
Bernard J. Farrow

Provost Marshal Genl.

To

Col. J. W. McClung,
Linn Creek,

891

Mar 24 62

Ransom Harris
Paul Lee
Jno. W. Allen

Costs

The undersigned, Union Citizens of
Lawrence County, hereby certify that
they are well acquainted with Ransom
Phariss, Jacob Lee, and John W. Allen
of this County, and that they know
them to be peaceable, quiet and
in-offensive citizens, that they have
not taken up arms against the
government, or been guilty of any
act of disloyalty that we are aware
of

Mount Vernon Mo.
March 24th 1862

Geo. A. McCase
John W. Allen
H. H. Haley
David E. Gibson
Wm. L. Williams
G. George
J. Warren
Wm. Williamson

800 #36.

March 29-62

List of

404. Prisoners of War
Taken at Ft. Donelson, sent
up the River in charge of
Lt. G. W. Gibbons

Private

Sent to Chicago.

The officers sent to Columbus, ^{Ohio}

copy

Report of Committee
of District who will de-
pose of the case hereto fore
directed.

Taken at St. Louis

List of Prisoners of War placed on Board
Steamer Westmoreland in Charge of Lt. G. W. Gibbons

- | | | | |
|----|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| 1 | W. H. Rutherford ✓ | 20. | J. Gunn ✓ |
| 2 | L. D. Young ✓ | 21 | Jeff Jackson ✓ |
| 3 | J. J. Loney ✓ | 22 | L. D. Henry ✓ |
| 4 | Joseph Redford ✓ | 23 | S. J. Seay ✓ |
| 5 | R. H. Murphy ✓ | 24 | J. R. Seely ✓ |
| 6 | S. D. Johnson ✓ | 25 | W. C. Beck ✓ |
| 7 | C. C. Morrow ✓ | 26 | John. A. Stron ✓ |
| 8 | Geo. W. Chamney ✓ | 27 | Samuel Hanson ✓ |
| 9 | J. T. Pinton ✓ | 28 | Thos. Haman ✓ |
| 10 | J. M. Russell ✓ | 29 | E. F. Lysle ✓ |
| 11 | J. H. Martin ✓ | 30 | R. Bevell ✓ |
| 12 | W. L. Martin ✓ | 31 | W. B. Worthington ✓ |
| 13 | W. P. Kinzie ✓ | 32 | St. A. Goodloe ✓ |
| 14 | R. J. Hill ✓ | 33 | J. L. Matthews ✓ |
| 15 | W. A. Pops ✓ | 34 | F. J. Dalton ✓ |
| 16 | J. M. Delandingham ✓ | 35 | St. James Richardson ✓ |
| 17 | Joseph McCully ✓ | | |
| 18 | Samuel Wallace ✓ | | |
| 19 | Waldrop John ✓ | | |

The Above from "Southern Hospital".

- | | | | |
|----|---------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| 36 | W. S. Winchester ✓ | 41 | Geo. Ray ✓ |
| 37 | W. S. Shelton ✓ | 42 | St. A. H. Morgan ✓ or P. D. Morgan |
| 38 | G. B. Lammam ✓ | 43 | Wm. D. Damon ✓ |
| 39 | Lt. G. B. McNeill ✓ | 44 | J. S. Stevens ✓ |
| 40 | J. R. Morgan ✓ | | |

The Above taken by Patrols

Recd Our Dept of the Press.

St Louis Mo Nov 29/62

W. H. Keaton
a. a. g.

Official Copy

833

58 Mch. 1st 1862

From Capt. Wm. J. Bragg
Camp. D. 2nd Md. Regt

Concerning the views
of secessionists at Friendship

Ans

Friendship A. S. County
March 1st 1862.

General.

I have the honor to make
the following statement in reference to the
Prisoners sent down by Alexis John W. Davis.

I have heard from reliable sources that
~~James~~ Henry Owens the owner of the Schooner Monrovia,
did transport in his schooner from Baltimore
to Herring Bay 1 Box marked needles and
1 Can marked Oil both consigned to W. G.
Owens & Co Friendship Md. and Mr James
Owens did take said box & can to Boyntontown
Charles County Md near Patomac River
this in the month of September, 1862.

The Wagon in which the box & can were carried
was owned by Dr M. O. Knighton of Friendship,
the harness by Thomas Luch, & the horses by
Mr W. G. Owens & James Owens of Friendship.

Also that James and Henry Owens
did assist deserters to escape by harboring
them and giving them money.

The charges against Mr Franklin
Griffith are these that he ~~assisted in~~
hoisted the rebel flag & aided & abetted
in cutting down the pole raised by the
Union men at Friendship.

In which I thought I was justified
in arresting them and sending them to you
the names of the Prisoners are James Owens
Henry Owens and Franklin Griffith.

To Brig Gen G. P. Hatch
Comd of Naval School
Annapolis
Md

I am Sir
Very Respy
G. M. B. B. B.
W. G. B. B. B.
Capt. B. B. B.

Cigler & Gurr's
Oath of Allegiance

Mar. 16 ✓

Oto

and Richard L. Lingle


I William E. Greer, of Pettis County of the State of Missouri, do solemnly swear that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States, and of the State of Missouri, together with the provisional government of the latter, against all enemies whether domestic or foreign; that I will bear true faith, allegiance & loyalty to each and every one of them, any ordinance, resolution or law of any State Convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding; and further that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties which may be required of me by the laws of the United States and of this State, And I take this oath freely and voluntarily, without any mental reservation or evasion whatsoever, with a full and clear understanding that Death, or other punishment will be the penalty for the violation of this my solemn oath and Pledge of Honor.

Subscribed and

sworn to before

me this 1st day of
March 1862

Wm. E. Greer 

Richard L. Lingle 

J. F. Philips Commissioner.

Attest: Sam. A. Lowe

W. A. Wilson

List of Persons taking
Oath and giving
Bonds

Mar. 1862

Cit's

<u>No</u>	<u>Names</u>	<u>Date when taken</u>	<u>Amount of Bond Given</u>
	1 John Daniel	March 15 th 1862	
	2 Samuel Daniel	" 15 th 1862	
	3 John J. Ogden	" 15 th 1862	
	4 Leut. G. Lovell	" 17 th 1862	
	5 James, T. Hammock	" 17 th 1862	
	6 Harrison Hubbard	" 17 th 1862	
	7 Levi Schuck	" 17 th 1862	
	8 Johnson Watts	" 17 th 1862	
	9 Robert, J. Suddeth	" 17 th 1862	
	10 John H. Nelson	" 17 th 1862	
1	11 Louis Davis	" 18 th 1862	\$ 1,000.00
	12 Francis Parker	" 18 th 1862	
	13 Henry Benson.	" 18 th 1862	
	14 Augustus Harvey	" 18 th 1862	
2	15 Henry T. Mudd	" 18 th 1862	\$ 5,000.00
3	16 Francis W. Henry	" 18 th 1862	\$ 1,000.00
	17 Yearly Jackson	" 19 th 1862	
4	18 M. H. McFarland	" 19 th 1862	\$ 5,000.00
5	19 Edw. W. Lockett	" 19 th 1862	\$ 1,000.00
6	20 A. B. Nelson	" 19 th 1862	\$ 1,000.00
	21 Francis W. Wood	" 19 th 1862	
	22 Duncan Ellis	" 19 th 1862	
	23 Wm. H. Martin	" 19 th 1862	
	24 Richard, H. McKay	" 19 th /62	
	25 David Stewart	" 19 th /62	
	26 W. W. Simpson	" 20 th /62	
	27 Cornelius Schuck	" 20 th /62	
	28 James, B. Schuck	" 20 th /62	
	29 John A. Craut	" 20 th /62	
	30 B. Ferguson	" 20 th /62	
	31 Winston Wills	" 20 th /62	
	32 William Schuck	" 20 th /62	

	33	James Jeffries	March 20 th /62	
	34	Wm H. Sladd	" 20 th /62	
	35	Robert. Mitchell	" 20 th /62	
	36	John S. Thornhill	" 20 th /62	
7	37	Chas. D. Sheets	" 20 th /62	\$ 1,000.00
8	38	E. J. Kuhn	" 20 th /62	\$ 3,000.00
9	39	R L Blackburn	" 20 th /62	\$ 1,500.00

N. K. & Co. and the other

Brought in
March 1862

unable to take a good
- or else who got
them into the scope
unwilling to help
them and in and
they don't want to
call on me in a
- and try now
if they unabated
it.

But they

3 mks - extended

November the 17 1862

Dear Sir I write you a few lines to let you see that we have arrived at home and are contented to remain here we both have been quite sick since we arrived and have not been able to get our food filled out get the sickness that got us into the trap would see our necks stretched before they would help us, we find a great many more men here than was when we left, but we hate to call on them we intend to regard our oaths to the better we are done with the war, we ask of you a little more time to get our security if we must give it my father is a union man though he says we went into it against his will and now we may get out the best we can please write to us at Rowland yours &

W. L. & Goodridge Harper

837 From

J. P. Tolson

Geo. White

G. Rayburn

6178

Mar. 30, 1862

Bond for Good Citizenship

From

George J. White

J. J. Molin

L. Rayburn

We Geo. J. White, J. J. Molin and L. Rayburn bind ourselves our heirs, executors, or assigns under the Penal sum of two thousand Dollars good and lawful Money of the State of Tennessee, to be paid to the Secretary or Treasurer of the State of Tennessee

The Condition of this obligation is such that whereas the said George J. White was arrested for being a Man favoring the Southern Rebel Confederacy in sentiment and action, and it having been fully to appear that there was reasonable grounds to suspect that he was aiding said Rebel Confederacy - Now this obligation shall be void if the said George J. White shall not aid or abet assist in any sense whatsoever the Rebellion that now is or may be hereafter in the United States against the Constitution of said States, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Witness our hands this ~~20th~~ 30th day of March (1863)

Geo. J. White
J. J. Molin
L. Rayburn

838

~~Dr. A. S. [unclear]~~
Geo. S. White
W. Rayburn

MS

Mar. 30, 1862

Bond of Good Citizenship

from

Dr J. S. Nolan

Geo. G. White

L. Raybourn

We Dr J. S. Nolan Geo. G. White & L. Raybourn
bind our selves our heirs executors or
assignes — under the Penal Sum of two
Thousand Dollars good & Lawful Money of the
state of Tennessee to be paid to the Secretary
or Treasurer of the State of Tennessee

The Condition of this obligation is such
that whereas the said Dr J. S. ~~Nolan~~ was arres-
ted for being for being a man favoring the
Southern Rebel Confederacy in sentiment and
action and it ~~being~~ been made fully
to appear that there was reasonable grounds
to suspect that he was aiding said rebel Con-
federacy now this obligation shall be void
if the said Dr J. S. ~~Nolan~~ shall not aid
or abet assist in any sense whatsoever
the Rebellion that now is or may be here-
after in the united States against the
Constitution of said States otherwise to
remain in full force and effect

Witnesseth our hands this
30th day of March, 1862

J. S. Nolan
Geo. G. White
L. Raybourn

838

Mr H Curtis &
Carbin West

Mar 22, 1862

Curtis -

1861

1861

Case of Corbin Wash
& William H. Carter

The horse is confiscate
advertise and sell him
and remit proceeds
to this office less the
expenses-

order made

In the matter of Corbin West & William H. Curtis. It appearing by the admission of both parties that West voluntarily furnished a horse for Curtis to go to Price's army, and that Curtis took said horse and went across the Missouri River in company with Nat Hankle and others, and that he was absent three weeks or more, and then returned and gave back the horse to said West. It is ordered that they each be required to give a bond in the sum of \$100000 for the faithful performance of the oath of allegiance and other duties to the United States Government, and that said West be required to bring in said horse and surrender it as contraband property and that they be detained in custody till this order is complied with
Memphis March 23rd 1862

Josiah Brown Sr.

The above is a correct transcript of the proceedings in the above case. The terms have been complied with and the prisoners released.

Instructions are asked of the Governor & Marshal General as to the disposition of the horse.

Josiah Brown Sr.
Governor & Marshal

Robin White 840

in Cunts

, Mar 22, 1862

~~Cunts~~

Corbin Walt 840
& Mrs. Cuntz

Mar 22, 1862

~~Cents~~

In the matter of Corbin West & Wm. M. Curtis
it appearing by the admissions of both parties that West
voluntarily furnished a horse for Curtis to go to Prices
Army and that Curtis took said horse and went a
cross Missouri River in company with Seth Munsell
& others and that he was absent three weeks or
more and then returned and gave back the horse
& said West it is ordered that they each be re-
quired to give a bond in the sum of \$1000 - for the
faithful performance of the oaths of a Regiment & their
duties to the United States Government and
that said West be required to bring in said horse
and surrender it as contraband property and that
they be detained in our stock till this order is com-
-pliance with

Mannibal

March 22nd 1862.

Jessie A. Hunt
Barrow & Munsell

841 H/36

Hannibal Mo

March 19th 1962

J. D. Mc Hayward
Genl. Supt.
Hannibal & York RR

Encloses oaths taken
by employees viz.
Wm Orson Lowell
H. Brooks Swainson

bits

Rec'd Dep't Miss Mch 30.

H. O. Flavelle

W. B. Swinton

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad Co.

Hannibal, Mo., 19th Mch. 1862.

①
Maj. Genl. W. H. Hallick
St. Louis

Dear Sir

I send you to day, by express, two on this taken
by the employees on our Road. My admn-
istered hereafter will be forwarded by Mail.

Respy Yours

J. V. K. Hayward

Gen. Supt.

per C.

Mon 17. 62

Patrick Sullivan (2)

Peter Chugent

John Coolett

Amen Findary

Amen Reilly

John O' Regan

Amen B. Ryan

Charles Gramm

Amen Piche

Peter betteria

Thomas Mullally

Mr. D. Wharton

Richard Beasly

Peter Finnan

Feb. 12/62.

List of Names of all Persons Employed in Engr. Dept. at W. Taylor.

Henry S. Parker
Geo. C. Clapp
C. H. Gallagher
John P. Hermann
S. G. Desjardis
Claude Babcock
George Rasmussen
James Allen
George Picken
Edmond Cook
Alex. Hancock
John Cottrell
John J. Selamy
M. M. Ewing
J. D. Looke
Wm. H. Cottrell
John Hagan
Patrick O'Neil
Hugh O'Donel
Michael Hannan
James M. Loughlin
Patrick Muldown
Thomas Collins
Henry Ginnity

Thomas Castello
Bernardo Braro
John Warren
Cornelius O'Neil
Jonathan Matley
James C. Curtiss
John Russell
Thomas Hertell
George D. Warren
William Payne
Nathan Miles
Barry Hart
John Carnell
Daniel Bullman
Fred. A. Brown
John Rowland
Henry Thirkoon
John Fitzjames
Peter Welch
Joseph H. Smith
Matthew Mallory
Charles A. Davis
John Mullin
John Cahill

John Agan
 Martin Gannon
 Patrick Gibbons
 + John M. Loughlin
 John Gaffney
 W. D. Crannell
 Dennis Hollands
 Patrick Murphy
 Thomas Coan
 Bryan Reynolds
 John Hunter
 Lawrence Higgins
 William Anderson
 Michael M. Grath
 Elias James
 + Charles Wilson
 William Danse
 Dennis Stafford
 John Morgan
 Patrick Kelly
 David Bondsman
 James Keely
 Jerry Sullivan, 1,
 William O'Brien
 John Williams
 Charles Metherford
 Henry Metherford

Philip Kessler
 Etienne Duberis
 James Carrall
 Pierre Barriot
 Michael Whitemore
 John Braddick
 Antonio Gallardo
 Alexander Dnatz
 + James C. Higgins
 Santos Perez
 Richard Albury
 + Charles Mooton
 Alex. Curry
 John Robbins
 Lorenzo Besagun
 Pablo Feloni
 Primo Luigi
 Joseph Ingraham, 1,
 Joseph Ingraham, 2,
 Frank Harman
 + Thomas Partell
 Bernard Mullady
 Patrick Mullin
 Peter Murray
 William Dare
 + William Kelcher
 + Michael Browne

	Michael	Barrett
	Daniel	"Mulvey
	John	Naloh
	Thomas	"Muskis
	Robert	C. Davis
	George	Annett
	John	Syons
	John	Cannon
	Peter	Burke
x	James	Fokey
	Patrick	Derwanny
	N. W.	Latham
	Lorenzo	Loaster
	William	Collins
	James	Quinn
x	Dennis	"Murphy
	Arthur	Leary
	Michael	Killion
	Florence	Sullivan
	Patrick	Kayes
	Timothy	Colbert
	Michael	"Murray
	Daniel	"Mountain
	Thomas	Donahoe
	Jerry	Sullivan, 2,
	Michael	Donahoe
	John	Sullivan, 2,

	Daniel	Rosmar
	Patrick	Sullivan, 1,
	Daniel	Sullivan
	Jerry	Courtenay
	Timothy	Donovan
	Daniel	Donovan
	Jerry	Harrington
	Michael	Mullally
	James	Ryan
	Jerry	M. Guise
	Patrick	Denner
	James	Felix
	Thomas	"Murphy
	William	Thompson
	Henry	Fagan
	Gen. C.	Meade
	James	English
	Jessie	English
	James M.	Laughlin, 2,
	Gilbert	Albury
	John B.	Whallon
	Francis	Loans
	James	Hoode
	Levi	"Marshall
	James	Guss
	Jerome	Collins
	James	Brown

842
Mason
14. 6. 92

Charles Grimm
Andrew Piche
Peter Vittorio
Thomas Mullally
Mr. D. Whutton
Richard Beasley
Peter Finnan

Patrick Sullivan, 2,
Peter Angent
John Corlett
Owen Finlay
Owen Reilly
John O' Regan
Rember B. Ham

Francis Tratto
Timothy O' Driscoll
John Diamonds
X Thomas Conn (2)

William Holt
Pablo Deis
Joseph Stephens
William Jones

Rec'd March 12/92

X Those names marked thus X have been discharged & paid off this morning.

Post Taylor.
Key West

March 12. 1862.
H. Parker
Clerk

March 15 / 1864

Yrs
Petition of a number
of citizens, driven
from their homes.

Yrs

Citizens

March 15 1862

Major General Halleck Com-
mander of the western division
Missouri -

We the undersigned citizens of
South East Missouri having
been driven from our homes by
the rebels and our families
exposed to their maltreatment
and property to their ravages
which has been carried to an
alarming extent.

Some murdered in their houses
Mr Anderson through whose
politeness we present you with
this petition had his house
surrounded himself and family
assassinated by night his two
eldest sons shot one killed and
the other mortally wounded, and
he himself slightly wounded
being shot at several times,
Many of our best citizens have
been put to death some shot
and others hung,
Several refugees who have just
arrived tell us that it was put

to their choice to join them
suffer death or leave.

There is scarcely a senior
man in the field of their
operation left with a horse
to till his ground.

All the effects of those that
they have driven from their
homes or put to death
carried into their camp and
divided as common property.

We therefore impudently
solicit of you in your ju-
dicial capacity to set
forth immediate effort
for the relief of our distressed
and bereaved country and

We your petitioners will
ever pray

Thomas H. B. Walker
John, Memelen
William McGwier
J. J. Horn
Wm. Riley Kitchin
William C. Randall
Jerry, Pa.

G. J. Luster
George Bolick
J. J. Kester
C. S. Parson
Wm. S. Hollis
Sres. Parsons
R. C. Armstrong
Jacob Foster
J. J. Miller

Warren, S. Peede
Robert, Ashby
Charles, Butler
Peter, Bess
John, Coffman
Robert, Colman
Daniel C. Cleperd
Thomas C. Eaton
Franklin Foster
R. C. Fulkerson
James, George
James H. Goodin
Wm. Glauer

J. C. Gross
Joel Horton
Solomon, G. Hitchcock
James Haysam
Isaac Hicks
Albert Hwis
John Honey
Benjamin Johnson
Henry Huer
James Huer
George Hitchcock
William Lincoln
Abraham Lincoln
Thomas, Lincoln

S. W. Miller
John Mcmilton
Pleasant Mager,
Samuel H. Mager,
S. B. Miller
William Masters,
Thomas J. Miers
Thos J. McDowel
Anthony Prauffer
Simon Poe
James H. Poe
Mattersen Poe
Lazin Prauffer
Alexandria Patterson
William B. Rodgers
Garton Risley
Anthony P. Rodgers
William C. Stanfield
Robert, C. Sturd
Milas, Seals
William Stanfield
James, B. Sturd
Thomas Stanfield
Andrew J. Sparrow
William, Stary
John C. Taylor
Daniel Horton
John Lastly
Washington Miers
Henry Kener

Alford, Davis
William Anderson
Adam Beck
Jesse Hickman
Elijah M Garner
Eli J. Garner
Jerryiah L Garner
Lason Bess
Joseph Sanders
Elijah Hill
John Sism
W R Walker
Sanders Walker
George Coats
James Coats

Richard Clet.

March 15/1861

Yp
Petition of a number
of citizens, drawn
from their names.

Yp
Elyza

844 March 31, 1862

Sigel Frank Co.

Brig. Genl.

Order that horses taken
from Mr. W. W. Hopkins
and Joe W. Keilley, be
returned or the owners
paid for them.

Communication
Proc F Lloyd

March 21st

J. J. S. S.

Headquarters 1st & 2^d Divisions
Ft. Smith, March 31st 1862. -

Sir! -

The bearers, Mr W^m Hopkins
and Joe W^m Heiley have been under
arrest at Camp Lea Ridge, when they
arrived from Fort Smith, and were ^{afterwards} released
by orders from these Headquarters, and have
since been employed and faithfully served as
teamsters. - When arrested ~~their~~ ponies were
taken away from them, but ~~not~~ returned to
them, when released; - one of them is said
to be in the possession of Lieut. Schreiner,
your Dep. March, the other in the possession of
one Lieut. Burrell. - You will direct your
strict attention to this case see their horses
returned or paid for. - Yours respectfully
W. F. Light
To Major G. Lewis
Prov. Marshall 1st & 2^d Divisions } Brig Genl. corddy.

W. S. Boyer
& At
Geo. Patterson

Book of hours

Religious and Parole of
James V. 1711

Valle Forge Jan'y 7. 1863

938 B
Mr Patterson - to Col Woodwood

Wishing an extension of his Parole
to St Genevieve County

Dear Sir please of all

A. S. O. Jan'y 9 1862

Respectfully refer to Capt Wright
Capt Robert Marshall General
So much of the letter as relates
to the extension of Mr Pattersons
Parole to St Genevieve County on the
a request that his petition be granted

Wm Wood

adly

Office of the Major General

Dept of War

January 9. 63.

Reply let to Col Wood adly.
The request will be granted
Mr Patterson should forward
his papers that the extension
be properly endorsed -

Ans. Jan'y 9.

J. S. Marshall

Released S. O. No 148 per III Aug. 20, 62
to remain in St. Louis County.
No further order.

St. Louis, Mo. January 17th 1863
Col. Wm. S. Wood

Dear Sir.

Since I saw you
you last this company
has commenced chopping wood
for the purpose of performing
operations for making iron
for the government. but
we have another call for
the militia and I fear
unless there can be an
exemption for the empl-
ees that we will have
trouble to start. if you
can do any thing for
us I wish you would
I still report regularly
to the provost, Mar. that
in St. Louis if you could
have St. Genevieve County

added to my bounds
as I live within one mile
of the County line and
have a good deal of
business in that County
I dislike to put you to
so much trouble but will
if the opportunity ever
offers try to returne you
many favours.

Paul came home
a few days ago very
penitent and says he
wants to stay at home
for the future.

With great Respects
Your Olde Friend
Thos Patterson

W S Boyce

John Patterson

Parole of Honor

Office of the Provost Marshal General,

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI

St. Louis, March 29 1862.

I hereby give my parole of Honor,
that I will report myself in
person to the Provost Marshal General,
immediately on his request to do so
and until released from this parole
I will not leave the county of St
Francis,

W. S. Boyce
Jno Patterson

846

City

New York

1862

Pensacola Fla 28 March

John Gunn is my only
Assistant Agent during
my absence from the
city

G M Bedit

② 1894

№ 208 52 sixty days from date we
promise to pay J. W. & Bradell or
bearer Two hundred & eight dollars
& fifty two cents this 27 March 1862
J. J. Potter

James M. Lynch

№ 208 52 four months from date
we promise to pay J. W. & Bradell or
bearer Two hundred & eight dollars
& fifty two cents value Recd &
this 27 March 1862
J. J. Potter

James M. Lynch

№ 208 52 five months from date
we promise to pay J. W. & Bradell or
bearer Two hundred & eight dollars
& fifty two cents value Recd & this
27 March 1862
J. J. Potter

James M. Lynch

B47

~~Oct 1962~~

Mar, 27, 62

Pensacola Fla 27 March 1862

Recd of G W Bedell the Hotel known as the Bedell House in
good order on rent at twenty five dollars per month which we
agree upon however to be paid monthly and we
further agree that at any time Bedell should
want the House back to let him have it and
we further agree not to move the Furniture
out of the House unless it should be endangered
by fire and we further agree that it shall
be kept in good and subject to the payment
of our notes for said Furniture

J H Potter

James H Spinch

No 20882 thirty days from date we
promise to pay G W Bedell on bearer
two hundred & eight dollars & fifty two
cents for value Recd. This 24 March 1862

J H Potter

James H Spinch

No 20882 fifty days from date we
promise to pay G W Bedell on
bearer two hundred & eighty
dollars and fifty two cents for
value Recd. This 27 March 1862

J H Potter

James H Spinch

848 C #13

Carroll Co. Md.
March 13/1864

G. W. Cundiff ^{cit}
J. W. Cundiff
(discharged from the
prison)

On account of
sickness they have
not been able
to file the bond
required.

What are they to do?

(file)

Rec'd Dept. Insp. Mar. 2/1864

Carroll Co, Mo, March 13th 1862,
Gen. Halleck

Dear Sir;

On the 26th ult,
we, were discharged from the ~~at~~ Alton
prison, by your order, and required
to fill, and return to your address
a bond for. We, have been unable
to give the required security, partly
on account of bad health (not able
to go round in quest of such)
Please write, and instruct us what
to do? Must we fill the bond with
such security as we can get? or
must we surrender ourselves up
to your order,

J. W. Cundiff
William Cundiff

(B) We, took the required oath before we
were discharged. J. W. C. & W. C.

Springfield
Robertson Co, Tenn
March 1, 1862

W. O. Crockett ^{ops}

Represents that E. R. Crockett & W. J. Loy are captured at Ft. Donelson, are private citizens & did not belong to the Rebel army, & visited their friends.

Asks permission to send clothing to Boys in Capt Bidwells Co, Col. Head's Tenn Regt, to write to & visit them.

Where are Bidwells, & the Cos., Col. Head's Regt, & Capt Byker's Co, & Bailey's Tenn Regt.

Asks that Capt Bidwells Co be paroled. - Refer to Major Chapman, of Nashville.

Springfield
W. Robertson Co, Tenn
March 1, 1862

Mr
W. C. Crockett

Represents that E. R.
Crockett & W. F. Lovell
captured at Ft. Donelson, were
private citizens & did not
belong to the Rebel army, but
visited their friends.

Asks permission to send
clothing to Boys in Capt. Bid-
well's Co, Col. Head's Tenn.
Regt. to write to & visit
them. file

Where are Bidwells, & Major
Cass, Col. Head's Regt., & Capt
Fryke's Co, & Barber's Tenn. reg

Asks that Capt. Bidwell's Co
be paroled. - Refer to Major,
Chestnut, & Nashville.
111 1111 1111 1111



Springfield Robertson County Tennessee
March 1st 1862

To the Commander in Chief of the United States Army at Nashville or whoever has the authority of the Prisoners, that was taken by the United States Army at Fort Donelson. I wish to present a Case for your consideration. The Case is this: My Son Dr. E. N. Cockette left home on the 1st of March 1861, and went to Texas. He remained there until about the last of Nov 1861 when he returned home on a visit; a few days after which he was taken sick, was confined several weeks, when he got able to ride, he went to Fort Donelson to see an only brother N. B. Cockette, belonging to Capt Bidwell's Company Col. Head's Regiment, Tennessee Volunteers, he remained at the Fort some 5 or 6 days, returned home, but had taken a very deep cold, causing a severe cough. The time he had appointed to return to Texas had now arrived and he was preparing to start but his cough not being much improved, I prevailed on him to remain yet a few days. On Thursday 13th Ult. P.M. we heard what we supposed to be the firing of Cannon at Fort Donelson. I then requested my Son E. N. Cockette to go to the Fort, and if his brother N. B. Cockette was killed or wounded, to bring him home, if possible, he went, he got there on Friday 14th Ult. At the time he started I expected the fight would be over by the time he got there, but I hear it was not

he could not get away, having gone there on a Boat from Clarksville, and the boats would not bring away any person not belonging to the Army and on Sunday morning after the Fort was surrendered he with ~~with~~ all others were taken Prisoners, he did not belong to the Army, and went there only at my request as before stated, and for no other purpose. In the last few days, I have learned there were persons (Citizens) ~~These~~ on a visit, who were permitted to go home unmolested, as far as I can learn E. N. Crockett and one other young man by the name of William G. Lagers, were all that were taken off that did not belong to the Army. W. G. Lagers was there on a visit to see some brothers in Kidwell's Company. I suppose that Crockett and Lagers had been sent off before it was known, that Citizens not belonging to the Army ~~should~~ ~~be~~ permitted to go home &c.

You have now a correct statement of the case which I will if it is requested and our permittee ~~refer~~ you to all my neighbors, all of whom know the facts as I have stated them. Will you release my son E. N. Crockett and W. G. Lagers, if so, will you order it to be done, or will you give me, or some person for me, an order to their keepers to release them, and a permit for some person to go to where they are with said order. Will you give the friends of those boys that belong to Capt. Kidwell's Company liberty to send them clothing, to write to them, and those that can to visit them, if it is agreeable to your will to grant

any or all of these requests, please give the permit
to the barrier of this Dr. Glover to go, or take any
thing to them you may grant, &c. Will you please
let us know where Capt. Bidwell's Company, Capt.
Mays' Company of Col. "Harris" Regiment Tennessee
Vol. also ~~Capt. Taylor's~~ Capt. Taylor's Company of Baileys
Regiment Tenn. Vol. were sent to the barrier Dr.
Glover ~~will~~ bring any information to us you
may please to send. I would ask you to
~~Post~~ ~~Capt. Bidwell's~~ ~~Company~~ ~~if~~ ~~possible~~

would avoid any thing, and in this assurance that
I have the hearty concurrence of all their friends
in this vicinity, I know and believe that there is
not a man in that Company who would think of
going back to the Army if Paroled, until ~~he~~
was regularly exchanged. My object for speaking
of C. H. Crockett's living in Texas, ~~is~~ for the purpose
of letting you know, that he had nothing to do, nor
could have nothing to do, with the Volunteering here &c.
I refer you to Mayor N. B. Cheatham of Nashville
~~as being well acquainted with~~ ~~the~~ ~~proper~~ ~~commander~~ ~~to~~ ~~apply~~ ~~to~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~above~~

the proper Commander to apply to for the above
requisition, please convey ~~this~~ to the proper one,
or inform ~~at~~ Glover (the barrier) who is, and
where to find him giving him a permit to go to
him &c. C. H. Crockett & W. F. Lacy, if released have
not money with them, (that is current) to bring them
home, the money they have is all on Southern Banks
Submitted very respectfully &c

M. D. Crockett

850

231

Carry Olls.

March 14 1862

cuts

W. K. Strong
Brig. Gen. Comd.

John Bird & his 2 or
3 sons were sent
to Florida.

Enclases of papers
of letters (mostly of letters)
addressed to John
Bird's file

2

The same was 9/60

Head Quarters, U. S. Forces.

CAIRO, ILL.,

March 17 1862.

N. K. Sear,
Assault General,
Sir

I yesterday despatched
by steamer City of Memphis for St. Louis 31 pris-
oners of War, among them is the man Bird
referred to in the enclosed paper, & I think
there is with him also two or three of his sons,
I found a lot of letters in a drawer I was
overlooking last evening in this office which
have been addressed to him by different
persons, I suppose they were probably found
on his person or in his dwelling - I send
them to you as his trial will doubtless
take place at St. Louis.

Very Respectfully
Yours
Wm. M. St. Louis
Brig Genl
Army

Mr
Birds Post-Mark 6th 1862

John Birds.

States his place has been
taken possession of by Gen
"Benton" had to move, and
was promised protection, was
afterwards arrested with
3 sons by Gen Grant, been
imprisoned, about 8 weeks
been refused a trial, or even
had charges made against
him. Asks that he may
have a trial immediately.

enclosure

Recd 25th Nov 1862

Birds Point N.C. Marc. 6th 1862.

General Halleck

Sir I hope you will excuse

me for troubling you with a few lines, but I only wish to state my case to you plainly.

I and family lived on Birds point un till the last of ~~of~~ July last, and would have been living there yet if General Prentice and Co. Wallace who were in command at that time, had not have promise^d to protect me and family if we would moove out to a farm about 3 miles out of camp. so I and my family mooved out of camp taking my negroes about 46 in all, leaving my houses and farm to the U. S. Troops, which was their request that I should do, it bin a military necessity to occupy the point. About 8 weeks ago there was 4 pickets shot about 4 miles from the point and Gen. Grant ordered all of the citizens in 6 miles of the point to be brought in to camp so I and my 3 sons were brought in, also 42 of my negroes. They have since found out that it was Jeff Thompson's me that shot the 4 pickets, so they released all of the citizens that were brought in at that time except me.

and my 3 sons. General We have been here
in prison nearly 8 weeks, and we have insisted
on Gen. Paine to let us know what charges he has
against us, and give us a trial, but he has never
let us know what the charges are, nor given us any
trial. We appeal to you to know if we can't have
a speedy trial. I never have seen any order from
you requiring negroes to be brought in to
camp, so I wish to inform you that 42 of my
negroes have been brought in to camp, 4 of them
were taken on the expedition to Fort Donelson
I have not heard of them being brought back
I was gone on the expedition to New Madrid
the balance are scattered about in the camps at
Bird's Point. I understand that they are working
for their selves and the government furnishes them
with provisions. Since I have been in camp the
soldiers have brought nearly all of my cattle
and 12 head of my horses also quite a quantity
of my meal, which of course have nearly all been
made away with. the horses have been nearly all
sent off. The soldiers also robbed my house of a consid-
erable amount of property. all of these things were
done as soon as I and my 3 sons were brought away
from home, without waiting for our trial to see

whether we are guilty or not. Now if any body
ought to complain I think it ought to be me
as the U. S. Troops moved on to my farm and
I lived on side the guard line nearly 4 months
then the General Prentice concluded to build
a larger fortification which enclosed my house
& byns quarters and Orchard. At this time Gen.
Prentice and Co. Wallace told me that they were
nearly compelled to have my buildings, and insisted
on me to move out and give them possession, which
I did after they pledged themselves to protect me.
When I was first brought in there was a great
deal said about me having so many guns and some
powder. What I have to say about the guns is
that when the 4 missouri regiment was on the
point they serched my house and I showed
them every gun and all of the Powder that
they found with me at this time they tuck
it from me, and General Prentice had them
all give back to me a gain. The guns are shot
guns and rifles that I and my sons have had for
several years, some of them are so old that they are
worn out. my sons are used to hunting a great deal
so they always kept 1 or 2 kegs of powder. if they
could get it, but they did not have a hole keg

P 231 W

Mr
Birds Print. March 6th 1862

John Birds.

States his place has been
taken possession of by Gene
Brenten had to move, and
was promised protection by
afterwards arrested with
3 sons by Gene Grant. He
imprisoned about 8 weeks
been refused a trial or even
had charges made against
him. Asks that he may
have a trial immediately

enclosed

John Birds March 9th

a bout the house. Hoping that you will
order a trial soon and not think hard of
me for troubling you with these few lines
I remain yours
John Bird

Holder Draft of The Mo
St. Louis, March 10, 1862

Respectfully refer me
to Brig. Gen. Strong
Covington at Cairo,

For information
respect

By order of
D. May, Genl. Walker
W. H. McLean
A. C. Grant,

The within named
prisoner having been
sent to St. Louis with
party of 100 is on the
with. I respectfully
return to Head quarters
of the department of the
Army
Cairo, Mo.
March 17, 1862

St. Louis April 20. 1861

Mr John Bird

Birds Hunt Co Mo

Dear Sir

Your favor of 26th inst. recd. and duly noted

We have applied to several Boats to take of the powder that you ordered - they all refused to carry it unless shipped up only, we have offered to pack it in board with Sulphur but they utterly refused to take it unless as before stated which we declined doing believing it would be seized at Lains. we would ~~not~~ support the propriety of shipping to some Wood-yard or landing nearest to you on the Missouriside, should it meet your approbation please to designate the point and we will ship it

Yours truly
Ferdinand Waters H.

Mr Bird

If you think there is any danger in
you or either of the Boys going to Camp left
your motives might be misconstrued by the
Government Soldiers. I do not think it would
do any harm to show them my letter and
inform them fully of our business before we
go. They surely could not object to our trying
to get so large an amount of cash \$57,500.00
out of the hands of their enemy

In haste &c

Joe Moore

Pacineak Oct 26th 1861

Mr John Bond

Dear Sir

As Mr John Shields failed to pay his note due 8th of Augt last for \$700- and on the 8th of Nov \$700 more will be due and if he then fails to pay I shall wish you to Proceed up here and as I wish to hold on to all the Leases I have so I wish you to either authorize myself or A. S. Patchette to draw the notes from the Bank so as to be ready if it should be necessary to get out a landlord warrant. I can attend to it as your agent without any cost. But if you prefer Mr Patchette I will visit me just as well. You will have to send an order to Commercial Bank for the notes to one of us. I will see as out the warrant if you have the mortgage from Shields to me or his full name send it.

all shall be right between us
in all our matters can't Thompson
come up nor could he place to see
~~some of your~~ my Best regards to
yourself & family

P.S. In reflection I think it would
be best to put the whole matter in
Ed Cliffe's hands. But for him to act
with my advice and suggestions.
J. F. Harvey

Commonwealth of Kentucky, W' Cracken County.

Paducah, Ky., November 11th 1861.

To Mr. J. Ford,

Please Take Notice, That a Note for Seven Hundred Dollars, drawn
by Mr. S. Shields.

in favor of Mr. F. Harris
dated the 8th day of May
Months after date.

undersigned. Notary Public, for Non-Payment
to you for payment as Endorsed
thereof the sum of

186 D. Payable Eighteen ^{or order,}
was this day **Protested** by the
and the holder looks

having been duly demanded.

Wm. M. Mansfield
Notary Public.

Notary Public.

HEADQUARTERS, FIRST MILITARY DISTRICT, U.S.A.

Camp *San Pedro* No 24th Dec 1862

KNOW ALL MEN, THAT *Sam Server* *Mississippi* having been properly certified to be from *Operation of Service*

relieved from Military Duty; therefore, know ye, that he has served 4 months and 8 days

faithfully as *Private* in *Capt* *Griffith's* company, which is company *Regiment* *Proximity* and that he is hereby honorably discharged.

H. P. ... Comd'g. officer.
J. C. Davis

Thos Griffith
Asst. Adj. Gen.
Governor of Mississippi

Charleston, Mo Sept 7th 1861

John Bird Esq
At Home

Dear Sir: You are perhaps already informed that Jeff Thompson Commander of the 1st Brigade of the so styled Mo State Guards visited this place at an early hour last Sunday morning at the head of 400 Cavalry with two wagons & one Cannon & demanded of me the Key to the Bank Vault & safe. I immediately got the directors about Town together, and he made the same demand of them, we earnestly protested against the seizure of our funds as unlawful & altogether uncalled for, but he immediately cut all argument short by saying "he came with military power to execute a military order that he had no time to argue the case" and finished by giving us fifteen minutes to consider whether we would give up the funds & have me go along and count them and get a receipt or whether he should be compelled to use such force as he had at hand to obtain them we having no means of defending ourselves against so large a force chose the former alternative, & I returned last night with receipt

before I left I wrote to Leachim Lester informing
him of the seizure and since my return
I have received letters from both him & Just
Hearding, requesting you Judge Handy Geo
Whitecomb & myself to visit Gen Thompsons
Camp & leave no effort to regain our spears
untried. & I write you now to get you to
come up immediately if possible and go
with Just Handy & myself. If you cannot
come, cannot either Thompson William or
Stephen. If you can get here we will have
a carriage for you to ride in the balance
of the way, we wish to start Sunday morning
as a few days our horse lost may render
it impossible to get our money, Gen Thompson
I am afraid will not hesitate to use it
if occasion should require & if so it will
be gone beyond redemption.

Mr Lbs is waiting and I can write no
more in haste I am very resp^t &c

Glennore Cashier

Coonington, Ky, May 25th 1861,
S^r John Bird Birds Point, Mo.
d^r Sir,

Enclosed please find,
an endorsement, by me, which I wish you to
fill up a Note, for Alex Kirkpatrick, to
sign, in your favor, calling for all the in-
terest due you on his big note or on the
notes he owes you, and forward to him
the same to Shawnee town, Ills, for him
to sign, which will be done by him and
returned to you, and will secure the
same to you by a mortgage on the
some Lots in Metropolis, Ills, and other lots
there also, as he has more than, and as
the first mortgage cannot be found,
supposed to be lost, please date the Note
up to the time you send it, and make
it payable where you wish, and give him
all the time you will care - one - two or
three years - the longer the better for us,
interest to be paid yearly, and this will
secure you for his back interest, to date,
which will draw 10 per cent interest until
fully paid up, He will have the same
sent you, immediately, as he has written me
to this, and all will be well in time.

The Note, I owe you, which he is my en-
dorsed on, and is secured by the Paper
Mill, with the interest will be arranged for
soon, with you, as I have sold the same
subject to the incumbrance to a man, that
is able to pay, and also he has sold to
another man, that is more able to pay,
and he the present owner, has been to
see me, and will make arrangements
to pay same soon, so he tells me,
and of course they would not let it see,
when they have so much in, and this will
help Mr Kirkpatrick, as my endorser, as well
as help me, and satisfy you very well,
the present owner is a merchant and
lives in Ky, - I hope you will be
patient and easy with the old man,
Mr Kirkpatrick, as I know you and yours
are safe and secured well, these extra
new times, as no one can sum up
that sure, or sum off with it, and as
I have always said, to you, My wife and
and I, would rather all was in your
hands, to day, or in the future, than some
of the sharpers, and in time, we will
work it all out and pay it with interest
10 per cent, or profit all to you and yours,
I know Mr Kirkpatrick, is slow and has
not paid up, but he has paid a great many

other debts since, and not sold any thing
 of account, but on the contrary, has had
 to take property for claims coming to him,
 and to day, he is worth in real estate
~~70000~~ or 100000. Besides his personal prop-
 erty, and claims, and these war times,
 will not last very long, and as soon as
 over, Southern Ills and Mo, lands, will
 and we bound to come into market at
 good sound prices, then all can be paid
 off, and I am watching any opportunity
 to make sale of enough to do so, and
 we all live and take it easy, as you
 and him, will be getting along in years,
 and your boys and myself can do so
 likewise, or get into some business that
 will pay well, I trust that this
 will sweet with your consent, and will
 find you and yours all well, and
 that this war will come sud and that
 better times may come,

Many are feeling up here,

Yours truly
 Wm. James

I sent Mr. Winkpeter a letter to
 day I had done this &
 he will be looking for the
 note filled up, & will sign &
 make a new copy. & I found
 as soon as he sees it from you.

"I am a private citizen so far."
 W.P.J.

1861
Dear Henry Green April 22

P. J. Thompson Esq.

It has been my intention to write to you for several weeks but Lucie did write two letters to you and I thought I would just for doing so for a while but she says she cannot see how it is she has received no answer as yet but we hope to soon hear from you all. we speak of you all often and more so since the country has been in such troubles what a time we have had but we will soon have the border states and when peace is again restored it will be best that we will certainly have no more trouble and I feel confident you will have less trouble even than there to come but it will make hard times for us a while but the most intelligent

say that as soon as this is settled
property will go up and I do believe so

I have sad news to inform you of
the untimely death of your good
friend John Klempeter say to you
Pa. Mr. Klempeter was killed by the
bursting of a boiler which was at his
side mill he was taken to pieces some
part of his body was found seventy
yards from where he was killed it is so
terrible I cannot describe his death
Cousin as you often do business for
your Pa. will be kind and fifteen
hundred dollars \$1500 I will give
either of my brothers for indorsement I will
give him my note endorsed by my brother
we have every way to the estate but
cannot collect a dollar it is all safe
and good paper but we cannot pay
off a debt with their note I wish to
pay off the men killed by train it
is finished cousin I will pay this

may it will never give any trouble
to you. So tell him to please do
it. I will sign it and write will
induce it and if he will be so kind
as to loan the amount please send me
a check cousin you will do me a great
favor it will be ever remembered
please answer immediately.

give our love to all
Lucie says do answer her letters
as she will not forgive you
all give in love to her
your cousin M. L. Payne

Wm. Henry Garrison March 13, 1861

To John Bird

My Dear Uncle

We have not had the pleasure of a letter from you I heard through your a letter that cousin Thos your son wrote me that you were all in good health I answered the same return mail. We have enjoyed pretty good health up to this time I was a week with fever for some days I was very weak for some time after I have no news much we hear a great deal of about pituiticks I am really tired of it for it has lasted too long already. I feel confident we will not have war I do hope if ever we are forced in war that the twenty states will go with us if that is the case we will be able to give them what they look for Uncle in looking over our good father's papers I have found many letters concerning the note that B. Brown made a mistake and brought suit in your name instead of Jas. Merely send you this letter and notice of protest as you may see it certain Jas. Merely that brought the note for

I know you were well aware that Mr Stewart
never brought up any stout paper for you he has
brought a packet for our father Pa always paid
him for doing so I was always a find it would
be the cause of a letter Pa that he was useful and
depend on Pa Stewart's judgment I know well
that you are the best man in earth to ever wish
anything except what is right and I am sure in this
case no one can convince you that this is found of
Pa and Stewart has seen to it I am the other
papers that was with Pa - so I wish that you
would say to Mr Brent to pay us the money as
this are here and we are not able to collect
but very little money and we are paying interest
this amount will be paid in in about ten days
and well if you wish more proof on this we
can get it a number of persons who will pro-
ve it more fully if you are not satisfied with what
we have given you please answer Say to Thompson
Lucia will answer his letter I'd just write to
him a day before or it have been answer same mail
My love to all the family remain on the 11th of Deigen

Please answer this letter

Charleston May 23rd 1861

Dear Sir

I am of the opinion that you
had better leave your home, if you
do not believe you will suffer
- go to my house and stay as long
as you choose, I do not know
whether I will be there or not -

Your friend

John Bird E.

A. Hough

Chicago, Ill.

May 13, 1861.

John Bird Esq.

Sir - It appears that you have chosen to become a traitor to your country, and espouse the cause of secession rebels. Altho' I knew you to be a slaveholder, and a despotic one at that, yet I supposed there was still enough of patriotism - enough of manliness left in you to prompt you to defend the honor of your Country's Flag - that flag which waves its protecting folds over your childhoods home and has sheltered the cradle of your children - that flag under whose mighty aegis your Country has risen, in less than a century, from a wilderness to the highest point of glory ever yet reached by any nation on earth - and you yourself, being fully protected by it, in your person, property and industrial pursuits, have accumulated immense wealth. But it appears that in counting upon your patriotism and manliness. I had reckoned without mine host.

You now manifest your appreciation of all the blessings, social, civil and political which

you have enjoyed under the Flag of our Union,
by extending your sympathy and cooperation
to treasonable villains who, tho' sworn to defend it,
are exerting their every energy to the utmost, to
trample it in the dust. Do you not feel a conscious
meanness and degradation in the exercise of such
cowardly, foul ingratitude? If you do not, it is
because your conscience, in the practice of evil
doing, has become "seared as with a hot iron" and you
are "given over to a reprobate mind".

Shame on you! and shame on all who play
the traitor to their country!

The round sum you proposed to give for the
purchase of secession cannons, a few weeks ago,
to prevent loyal troops from assembling at Cairo,
you had better place in safe-keeping. It may
be necessary ere long, to aid your family in their
flight. You have got yourself into a very unenviable
predicament - over which, if I am not greatly mistaken,
you will have abundant reason to repent.

You may rest assured of one thing - the loyal law-
abiding subjects of the United States Government
in respect of party distinctions, are a unit in

Their determination to support the
Constitution, crush out treason and assert
their rights. They are determined to ensure
equal protection to all the obedient in every
part of the Union. They will reclaim ^{their property}
which the rebel thieves and robbers have obtained
by fraud and violence and redeem from
disgrace the land hallowed by the dust of
Washington - now desecrated by the tread of
rebel feet. They have the men and the
money - the will and the determination to do this. and
they will do it. The Govt has a special account
to settle with the rebels of Mississippi county, Mo.
for their barbarous expulsion of Ed. P. Litch and
other good men and true because of their fealty
to the Federal Govt. They were driven from their
business and their homes, under threats of death
signed by the sheriff, and other dignitaries of the
county. These things have not been done in a corner.
The Govt is in possession of the facts and there is a
settled determination to redress these wrongs.

Hitherto you secession nobocrats have been
wont to do as you pleased with impunity. but it shall be
so no longer.

The loyal people have borne injury, and
insult, at your hands, just as long as they can, and the
Govt is fast getting into a position to deal with rebels
according to their deserts. I want to inform you
and the Secessionists at Charleston, and thro'
Mississippi Co generally that if one drop of loyal
blood is spilt among you, every secessionist in the
County may reckon his blood as a part of the
"expiation" we shall require for the outrage.

I entertain no personal illwill towards you, but
I must tell you in all candor that unless you abandon
your secession sentiments, and openly manifest
your loyalty to the Star Spangled Banner, I would
not give a dime for your life, in ^{the} next thirty days.
And your slaves, emancipated from their galling bondage,
shall have a free passage on your Ferry Boat to
this side of the river. You are more closely watched
than you suppose - and your next secession
speech or act, may bring you to the gallows, or make you a
target for a platoon of Uncle Sam's Rifle Boys to
practice at. A few 32 pounders from Cairo may wake
you up, if nothing else will, to a realizing sense of your
situation. On one hours notice, Chicago alone can
furnish five thousand brave men, armed and equipped
for a military visitation to Birds Point, and Charleston, and
Mississippi Co. at large - over and above the five thousand
that it has already armed and made ready for emergencies.
Death to traitors is our watchword. They have challenged and
provoked us to war - they shall have it to their hearts content.
They have lifted the serpent upon their banner. May
God scourge them with scorpions. The troops which
your proposed cannons were to repel from Cairo, are there in quiet
possession. There will soon be fifty thousand there, without asking
your leave, and all rebeldom can't help it. Let me assure you in
the kindness that there remains for you no alternative but loyalty
or destruction. Be wise then, in time, and avert your impending doom.
I speak advisedly, on behalf of a great, intelligent, patriotic and determined
people. Respectfully Sir, One of the Host.

\$4.25-

JJ35-

1846

Yorbaquite Ky May 27th

Dear Sir I was at Blount
ville to see you according to the
letter you wrote me some time
before circuit-Court, times
have ~~been~~ that time, closed so as
to ~~be~~ and from wanting
the requested loan but they
have pressed down so hard
now as to smash up every man
of consequence that owed me
~~any~~ thing and so cut off any
chance to have me out of
about one thousand or twelve
hundred Dollars in notes and
spits that was on the first cit-
izens in the country at the
time I made them not en-
ough to pay you the interest
that I can collect nothing
or what I owe you and

probably never will. I have
worked as many other men
have in vain at the present
it looks so any how for a good
many of the citizens are prepar-
ing to run away and go south
some to an island I depended
for money to pay you I just
give to you a statement of these
affairs so as not to disappoint
you unexpectedly for disappoint-
ment is inevitable so long as
the times are as at present
nothing more but hope you
are enlisted in sympathy at
least for the rights of the
South as our forefathers
transmitted them to us not
as enemies. Fanaticism is dis-
posed to reject them out to
us disrobbed of all there not

moral impurity by fanatical
negro equality loving new England
Yours with respect
A. W. Shelburne

P. 5
 Saint Louis, Mo.

March 14, 1862

Dear

Blow & Kennett,
 In Thomas Richardson, Atty.

This Atty. reports that Blow
 & Kennett are miners and
 owners of land in Granby,
 Newton Co., Mo.; that having
 refused to sell land to the Rebels
 they seized 500 pigs & took them
 away - that at same time,
 they took possession of 200,000
 lbs of mineral & many things of
 pertaining thereto; that the
 Confederates confiscated the
 property of the said firm, &
 put an agent in charge thereof
 that some said act of Confis-
 cation, they have manufac-
 tured 1500 pigs of lead, and
 accumulated 150,000 lbs of
 mineral, which is now at

Rec'd stamp mch 14/62

said place, and do most
copy, ask that Condy Gault
may deed, that possession
be taken of said property,
as a security & indemnity
for the loss the said firm
has sustained - -

Other lessees are herein
mentioned - -

Note: for action in this
case see letter March
15. 62 to Hon. Sherman
Esq -

file

The parties will
consult with Gault
Curtis on this
matter.

Rec'd, D. Mifs., March 14. 62

St. Louis March 14/64

Major Genl W. W. Halleck

U. S. A

Dear Sir,

As the attorney of Bloor & Kennett, miners and smelters of lead at Granby, Newton County, Missouri, I desire to lay before you a few facts and to ask your official interference in their behalf. The firm of Bloor & Kennett is composed of Henry J. Bloor, (present U. S. Minister to Venezuela, South America) Peter C. Bloor and the estate of Ferdinand Kennett deceased. On or about the time of the battle at Wilson's Creek, (where our gallant Lyon fell,) Peter C. Bloor, who was the acting and managing partner at the mines was under positive instructions not to sell a solitary pig of lead or anything else belonging to the firm to the so-called Southern Confederacy, and in consequence of said instructions such a pressure was brought to bear upon Peter C. Bloor as to compel him to remove his family to his former homestead in Washington County, Mo., and the business of the firm was in consequence entirely

suspended. Price's agent upon his arrival in Granty, offered to purchase and pay for the number of pigs of lead then on hand, (say 500 pigs) and upon the refusal of Peter C. Blinn to sell the same; Price ordered his agent to take possession, not only of the 500 pigs of lead, but also of the furnaces and about 200,000 lbs of mineral then on hand, together with teams, stock and everything appertaining thereto, ~~and~~ which was accordingly done. There was at the same time in transit from the mines to the various shipping points on the main and south-west branch of the Pacific Rail Road, about 10,000 pigs of lead, about three thousand of which was captured and made use of by the confederating armies and which was an entire loss to Blinn & Kennett. The so-called Southern Confederacy then confiscated the entire possessions of Blinn & Kennett and sent an agent there to take charge of and operate the same, for the benefit of the so-called Southern Confederacy; since which time, as I learn from good and reliable authority, there has been a large amount of pig lead manufactured for the benefit of the so-called Southern Confederacy, and that there is now, about 1500 pigs and 150,000 pounds of mineral on hand, accumulated by the rebels since the execution of ^{by} Peter C. Blinn.

which I ask and beseech you to take possession of
in the name and under the authority of the United
States Government, and issue your ^{order} proclamation to
that effect, as a security and indemnity to Blott
& Bennett, for the heavy losses they have sustained as
set forth in the foregoing article, and which they claim
from the Government as true and loyal citizens.

Thus much, as the attorney of the above men-
tioned parties, I ask in their behalf and as their
right. Please answer through the post-office
and oblige

Yours Respectfully
Blott & Bennett
for Thomas Richardson
att'y

DeWitt, March 11. 62

DeWitt

Gustavus Koerner

States that the bearer of this letter is the Mayor of this city; that he desires to get a permit to visit the sick & wounded in Arkansas, under Genl Curtis; that there are two full Companies from said city in Col. Catehauer's Regt & the parents of many of them will be very glad if he can be so permitted. The writer trusts the Comdg General may see fit to so allow him (the Mayor) to visit the said sick &c

(file)

Rec'd in March 11. 1862

Pellville March 11. 1862

Major General A. W. Hallack

Dear Sir,

The bearer of this Henry Goodenough Esq. is the
Mayor of our City, and desires to obtain
a permit (if such should be necessary) to visit
the sick and wounded in Arkansas under
Gt. Curtis. There are two full companies
from our City alone in Col. Otterbein's Regt.
and many more from the County in that
and other Regiments, recently engaged.
Amongst them is the very flower of our young
men; and their parents and relatives are
very anxious and uneasy, and will be much
relieved if Mr. G. can go where they are.

I had not less than four nephews in
that one regiment, and several more distant
relations.

Trusting that my friend will be permitted
to see his folks within the lines, and
hoping that he will be of benefit to the
wounded, I remain yours very
respectfully.

Guthrie Poorman

Enc N. 64 62

Wentworth House

March 11th 62

Henry Goodwin
Mayor of City of Belleville
& others — —

State that there are near
relations of them and others
in the regt. Com'd by Col.
Ostrhouse, & they desire as
quickly as possible to reach
the Camp at Arkansas
to aid as surgeons, phy-
sicians & nurses; and
beg that Com'dr Gen'l
may aid them with
passage thro —

(file)

Rec'd D. W. March 11. 1862

Planter's House 5 P.M.

11th - March 1862

To Maj: Genl Halleck
Command'g Department of the West

Sir

The undersigned in connection with the accompanying letter from Gov. Roerner beg leave to state that they have near relatives in the Regiment of Col Osterhaus and they desire to reach the Camp in Arkansas as quickly as possible for the purpose of aiding as Surgeons and Physicians and Nurses.

We desire to leave by tomorrow morning's train and beg of you to aid our quick passage, in any manner suitable to you. We are ready if necessary to assist in charge of a despatch train.

Very respectfully
your obt. Servts

Henry Goederting Mayor City Belleville

Dr. Kusler

has 1 nephew in Regt 12

has a brother in the Regt

Gustav Kellermann has 2 cousins in 12th Regt

Harro Tindale M.D. has a son in Regt 12

No date

78

List of Prisoners transferred from
Jefferson Mo. to St Louis —

Citizens.

Ried Hd. Quers St Louis District
March 2nd 62

List of Prisoners transferred from
Military Prisons at Forton Mo. to St Louis
by order of Col W. P. Carlin Comd'g
District of Southeast Mo. in Charge
of Supt Geo. P. Cole of Co G. 33 Reg. Ill.

James McHenry Residence Iron Co. Mo.
Charged with assisting in the
murder of Jacob Woodford

James Stout. Residence Iron Co. Mo.
Charged with assisting in
the murder of Jacob Woodford

These prisoners have been tried
by Mil. Commission and are awaiting
approval of sentence.

Rolla. Mo. March 14. 1862.

Peck. S. C.

1 Sh. charge of transportation

Requests passage for team
etc. to Ft. Soria.

Rolla mo 7 March 1862.

Thomas Cullan

John Byones

Dennis Buckley

Daniel Shannon

Dennis Hickey

Patrick Dougherty

John Sullivan

John Tohey

John H. Campbell

Francis Moran

Edward Lilley

Michael Culliney

John Foley

Please pass the above named Transients to
Saint Louis men who were hired there and no money here
to pay them. —

1st Lieut S. C. Peck 24th Regt

To Col Boyd

in charge of Transient M^{en}

Comdg Post

Approved.

W. P. Shannon

Capt W. P. Shannon

Paper

7th March 1862

up
To. Cts
bel. Boyd.

855

J. W. Epstun

Concerning prisoners

March 28/62

W. H.

Provost Marshall's Office

Poonville Mo, March 28th 1862

Col. Ben. G. Farrar

Provost Marshall Genl.

St Louis, Mo, -

Col. -

In charge of Capt Ostermayer,
Genl of the Poonville Battalion U. S. A.
I send down to St. Louis the following
prisoners

Wm Smart,

Reis McNeil

& Robert Demofs.

in accordance with your instructions.
John Middleton, whom you had similarly
disposed of I released on bonds. -

Capt Ostermayer has also in charge
Capt. Glade, Lt. Feldman and one
Paul Eickhoff, sent down by orders
of Brig. Gen. Schofield. -

The changes in all cases have
already been transmitted to you and
to Head Quarters. -

Very respy yours

Jos. H. Effert
S. Col. & Provost Marshall

856

March 27 1862

At 4. Sturtevant
Asking the release of certain
Prisoners upon their taking the
Oath of Allegiance

At

Columbia, Mo.,

March 2^d 62.

Gen. Farrar:

As perhaps you are aware, the following prisoners of war were sent from this place a few days ago by Col. Merrill: Dr. W. H. Durnean, J. M. Samuel, W. H. Filley, J. B. Selby, C. C. Newmon and S. B. Victor.

I beg to advise their early release on taking the oath and giving bond, and without sending them to Alton. Neither of them, except Newmon, has been to Price's army, and neither of them as far as I can learn has aided the rebellion by contributions of money or arms. It is true they are all what are called secessionists, though perhaps ~~all~~ all of them would ~~not~~ technically, the allegation for we now have no secessionists here! Neither of them were engaged in the railroad take-up nor apologists or defenders of that crime. Two of their number, W. H. F. and J. B. S., are sometimes violent and very bitter in their denunci-

-ations, but are otherwise harmless.
A trial before a court martial
could result, I am sure, in
nothing but their release on
oath and bond, and indeed
I regret, with other Union men
here, that Col. Merrill did
not discharge them here
after their willingness to take
the one and give the other,
altho some of them were a
little tarry perhaps in coming
up to the scratch.

Seepage is about play-
ed out here. This is a dead
cock in the pit, for which
God and the Union armies
be praised!

Very truly,
W. F. Fitzer

Ed

856
March 27 1862
W. F. Fitzer
asking the release of certain
Prisoners upon their taking the
oath of allegiance

857

Col. E. C. Cotterman

Cameron Mich 31

1861

1861

Camp Schofield Cameron Mo
March 31st 1862

Col

Enclosed I send you Bonds
of - J. B Wild Pay Co 1,000
Moses Ritter do 1,000
J. B Fowler do 1,000
L. P. Fowler do 1,000
Thos. McCrittan do 3,000
John Schooler do 2,000
R. S. Thompson do 1,000
John Renfrew do 1,000
Marion Critchfield do 2,000
Gabriel Van Beber 1,000

Bonds are hard to get, almost all
decline going on these Bonds, I have
about one hundred striving to get
Bonds men -

Very Resp Yr obt Servt
Eleleatherwood

To Lt Col. B. F. Farrak }
Pro Marshal Genl }

Col Cuddy Post
H

G. W. Kear

Callation Nov 24

Report of drawings

- amounts blank

November

At

Rec'd from 4-

Gallatin Nov/Dec 27 1862

Benward G. Favre Provost Marshall
General Services

The undersigned Assistant Provost Marshall
Very Respectfully Submits the following report
of business done during the week ending
Sunday 21st 1862 -

No Arrests made during week	11
No Released upon Bonds & Batta	9
No upon Batta alone	2
William & Ray Bond	1300
R D Black " "	2,000
Charles Price	1,000
Jacob Oxford	2,000
Nathan Harwood	1,000
J L Coulson	2,500
David Henderson	2,500
B G Pugh	1,000
Wm Adkinson	1,500
No of Depositions against Contraband	
horses and mules	14
No of Horses declared Contraband	
and taken as such in possession	9
No of Mules	1
No of Persons turned over to Civil author	
ties and tried and convicted	1

G. W. McKee Provost Marshall
Gallatin Nov 27

P. S. Stationary has not yet arrived and much
needed please forward same with blank requisition
and forward same with articles mentioned and oblige
Very much
G. W. McKee P. M., ~~Nov 27~~

J. J. Flower.
 & G. Davis

Concerning Thomas
 J. Anderson Edmund
 Q. Proctor & John J.
 Redd, - The master
 spirits of secession
 in Westmore & Co. -
 Arrest and confinement
 recent 3 was re-
 commended -

Mar 29 '62

C. J.

St Louis nov 29/62

Col Farrow

Dear Sir

on our last interview ~~and~~ I spoke of the conduct of Tho S Anderson Esq of Palmyra. I have later advice from Palmyra in which I fully confide. My brother Col Glover is satisfied a direct & imposing influence is exerted for a reorganization of Insurrections in North Mexico. This work has its head quarters in Palmyra. The active motive powers are three persons there. Tho S Anderson Edwin G Pratt & Geo T Redd. These men have all taken the oath, but have done so better to conduct their operations. The specific acts which may be blot home to them are these. They are active and open in their operations that the secessionists can not be conquered, that the reported union victories never took place, that our arms are not

winning any success, they seek in
this way to encourage treason
and accomplish it, the good inf-
luences operating on the popular
mind ^{otherwise} are carefully and persistent-
ly counteracted by them - They
ridicule the government, de-
nounce it as tyrannical and
speak lightly of the oath of alle-
giance &c &c all these things,
as done openly and defiantly
they do more harm than the ever
any in the field; - They are the
recruiting officers of the guer-
illas - If these men were
seized sent to the Alton Pen-
itentiary & kept in close con-
finement during the Spring
it would strike better into
all their friends - oaths &
bonds will do not good - but
do us harm In that case
they need be more prudent

and more efficient enemies,
my knowledge of Northern
misprison satisfies me that
these three men adding the
2 Hatcha of Palmyra on the
intellectual forces of reception
there, their ^{arrest} ~~arrest~~ and
confinement would in
my opinion be a master
movement, I would not
release either of them for three
months - they require a most
rigid treatment I would
like to see you

Yours
S J Glover

Maj. John G. Clapper
 Sturgeon River

Dr. W. W. Wood
 Lawrence N. B. Bent
 James M. Woods
 The latter printed
 for birds being.

Held for sale

C. W.

The number of

Head Quarters Surgeon
March 27th 1862

Sir:

I have the honor to report
that I have under arrest James M. Woods
charged with Bridge Burning. Jacob
Crosswhite testifies that he saw said
Woods on the night of the 19th of January
at the Rail Road during the destruction
of Bridge and that he heard him use
vulgar language towards all Union Men.
Vowing that he would help hang all
Lincolnites and Black Republicans.

I respectfully refer his case to you.
N. B. Burks is also still under arrest.

I referred his matter to you some time
since - Hoping to hear from you
at your earliest convenience
I remain respectfully

D. G. Ferrar
Provost Marshal Genl
St Louis
Mo.

Yours obt Servt
John G. Chopper
Major Commdg Post
Regt Merills Horse

Wm J. Foster

Warrenton, Nov. 18

Concerning order for
restoration of property
of Thomas Nelson and
David M. Baldwin, - that
they have been book-
keepers from the be-
ginning, &c. - Restored
the horses - but the meat
is gone - shall begin
receipts Thursday. -

WJF

Wm J. Foster

Head Quarters Recruiting Station M. S. M.

Warrensburg March 15th 1862

Postmaster Marshal Lewis

St Louis Mo.

Sir:

I have before me an order for the delivery to David W Baldwin and Thomas Nelson of Property taken from them by my command.

I am engaged in recruiting for the Missouri State Militia Capt Thomas H Stout has commanded of a full company recruited for my Battalion. The property in question was taken by Capt Stout's men. They are known as My men having been recruited by me. I do not say this to shift the responsibility for the horses were taken with my consent.

I have evidence properly sworn to of these facts to wit David W Baldwin went to the fight at Lexington with a company of secessionists. While there he took

all active part in helping them to get forage provisions &c
going out with forage trains &c &c

Also that he gave ~~two~~ guns to the rebels, that he is
notorious for his abusive and violent language against
Union Men, that he has fed as many as forty rebels
at one time, and that frequently,

Also that, he said when killing and feeding his flock
that it was for Price's army, and that he absolutely
refused to let a man to whom he was indebted, have
meat for his family, saying he was keeping it for the
Southern troops. This and much more of the same kind

I have evidence properly sworn to that Thomas Bell
son said that he had killed two Federal soldiers
at Lexington, and got their arms, which arms he
showed at the same time.

Both these men have been violent secessionists, have
associated with and harbored a gang of desperadoes
who are ruining this section of the Country.

I have known them from the first of the rebellion
and know that they have ~~been~~ ever since

They were hid in the brush when their horses were
taken. They sent a man to know of Capt. Stout
if they would be allowed to give themselves up and
take the oaths. He sent them word to come in.
They did so. He took their parole to appear
at Padalia and take the oaths before the Provost
Marshal at that place.

I have returned the horses taken by Capt. Stout
men. As to the meat it has been used by the men
shall I have receipts made for him.

I am Sir your Obedt Servt
Ernest J. Foster
Recruiting M. I. W.

Camp Schofield March 19th 1862
Cameron Mo -

Colonel

Herewith I hand you Bonds
as below - These are from the leading
Prisoners under guard at the time of the
order for their release upon Bonds -

Waren George \$5,000 -

William Tompson 10,000

James W Gornie 2,000

Godwin Creason 5,000

J. O. K. Gant 5,000

Henry Hatchings 5,000

Robert F. Owens 10,000

James Duval 2,000

Samuel Wilds 5,000

William P. Albany 2,000

Francis Brock 5,000

These men are all wealthy & Bonds are
all good - I have a great many others
that are looking up Bondsmen, which
I will send forward in a few days -

Very Resp^t Yr obt Serv^t

Eleatherwood

To Col B. F. Farrah }
Provost Marshal Genl }

Col Cudg

17th March 1862

Bond \$2000

Edward Sawyer
Jm. Sawyer

Dorothy Cather
#2000 March 17 1892

Davenport Edward
Grey William
Benton Co Ark

Security
James Wolsey
J M Clark

Simms
Benton Co Ark

Know all Men by these Presents: That We, Edward
Davenport and William Grey

of the county of Benton
and State of Arkansas are held and firmly bound to the Commanding Officer of the
South Western District of the Department of Missouri, in the penal sum of Two Thousand
Dollars, to be collected summarily of our lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods and chattels, by the military
or civil authorities, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer of the District, for which we bind ourselves,
our heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals, and
dated this 17th day of March A. D. 1862.

Now, the condition of this obligation is such that whereas the above bounden
has been arrested on the charge of Disloyalty and attachment
to rebellion against the United States

and has been released on taking the following oath: "I solemnly swear that I will bear true allegiance to
the United States, and support and sustain the Constitution and laws thereof; that I will maintain the Na-
tional Sovereignty paramount to that of State, County, or Confederate powers; that I will discourage, dis-
countenance, and forever oppose Secession, Rebellion, and disintegration of the Federal Union; that I disclaim
and denounce all faith and fellowship with the so-called Confederate army, and pledge my honor, my prop-
erty, and my life to the sacred performance of this my solemn oath of allegiance to the Government of the
United States of America."

Now if the said Edward Davenport ^{and William Grey} remain within the county of Benton
and State of Arkansas, and shall not leave the said county without permission of a Comman-
ding Officer of the United States forces, whose command extends over said county, and will give no aid, in-
formation, or encouragement to the rebel, confederate, or insurgent army, and will strictly abide by the oath
of allegiance above recited, then this obligation will be null and void; otherwise to be and remain in full
force and effect.

Signed, sealed, and delivered This March 17th 1862
in the presence of J. C. S. Colby

Edward Davenport ^{his} mark [SEAL.]
William Grey [SEAL.]

[SEAL.]

Bentonville Ark. March
17th 1862

I do hereby subscribe myself as
security for the faithful fulfillment
of the requirements of this bond

Geo. W. W. W. W.

The two citizens whose signatures are
appended appear before me as
citizens of this town & of the U. S.
and have been accordingly accepted
as security for ~~John~~ Gray & Edward
Davenport in my presence this 17th
day of March 1862

Geo. W. W. W.
J. C. C. C. 1st Dist. County
at Bentonville
Ark.

N. S. Ferris

to
Lieut. Verby

March 18th 1862

Says Cutler is in Chicago
Has known Phillips
Runkle 8 years character
good

W. H. Jones

file

U. S. MILITARY TELEGRAPH.

By Telegraph from Wheeling Va March 18 1862
New Lisbon Wis 18 1862
To Byron Kirby A.D.C.

Butler is in Chicago
Known Phillip Runkle eight years Character
good
A. S. Ferris

11 am 123 pd ✓

4
Columbiana Mo
March 11th 1862

Col Lewis Merrill
Commander of Merrill's Horse

Enclosed letters from Captain
(Wright & Hamilton)
Company in Lewis to
some of Col Merrill's Regt
and request that the
subject may merit attention

Wright & Hamilton offer
to secure discharges for
certain soldiers. etc

(3 enclosures)

H. S. Dept of the War
St Louis March 14 1862
Perfectly referred to the
Provt Marshal General. The
papers to be returned

Records of My Genl
file
Recd. S. M. P. [unclear]

Office Prov Marshal Genl
St Louis Mar 19 1862,

The within communications
have rec^d due attention and
the writers, Wright & Hamilton
have been informed of what
description of persons they
may prefer applications
for the discharge of, and
ordered to desist from this
and all other attempts at
interference with the organiza-
tion of Regiments &c.

Bernard G. Tamm

Prov M Genl.

Head Quarters Merrill's Horse
Columbia Mo March 11th 1862

Capt

I have the honor to enclose herewith
three communications, One from Lt. Hubbard,
Reg^t Merrill's Horse, the other two enclosed by him
with it, letters from Wright & Hamilton, Attorneys
in St. Louis

I request that the General will cause
these letters to have close attention given them -
whether these men (Wright & Hamilton) are simply
legal sharks who propose for their personal ends
to excite discontent and insubordination among
Soldiers or whether they are doing this to benefit
the rebellion is perhaps not a matter of very
serious consequence - Whatever their motives the General
will readily see what the result must be if
they are permitted to continue their vicious
practice - I would suggest that though these are
but little men, yet they are capable of doing
great mischief and an urgent necessity for.

putting a stop to them exists

I have the honor to be
Very respectfully
Yours
Lewis Mumford

Col. ...
Dept. ...

11/

Capt. N. H. M. ...
A. S.

2/3 m 4 2a
St Louis, Feb. 1, 1862,

Wright & Hamilton,
Attorneys & co
to Jas. E. M. Esquire
1st Corp. "Co." F.
"Merrill's Horse"

Recd. letter of 20th Jan'y, where
you state that ^{"you"} were attached
to the Regt. without your con-
sent. - "

Difficultly in your case: want
to know the conditions of your
re-enlistment definitely.

Think that "you" are entitled
to discharge, & refers to Sec.
926 "Rev. Army. Reg." -

Have similar cases under
consideration, & if refused
is refused will submit them
to Sec. of War.

Franklin Recruiting Office,

must be established. —

Require a list of all your
names & other circumstances
not yet mentioned.

Each man in Co. to pay
\$6.00, & \$4.00 more when
discharged: if discharge is
secured without application
to Washington, \$4.00 total.

Write soon & send money
will then forward your
memorial &c.

1/3 m 14 "62
Meyers No. Munk
8th 1862 -

To: Elijah Hubbard
Meriden Conn

Enclom letter of
Wright and Hamilton
Attorneys St. Louis. and
complain of effort of letter
on his company.

2 Enclom

Glasgow Mo. March 8th 1862

Sir -

I have the honor to request that you call the attention of the Colonel Comd. to the two letters herewith enclosed. From them you will ascertain that certain parties in St. Louis, nourishing in their hearts a spirit of treason, are endeavoring to create disaffection among our troops by encouraging false hopes of a release from enlistment.

Too cowardly to take up arms openly against us, they are insidiously striking a blow at our Country by working upon the feelings of those who have honestly engaged in its defense.

To this class belong Messrs. Wright & Hamilton Atty in St. Louis.

The facts are these: Corp'l. McEwan of my Company - from his own statement - had his attention called to an advertisement in a St. Louis paper, in which Wright & Hamilton

announced that as a portion of their business, they would give particular attention to the procuring release for volunteers who had been irregularly mustered, or had by misrepresentations been persuaded to enter the service. Mr. Edwin applied to the ~~induced quite a number of his comrades~~ to join in the scheme. Strong hopes of dismissal from service were held out to them & a growing spirit of insubordination was the consequence. This matter I consider to be quite serious. In every command there are some men whose patriotism is slight. They have joined the army for personal ease & comfort & take every opportunity to shirk their duty.

Such men easily become dissatisfied & lend themselves willing tools to the arts of designing traitors, who plotting in secret are more dangerous than the open foe.

I hope the Colonel Comdy will lay
the matter before Department Head Quarters,
have the case investigated & the offenders
punished as they deserve.

I have the honor

to be sir very respectfully

- Your Obedt. Servt.

Elijah Hubbard

Lt. Comdg. Comp 7. Merrill House

pr. Det. Tatum Sgt. M. J.

W/
Lieut. Geo. M. Houston

Adj. Regt. Merrill House
Columbia Mo.

2/3
74 11 162
S. C. W.
Feb. 24. 1862

Wright & Hamilton
Attorneys
to S. C. W. Evans

Recd. letter of 20th

If facts & circumstances
you relate can be proven,
there is no difficulty
in obtaining the relief
you ask for.

Ask names of his comrades,
dates of enlistment, name
of commanding officer.
Want money remitted

I advise obedience
of orders & attention
to duty.

WRIGHT & HAMILTON,Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and
Solicitors in Chancery,Will attend to all business in Law or Equity, in
the U.S. Courts of Law and Admiralty; in the
State Courts in the City of St. Louis; and in the
Circuit Courts of the State of Missouri, conven-
ient of access by railroad or river. Also, in the
U.S. Courts in the Southern District of Illinois.Particular attention will be given to Land Claims, to be
presented in the Courts, before Congress, or the Departments
at Washington City.Collections attended to with especial care and dispatch.
Office, 52 Third St. nearly opp. Post-office,
SAINT LOUIS, MO.

St. Louis, Mo. July 1 1862

Dear Sir:

Your of the 30th ult. is at hand
this morning & contents carefully noted.
The only difficulty I can find in your case is
found in the facts & circumstances which you
detail in their words in your letter; you say,
"After reaching St. Louis, we were informed
by Maj. Marshall that there was no other
alternative than to enter some Regt of
Cavalry subject to be called to any place in
the United States; and without our consent,
we were attached to the regt of Merrill's
Horse, to which we still belong." & further
on, "at which time ~~we were~~ ^{were} ~~not~~ ^{we} ~~returned~~," &c.
It is not clear beyond doubt that your act
of taking the oath anew & in a proper
manner at the time of your attachment
to the Corps to which you now belong will
conclude you against the relief you seek;
but there is a difficulty in the case which
I can not well decide upon until I
know the conditions of your re-enlistment, more
definitely. I am, however, inclined to the opinion
from the light I have, that you are entitled to

your discharge, or to be organized in the
manner agreed upon at the time of your enlistment.
Paragraph 92b of "Revised Army Regulations"
explicit touching the "Duties of Recruiting Officers"
and when the rule laid down in that paragraph
is violated, all who have been ~~enrolled~~ ^{enrolled} upon
by the recruiting officer may demand discharge
from their enlistments.

I repeat distinctly, that unless your reenlistment
binds you, a discharge can be obtained.
If your reenlistment in the Corps to which
you are now attached was obtained through
Misrepresentation to you, then you are still
entitled to a discharge.

There are several cases before us similar to
yours, some of which are now under consideration
at Headquarters here. I think we shall
receive a favorable reply to our application,
but if we are refused relief then we are
prepared to lay the cases before the Secretary
of War at Washington. It is time an end
should come to getting up regiments & companies
by fraud, & then crowding men into a service
which they never contemplated. There are patriotic
men enough for any emergency in our country who
are willing to give their lives in a just cause without
resorting to tricks & false promises to inveigle them
into the service.

We will cheerfully attend to your case & do all that can be done, & we can give you good hope of success, provided you can establish the facts as you state them, or can make out a clear case of fraud upon the part of those who were instrumental in getting you into the position you now occupy.

We shall require a list of all your names, & such other circumstances attending your attachment to your present corps, as you may have omitted to mention. State in what relation or official capacity this "John A. Page" pretended to act when he first administered the oath to you, state whether or not Tindall had authority from any & what quarter to enlist you.

We shall expect as an compensation that your company will pay you one dollar per each man, & remit to us. That an additional sum of four dollars per each man shall be paid to us, when you discharge from the service or reorganization shall have been effected. If we can obtain what you seek without applying at Washington, then the sum of three dollars instead of four is to be paid. If you think the sum too large or if your company is larger than we suppose it to be, then the amount per man may be less than I have named. I do not want any man's money without a fair equivalent.

Please note soon, You may send the money
in any manner most convenient to you which
will be safe. On receipt of your reply I
will send you a memorial & instruct you
the way of getting together the evidence if
any shall be required

Respectfully

P. B. Wright

~~J. B. Wright & Hamilton~~

To
Mr. Jas. E. McElvaine
First Corporal
Camp. F. McNeill's Horse

No 1

WRIGHT & HAMILTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and
Solicitors in Chancery,

Will attend to all business in Law or Equity, in
the U.S. Courts of Law and Admiralty; in the
State Courts in the City of St. Louis; and in the
Circuit Courts of the State of Missouri, conven-
ient of access by railroad or river. Also, in the
U.S. Courts in the Southern District of Illinois.

Particular attention will be given to Land Claims, to be
presented in the Courts, before Congress, or the Departments
at Washington City.

Collections attended to with special care and dispatch.
Office, 52 Third St. nearly opp. Post-office,
SAINT LOUIS, MO.

St. Louis, Mo., July 24 1862

Dear Sir:

Your of the 20th inst. from Camp
at Fayette, is at hand. There will be no
difficulty ~~in~~ in obtaining the relief you seek,
provided you can prove the facts & circumstances
which you relate. Send us the names
of your comrades, with date of enlistment
& name of enlisting officer, unless we have
that in a former letter.
Send us the money by U.S. Express, or in some
other safe manner. I would not delay
as you may be ordered to a more remote
station. Let us admonish you to obedience
to orders & strict attention to duty, so that
the Department here shall have no cause
of complaint against you.

Very truly
Wright & Hamilton

To
Mr S. E. McEwain }

Cairo, March 23/62

Sicut J. W. Mitchell
 Capt. Jno. W. Sorely Artz
 to ~~Let~~
 Major Genl. Halleck
 Sponoz. Dept. of Miss.

My wife was taken from her
 home, by order of S. G. Kitchen
 a Col. in the rebel camp in
 South East Mo, and is confined
 in that Camp, also a Mrs. J.
 Bean, whose husband is in the
 Govt. employment here.

Was ordered by Genl. Strong to
 report the facts to Genl. Pope,
 recd. unsatisfactory answer
 asks for your interposition
 praying, either to capture them
 or making an exchange.
 Recd. only make a few

Cairo March 23rd 1861

To Gen Halleck
Commandy Sir

On the 17th ^{inst} my wife
a resident of Thompsons Stoddard Co. Mo.
was taken from her home, by order of
J. G. Fitcher a Col. in the rebel camp
in South East Mo. a prisoner, and is now
confined in his Fitcher's Camp, also a Mrs
J. D. Bean whose husband is in the employ
of the U. S. Government at this place.
I am a Lieut of Capt Geo. W. Powells Artillery
now stationed at some point on the Tennessee
River in Gen Grant's Division, I was ordered
to report the above facts to Gen Pope by Gen
Strong which I did, his answer was very
unsatisfactory, I now appeal to you, asking
your interposition in the matter, and praying
that you will either send a sufficient
force in that rebellious section to capture them
or make an exchange of Prisoners. Therefore

is about 250 with 4 pieces of Artillery
Stationed at the Western terminus of a plank road
~~running~~ beginning at Point Pleasant 10 Miles below
New Madrid and running 25 Miles west
Said Ketchum is now and have been for 8 months
driving union men from their homes and killing
many who refused to take up arms against our
Government, the Counties of Bollinger, Stoddard
and Scott Counties have been made almost waste.

Hoping you will give attention to this matter
I am respectfully yours

Leut. J. W. Mitchell

Candey Co. —

March 3, 1862,

Callon Jackson
Elijah B. Jackson

On account indis-
position they have
not been able to
file their bond.

ask 3 weeks more
time.

W. H. W. W.

(C. D.)

Pro. Wm. McKim

Camden County
March 13th 1862

Wth General Hallock

Sir I have arrived at home and
am not well and have not been
able as yet to get about to get the
Bond filled with in the time that
was allowed ~~us~~ you will please
give me more time for some time.

As things are in a desperate
condition and ~~we~~ think that in that
time we can be able to obtain bail

So no more at present but Remains

Your most obedient Servant

Balton Jackson

& Elyah B. Jackson

General Hallock

Brigadier General

Commanding St. Louis Mo

St Louis

208 March 22, 1861

Missouri, State of
H. R. Gamble
Gov.

Washing for the day
atty of J. P. C. Vaughan
& others, citizens of
Lexington, from whom
he encloses communi-
cations, - protesting against
the removal of Col J. D.
Stephenson, now in court
at Lexington Mo.

Rec'd file
Rec'd amip mch 23/61

St Louis March 22^d

1862

Major Genl. Halleck

General

I enclose you two
letters received from inhabitants
of Lexington for whose loyalty
I can personally vouch.

I do not know what purpose
may have been entertained to
change the command at that
post but these gentlemen seem
to apprehend some evil results
from such change.

The letters are submitted for
your consideration. Very respectfully
Yr Obedt Servt
H. R. Gamble

1/2 M 30 5000 in

Lexington Mo. 5 March 1862

To Honble W P Hall acting
Governor of Mo. — explanation
of the within 164 citizens of Mo.
in acknowledgement of the amount
of good Col. Stephenson has achieved
during his time in Command amongst
them, and request that he may not
be deprived of any of his Command
as he is eminently qualified — and
vastly popular except by some
low, and indifferent Class of
people

Lexington Mo. March 15. 1862

Hon. W. P. Hall

Acting Governor of Missouri.

Dear Governor.

We this morning heard that an additional number of Troops (Cavalry) was ordered to this place: to be under a distinct independent Command; and not to be subject to the control, command & authority of Col. John Stevenson, who now commands this post. We exceedingly regret the movement. It is disrespectful to Col. Stevenson, and portends trouble to us. We are Union men, loyal citizens. We have no malice, nor ill will to have satisfied. We are for our Country, & we are willing to stand by it at all events, and under all circumstances. We know Col. Stevenson has done well here; his course of conduct meets the approbation of all the good men & true. His presence has had a most salutary influence on the public peace; and we believe that no one Officer has done more by his course & exercise of authority to restore the harmony & good feeling in this County than Col. Stevenson. We have some men with us who would be pleased to see the Military

use the sword & the torch with more unpar-
allelled and indiscriminate vengeance, than is compat-
ible with the feelings of such honourable highland
officers as Col. Stevenson & the officers under
his command: And when these creatures find
that Col. Stevenson will not lend a willing
ear to their malicious counsel, then they wish
some other commander here. We are satisfied
with Col. Stevenson. We know his conduct has
a happy effect on our people generally. He
has done a vast amount of good; and we protest
against any slur or disrespect cast on him
from any quarter. We have some men
here who feel nothing but revenge, who
serve the Devil in the livery of Heaven.
And every Union man, who interposes between
them and their victims, is at once spotted by
them and no lie is too cruel afterwards for
such. A few Union men ran from here
during the storm, last year & this past win-
ter & now come back breathing fire and
slaughter. We wish the Department of
Michigan sent on its grand apparatus the
efforts of a ~~single~~ man. We therefore
address you, Governor, because you are
acquainted with some of us personally

and know our position and our circumstances and
we request you to see Genl. Halleck &
let him know all about the situation
of affairs here. Col. Stevenson, needs more
cavalry and we would be glad if he
was furnished with them. But we do
not want troops here, who are to be
independent of his authority. Col.
Stevenson knows how to manage the part
of the State; He is an old Missourian;
and we believe he has now done more to
give peace, order, quiet & satisfaction to
our people than any one who has here
before been in command here. Governor
Hall, do attend to this matter for us & save
us & save Col. Stevenson from such
disrespect.

Yours truly

H. W. Smallwood
Street Hale

Lewis W. Smallwood

William Spratt

John E. Ryland

George S. Baker

John E. Ryland

James Young

Henry Hill

A. M. Hadden

Thomas Adamson

John Hill

Walker T. T. T.

W. H. H. H.

Lexington 17 March 1862

Richard C. Vaughan to

Honble Willard P. Hall - approves
of the manner in which Col. Stephen
Conducts that Milly. Dept., and
gives his assurance to exhon-
orate him from suspicions which
were previously entertained;
approves of the Conduct of his
men, and would regret
their removal therefrom.

2
27m 30 Days

Lexington, March 17, 62.

Hon. William P. Hall

St. Louis.

My Dear Governor,

Agreeably to the programme arranged when I was in St. Louis, I have put myself to some trouble to ascertain how Col. Stevenson was conducting the affairs of this military command. I am satisfied that the complaints which I heard against him before reaching home are wholly groundless, and ought not to be listened to at head quarters. His policy has not been to interfere with the rank and file, the men whose arrest and punishment would serve no other end than to alarm and excite the common and uninformed people of the country, but on the contrary to give them confidence and assurance that they would not be interrupted, provided they would return to their homes and their business, while he is striking at the leaders, the men who have been educating the people to a total disregard of law and legal restraint, and he already has several of the head evils in line, among them Linnick and Sawyer.

Should you have an opportunity of doing so please disabuse Gen. Halleck of any impression which may have been made on his mind attributable to Col. Stevenson and his Command

they are well disciplined orderly and well be
haved men, and so far superior in that res
pect to any Troops we have ever had here, that
I should very much regret to see them displaced
by any other Regiment. I had the pleasure
of spending an evening with Genl Halluk at
Athy: Genl Daly's in Washington, but of course he
will not recollect any thing of me, but you
can assure him that a tenderness for
Scotch, and a desire to screen them from
this great responsibility has not been one of
the weaknesses to which I have been subject.
With assurances of high respect & esteem
I remain D. Sir Yr friend

Richd. C. Vaughan

889

V. Heft

Dis 3/10

St. Charles March 10. 1862.

The within prisoners are
to be turned over to Col
Krekel, by command of
Brig Genl Schofield

signed Thos. Morris
Col. Comdg 81 Reg O. Vol.

List of Prisoners

Citizens, (1?)

Headquarters St Charles Mo
March 10th 1862 3

The following Prisoners have been deliv^d
to me by the 81st Reg. Ohio Vol. U.S. A. ~~to~~
an yesterday

- 1 Col. Jefferson G. Jones
- 2 Capt John W. Owen
- 3 David Able
- 4 Robert Hawkins
- 5 Williams Matthews
- 6 Edward Winfield
- 7 James Pinn
- 8 Thomas Henry
- 9 John H. Bentley
- 10 William Gombi
- 11 John R. Williams
- 12 Jas H Howard (seriously ent^d in my list as Thos. D. Crawford)
- 13 Marshal Roswell
- 14 Samuel C. Rice
- 15 Indeco Maslow Held as a dangerous man

Have been tried before
Military Commission sitting
at Danville Mo. papers in hands
of Major General Halleck

The following are to be released on taking
the oath and giving bonds

- 1 Thomas Sammore
- 2 Jeremiah Parsons
- 3 Williams Hootzel
- 4 John Fagan
- 5 Samuel Mc. Bowen
- 6 John A. Galmer

Wm. H. L. School
Provost Marshal

870 v P, "62

New Florence No
March 14th

Lists

Protesting against
the return of confiscated
property taken in that
vicinity.

Signed by

Dr. T. W. Starnes

Israel W. Stewart

T. D. Van Order

Received March 15/62

at New Florence Mo. March 14th 1862
Brig. Gen. Schofield

Gen. We do not wish to intrude on you further than our duty as loyal Citizens require and therefore our apology for the following statement. We have learned that certain persons in this vicinity viz: Col. James Graham & others have been using their influence with Col. Morton of the 81st Reg. O. V. & Todd of the 10th Mo. V. as well as yourself & Maj. Gen. H. W. Hallack for the return of certain property of well known secesh in this vicinity. Now Gen. we do not pretend to know what statement those persons may have made to you & the above Cols. but we wish to put you and your guard against hypocrites. Now it is well known that the Grahams have been the most active secesh during the past 8 months in this section of country until the Federals came here about the 28th of December 1861. Since that time they have professed loyalty and at the same time have retained the confidence of the secesh party. We wish it distinctly understood that if said Grahams & others have reported of their sins we will forgive them but we have seen

so much hypocrisy that we can
not let this pass without giving
you a statement of our fears. We
do not pretend to decide the justice
of their claims they have set up
but we, at the same time wish
every thing done on the square.

Very respectfully yours

Obedient servants

J. W. James

Israel W. Stewart

D. W. Ordway

870 P 1 62

New York

March 17th

bits

To Testify against
the return of confessions
property taken in that
vicinity.

Signed by

Dr. J. W. James

Israel W. Stewart

D. W. Ordway

Received at New York

871

Mar 22, 62

Auto

Vienna Manuscript No
March 22nd 1862

S H Boyd Col Comd Post at Bolla

Sir

Agreeable to the order
addressed to Dr Southam my men
during my absence arrested the following
named persons viz John Kinney alias
Moffitt, John Bishop, Col Coy, Levi B
Pack, after hearing the statements
of their accusers & their own
statements I deem it proper to
send them to head quarters
notwithstanding they have taken
the oath believing that the Manuscript
did not fully understand all the
facts connected with the conduct
of these men,
Some of our volunteers have made
their appearance

Hoping soon to be returned

I remain your Obedt Servt

J A Peters Capt
4th Iowa Cav

Prisoners. Atton, &
March 29, 1862

List
 List of prisoners who
 were arrested by ^{order} of
 E. A. Faine at Cairo
 & Birds Point since
 last Dec^r; they wish
 to take the oath & give
 bonds.

No. 10. Dep't. Misc.

March 29, 1862

Respectfully referred to Col. R. D.
 Catts, Pres't. Mil'ty. Board for
 examination of prisoners of war.
 By order of Maj' Gen'l Halleck.

W. K. ...
 aag

Respectfully referred
to Depts. See ops.

Allen S. Burbank
March 26/102 St. Col. 18th Regt
Corney

Prison Quarters, Alton, Ills.

Wednesday, March 25th

Cot. Burbank,

Commanding Post.

The undersigned prisoners were transferred from Bird's Point, Mo., to St. Louis, about ten days since, and from thence forwarded to this place. All were arrested during the past three months, under orders from Brig. Gen. E. M. Paine, who has been in command at Bird's or Cairo since last December. During their incarceration several petitions were sent to Gen. Paine to grant the prisoners a trial, but they were all unheeded, and now we are at least two hundred miles from our homes deprived of the means to prove innocent of all charges that may be brought against us. Many are citizens who are accused of "aiding and abetting" the enemy, and the remainder were in the State service six months, and then laid down their arms and went to their respective homes, where they were all arrested. All are anxious to take the oath and give bond, which we petition will be allowed us at your earliest convenience.

A. P. Lane, ✓	John L. Bush, ✓	John A. Hinton, ✓	Thos. Beckwith ✓
F. S. Goodin, ✓	P. C. Bush, ✓	Thos. Bryant, ✓	James Lee, ✓
W. A. Sweeney, ✓	Jerry Taylor, ✓	Jack. Tugate, ✓	S. W. Miller, ✓
H. W. Humphries, ✓	J. E. Rhodes, ✓	James Welch, ✓	J. P. Brown, ✓
Jasper Muir, ✓	James Robertson, ✓	D. J. Jones, ✓	W. F. Martin, ✓
Allen Williams, ✓	Greenleaf Cuff, ✓	James Cooper, ✓	
J. W. Seales, ✓	J. L. Bumpass, ✓	Geo. Adams, ✓	

Saint Louis
March 5. 62

to its

Bernard G. Ferrar
 Prov. Marshal Genl

List of prisoners re-
 commended to be re-
 leased upon taking
 oath of allegiance
~~to the Government~~

approved.
 Copy furnished Provost
 Marshal Genl
 March 5/62

Office of the Provost Marshal General,
DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Mar 5th 1863

Col.

The following named persons were
confined in the 5th st. Military Prison
have been examined and are recom-
mended for release upon taking the
oath of allegiance and giving bond
in \$1000.

✓ Warren Corwin

✓ Samuel Hopkins

✓ Geo. W. Hopkins

✓ Jacob Green

✓ Geo. Clapton

✓ Mrs. McCullough

✓ Mrs. F. Powell

✓ Mrs. F. Scapp

✓ Joel Scott

✓ Joseph F. Richards

✓ James Cochran

✓ ~~Joseph~~ D. Shields

✓ Jas. W. March

✓ Peyton James

✓ Leander Wheatley

✓ F. B. H. Haynie

✓ John Bentley

✓ B. F. Austin

✓ Andrew M. L. McGregor

✓ Wm. S. Smith

✓ R. D. Massey

✓ John Sparrow

✓ Alex. M. Short

✓ C. W. McCord

✓ Wm. K. Ramsey

✓ Thos. W. Stearn

✓ J. C. Ross.

✓ B. F. Smith of Dent Co.

✓ Wm. J. Harrison of Jefferson Co.

✓ C. C. Odum of Wayne Co.

✓ A. A. Kerney of Mecklenburg Co.

✓ Leander Carroll of Union Co.

✓ B. L. Sigman of Jackson Co.

✓ Wm. H. M. Haney of Saline Co.

✓ Dr. J. W. Dineen of Boone Co.

✓ S. B. Victor

John M. Samuels of Boone Co.
Wm H. Tilley " " "
Cassius C. Newman " "
J. R. Selby " "
Albert Evans

Very Respectfully

~~Thomas J. Farver~~

Col. R. D. Cutts

Judge Ad. Mil. Com.

Proc. Genl.

Approved & will be carried into effect

A. W. Hullah

Major Genl

Art Buckleau

Abner Buckleau - Citizen

Oct 1

Vol 1 2

441

of
Abner Brockle

Allen H. Dr
March 7. 1862

Respectfully furnished

Thos

Office Provost Marshal Salem Ms
March 6 1864

Abner Buckelew of Texas Ms was
this day brought before the Marshal
charged as follows.

Charge. Giving aid and Comfort
to those in arms against the Union
States.

Specification In this that the said
Abner Buckelew did on the 2^d March
inst. give his assent and did urge
his son a Minor to enlist in the so called
Confederate Army, and also tendered him
a horse for use in said Army.

Said Abner Buckelew was
found guilty of the Charge and Spec-
ification

A. C. Fernald Depy
Prov. Mar.

Thomas Fitchell

Respectfully informed

Attempting to take horse
from a Russian man,

name not found

Office of Provost Marshal Salem Mo
Mar 6 1862

Thomas Buckalew of Texas County Mo
was this day brought before the Marshal
Charged as follows

Charge Giving aid to the enemies
of the United States.

Specification. In this that the said
Thomas Buckalew did on 2^d day of
March inst. endeavor to press the
horse and gun of Mr Callahan
of Dent County, for the use of those in
armed rebellion against the United
States.

Said Thomas Buckalew was
found guilty of the Charge and Spec-
ification

A. H. Grinnell
Depr Pro Marshal
Post at Salem Dent Co.

Thomas Buckalove
Abner Buckalove
Wife

Citizens from Texas Co,
arrested at their homes
March 1862 I can find
no charges in the office,
Their cases it would
be well to examine, as
at Atlanta. G.P.

Reply referred to in A.S.
Furner, A.S. 4. D. 1.

W. E. Lightner

Att. Gen.

July 25th 1862

Oct 15 - James Buckalove
is a Private, and at least
accounts at point of
death.

C. J. W. M.

We the undersigned Citizens of the Counties of
Daviess and Texas in the State of Missouri respectfully
petition the military authorities of the Department of
Missouri in behalf of ~~Abner~~ and Abner Buckle
both of the County of Texas and State aforesaid
and now confined as prisoners in Alton Ills
under a charge of disloyalty to the government and
of ~~being~~ aiding and assisting the rebels by giving
them ~~the~~ arms and provisions. Your petitioners state
that the said prisoners had heretofore been peaceful and
quiet Citizens and that they believe that the reported
charges against said prisoners were more grave than
in fact they were guilty of. Your petitioners further
state that said Abner Buckle has a family depend-
ant entirely upon his labor and exertions for a subsis-
tence, your petitioners further state that they have
good reasons to believe and do believe that if said
prisoners should be released they would always here-
after remain peaceful and quiet Citizens. your
petitioners therefore pray that if consistent with
the interest of the Service said prisoners may be
released from further confinement.

Petitioners Names

J. W. Linsay

A. H. Oschard

Hiram [unclear]

H. J. Crawford

Respectfully
Yours

Salmon Dent Esq. Mar. 6 1862

Gen. Marshall
Ralla Mo. }

Sir, Abner Buckner and
his son Tho. Buckner Prisoners, are,
sent you to-day, in charge of Major
Drake Commandant this Post, who will
hand you papers &c

Very Respectfully

A. H. Garrison

75 Col. A. Mow,

Garby Bridge, March 26/62

"Militia men"
who have taken out
operation of enemy's scouting
parties.

M 116

137.

25

Head Quarters
 Fort Gandy Bridge
 March 26th 1862

Sir! I have the honor to report that the following Militia men came to this Post, took the oath of allegiance to the United States Government, and received Subsistence.

Name.	Residence	Arm	willing to enlist
Robert B. Childs	Alleghany County	Rifle	Yes
Thomas J. Fleive	d	d	d
Jacob Wolf	d	d	d
King A. Wolf	d	d	d
Wm. Craft	d	d	d
Michael Amentrouk	d	d	d
J. F. Kemberlane	d	d	d
John G. Hamrick	Greenbriar County	d	d
Charles Hamrick	d	d	d

The information obtained from them confirms the report of Schaumbess's Cavalry, that there

is a force of about 150 Rebel
Cavalry scouting sometimes as
far as Lookout. The Militia
is directed to muster at Lewisburg
with some 3-400 Infantry
at Sulphur Spring

I have the honor to remain

most respectfully

Your obedient servant

A. Moore

Capt. 20th D. Regt. I.

Comdy Post

Brig. Gen. J. D. Cox
Commanding Dist. of
the Kanawha

Charleston

W. Va.

876 Lt. Col. Hines

Charleston.

Provet. M - 4th Mch/62

about prisoner E. J.
Miller - also asking
that Miller be held as
hostage for by Douglas

Wite

He-89-0

103-

Provost Marshal's Office.
Kanawha District.
Charleston Va. March 4, 1862.

Sir,

I have the honor to state that on the 17th. day of Feb. a prisoner was committed to my custody named E. S. Miller a citizen of Boone County who previous to the Battle of Boone Co. W. and Chapmanville was the Colonel and active man in marshaling and drilling the Militia of his County but afterwards fled into Monroe County where he remained until the 10th. of Feb. when he returned stealthily to his home in Boone where he was arrested.

Through his own admissions and other testimony the fact of his aiding the rebel cause is established beyond question but at the same time the evidence proves that he was an honorable man discountenancing bushwhacking and horse stealing.

He is now on parole of honor to remain within the ticket limits of the Post of Charleston. I respectfully suggest that as he is a man of some consequence in his County that he be held as hostage for Esq. Douglas who was abducted from his home in Boone a few days prior to the arrest of Miller and carried by

an armed force to the Confederate army at Newbern Va. I would also deferentially recommend that from among the number of our prisoners here or at Wheeling, two or more men of influence and position be selected and held for the safe delivery of Messrs. Hyatt and Levent union men and magistrates taken by the southern cavalry in November last.

Hyatt lived on Cabin Creek and Levent on Paint Creek and are said to be confined in the jail at Princeton in the county of Mercer.

The release and return of these men would doubtless do much to strengthen and confirm union feeling as they ranked among the intelligent and influential men of the Kanawha Valley.

I have the honor to be
Very Respectfully Yours obt. Servt.
St. Col. J. D. Hines

To Capt G. W. Pascom
Asst Adj Genl

Proc. Marshall

877 St. Col. Hines
Provost Marshal
Charleston Fed
5th Mich 167

About a dozen of
rebel prisoners sent
by Capt. Lee

Cts

No- 89- 10
108

Provat Marshall Office
Kanawha District
Charleston March 3rd 1862.

Big Genl. J. S. Cox.
Comdg. Kanawha District

Sir.

I have the honor to report that on the 11th inst. Capt. Lee comdg. post at Coal Mouth sent to my care the following prisoners charged with "bushwhacking", aiding the rebel service &c.

James Paul
Moses M. Colister
O. M. Swain
Peter M. Colister
Jackson Smith
Thomas Paul
Harvey Arbough
Elijah Guiseider
James M. Colister.

The first named James Paul lives in Putnam county on the waters of Big Hurricane Creek and with the exception of sympathy for the rebel cause appears to be guiltless. Moses M. Colister lives on Turkey Creek a branch of the Trace Fork of Mud River and so far as appears from the evidence before me

has never taken a very active part in rebel movements. He however aided in capturing Cumberland Harless, James Barker and John McCleary union men of Boone county who were trying to reach the Federal army on the Kanawha.

He is also charged with harboring the gang of horse-thieves who infect the Mud River region. C. M. Swain is charged in about the same manner upon about the same proof as Moses McCleister. He lives on Trace Fork of Mud.

Peter McCleister has a bad reputation - was the leader of the party who arrested the union men Harless, Barker & McCleary and sent them South.

He lives on waters of Mud.

Jackson Smith - Has no place of abode - Is a skulking horse-thief - was a long time a member of Beckett's cavalry - aided in firing on steamer 'Izetta' and in carrying off Curry and other Union prisoners.

As he appears from the evidence an active 'bushwhacker' and a very bad man.

Thomas Paul - a mere youth - was with Beckett and Herndon when steamer 'Izetta' was fired into - was with the band of murderers who fired on Monroe Griffith - was with Jenkins on his expedition against Guyandotte.

Evidence strong against him.

Harvey Arbaugh, Elijah Burdick and James McCleister all live on waters of Mud River and

although the evidence against them does not carry to the mind such positive presumptions of guilt, yet it leaves no doubt of their agency and sympathy with rebel scouts, "bushwhackers" and horse-thieves.

Enclosed are papers forwarded by Capt. Lee. The major portion of the evidence against them is derived from their own admissions.

I have the honor
to be respectfully

Your obt. Servant,

St. Cal. J. D. Niles

Prov. Marshal

This List is Entitled

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List of the Employes
of the

N. W. R. R. Co.
who have

taken the oath of Allegiance
before

John A. Hodgman

Notary Public

March 1st

1862

Employees
Of the North Mo

Rail. Road
St. Louis - Mo
V. A. H.

1st March

Witnesses

H. G. Mason J. S.

Oath

March 1st 1862

North. Mo. R. R.
Employee

St. Louis, Mo.

Witness

J. A. Hodgman

List of Employees on N. W. T. P.
who have ~~been~~
the Oath of Allegiance before

John A. Hodgman
Notary Public

John Hartigan
Michael Dundon
William Hayes
P. D. Van Orden
Jos. S. Cushing
Bryant Walker
Henry Erman
Isaac Bates
Richard Hoines
Dennis Godfrey
Charles Nolan
N. G. Blais
James Murphy
John Farrell
John N. Kellmer
Henry Cole
George C. Miller
J. C. Wamsley
C. D. Bogley
H. S. Hoopes
Louis Shaffer
Jerry Casey

Cornelius Collins
John McAuliff
Thomas Barry
Gov. Lynch
John Doyle
James Summ
Thomas Shanahan
John Sullivan
Michael Connell
James Vance
Thomas J. Fields
James J. Moody
W. G. Wallace
Joseph Charles
David G. Warwick
J. C. McCormack
Christopher Goulding
John Lours
Dennis Semell
John Connell
Thomas Mooney
Benj. Connell

Jerry Casey

Benj. Connell

J. M. Duto
James Flier
Thomas Rieley
Jan: Sprait
John G. Beant
~~Gilbert Young~~
Peter Keys
Edw: J. Wood (conductor)
Thomas Hennessy
James Clock
W. B. Hinckley
J. W. Lupper
Leuniah Trisob
Thomas Savell
Andrew Carroll
Edmond Morrissey
Matthew Jones
Bryan Noulis
Thomas Cunningham
John Donovan
James Galligan
J. C. Fuller
Peter Murtagh
B. Plummer
Wm. N. Read
John Wazwell
Henry Burnett
James A. Cassidy
David M. Cord

J. H. Paul
Albert R. Wood
C. C. Meadows
Matthew Brady
William Allen
~~Jacob W. W. W.~~
Andrew Browne
B. O. Kelly
Wm Kelly
Pat: Ward
Cornelius Ryan
George English
Dennis Cavanagh
~~Wm. J. W.~~
Michael McDonald
Thomas Stevens
Patrick Dundon
B. Sharp
Fred: Coelter
Matt: Quinn
C. J. Martin
John Murphy
Dan Brady
Thomas Finnean
Michael Jones
Edmond Kalaher
Thomas G. Kelly
Timothy Murphy
James Finn

James A. Cassidy
David M^cCORD

Timothy Murphy
James Finn

John Frank
James Pringle
Peter M^cHugh
Charles Liddiard
A. A. Douglas
James A. Dykeman
James Luth

Squire Sherburne
Patrick Halloran
John Fitzgibbon
Edwin Hubbard
A. W. Britton
Daniel Caughlan
J. B. Dejarrette

Michael James
Pat. Karanagh
Peter Ward
Thomas Queenan
James Graham
Samuel Scott
David Wilker
C. W. Hoffman
Joseph Dawden
Horace Smith
Oscar Doolittle
A. P. Chittenden
Jerry Finn
Wm Delaney
Bartley Naughton
John M^cDonald
E. Porter
George Kander
George Brown
Nicholas Bauer
Samuel Mendes
R. H. Nichols

John Quirk
James Dimont
Edward Flaherty
J. C. Duto
Pat. Brown
Wm M^cGraw
Robert Hunt
James M^cGuirk
John Finigan
John Kelley
John Keating
Michael Mangan
Pat M^cSernato
James Murphy
John Tracy
Pat. Hurley
John Caughlan
Mat. Casey
James M^cGrath
Ed. Murphy
John Lynch
Matt Lynch

Samuel Mendes
R. H. Nichols

John Lynch
Matt Lynch

Pat Hayes
W. E. Scott
John Maher
Edward Hockett
A. Fogarty
Charles Kelly
J. R. Lawrence
John Haggerty
Lawrence Carey
Lawrence Sullivan
Michael Cleary
John Halloran
Wm. Hulditz
Michael Dillon
John Simpson
W. May
James M. Elliott
James White
Peter Luby
Wm. Luby
John Murphy
John W. Jones
George E. Toeller
Peter Buttery
Frank Hoff
Jacob W. Goble
George Fisher
John Buttery
W. W. Keller

Thomas Broderick
Thomas Dunleavy
Richard Harlett
John A. Ennis
Dennis Bennett
James Broderick
Frank Fox
Bernard Battel
Adam Bopp
Richard Morisy
Patrick Curmody
Thomas Brassell
Edmond Short
Wm. Hamegan
John Berry
Martin Ryan
Tom Sullivan
John Cooney
Dennis Connelly
John Shea
Joseph Bezenberger
James Demworth
John Farrell
John D. Tripp
Louis Torris
Edward Blake
Pat. Sullivan
Dennis Keating
Edmond Mackey

John Buttery
W. W. Keller

Dennis Keating
Edmond Mackey

A. B. Wells
Timothy Steens
Charles W. Dolph
Charles Halliday
Charles Troutman
Patrick Norton
Michael Shaney
James Grace
John Shea
Robert Sadler
Michael McLoake
G. W. Cardwell (Agent)
George Snyder (Road Master)
J. W. Gant (Clerk)
Daniel Leonard
J. S. McNamee
Pat. Cushing
H. H. Gray (Agent at Allen)
John Murphy
W. Gray
Pat. Butler
Bernard Mooney
Edmond Murphy
Michael Regan
John Dundon
J. H. Loftis (Conductor)
Joseph Terroy
Mo. Wallace
Mo. Reeves

Samuel Humberger
G. W. Blankenship
J. J. Wease
James Allen
Barney McDullen
J. G. Tutts (agt at Jonesburg)
Jeremiah Prindel
Gottward Prior
Owen Doolin
John Mooroney
Elney Reynolds
Patrick Gleason
Michael Kelley
Felix Reynolds
Michael Cononfort
Frederick Foerst
Charles Koklin
H. J. Pendleton (Agent)
John Bentin
Michael Murphy
Michael Mozinkaw
Daniel Prindel
J. B. Nogle
John Smith
Garret Flynn
John Blushing
Wm. Kaiffe
James Mucil
C. H. Hance (agt at Remick)

Mo. Wallace

James Muel

Mo. Reeves

G. H. Hance (agt at Remick)

John Keating
 Geo: W. Savage
 Pat. Glynn
 James Kelly
 John Keiley
 John Levin
 James Morrissey
 Henry Coombe
 B. Linsay
 John Bolger
 Michael Jenkins
 Peter Hart
 Thomas O.'Brien
 Pat. Corrigan
 Thomas O.'Brien
 Michael Keily
 John Keenon
 Pat. Sullivan
 John Leavanaugh
 Timothy McGowan
 G. H. Remicker
 John Grimes
 Thomas Hines
 John Grimes
 Thomas Lynch
 John McGinnis
 Michael Moroney
 Joseph Cody
 John Hyland

James O'Brien
 Charles Downey
 James Hall
 John Gannon
 John Connor
 John Wilson
 John Fitzpatrick
 Dennis Connor
 James Sexton
 John Coombe 315
 John Glynn (Paymaster)

Act of Congress

879

on

Pacific R.R.

Amended

Act

List Employed
on Pacific R.R.

with the route

5th March 1862

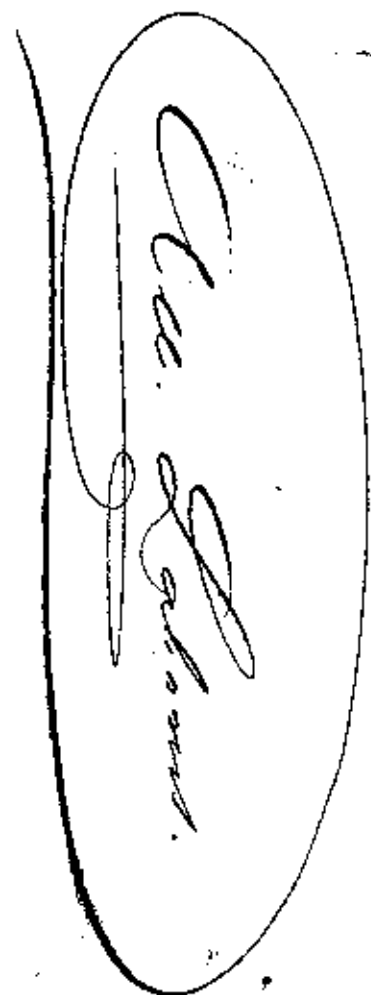
St. Louis County Mo

Additional list of Employees of the
Pacific Rail Road who have taken the
oath of Allegiance.
March 5th 1862

Name	Occupation
Robert Allen	Pass. Master.
John F. Antos	Agt. Ollerille
Joseph Brooks	Porter St. Aubub.
Margam. Allin	Conductor
J. E. Halden	"
Chas. Hyman	Pessengermaster
Jas. P. Gamittson	"
Jas. D. Callahan	Steward
W. H. Colburn	"
Albert H. Hurd	"
John Carey	"
Andrew Perkins	"
Cabin Guard	"
Peter Morrison	"
James Roberts	"
James McCoub	"
John E. Tilton	"
W. J. de. Guernsey	Engineer
Jimmie Lamb	"
W. H. Smallwood	"
Randolph. Prouten	"
E. D. Campbell	"
George. Sander	"
Jimmie Taylor	Steward
John. Lene	"
Jimmie Sullivan	Laborer
Capt. Murphy	"
E. C. McBeth	"
Pat. Maher	"

Name
 Tho. Hays.
 James. Meyer
 John. Hawley
 G. H. G.
 Patk. Boyle
 James. Shuby.
 Hugh. Reilly
 Jas. Gibbston
 A. Malone
 John. Kenny.
 James. Peerman
 M. Shehan
 Anton. Pape
 Martin. Beattie
 Phil. Fitzpatrick
 John. Maher
 John. O'Brien
 Tho. Bolan
 Emel. DeKyll
 James. Bready
 John. Kennedy
 Patk. Mayher
 John. Kingard
 Tho. John
 Tho. Henry.
 John. E. H. H.

Occupation.


 W. J. Adams.

Name

Occupation

John. Enley
Daniel Connor
Edw. Cornell
Martin Mahy
Mike Gannon
Maurice Sullivan
James. Water
Mike. Donahoe
Lammas. Shaw
Mike Hamilton
Thos. Ryan
John. Hamilton
James. Kelly
Mrs. Markley
James. Pochal
Mike Corray
James. F. Garly
Peter Maher
James. O'Murphy
Michael Lynch
Mike Brady
Thomas. McGrath
Thomas. McCullough
Martin. Kelly
Mike Porek
James. Porek

W. J. Shaw

Name	Occupation
Thomas. Mumsey	
Miss Roe	
John. Nickley	
Sam. McHenry	
Lawrence. Carey	
Dennis Kenigan	
Edw. Travill	
Miss Gannon	
Miss Mc Gath	
Lamona. Nelligan	
Pat. McLaughlin	
Thomas. Farley	
Chas. Daily	
Sam. McLaughlin	
Miss Kealher	
Miss Murphy	
Dennis Murphy	
Brian Nellin	
Arren. Callaghan	
John. Collins	
Daniel Corrid	
Dennis. Mc Gath	
Thomas. Member	
Samy. Dwyer	
Pat. Gannon	
Albert. Taurt	
James. Keefe	

W. Gannon

Name

Occupation

Miss Cooney
Pam. Melody
James Johnson
John. Hoy
Thomas. Manley
Mrs. Wheatley
Chas. Keller
Thos. MacLigand
Ed. Larrigan
Otto. Eckhard
John. Murphy
John. Quinn
John. H. Royer
James. McKenzie
Miss Treaney
John. Howard
Jung. Cartman
Miss Rouch
Chas. Selzer
Miss Kelly
Edw. King
James. Conroy
William. Tobin
John. Tobin
Em. Donahoe
Dan. Scantton

Chas. Johnson.

Name	Occupation
Mike Coffey	
Jim Hennefer	
Frank Timmins	
James Doyle	
Paul Sawyer	
James Kennedy	
John O'Brien	
Patt. Fitzgerald	
William Riley	
George Nutt	
Pat. Shanahan	
Rufus Davidson	
Benjamin Larkin	
Mike Moore	
Patt. Maher	
Mike Henneberger	
Anton Henneberger	
John Doolan	
Thos. Dugane	
James Wright	
James Callahan	
Joseph Bohmanusky	
Joe. Conroy	
Thos. Powell	
John Garvin	
Mike Gleason	
Joe. Conroy	

W. J. Johnson

Name	Occupation
H. Wallace	
John Dorney	
John Chaney	
John Melvick	
Thos. O'Sullivan	
Edw. Hednett	
Thos. Kelly	
Peter Quinn	
John Coghlan	
John Knack	
George Fitzgerald	
Thos. Sorman	
Thos. Sandbaron	
Dan. Sandbaron	
Henry Skinner	
John Connors	
James Connors	
James Murphy	
Dennis Connors	
John Melch	
Mike Garick	
John Manna	
James Quilly	
Peter Billingsly	
Patrick Puckly	
James Quinion	
John Howard	

Wm. J. ...
 (Signature)

Name	Occupation
John. Kenley	
John. Collins	
Wm. Merlan	
John. Luby	
James. Manney	
John. Corley	
Denny. Dunley	
W. P. Wilder	
Chas. H. McCormick	
William. Ranney	
C. Greyen	
Jim. Ferrigan	
Wm. Gordon	
Jim. Torkey	
H. C. Louis	
Francis. Cornell	
John. Wistler	
Henry. Roloff	
And. Monae	
Chas. Ruck	
John. Nagelstein	
George. Miller	
Conrad. Miller	
Peter. Hood	
M. Schaumburg	
Emil. Fisher	

C. W. Johnson

Name	Occupation
James Garret	
Lawrence O'Donnell	
John Welch	
John Claffey	
Thos. Dwyer	
Patt. Lynch	
Miss Bailey	
John O'Connell	
Miss Meehan	
Miss Connors	
Marion Doyle	
Miss Hough	
Ed. Hough	
John Sullivan	
Marion Roach	
Marion Hackett	
Ann Pace	
Jacob Cooper	
Dan Lucy	
Thos. Warrington	
Patt. Connors	
Mrs. Tracy	
James Flaherty	
Prince Galvin	
John Clifford	
Simon Lynch	
Miss Flattery	

All Subscribers

Name
 Miss Slattery
 James Lynch
 Miss Connors
 Miss Denier
 James Bryan
 John Bryan
 Pat Connolly
 Thomas Leonard
 Dennis Cornell
 Timothy Sullivan
 William Byrne
 William Fitzgerald
 Miss Crowley
 Pat McManus
 John McCarty
 James Egan
 Pat Fitzmorris
 Parny Call
 Miss Harden
 Dennis Clifford
 James Hunt
 Nicholas Carroll
 James Delaney
 Henry Barrett
 Richard O'Keefe
 Miss Delaney
 Daniel O'Brien
 David Reedy
 John Clifford

Occupation

J. H. S.
 1870

Name	Occupation
Paul Sullivan	
Pete Fiere	
John Deming	
John Coffey	
James Cornell	
John Clary	
Miss Donahoe	
Mr Power	
Phil Corrin	
Thos Corrin	
Lawrence Longman	
Pat Lynd	
Martin Roach	
John McNamee	
John O'Connor	
Mr. M. Leonard	
Matthew O'Connor	
Patrick O'Connor	
Patrick Coughlin	
Chas. LeForte	
Thos. Quinn	
John Taylor	
M. Richards	
Thomas Connolly	
John Costello	
Anan Hornberger	
A. H. Hill	

C. S. Johnson

Name	Occupation
John. Devine	
Samy Callahan	
Patt. Bowman	
Isaac Lay	
Thomas Crank	
Robert. Black	
John. Fox	
Patt. Ruorly	
John. Corray	
Patt. Mahony	
John. Murray	
Patt. Donohoe	
Sam. Pelford	
Ed. Eganon	
Mr. Chamber	
Thomas. Griffin	
Miss Sullivan	
Deut. Neal	
Gen. Shay	
Dennis Collins	
J. D. Sullivan	
Sam. Hallihan	
Sam. O'Bryan	
Maris Fitzgerald	
Maris Shea	
Mr. Leonard	
Thos. McGraw	
Rodger. Cumber	

Rev. J. J. Sullivan

Name	Occupation
James Corkley	
Eugene Sullivan	
Jeremiah Sullivan	
Miss Sullivan	
Patt. Delehanty	
Patt. Doyle	
Daul. Lynch	
John. Mitchell	
John. Ryan	
John. Grady.	
James. Flaw	
John. Murphy	
Patt. Seymour	

See Sullivan.

Completed
Pacific Rail City

80 South 17th March 18

St. Louis County Mo.

[Illegible cursive signature]

Handwritten text at the top of the page, possibly a title or header, including the words "ham to the Pacific".

Handwritten numbers and symbols, including a large '7' and '100'.

Handwritten numbers, including '131' and '123'.



A list of Employees of the Pacific
 Railroad who have taken the oath of Allegiance
 Feb March 17th 1862.

Name.	Occupation.
Frank L. Dillon	Treasurer.
George M. Dillon	Treasurer Clerk.
D. M. Wallace	G. P. Agent
William Higgins	Engineer
Mike Ryan	Mechanic

Fort Murre

881 March 24. 1864

Major C. A. Begg.

Citizens

Transmittals of letters
of political prisoners.

~~From~~ April 2, 1864

Fort Yuma, California
March 24th 1862

Lieutenant

I have the honor to transmit herewith, for the disposal of the District Commander, two letters from political prisoner, J. L. Roberts, one addressed to C. P. Kirk, Esq, Iowa Hill, Cal. and the other to H. W. Roberts, Esq, Iowa Hill, Cal.

To Lieut

B. C. Cutler

A. A. Asst. General

Southern District

Los Angeles

Cal.

Very Respectfully

Yr. Obedt. Servt.

Edmond D. Sigsbee

Major 1st Sigsbee Cal Vols
Commandg Post

882

520

James M Smith
William M Smith
John M Smith
Randolph M Smith
March 7th 1862

Antagon

Regt H. P. King
Prov. M. Co. 1st Regt. P. V.

taken and subscribed to before me this
7th day of March 1862

Robert Angus Esqy Provost
Marshal for Pulaski County Mo

882

James McQuinn
William McQuinn
Leah McQuinn
Randolph McQuinn
March 7th 1862

Robert Angus

know all men by these presents that
we James M Smith and William A Smith
of the County of Pulaski in the state of
Missouri as penible and ^{and J. B. Paine} ~~and J. B. Paine~~
as security do acknowledge ourselves in
debt to the united states of America
in just and full sum of two thousand
dollars for the true pay ^{men} of whites
we bind ourselves heirs executors and
Administrators firmly by these
presents witness our hands this
the 7th day of March 1862

The condition of the said Bond is such
that whereas the said James M Smith and
William A Smith ^{and} did on or about the
1st day of September 1861 join ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~selected~~
the Army of the Southern Confederacy in
the ~~the~~ present Rebellion against
Government of the united states of America
and whereas ~~the~~ ^{we} on or about the first day
first day of October 1861 the said Smiths
did ~~the~~ ^{the} said Army and came home and
whereas it is in Accordance with the Law of

united states of America that the said
offenders shall take the oath
of allegiance to the said Government
before it could be protected and whereas
and the 7th day of March 1862 the said
William H. Smith and James M. Smith
being before the Provost
Marshal in and for the Camp of Polk
in the state of Missouri and take the
oath of allegiance to the said Government
Now if the said James M. Smith and
William H. Smith shall keep and
observe all the obligations of said
oath and perform all things therein
required and shall further pay all
clerks that may be legally presented
and provide against them for papers
or any thing else wrongfully taken
from it legal claims against them this
Record to be and otherwise to remain
in full force in Law sign seal
believed the day and date also written

James M. Smith
William H. Smith
John M. Smith

Seal
Seal
Seal

D. A. Does

B. J. Man

J. H. Black

Joint

for \$100

Amended 1/62

Continued

L. A. Doefler

B. F. Martin

J. H. Blackburn

Joint Bond

for \$1000,

Amended 1/62

Continued

Be it known that the G. A. Dresser, B. G. Martin
and J. H. Blackburn are held and firmly bound
to the state of Missouri in the penal sum
of one thousand dollars to be levied on their
goods chattels, funds & tenements: if default
be made in the following conditions to-wit
that the said G. A. Dresser, B. G. Martin and J. H.
Blackburn shall remain a true and legal
subject of the United States, shall keep the
peace towards all persons in the of me
and shall remain true to the oath this day
taken and hereunto attached, this obligation
to be void otherwise to remain in full force
and effect

Subscribed and sworn to before
me this 3^d day of March 1862

J. H. Williams Provost Marshal

S. W. Dist - Port at Rolla

L. A. Dresser ^{seal}

B. G. Martin ^{seal}

J. H. Blackburn ^{seal}

L. A. Dreyfus

B. G. Martin

J. H. Blackburn

Joint Bond
for \$1000,


Be it known that - L. A. Dresser B. G. Martin
J. W. Blackburn are held and firmly bound
to the State of Mo in the Penal sum of one
thousand dollars to be levied on ~~any~~ goods
chattels, Funds and Interments. if default be
made in the following conditions to wit-

That the said Dresser, Martin, Blackburn
shall remain true and legal subjects of
the United States shall keep the peace towards
all persons in the state of Mo and shall
remain true to the oaths this day taken
and hereto attached this obligation to be
void otherwise to remain in full force and
effect

Subscribed and sworn to before
me this 3^d day of Mar 1862

J. H. Williams. Provost Marshal
S. W. Dist - Post at Rolla

L. A. Dresser 

B. G. Martin 

J. W. Blackburn 

L. A. Dresser

B. G. Martin

J. H. Blackburn

Joint Bond

for \$1000.

March 2^d 1862

Be it known that we L. A. Dreper, B. G. Martin
and J. H. Blackburn are held and firmly bound
to the State of Missouri in the penal sum of
one thousand dollars to be levied on our
goods, chattels, funds, & tenements: if default
be made in the following conditions to wit
That - the said L. A. Dreper, B. G. Martin and
J. H. Blackburn shall remain & true and
legal subjects of the United States, shall keep
the peace towards all persons in the State of
Missouri and shall remain true to the
oaths this day taken and herunto attached
this obligation to be void otherwise to remain
in full force & effect

L. A. Dreper 

B. G. Martin 

J. H. Blackburn 

Subscribed and sworn to before
me this 3^d day of Mar 1862

J. H. Williams - Provost Marshal

S. W. Dist. Post at Rolla

Case of French & Reed
City

884

Head Quarters Army of the West
Nashville March 20/62

Approved. Capt. R.
Macpeckly. Com. Iron
will at once take
charge of these stores.

By command of Gen. Buell

J. M. Wright
C. A. S.

1862

Case of Messrs French & Reed

French and Reed claim the beef and pork in their warehouses as their own, to indemnify themselves for debts due them by the so-called Confederate States, by their own testimony they are not entitled to one dollar worth of said property. But they will be entitled to the expense they incurred in keeping the meat in good condition, since its seizure.

(Signed)

W. W. M. Wright Col 79th Regt
Ohio

David H. Lane Lt Col 1st Regt 48th

855

May. 27, 1862

at.

Charleston Virginia
March 27th 1864

Capt Hill
Provost Marshal
Charleston Virginia

Sir

You are hereby
ordered to confine, under heavy
chains, in the secret dungeon
you have in your control, Henry
Kuhl, Hamilton W Window, and
Coursad Kuhl, and so keep them
until you are otherwise ordered
by proper authority— and you
will transmit the order of the
Court to whomsoever you may
deliver the prisoners.

Hugh Eving
President of the
Commission

886
Camp. Hamilton
- Mar 15 - 62
Special Report

Time of arrival

Col. [unclear]

Camp Hamilton March 15th 1862

J. Major W. S. Long

Assistant Marshal
Dep't of War
Sir

In answer
to your communication of this date I have
to report

That the horse called Mrs Wardrop's
horse is the property of her husband as I have
been informed & was given up to him some months
since by direction of the U.S. Quartermaster
That by my sanction no forage has ever been
drawn for the horse nor have I ever drawn
or given him any.

The horses owned by Govt. & used
by myself & Lieut. Key are three one of them
being claimed by a Mr. Wittingham also one
white mare all by permission from Quartermaster
Talmadge

That since the order given by Genl.
Wood some time since I claim & have exercised
no control over any wheat or corn now at the
Stannary some of some quantity bought, paid for, &
sold by me -

Respectfully Submitted
A. M. Fuller Jr

Capt. & Assistant Marshal at
Camp Hamilton

887

1 Rowan's Mushy
Report

March 21st 62

Camp Hamilton

Dear General
Calver

Camp Hamilton March 20. 1862

To
Major Wm Jones
Provost Marshal
Dept of War
Sir

I have the honor
to report
that there have been many complaints
made against the troops just arrived at the
Camp.

Mr Brittain reports the loss of 10 cords
of corded wood. The water is being misappre-
iated. Mr Shelton reports the cutting of his wood
in violation of his "Safeguard" by one of the Penns.
Repts. The Treasurers was put a stop to -

Last evening the new troops made a
general attack upon the "Dut building" and
houses of the residents on Hampton Creek and
destroyed many of them. They being after boards.

Forty men were detailed for duty, and
during the whole night were on the alert
and thereby prevented further trouble.

The Provost Guard for this day has been
increased & will as far as possible pre-
serve order within the Camp.

Resubmitted
Attest
Capt. & Provost Marshal
Camp Hamilton

Mar 22, 62

Row or more

Citizens

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Camp Hamilton March 22nd 1862

To Major Gen. P. S. Jones

Provost Marshal

Cape Henry

Sir

I have

the honor to report that complaints have been made by Mr Phillips and Mr. Outten to the effect that the new troops were destroying all they had.

A guard has been stationed at the above places & now all within of Camp limits is quiet.

The mounted men have been divided into two Squads & do duty day & night.

There was also a complaint made by Capt. White officer of the Picket Guard to the effect that the new troops were discharging their firearms inside the lines and that two of his sentinels were nearly shot. The firing was stopped and orders given for the troops to fire only at certain hours & from the line towards Hampton Roads.

Respectfully Submitted
A. M. Fulmer
Capt. of Provost Marshal
Camp Hamilton

880

Mar 28 62

Orange

Citizens

Camp Hamilton June 28th 1832

Major Wm. Jones
Honor. Marshal
Dept. of War

Sir

I have the honor to report that the troops within the limits of our camp are generally quiet. But there come few cases of drunkenness have occurred among them caused by liquor obtained in Hampton. A member of the Honor. Mounted Guard was among the number he was arrested and turned over to the Col. of his Regt. for punishment.

Mr. Tompson who has a safe guard reports that some of the new Troops visited his place. He told some boys & threatened to shoot him for showing them a protection from Gen. Ross. I have posted a patrol near Fox Hill with orders to arrest all persons, Officing or men violating safe guards and bring them in at all hazards.

Mr. Phillips & Mr. Hickman also complain of depredations. Mr. Cullen & Mr. Cramer have still a guard to keep their property from being destroyed.

Officers from Hampton cross the Creek in Boats rather than by the Bridge the men unless they have papers are sent back the officers are allowed to pass.

J. M. Rushing
Capt. Honor. Mounted Guard
Camp Hamilton

Post Marshal

890

Report

March 27th 1862

Wm. W. W.

Post Marshal

Office of Provost Marshal of Department of Va.

Fort Monroe, Mar 28th 1862

Report of Provost Marshal
for March 27th 1862

Passengers by Baltimore Boat
reported at Head Quarters and Oath
of Allegiance administered to Civilian
at this Office

A. Flag of Truce was sent to Norfolk
with C. A. White, Swedish Consul to
Charleston, S. C.

I sent Lewis Merry, a Steamer of
Capt Porters, off the Fort, he having been
caught smuggling whiskey on the
Fort

Thomas Fitzgerald who came from
New Market Bridge claiming protection
was provided with Quarters inside
the Fort, and ordered to report here
to day

In regard to the two men, respectively
~~named~~ named

"Kent and Scully" representing themselves
as "Chaplains" of Regts in Genl Forters
division. The following are the facts
of the case. They called in my
office, in my absence, my Assistant
Andrew J. Herold, informed them it was
necessary for all persons, not Commissioned
Officers, to take the Oath of Allegiance, on
landing at this Post, they asked by
what authority, and were informed
by "orders of Major Genl. Wool commanding
this department. They left the office
refusing to take the Oath, remarking
they considered it unnecessary. They
were afterwards arrested and taken
to this Office where upon complying
with the necessary rules, were allowed
to proceed

All quiet at this Post, Camps
Hamilton and Butler

Respectfully Submitted
Major Wm P Jones (USA)
Adj. Quost Marshal
Dept of Va

Forest Marshals
891 Report —
for March 21st 1862

Page of Marshals
Clyde

Office of Provost Marshal
March 22nd 1862

Report of Provost Marshal
for March 21st 1862

Passengers by Baltimore Boat
reported at Head Quarters and Oath of
Allegiance administered to Civilians at this
Office

Capt Purleigh Assist Provost Marshal
at Camp Hamilton reports. That there have
been a great many complaints made by
citizens and others. against the troops just
arrived. To wit

Mr Puttingham residing at Hampton
Creek, reports that there has been taken from
him Ten Cords of Wood.

Mr Shelton also residing at Hampton
Creek reports the cutting of his Wood, in
violation of his Safeguard.

Also that several Out buildings and
houses of other residents have been destroyed
the troops carrying off the boards.

Capt Purleigh had the matters referred
to put a stop to. and was holding an investigation
of

of the facts, also that he had an extra
Provost Guard of Forty men detailed to
preserve order in the Camp, which at the
time of his report was comparatively quiet.

I will attend to the matter personally
to day

All quiet at this Post and Camp
Butler

respectfully Submitted

Major Wm Jones M. S. A.
Adj. C. and Provost Marshal
Dept of Va

Additional Report }

Capt Burleigh, Asst Provost Marshal
for Camp Hamilton reports this morning
that the new troops were discharging
firearms, by which two of the Patrol were
nearly shot. I would most respectfully
ask for an order, prohibiting the discharging
of firearms by any person within the
lines -

892

To

Geo M Bond

March 1st 1861

Lottery

W. G. Farris

892

To
The M. Bond

March 1st 1862

City

St. Wm. F. Farris

Office of Provost Marshal,

St. Louis, Mo., May 1862.

Colonel

Genl Schepier advised that
I should send you the names
of Sidney Parker

J. P. Bowdery

E. R. Earnest

Joshua Gentry

Isaac E. Reed

W. P. Edmonson - prisoner
in the hospital who wants to be
released - he recommends that
I have an representative & receive
custody of Martin James

Very Respy

[Handwritten flourish]

W. C. Schepier
[Signature]

St. Louis, Mo., May 1862.

Papers Related to
Prisoner No. 20

893

March 19 64

~~Confidential~~

Names of escaped Prisoners from
Guard House March 19th 1862.

1st
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- 1st W. Arnold
- 2 A. Thorley ✓
- 3 S. Cople been rebel army
- 4 J. Nelson ~~to the~~
- 5 Henry Sears ? New
- 6 Pinkatan Rector ✓
- 7 Paul Rector ✓
- 8 George Carman
- 9 Janie Matthews

J. J. Young

1
I am well acquainted with John Henninger
and W. Warren, who are now prisoners
at Springfield, from the County of Kentucky
and that they are men of unquestioned
character, morally, and that they have done
nothing politically, but suffer themselves
to be influenced into an independent
Company of seceders, which they left as soon as
said Company, commenced taking horses and
guns from Union men.

I am well
acquainted with the above named gent-
men and know them to be Union
men, and men of truth
Cassville Mo March 9th 1862 John Ray

Dr. Ray is a gentleman and
a hot set Union man.

C. B. Hallum
Carmy Post

895

Headquarters Mo. Militia
of Lewis, Mo., 8th/62

Copy referred to Col
Farrar, Provost Marshal
General, who will please
return this communication

C. M. Marsh
Capt and Genl

File # "62

St. Joseph Mo

March 5th 1862

Antigona
Loose. Rev.

Brig. Genl

Complains of the unconditional release of Mr. Francis Simpson of Andrew County, and encloses the order of Col. Farrar, to that effect, also refers to a Mr. Person who claims exemption from the requirement to file a Bond for \$500, on the ground of being a British subject

Received March 5th 62

Head Quarters of W. D. McCall
St Joseph Mo March 6th 1862

General

Herewith I enclose you a copy of an order made by the Provost Marshal General of St Louis — Dr Francis Impey is a well known secessionist of Andrew County a part of Capt Evans command of 25th Mo Vol. being upon his premises some time since were assured ^{by him} that there were no secessionists there — as they Dr Impey was returning from a brush thicket near his house with a basket on his arm as though he had been carrying food to some one the soldiers concluded they would examine the brush and proceeding to examine it they were fired upon from the brush and two secessionists were captured — This I learned from Capt Evans — Dr Impey was arrested and lodged in jail — In account of severe sickness in his family the Provost Marshal admitted Dr Impey to his parole — Without permission he has proceeded to St Louis & procured an order for his release of which the enclosed is a copy — socially Dr Impey has been and

Now is my personal friend - and officially
I am not disposed to Complain - for he was
arrested - paroled and discharged by
Federal authority - But I can see the dis-
cord which must necessarily result from
the issuing from an office in St Louis,
arbitrarily, orders similar to the enclosed -
Nor am I willing to be held responsible
for the personal safety of prisoners thus
discharged - I fear such a course will
induce outraged citizens to inflict punish-
ment upon the guilty authors of their wrongs
when they become satisfied that it is the
purpose of the government to grant immu-
nity to the wrong doers - Dr Impey claims
protection as a British Subject - To day
another British Subject - Mr. Pierson claims
exemption from the requirement to fill
a bond for \$5000 ^{demande of him} in pursuance of the terms
of the late Circular issued by Genl. Halleck
I have permitted ^{Mr. Pierson} him to visit St Louis "to
lay his case before the authorities" - ~~If they~~ (al-
-ien) are to be protected by British authority I shall
feel called upon hereafter to have all such
shot as spies under the 2nd Section of the 10th Act
of War. Please advise me in the premises
Very Respectfully
your obt^d servt
Benjamin
Brig Genl W. F. Felt

Genl. J. F. Felt
Commanding dt. Felt

(Copy)

Office of the Provost-Marshal Genl.
Department of the Missouri
St Louis March 4th 1862

Special Order
No 172.

Brig Gen. Loan McCall will release St Francis
Impery from imprisonment unconditionally
(Signed) Bernard G Barrar
P.M. Genl.

(Sent)

VIth & VIIth & VIIIth come under the class of Barren,
not absolutely necessary, but yet not abso-
lutely superfluous either.

Nothing should happen in this camp, that
might prove of special detriment to you, I shall
not fail immediately to report it. You are pro-
bably aware that I have merely the superin-
tendance of the internal order of camp, and in

Provost-Marshal's Office,
1st Brigade, 1st Division, Dept. of Va.
Newport News, Va., March 16, 1862

Major W. P. Jones, U.S.A.
Aide de camp & Provost Marshal.

Sir,

In obedience to your request I have the honor to submit the following list of the names of all persons within my jurisdiction, who are not connected with or immediately necessary to supply the wants of the Army:

I. William Webster, General Butcher Store and Mess Rooms for Officers,

His employees as follows:

Mrs. D. B. Bates, Housekeeper.

Oliver Bryant, in charge of Restaurant.

Mrs. Bryant, " " " Laundry.

Henry Harris, Clerk in Store.

Charles Wilson, do

James Jones, do

George Dimitrie, do

Oliver Dean, Clerk in House.

Frederick Glocker, Baker

Henry Rider, do

- Perry, Storekeeper.

II S. P. Johnson
St. Clair Davis } Proprietors of Mess Rooms for Officers.

their employes: Joseph Mason, Clerk
Isadore Oliver, Cook,
John Thompson, Waiter
Hendrie Dancy, do

III Muckelroy, Thomas & Co (Army - Beef - Contractors)
and keepers of a Grocery store.

their employes: John McElroy, Clerk
John W. Boyer, do
Wm. H. Foster, do

IV Forbes & Bell, General butchers.
John Shaffer, Butcher

their employes: John A. Slade, Clerk
Wm. W. Chipman, do

V C. J. Bunker, Grocery store.
his employes: Enoch G. Goenell, Clerk

VI, Ross & Miller, Photographists.
John Witting, Baker

VII, Fred K. Newman, Dealer in Newspapers & Periodicals.

VIII, Jones, lives with an office in the 11th Regt's
My Vols, and travels between Baltimore & this post
receiving and filling orders for clothing, Furniture &c.

In giving a list of the above persons I wish
it to be distinctly understood, that they belong,
in my opinion, more properly under the head
of persons "not immediately connected with the
army", than of persons "not immediately necessary
to supply the wants of the army." Most of them,

Specially those under § I and II, have been at this post, since its establishment as a military camp, and have not only expended large sums of money on buildings, furniture &c, but have in fact become an indispensable necessity to the Officers. With probably, only the exception of one fifth, all the Officers at this post, mess at either of these two places.

Muckelroy, Thomas Co., as Prof. Contractors, are of course, required to keep a Depot for that special branch of their business.

Forbes Bell and C. J. Bunker cannot be called indispensable, and yet the fact of their having stores in this camp, has been the means of raising a healthy competition with the Regimental Butlers, directly benefitting the soldiers.

If practicable, I would respectfully advise that the Photographic Establishment and the Newspaper store be permitted to remain here. They supply those innocent luxuries in a Soldier's life, which are unwillingly dispensed with.

Mr. Jones seems, from all what I can hear, to have supplied a want that has been felt for a long time. I understand him to be a correct and reliable person. I do not think he ~~should~~ come under the orders from Washington to which you refer?

To sum up, briefly, what I want to say by the present report:

I consider I and II "immediately necessary to supply the wants of the Army."

III, IV and V might be dispensed with, but for the good of the soldiers, I would suggest that they be permitted to remain.

VI, VII + VIII come under the class of luxuries, not absolutely necessary, but yet not cheerfully dispensed with.

968
If anything should happen in this camp, that might prove of special interest to you, I shall not fail immediately to report it. You are probably aware that I have merely the superintendance of the internal order of camp, and in regard to that, there has been nothing ~~new~~ to report for some time past. I pride myself upon, and I trust I shall not be considered too immodest in saying so, that the constant personal exertions on my own part with the assistance of an excellent guard, has changed this camp, that last summer had a notoriety for being the most or second, into a model of neatness, quietness and order. —

I have the honor to remain, Your obed^t serv^t

J. Christiancy
Capt, ADC Provost Marshal

List of Passengers
897 March 10th 1862

~~Time of Arrival~~
Citizens

List of passengers by "Melbaide" March 62

W^m Hall
 W^m Simie } I visit Husbands at Camp Hamilt
 Capⁿ Seybolds } Brig Sophia
 P White
 P Lighten
 M. Elledge } I go to Cherry Stone
 M. S. Baland
 E. F. Baland } Business with Gen^l Wood
 C. Fulton } Editor of Balt American
 J. O. Reil
 H. Handwerker }
 B. Chests } Suters at Kemp News

 Cyrus. Foker
 Two Messengers

Forest Journals

898 Report

March 8th 1862

Mar 9, 62

Two or more
Citizens

Office of Provost Marshal
Feb 9th 1862

Report of Prov Marshal
for Mar 8th 1862

Passengers by Adelaide reported
at head quarters and Oath of Allegiance
administered to Civilians at this Office

Enclose report of Capt Burleigh
Provost Marshal at Camp Hamilton, relative
to thefts by negroes &

This morning arrived

Miss Cook,

Chas H. Cole

Mrs Sumpster & 3 child^{ren}

Mary Golden

Alice McPhillips

Mrs Hurdle & 2 child^{ren}

Mrs Hoge

Mrs Inone

Sister Mary Curtin

Thomas C. Byler

Eliza Shrewer

Mrs Bullard & 1 child

Mrs Gardner & 2 child^{ren}

Mrs Snyder & 1 child

Maria. C. Postwick

Miss Brent

Miss Parks

Mrs Swan & 1 child

Mrs Myers

Mrs Johnson

I go South

Amos A. Davis

Cap^t & Prov Marshal

898

Mar 21 6 -

Notes on
Citizens

Camp Hamilton August 25. 1862

To
Major W. B. Jones
Honourable Marshal
Dep't of War

Sir
I have

the honor to report

That complaints are coming in from the people living on Hampton creek inside Camp Hamilton to the effect that their lives & property are in danger from the new troops who have encamped on the Hampton side of the creek.

The troops there find at endangering the people living on the creek. Mr Craun a good Union man reports three cases where his men & other people living there have been very nearly shot.

There seems to be a great lack of discipline & order among the troops just arrived.

I have sent a guard this morning to Mr Craun's house with orders to guard his property if it requires force to do it.

Lawrence Qualter & Patrick Duffly are respectfully sent you this morning. The Boy Qualter has been pretty well punished & will pay for what he has taken. Duffly is a bad man.

The teams crossing Hampton Bridge do so without order and have during yesterday injured the bridge. I have posted a guard at the bridge with strict orders to prevent rapid driving & have the teams kept in order which will prevent further damage.

Respectfully Submitted

J. M. Guley Jr
Capt. & Honourable Marshal
Camp Hamilton

900

From. Secret Book

Proc. Mem. of Hannibal

Nov. 8th 1862

Citizens

bearing testimony
against General Grant
& Col. Schuth...

Office of Provost & Marshal

Stannibal Mo. March. 8th 1862

Col. Bernard G. Farnan

Provost Marshal General.

Sir: I herewith transmit
transcripts of proceedings in the cases of
Courser Coontz & Coley Schutte
both of whom are in custody awaiting
your order respecting them.

Respectfully

Your ob^d serv^t

Josiah Brown

Provost Marshal
of Stannibal

20. Col. F. D. Anderson
901 Avernum Nov 5th
62

Concerning order
for release of David
San Harris & James
Henry.

10/11/62

Ans. was signed

Head Quarters 7th Reg't Mo. Vol.
Hermann March 5th 1862

Bernard G. Farnas

Prov. Mar. Gen'l St Louis Mo.

Sir:

Special Orders No 167. bearing date St Louis March 3rd 1862 was received yesterday. I am sorry to say that we cannot comply with the order, for the simple reason that on the 26th of February we received a letter from you, of which a copy is herewith enclosed, requesting us to release the prisoners upon their taking the oath. This was done in accordance to your directions, as you might have supposed, and I must confess that I am at a loss both to account for the order after having received your directions to release prisoners upon taking the Oath.

You will recollect probably that after sending the evidence in writing together with a letter to y^r. office, we waited for more than two weeks for an answer, and were compelled to draw your attention to the matter by another letter, and having received your answer we of course followed the directions given to us.

Respectfully Yours

Carl" Hundhausen

Lieut Col. 7th Reg't Mo Vol.

Office of the Provost Marshal Gen'l
Department of the Mo.
St. Louis Mo 26th / 62.

Col Robt Hundhausen
Hermann Mo.
Sir:

Your letter of
the 22nd inquiring as to the disposition of two prisoners
James Usher and Davison Harris now held by
you is received.

You will release them on taking the oath
of allegiance

Very Respectfully Yours
Bernard G. Farrow
Prov't Marshal Gen'l.

902

Copy of Letter sent
Pres Mass Genl. St Louis

March 22nd 1862

Citizen
Heath

Provost Marshals Office

Clinton Henry Co, Missouri

March 22^d 1862.

St Col P G Farnsworth

Provost Marshal Genl. St Louis Mo

Sir I have the honor to enclose herewith, two Reports of prisoners, No 1. of those prisoners released on taking the oath of Allegiance; No 2. of those who have given Bonds for future loyalty to the Government.

I also enclose the testimony in the case of three prisoners, to wit. Ruben Dye, William C. Bond and David Owen, whom the Commanding officer here has determined to send to Jefferson City, as you will perceive by his endorsements on each case.

The oath of Allegiance has been administered to (125) one hundred and twenty five persons, who have voluntarily assumed it, besides those from whom Bonds have been required.

Respy Your Obedt Serv

Capt 1st Iowa Cavalry
Provost Marshal

 Paths

 March 5. 1862

Barrow Mrs H.

Chilton Wm.

Corne M. D.

~~St. Louis Co Mo~~

M. Trapp

 Green Crater R.

Cits

I do Solemnly Swear, That I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States against all enemies, whether domestic or foreign, and that I will bear true faith, allegiance and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, resolution or law of any State Convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding; and further, that I do this with a full determination, pledge and purpose, without any mental reservation or evasion whatsoever; and further, that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties which may be required of me by law: so help me God.

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this Fifth day of
March, 1862.

Wm. D. Corn
William H. Barron
William Chilton

Orastus R. Green

Notary Public
St. Louis Mo.

Mr D Coane

Mr H Barn

Mr Chilton

904

Mar 62

Oct.

Special Order No 188
Letter

Office of the Provost Marshal General,

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis, March 8. 1862.

Special order
no. 183.

The Provost Marshal at Hannibal will arrest and hold for trial before a military Commission to be ordered for that purpose, the following named parties in the county of Ralls,

James S Dimmitt
Landy Tagan
Francis R Stout
James H Leas
George S Lake
Alfred Kellman.

upon the charge of exercising the functions of a civil officer, in violation of the order of Maj Genl Halleck Comdg Dept of the Mo,

offl.

Chas W Fletcher
apt

sig⁵

Bernard L Narran
Prov M^r Genl

905

Letter from Pro. Man. Gen.

March 18th 62

about Ralls Co officers

ditto.

Office of the Provost Marshal General,

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis, March 18th 1862.

Major,

If you succeed in arresting
Muldrow Sheriff of Call County,
hold him until further orders, in the
meantime get all the evidence you
can against him and for. me copy
of it, If Dimmitt and Leas propose
to resign, take the oath and give bond
each in \$1000: release them on doing so,

Very Respectfully

Yours obly

offl
Wm C Metcher
asst.

B G Barran
Prov M Genl

To Maj Hunt
Prov Marshal
Stannibal Mo

906

Special order No. 194
Letter

City

Mar 62

Office of the Provost Marshal General,
DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Mar 11th 1862.

Special Order

No. 194.

The Provost Marshal at Hannibal,
will release Col. Schults, he taking
the oath of allegiance and giving bond.

Corporal Corrente, he will hold for
trial before nearest Military Commission.

Bernard S. Harrod
Prov. Mar. Genl.

Pa 43
St. J. Pilot Knob, Mo.
March 26, 1862

Col. J. M. Bell
Commanding Post

By authority of Col. Leavelle
I have arrested and sent under
guard to S. J. Quinn, two
Merchant Partners. Have
taken possession of their store
with five or six thousand dol-
lar worth of Merchandise.
A \$5000 in Cash; & \$1000
in State Treas. Warrants.

The prisoners have been ordered
to be delivered to the Provost
Marshal, St. Louis -

Wm. J. Bell
file
Col. J. M. Bell, March 26, 1862

Hq. Ins. Dept. of the Miss.
March 29th 1862

Respectfully referred to the
Provost Marshal General,
By order of Maj. Genl. Halleck

J. C. Kelton

Please return the Communicat^{ion}

Office Provost Marshal General
Fort Monroe 29th Mar 1862

Respectfully returned to Maj Genl H A
Halleck Comdg Spt. Miss. Copies retained
at this office, and instructions respect-
fully asked, as to what portions of
the within is referred to this office
If the Provost Marshal General
shall take the custody of the
property seized as well as the
examination of the charges,

Bernard G. Farrow
Provost Marshal Genl

Headquarters Post Knob Mo
March 26th / 1862,

Col J. L. Kelton,
Apt adjt Genl,
Sir.

This morning at
8 1/2 o'clock, I arrested, in Monton, two Merchant Partners,
upon the enclosed Authority from Col Carlin, and forward
them, under guard, to St Louis. I have taken possession
of the store, with, perhaps, some five or six thousand Dollars
worth of Merchandise, and six hundred and fifty four Dollars
Cash, and one hundred and sixty in State Warrants Mo.
I have ordered the Prisoners to be delivered to the Marshal
Marshal, St Louis, and desire orders as to the Merchandise.

I have the Honor to be,
Respectfully,

Your Obedt Servt.
J. M. Bell
Col Comd Post

7 13 43 62

H^o. Gen. Lewis Stehob
March 25 - 1862

Col. W. P. Carlin
38th Ill. Vol. Inf.
Army Office at Stanton

Directing the arrest of
Certain Merchants at
Stanton, who are accused
of furnishing information
to the Enemy, in relation
to the movements &c. of
our Army —

Rec. Dep. Miss. March 26/62

Head Quarters Revere Station

March 22^d - 1862

Commanding Officer Forten:

Arrest Long and Cassin Merchants
at Forten. They have been informing
the rebels of the movements numbers and
disposition of United States troops in this
District. They should be sent to the
military prison at Forten and detained.
Cassin has the reputation of being a
Union man, but the information against them
comes from rebel sources.

To

Very respectfully

John W. Hunt

W. P. Cassin

Capt 38th Me, 22

Head Quarters Revere Station

March 22^d - 1862

Commanding Officer Fronton;

Wm. J. Long and Cassin Merchants
at Fronton. They have been informing

the rebels of the movements numbers and
disposition of United States troops in this
District. They should be sent to the
military prison at St. Louis and detained.

Carson has the reputation of being a
Union man, but the information against them
comes from rebel sources.

To

Very respectfully

John W. Hunt

W. P. Carson

Capt 34th Ill. Reg
Camp

J. H. 2. 6
 Auburn, Saragamo Co.
 Md. 1862

Petition of 16 Citizens of
 Auburn - for the release of M.
 Brooks, Wm. J. Brooks, Wm.
 Knabb, Henry Hutton, Wm.
 Richardson, & A. C. Gish,
 now confined at Alton,
 giving money to an escaped
 Rebel prisoner.

Are acquainted with Prison
 & believe that the Act was
 committed in a dening
 & without intention to aid
 in the Rebellion or violate
 the Law.

Are good and law abiding
 Citizens.

~~A. H. H. H.~~

Received of the

Auburn Sangamon Co Ill

Mr H W Hallcock

Major General Com
Western Department

Dr Sir we the undersigned citizens
of ~~Auburn~~ ~~Ill~~ learn that
H C Proctor Wm P Brooks, Knute
Henry Christian Wm Richardson and A
C Gish is now confined in the
military Prison at Allan ~~by you~~
~~order~~ as a charge of ^{giving money to} ~~aiding out the~~
^{an escape} ~~escape~~ of a rebel prisoner, now
this is to say we the undersigned
have long been acquainted with these
men and it is our firm belief
that the act that they committed was
done inadvertently and that it was
not done by any of them to aid
the rebellion or violate any law of
the U S, and that these men are
good citizens and law abiding
men and we pray that if it is concis
with your feelings that they be immediat
released and be allowed to return to
their families

J R Patterson
John Tucky
John L D Herland
William H Harland
Samuel Gist
William Moore jr
Wm D Johnston
Richard Johnston
M M Moore
Salmon A Moffit
P. Wineman
James P. Russell
C N Nance
John Nance
L B Bunker
Pearl Moore

Albany, Saragoman Co. Ill.
March 22. 1862

Petition of 20 Citizens of Albany - for the release of St. C. Brooks, Wm. P. Brooks, M. G. Knapp, Henry Hutton, Wm. Richardson & St. C. Gish now confined at Alton, for giving money to an escaped Rebel prisoner, are acquainted with Prisoner & believe that the act was committed inadvertently & without intention to aid in the rebellion.
Are good & law abiding citizens.

Fu-burn Sangamon Co Ills
March 22 1842

Mr H. W. Hallock
Major General
Western Department

Dear Sir

We the undersigned citizens
of Fu-burn learn that
N. G. Brooks W. P. Brooks
M. G. Marshall Henry Hutton G. R. Peterson
D. C. & G. Gish is now confined in
the Military Prison at Alton
on a charge of giving money to an
escaped rebel prisoner Now this
is to say We the undersigned
have long been acquainted with
the men and it is our belief
that the act that they committed
was done involuntarily and that it was
not done by any of them to aid
the Rebellion or violate any law
of the U. S. and that those men
are good citizens and law abiding
men and we pray that if it is
agreeable with your feelings that they
be immediately released and be
allowed to return to their families

Thomas C. Gentry
Hadden S. Wineman
Willis Hearber
J. S. Wineman

Joseph Bullard
Daniel B. Kesler
Jose Lockrell

Thomas C. Gifford
Horton S. Wineman

Wm. Hearber

S. J. Wineman

J. F. Chillum

W. Asbury

Jefferson & H. Davis

Wesley Hunter

John Fowler

D. S. M.

R. S. McVey

William H. Cockrell

Joseph Bullard

Daniel B. Kesler

Jose Cockrell

J. M. Wyatt

Wm. S. Nuttall

Peter B. Bodin

Cas. Bruce

George Bodin

E. P. Williams

Auburn, Sangamon Co.
Ills.

Petition of 45 Citizens of Au-
burn - for the release of N. C.
Brooks, Wm. F. Broyles, M. G.
Knapp, Henry Hutton, Wm.
Richardson & A. C. Gish
now confined at Alton
for giving money to an es-
caped rebel prisoner.

Are acquainted with prisoner
& believe that the act was
committed inadvertently
& without intention to
aid the rebellion.

Are good & law abiding
Citizens.

Auburn Saraguan Co Ill

W M. Hallock

Major General U.S. Army

Dear Sir we the undersigned citizens
of Auburn believe that ~~W. L. Brooks~~
Wm P Brooks M. S. Knobb Henry Hutton
Wm Richardson and ~~John~~ ~~Rich~~ is now
confined in the Military Prison at
Atlan on a charge of giving money
to an escaped rebel Prisoner. Now this
is to say that we the undersigned
have long been acquainted with those
men and it is our firm belief
that the act that they committed was
done inadvertently and that it was
not their intention to aid in the
Rebellion or violate any laws of the
U.S. and those men are good and
true abiding citizens and we pray
that if it is consistent with your
feeling that they be immediately released
and be allowed to return to their
families and we your humble
petitioners will ever pray

Jacob Kinnel

Michael Caylor

John Carr

John Chaffin

Michl. Gardner

Arum. Shreembe

~~John~~

John Hanly

Flora Mack

Wesley Loudenwick

Wm Loudenwick

David Marshall

Samuel Coombs

Peter Galt

Stiram Orr

~~John~~

~~John~~

~~John~~

John Hanly
Thos Mac
Michael
George
Edward
John Timbrook
Michael
Leomar d FOSTER
Georg. L. Organ
David P
Wm H. Melure
Samuel
D. H. Organ
J. S. Organ
H. M. Rawson
H. W. Larabee
Wm P Larabee
E. Wray
James Rauch
Charles Rauch
David S
J. S. Gyle
J. M. Hunter

H. B. Hub
O. P. E. E. E.

Auburn, Sangamon Co,
Ills.

Petition of 37 Citizens of
Auburn - for the release of
N. C. Brooks, Wm. J. Brooks,
M. G. Knapp, Henry Hutton,
Wm. Richardson & Co.
Rich, now confined at
Alton, for giving money to
an escaped Rebel prisoner.

Belief that the act was
committed inadvertently
& without intention to
aid in the rebellion.

Are good & law abiding
Citizens.

Auburn Sangamon Co Ill

W. W. Haddock

Major General U.S. Army

Or Sir, we the undersigned citizens of Auburn learn that W. C. Brooks, Wm P Brooks, W. G. Knobb, Henry Houttan, Wm. Richardson and A. C. Fish is now confined in the Military Prison at Allan on a charge of giving money to an escaped rebel Prisoner. Now this is to say that we have long been acquainted with these men and it is our firm belief that the act that they committed was done unadvisedly and that it was not their intention to aid in the rebellion or violate any law of the (U.S.) and that these are good and law abiding citizens and we pray that if it is essential with your feelings that they be immediately released and be allowed to return to their families and we your humble petitioners will ever pray

J. N. Kimmery	H. M. Boyden
Thomas Blackstone	J. B. Hardin
G. W. Thomas	S. T. Sanders
Elmer Stout	A. G. Birmingham
J. M. Stout	John Peoply
W. M. Stout	George Goring
Samuel Welch	W. J. Hatten
John Eade	John Nickolls
	H. H. Hatten

S. N. Kemmerly & H. M. Bay Sen

Thomas Blackden S. B. Hardin

G. W. Gimmus S. T. Sanders

Elmer Stout A. G. Burmington

J. C. Stout John Prophy

W. McKimney George Goring

Samuel Welch R. J. Walter

Stephen Eade John Nuckolls Sen

D. Stout Matthias Lillmann

J. H. Speller J. W. Nuckolls

J. T. Black E. A. Wilson

William Winter J. C. Wilson

N. Cooley J. D. Nuckolls

L. Lewis E. J. Nuckolls

Wm. Albany Benjamin Burt

W. H. Burmington

James Wilson

Samuel Kemmerly

Wm. Burt

J. Burt

Jacob Ball

Joseph Weyford

Auburn, Saragamo Co. Ill.
March 22, 1862

Petition of 52 Citizens of Au-
burn - for the release of N. B.
Brooks, Wm. P. Brooks, M. G.
Knabb, Henry Hutton, Wm.
Richardson & A. C. Gish who
were confined at Alton, for giving
money to an escaped Rebel
prisoner, are acquainted with
prisoners, believe that the act
was committed inadvertently
& without intention to aid
the rebellion.

Are good & law abiding citizens.

B. S. Edwards certifies to a
number of the signers to be
respectable & loyal Citizens.

Rich^d. Yates certifies to R.
N. Hall (a signer) to be a
loyal Union man also
Col. Mitchell.

Auburn Saraguan to J. H.
March 22/62

Mr W. W. Hallock
Major Gen. of U.S. Army

Or sir we the undersigned citizens
of Auburn learn that A. C. Brooks
Mr P. Brooks M. G. Knabel Henry Hutton
Mr Richardson and A. C. Gish is now
confined in the Military Prison at
Allan on a charge of giving money
to an escaped Rebel prisoner. Now
this is to say that we the undersigned
have long known those men and
it is our firm belief that the
act that they committed was done
inadvertently and that it was not
done to aid in the Rebellion or
violate any laws of the (U.S.) and
that those men are good and law
abiding men and we pray that if
it is consistent with your feeling
that they be immediately released and
~~be allowed~~ to return to their families
and we your humble petitioners
will ever pray

R. N. Heron
Matthew Potter
A. B. Jones
David S. Patton
George M. Gove
Joel B. Woolsey

Henry Shutt
W. H. Wierman
Joseph W. Kinney
R. McCoy
A. J. Child
John Wrightman
J. G. Hoyer
E. W. Tucker

David H. Patton
George M. Grove
Joel B. Woolsey

A. J. Child
John Wrightman
J. G. Sawyer
E. W. Tucker

Col. James Patton
Jacob Rauch
A. Rauch

Wm. Carrig
D. Sill
Patt. Keenan

John Bueh
William Smith
Thomas Howell
W. K. Lockridge

J. Baker
Loyal Davis
Thomas Sutton
George Bremer

James Hart
Thomas Anderson
Michael Carey
Thos. Johnson

Geo. Armstrong
John Armstrong
William H. Colean
Samuel S. Lillard

W. Underkoffler
Joseph Wrightman
John Hinson
John Walt

B. G. Simpson
Geo. W. Wallace
John R. Sullivan
Jeremiah Dwyer

B. B. Gyg
W. H. Hearn
J. F. Patton
A. B. Spencer

James Galbreath
John Stanfield
C. C. Copley
John Williams - of Springfield

I am personally acquainted with a number
of the signers of the foregoing petition and
know them to be respectable and loyal
citizens of this state

P. S. Edward

Springfield, Ills

March 21, 1862

Maj. Gen Halleck

Dear Sir

I am well ac-
quainted with R. H. Ham Esq
whose name is attached to the
forgoing paper and know
him to be a loyal Union
man and a substantial
citizen - His statements are
entitled to credence -

I also know Col
Mitchell well ~~and believe~~
also a worthy and loyal
Union man of high
standing and respectability
and worthy of ~~the~~
~~same~~

Respectfully

Rich. Yates

file

file

000

Leesburg Baths
of
Alleghenies
March, 1862

City

1862

1862

Wash

Citizens to whom the oath of allegiance
was administered by Col Croft Greary

March 9th Leesburg va

Wm D Havender	Peter Meyer
Robert Campbell	Joseph Wildman
Sam Mullen	Joe McDonough
Edward Poland	Convin Ryan
Saul Orison	Wm Casey
David Fry	Michl Mullen
Thomas Manigan	James Bradley
Wm J Forsyth	

March 10th

Mathew M Daniel	John Mathew
Wm James (of Stafford)	Elkanon Thompson
William Stafford	L J Jones
Thomas & Gordon (near Lees Spring)	Wm Giddings
Kenew Sheryock	March 11 th
Joseph Turner (near Leesburg)	John Vitz (Parole of Honor Wm P Sackett)

March 11th

James Low	John Forsyth
Henry Strubbe	Rev James McDonohan
Burr Powell	Wm Sydes
Thos Jackson	

March 12

Thos A Stapleton	John Gove
Philip F Damselle	James Hester
James Gregg	James M Wallace
C Debow	Lease B Porter (near N A)

Statement of
H. P. Gaultman
of Fairfax Co Va.

17th March 1862.

City

Statement of
H. P. Luskham
Citizen Wisconsin
from Fairfax
County, Va

March 12 1882

Statement of H. P. Lenham,
(a Citizen Prisoner Sent in by Genl.
McCall) Made at the Office of the
Provost Marshal, (E. J. Dept.) March
12th 1862,

He states that he is 62 years
of age; that his occupation is that
of a farmer, and he resides, when
at home, on the line Fairfax County,
Va., on the road from Fairfax C. H.,
to Dranesville, about five miles from
the C. H. and about 7 miles from
Dranesville; that he voted for se-
cession and talked some too, to that
end, but has never taken any active
part in the present rebellion; that
he has lately changed his opinion
on the subject, else he would not
have given himself up to General
McCall; that for the last four
months he has been stopping away
from home, within the rebel picket
line, for the reason that he was
not allowed by the rebel authorities
to come home, his place home being
outside of the rebel picket lines;
that he went within the line of
the rebels, in the first place, to

Collect some money - that at the
same time he took some of his
colored people within the rebel
lines to keep them from running
away; that he then could not
get a pass to come back home;
that he has been stopping with
a friend named Nelson Wilson in
the Edge of Loudon County, three
or 4 miles above (west of) Stryping
Run; that he has not seen any-
thing of the rebel troops lately,
and does not know anything
about their movements - except
that he has heard that they have
retired from Centerville and
Manassas; that as soon as
he heard the rebel picket line
was removed between where he
was and his home, he started
for home, on his way to which
he fell in with the ^{federal} ~~rebel~~ pickets
who took him in charge and
sent him to Head-Quarters, whence
he was sent to this City;

455. His ~~7~~ ~~11~~ ~~1862~~

Davis Johnson

H. P. Garham

Benj. F. Johnson

John H. Allen

~~CP~~
Headquarters McCall's Div

Big Gul near to McCall's

Headquarters 11th Nov 1862

to Brig Genl R. B. Harvey

Chief of Staff

on sending in the above.

~~CP~~

Recd. Mar. 12th 1862

(See letter book)

Head Quarters M^cCall's Iron
Hunters Mills March 11. 1862

Brig Genl R. B. Maney
Chief of Staff

General

Herewith are sent in four seces-
sionists who have been within the picket
lines of the enemy, viz.

H. P. Lanham resides 5 miles north of
Fairfax court house near road from there
to Danesville & about 2 miles from Seime
was a secessionist, & resided within their lines, until
now, says he took no active part.

Lewis Johnson lives on road from the Old
Court House this side of Lewisville to Hunters
mill on N & side of RR about 1½ miles from
Hunters mill. This man is known to
our guide as a bad character & as having
betrayed Federal soldiers after battle of
Bull Run to the rebel troops.

B. N. Johnson lives on road from Hunters
mill to Danesville he reports that he came
from near Lewisville yesterday.

John²⁶ Allen. he lives about 2½ miles from
this place on the Alexandria Turnpike
& says he was right before last in com-
pany with B. G. Johnson previously
named inside our lines near Seal
Murrells Head Quarters.

These two last men have the repute
of having acted heretofore as scout
for the enemy.

Very respectfully
Yours Oth. Sub
Geo. A. W. Cobb
B. G. Johnson

Lewis Johnson
Old Capitol Room
14th March 1862

to Mr Henry Dyer

455 - 201

(Copy)

Old Capitol Prison

March 14th 1862.

Dear Sir.

Oblige me by seeing Mrs. Joshua Butler, who lives on 7th St. on the Island and get her to go to the Provost Marshall's Office and testify to the fact that I was not at home at the time of the arrest of a squad of Federal soldiers by the Confederates at my house on Wednesday after the Battle of Bull Run.

I am charged with being accessory to the same - she knows I was at work at her house when the arrest was made and had no agency in the matter.

Respectfully

Lewis Johnson

To Mr Kinsey Oyer
Washington D.C.

Statement of Lewis
Johnson of Fairfax Co Va
12th March 1862

Not knowing that there was any Relief
Company in the vicinity - and therefore
they would be perfectly safe -

Head Quarters City Guard
Office Provost Marshal General
Washington March 13th 1862

Levors Johnson

I am 48 Years Old, born in
Fairfax County Va about 5 miles from Vienna
North on the road leading from the old
Court House to Hunters Mill north side the
road white frame two story House. I was
born 4 or 5 miles above Vienna and above
where I now live. I am a farmer I have
in and about two hundred acres I own
11 Slaves some are hired out and some are
at home: but they were all under my control
- old, when I left some time in October last
I have a wife and three grown daughters at
home - No sons. I have no slaves employed
in the Rebel Army nor never have had that I
am aware of. I have never cast but one vote
in Eight years - never voted for but one Pres-
ident in my life and that was for Genl
Narrison I was always an old line whig never
voted for but one Democrat in my life, and that
was the Sheriff of the County John Powell.
I fell back about the time the Rebel Army
did to Frying Pan - or rather 5 miles above
west took my negroes with me to Bro Hills
remained there a while and then took them
to Wm Slombs Loudon County two miles north

& between Leesburg I left with him for a year one man, one woman & four children slaves for one year. I left with Geo Wallace Summers one woman & two children, slaves in Starghan County Va nearest to Middleburg. I spent most of time after I left (I think) about the 15th October last at the House of Nelson Wilsons as it was the nearest to my home - just above Payson Pass -

I have never rendered any assistance to the Rebel Army except they would come there and eat the same as the Union men has done when they were there. I intended to be neutral in this matter and I fed both men and horses from both sides when they would come. The Confederate Army bought of me one hundred and fifty six bushels of oats - paid me for a portion, and I gave the bill to Geo Powell. He might have received the balance he paid me some. They took a stack of hay from me over on the Rail Road I did not know until it was gone. I also let them have butter, Egg & some potatoes. I do not remember any thing else as that is about all we have to sell. I never sold the Union Army anything as they never called for any thing as they were no nearer than Vienna. Unless they have taken something this time. If they had called on me I would have sold them anything

I had to spare I have hay now, and if I were home & they wanted it I would sell it to them. I was in Centerville ^{or four} three times, at Flint Hill once, and at Vienna say about three times while they the Confederate troops were there. I went to Centerville to see my brother who was under arrest once & second time to collect money or get the pay for my hay and balance due on oats. I passed through there at the time I fell back in October ^{with my servants} I never gave them any information as to the Federal Forces or location of Pickett's never knew any thing of the kind. Never gave any information by which any Union Troops were caught after the battle but about eight of them were caught at my house on Wednesday after the battle as they were getting something to eat. I was not at home at the time. It was in the afternoon I had eaten my dinner and gone after hay over on the Rail Road at Mr Joshua Butlers I had rented a meadow there. I had in their ^{arrest} hand what ever.

I came down and gave myself up to Gen McColl like a man. I would not for the world do any thing wrong. I am a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 20 years. I never would intentionally wrong ^{any one} My whole aim in these troubles was to be neutral.

What could a man do - If I had remained at home when the Rebels were there I would have to be their friend, & when the Federals moved forward I would have to be on that side and what is a man to do - Every step I have taken I have endeavoured to be neutral. I never voted for the dissolution of the Union - If there is any charges against me for those men arrested at my house I want Mrs Joshua Butler called as she knows all about it she lives on 7th Street over on the Island - My brother sent them to my house or told them he guessed they could get some thing to eat at my house and it was a good place as it was out of the way place they offered my daughter two dollar and a half gold piece and she would not take it - All I ask in Gods world is to be allowed to go home with my family and there remain and attend to my business - I am perfectly willing to take the oath

The brother I speak of who directed the soldiers to my house, done it with the best intentions, and the best of motives not knowing that there was any Rebel Cavalry in the vicinity and supposed they would be perfectly safe -

Statement of Edward
Johnson of Hartford
12th March 1867

Statement of
John H. Allen
of Fairfax Co. Va

12th March 1862.

Head Quarters City Guard
Office of Provost Marshal
Washington 12th March 1862.

Statement of.

John H. Allen.

That he 24 years old was born
in Fairfax Co. Va.

That he has been in Washington ^{or Georgetown} since the
28 of last May until last Monday 9th Inst. That he
has been in the employ of the Government watching a train
of wagons at the observatory ^{until} about last August.

That on the 5th of Feb last he got a paper from
the Pro. Mar. Office to go across the River and cut wood that
he was taken sick and did not go.

That after he left the employ of the Govern-
ment last fall he went to work threshing grain for
Gen. Smith ^{across the River.}

That he has been boarding at Mrs Mary
Kirby's about 1/2 a mile the other side of Beacon Hill.

That last Monday he went home to Hunter
Hill ~~across~~ on the Alexandria Pike, in company with
Benjamin F. Johnson who lives about two miles from where
he does, where he arrived the same night. That on Tuesday
morning he went over to Johnson's house and there found
two men who had come from the other side of the line,
who were coming in to give themselves up. The names of the
two men are Johnson and Lavan. They reside at Hunter
Hill. he don't know what they had been doing across
the line, or when they went over.

That he has not been home since he left last
May nor outside of the ^{lines} No. 3 picket but ~~was~~ ~~said~~ ~~that~~
~~was~~ ~~when~~ ~~he~~ ~~was~~ ~~only~~ ~~when~~ ~~he~~ ~~was~~ ~~there~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~Government~~ ~~that~~ ~~when~~ ~~he~~ ~~went~~ ~~out~~ ~~there~~ ~~was~~ ~~a~~ ~~guard~~ ~~with~~ ~~him~~ ~~at~~ ~~that~~ ~~time~~ ~~and~~ ~~that~~ ~~he~~ ~~has~~
was when he was there for Genl Smith, ^{shauling} ~~he~~ ~~was~~
for the Government, that when he went out there was a guard ~~with~~
~~with~~ ~~him~~ ~~at~~ ~~that~~ ~~time~~ ~~and~~ ~~that~~ ~~he~~ ~~has~~
with him.

That on Tuesday morning (11th Inst) he went
with the two men before spoken of (Johnson & Lannan)
and B. F. Johnson (the one who went home with him) to the
headquarters of Genl Morell at Hunter Hill, that
Johnson & Lannan went there for the purpose of learning
if they could remain at home without being subject
to arrest for having been across the line.

That previous to their going to Genl Morell, John-
son & Lannan had gone to the Col of the 6th Pa Regt and
given themselves up, that they remained there awhile until
Genl Lord came when he (Genl) told them they could
go home, that they asked Genl Lord ~~to~~ give them some-
thing to show that they had permission to go home, and
that he sent them to Genl Morell.

That they stated their case to Genl Morell and
that he sent them all into the City under arrest.

That his only motive in going home was to see
his friends.

That he can give good references as to his
loyalty.

Statement of
Benjamin F. Johnson
of Fairfax Co.

12th March 1862.

Head Quarters City Guard
Office of the Provost Marshal
March 19th 1862.

Statement of
Benjamin J. Johnson

I am
20 years old, and was born 2 1/2 miles East
of Drainsville Fairfax Co. Virginia.

My Mother
owns a farm of 100 acres where I was born
and I have been usually employed in
working for her on the farm.

I left home on
the 29th of May 1861, and came to
Washington, and was engaged driving
a Govt Team for a month. I then
went and assisted my Brother Charles
who lives in Georgetown to haul some
wood from Montgomery County Md into
Washington. I continued with my
brother until about the 1st of August
when I went over into Va and
was employed in building a Fort which
stands west of Fort Corcoran. I think
it is called Fort Woodbury. I have
formerly been to work on a fort which
stands on Lee's place.

after we have
completed Fort Woodbury, I was

employed by Mr. Henry Nelson to assist him with his thrashing machine in thrashing some Grain for Genl. Smith, near Langley, in Va. I was with Mr. Nelson several weeks, and then left him and came to Washington.

I next came on a pass which Mr. Nelson had for himself his machine & 12 hands, after I came back to this City, it was in September, and I was employed by Mr. Henry Shipman who had procured a pass for himself & 3 hands to go to a place $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile beyond Swinsville, to gather in his Corn & Husk it.

I was there 4 weeks and when I was through there, I went to Mrs. Charles Kirbys, who resides about 4 miles south of the Potomac, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile north of Falls Church. I assisted her to get her Corn in and have been staying with her ever since, until Monday evening, when the Federal Troops advanced, I thought I would go and see my Mother, and next home, upon arriving at my Mother's

He found my Uncle Lewis Johnson and
Horatio P. Lankam, there.

They said they
were going to give themselves up to the
Federal Authorities.

I advised them to
go down to the Head Quarters of Brig-
Genl McClellan and do that, and as
I was going down that way to see
my Aunt, I went with them.
we came to Gen. Ord's Quarters first
and was by him sent to Genl McClellan
who asked us some questions, and
then sent us to Washington.

I have never
outside of our lines, except when
I went with Shipman in September
last, and I never visited any
of their Camps. Never seen any other
Soldiers, except a small company
of Cavalry who were taken prisoners
at Alexandria, when Col. Ellsworth
went there last Spring.

I ran away from
Virginia, ^{the} in first place to keep from being
pressed into the Rebel Service, and
I never went near them for fear I
would be taken by them.

I am willing.

to take the oath of Allegiance, and
I have always been a friend of the
Union, and like my brother
Thomas J. Johnson, do all I can
to support it.

Statement of
Benjamin J. Johnson
of Sayre Co.

12th March 1862.

(No.)

911

Glasgow Tho. March 10/864

Atto

McCoy To S.
Lt. & Treas. Mar.

Sending return & binds

Recd March 21. 1864

Provost Marshal Office
Glasgow Mo, March 10. 1862

Charles S. Sheldon

Atty

Sir

Enclosed

please find our "returns" - You will
note the oath of Tho's. Shackelford a
cautious and eccentric Union Man &
Bank Director. - Also the Bond
of Parks numbered "184" - The
Corresponding oath having gone with
the last returns - I have retained
two Oaths, one of Wm. & the other of
Gysa Martin, now on parole to get
security on their bonds -

Your Respectfully,

L. S. McCoy Lt

Provost Marshal

Glasgow Mo

Charles S. Sheldon

Atty

St Louis Mo

Stoughton, Ms.
March 22, 1862

W. P. Boyd

Citizen of Stoughton, Ms.

John Huey, a farmer of Hancock Co. Ms, desires his nephew George Kenty, - a prisoner from Missouri, at St. Louis, - who is in very delicate health, released on parole, until his health is restored. Kenty himself desires this.

As I know Kenty many years, & he would keep his parole strictly; he might be limited to the township or farm where Huey resides.

David Davis endorses Col. W. P. Boyd as a gentleman of integrity, honor & activity.
D. Davis Feb 24/62

Hq. Gen. Dept. of the Miss.
March 26th 1862

Respectfully referred to Colonel Richard D. Cutler
President of Military Board for examination of Prisoners
of war. - By order of Maj. Genl. Halleck

W. Keeler

Major General

that Col. G. A. Allen is in the desire to go to Co. in the month of March would help parol the living in the degree as who is his to the health is

Bloomington Ill^o Oct 22^o 1862

Major General Halleck

Sir

I am informed that Mr George Kintly a prisoner at Alton from the State of Missouri is in very delicate health and desires to be released in his parole to go to his relations in Hancock County in this State. I am connected with Mr Kintly by marriage have known him for many years and would rely upon his keeping his parole strictly.

Mr John Wiley a farmer living in Hancock County Illinois desires as I learn that Mr Kintly who is his nephew, should be paroled to remain with him until his health is restored, his parole therefore

if it should seem convenient
to grant it, might be limited
to the Township or to the favor of
John Muey situated in the Township
Your attention to this will.

Much Obige

Yours

Respectfully

M. P. Boyd

Bloomington, Ill.
March 24, 60

Major General Halleck,

St Louis, Mo.

General. Col M. P. Boyd.

The writer of the foregoing
letter is a gentleman
of the highest character
for integrity & honor -

I have known him
for several years, and
do not believe that he
would make any request
that he did not think

was proper. neither
would he make any
statement. that he did
not believe was true
with Kyle Kiput
Your obedient
David Day

Fort Riley, Kansas.
March 8, 1862.

James M. Graham.
Capt. 8th Kansas. Comd.

etc

Relative to prisoners turned
over by U. S. Marshal for
safe keeping

Rec^d March 13.

Rec^d. N^o. 13th / 1862

Needs no action. The
papers will of course
be detained.

Fort Riley, Kansas
March 6th 1842

Charles G. Walpole,
Maj & Asst Adj Gen,
Fort Mearns
Sir.

Your letter in
reference to ^{to} Dr Lane and J M Sawyer
receiving way, there has never been
any charges pending against the above
named persons, they were turned
over by the United States Marshal,
to the for safe keeping into
the C. S. Court, and

Should these persons be
released on any civil writ of
Should feel bound to arrest
them, on charges, of "kidnapping"
vs, which would be brought
against them, they are both
desperate characters.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedt
Servt
James M. Graham
Capt. Co. "D" 1st Regt
Cavalry

15. 2
Benjamin F. Shreve
March - 62
Sarah E. Shreve

Aspen hollow

to Benj F. Shreve

2 Letters City

H. O. Hummer

to

B. W. Hummer.

Letters found with
Benj F. Shreve at
the time of his
arrest.

Statement of
Benjamin F. Shreve
of Fairfax Co. Va.

7th March 1862.

Reported on to Genl
McClellan March
8th 1862 S.P.

^{my} Head Quarters City Guard.

Office of the Provost Marshal
Washington D.C.

March 7th 1862.

Statement of
Benjamin E. Shreve

I am 41 years old, and was born
near Balls Cross roads Alexandria County
Virginia.

I am a Farmer and at present
own a farm of 140 acres of land where
I now reside, which is located about
a mile south of Falls Church Fairfax
County Va.

I am also a Magistrate of
the County.

On or about the 27th of
December last, when the Confederates fell
back from Masons & Minsons Hills, I
left my home, and went to Fairfax
Court House, where I remained for about
3 days, — sleeping in my Wagon, which
I had with me, as I could not ob-
tain any accommodation elsewhere.

My reasons for leaving
home was in consequence of the
reports which were in circulation over
in Virginia, i.e. that as the Federals ad-
vanced they would arrest & imprison all

parties who were residents of Va. without distinction of Politics.

and I left to avoid being arrested, which was my only motive for leaving my home at the time.

when I left Fairfax I proceeded to Warrenton.

My motive for going there was to be behind the Confederate Army. I did not put up with or stay with any person there but continued to stay in my wagon, which I still kept with me.

when I went away from home, the following name gentlemen went also and continued with me for some time. - Nicholas Feby, and his two sons Henry & John. Saul, Thore, a cousin of mine. Dan & Gordon & George Kirby.

The above parties left for the same reasons I did.

we remained at Warrenton for a few days when the Messrs. Febeys & me went to a Mr. John Dogan's at Groveton, on the Warrenton Pike & about 7 miles from Centerville we remained at Mr. Dogan's until

about the 1st of December, when
Henry Geboey & Me went to an Uncle of
mine ~~at~~ who resides about a mile N.E.
of Middleburg, in Loudon County.

during my stay at
~~my uncle William Swink's.~~ I received
a letter from my wife, informing
me of the sickness of some of my child-
ren, with Scarlet fever. She also men-
tioned that she had been treated very
kindly by the Federals, and requested
me to come home, as I need not be
afraid. For she had been assured ^{by} the
Officers that I should not be molested,
and I ought to be home.

The above letter
was written on the 20th Dec. but I
did not receive it for two weeks after
wards. And I was taken sick with
sore throat, so I could not go home
as soon as I at first intended, but
when I recovered, and became acquainted
with the way to get through the
Southern Picket Lines. I started, which
was on the morning of the 8th inst.
I was piloted through the lines by
a relation of mine, and not being
acquainted with that section of country
I cannot tell exactly which way I

near. but at all events we arrived in the vicinity of Drainsville, at the house of Mr Buzzard's, where I got some refreshments for myself & horse. and then went on to Mr Ripley, who resides about a mile south east of Drainsville, where I remained all night.

while I was at Mr. Ripley's I learned that two of my Cousins of mine, Jane & Annie Shreve were stopping in the neighborhood and wanted to go home. So I allowed them to ride my horse. I walked and we started for home, taking the Leesburg turnpike, along which we travelled until we came to within about a mile & a half of Falls Church, at the house of Mr Barnett, when we were arrested by the Federal Pickets, and conducted to the Head quarters of Brig-Genl Fitz John Porter, and by him sent to Washington where I arrived in company with the young ladies, about 7 p.m. last night.

I have never been a member of any military organization, except the militia, and that was a long time ago. I have a Nephew Richard Shreve a member of the 8th Regt. Va. Inf. and

5. I have another Nephew. Joseph Fitch
a member of Radford's Cavalry, acting
as Body Guard to Genl. Joseph Johnson.

Two weeks ago I was at Centerville
I went there to see my Nephews.

Genl Johnson's
Head Quarters is now in Centerville.

I do not
know how many troops there are at
Centerville & Manassas, can form any
idea as to the number, as they are
scattered about all over.

Generals Smith
Elzey & Early, ^{are} also there, don't know if
it is Gustavus W. Smith or Kirby Smith.
Genl Stewart is also there he commands
the Cavalry.

a day or two before I
left Middleburg. I was informed
by some of the soldiers who are going
& coming through the country, that
Genl. Smith was going to reinforce
Genl Jackson at Winchester. Some
said he had already gone, and others
said he was going.

I also heard the above
contradicted, and that it was
Genl. Elzey who was going, and not

Gen. Smith;

all I know about the matter is that I don't believe they have either of them gone. For I am of opinion that any considerable number of troops could ^{not} cross from the vicinity of Centerville or Manassas towards Winchester, without it being made known at Middleburg, where I have been for nearly 3 months.

I again say that I am entirely ignorant as regards the number of Troops, now in force at any one point, or the probable number the Confederates have in their whole army.

Gen. Long's Brigade was about 10 Days ago, removed from the vicinity of Winchester where they were under Gen. Jackson, and as I was informed by one of the Chaplains of the Brigade, that they were ordered to report at Manassas.

I was at Gainesville at the time I received the information of the Brigade was then on its march towards Manassas.

I have since been informed that some of them were

to Tennessee, but don't know how many.
I heard that some misunderstanding
occurred between Genl. Jackson
and Spring, and it was in consequence
of said misunderstanding, that Spring
was ordered away from there.

I never heard
they had fought a Duel.

I have been
told that the cars are running over
the Rail Road recently made from
Manasses to Centerville, and that the
run to within a mile of Centerville.
I believe this to be true for I have seen
men who have come over the road.

I am entirely ignorant as regards the
means of transportation now at the
service of the Confederates, on this road,
the number of Locomotives, or the
number of Cars.

and I have not seen
or heard of any new cars having been
recently built, or any old ones repaired
or any of the peculiar shape you
describe. If there is any such cars
I have never seen or heard of them.

I know that they have taken several
cars from the Balt. & Ohio R.R. and
they have them running on the Manassa

Exp. Road. I have noticed the name painted on them, but cannot tell the probable number they have nor know if they have any Locomotives from that Road.

I do not know of any new Roads, or Telegraph lines which have been made anywhere in that section of Country.

The 8th Regt. Va Vol. Col. Huntow, numbering 6 or 7000 men is now located on the dirt road leading from Centerville to Manassas, and about a mile from Centerville in a South east direction.

The 17th Va Vol. Col. Borse from Alexandria, is located on the same road, about 1/2 a mile from ~~the~~ Centerville, this Regt. numbers very near 10000 men.

The 18th Regt. Va Vol. I do not know the Col. or number of men is located a little farther out on the same road as the others, between the 8th & 17th Regts.

I know there are a great number of Artillery, at Centerville and Manassas, but I cannot designate their numbers, or names or where they are located.

9. I have understood that they are still engaged in fortifying Manasses. I was there about Christmas last and they were then engaged in erecting a Fort about half a mile from Manasses in a northwesterly direction on the Farm owned by Mr. Ware. it is a sort of square shaped & composed of dirt, which has been dug out and thrown up, all round, it was not finished, & I can't tell what number of Guns, there may be in it now.

The above is the only Defence, which has been erected recently to my knowledge either at Manasses or Centerville.

The Infantry are generally armed with Percussion Muskets, don't know what kind, some have Bayonets and some not.

I don't know what kind of Guns the Artillery have. I am entirely ignorant as regards the quality or quantity of their Ammunition.

They have plenty of Provisions. Beef & Bread, but salt is rather scarce, or is Coffee sugar is plenty. They also have some Bacon.

and pork. They also get some salt
Beef. Flour is very plenty and
sells at \$1. per Bushel.

Generally their
Horses is in rather bad Condition
Hay is plenty in some of the Counties
but the roads are so bad they cannot
get it. They feed their Horses principally
on Corn which is plenty. Oats is
very scarce.

Hay sells at a \$1- per 100 lbs.
Corn \$4- per Bushel. Oats 75¢ per Bushel
but there are very few Oats in the
Country.

They have an abundance of
Waggons for transportation purposes.
They are mostly the Common County
Wagon and their Harness seems
to in good Condition.

They are not
so well clad as the Federal Army
but they seem to be very comfortable
in their shape.

I don't know if they have
received any new clothing recently, they
have no regular uniform. It is composed
of all kinds of cloth and the cloth
is all colors. Some hats & some caps.
I have seen some having Overcoats

the same as the Federal Soldiers.
but as a general thing their clothes
is grey colored.

The Army at and
around Centerville & Manassas are
mostly quartered in Log Huts.
A some few in Tents.

The feeling which
exists among the troops as far as
I can say is that they are ready
for a fight, and seem confident
of success. The news of the fall
of Forts. Henry & Donelson, seem to
have discouraged some, but it has
also had a tendency stimulate others
to perform greater deeds, to retrieve
the defeats they have sustained at
those places.

The citizens generally
around Middleburg, are very much
alarmed, as they are mostly strong
secessionists, and they are afraid the
Northern army will overrun the
Country.

I am acquainted with a
number of young men in the Con-
federate Army, and I have seen a good
many who have been home on
furlough, and I ascertained from

the conversation I held with those men, that the majority of the men who were enlisted for one year would re-enlist again at the expiration of their term, or before

the inducement held out by the Govt. for this was a Bounty of \$50. and 60 days furlough "if the exigencies of the service would permit"

all those who were liable to do militia duty were given until the 10th of March to volunteer, and if the quota of the State is filled up by volunteering, there will be no drafting but if not there will be sufficient drafted to make up the amount

and a great many of the young men have volunteered considering it more honorable to enlist than be forced to go and be drafted.

They remain that they have the best Generals, but they admit that General McClellan is an able officer, but don't think Banks much of a general. they also say that since McDowell displayed a good

13.

deal of Generalship in the arrangements
at the attack on Bull Run.

I have never heard them say anything in particular about Gen Stone. It was known over there that he had been arrested, and I heard some of the citizens say that they thought he was a little too mild and magnanimous for the North.

I have not been to Leesburg for 8 or 10 years. Never was at Pine knots.

I have not been below the Union Mills for years.

I don't know anything about the state of affairs down on the lower Potomac.

I have never rendered any aid, comfort or assistance to the Rebels, except when they were in the vicinity of my house the last time.

I admit that I voted for the Ordinance of Secession, but on account of my family being situated as they are I came and gave myself up to the Federal Authorities.

I don't wish to be understood as having

changed my principles, I would
not have come within the line
but for my family, who I have
understood has received very kind
treatment from the Federal Officers
and soldiers. For which I am
very thankful.

The gentleman wishes
a few days to consider whether he could
conscientiously take the oath, as submitted
to him.

D. M. R.

(Telegram)

Benjamin F. Shreve

Miss Jane Shreve

Miss Anna Shreve

John Rotchford

Christopher Rotchford

Mrs. Gordon

Brig Gen Geo W. Merrill

Winners Hill 7th Dec 1864

to Brig Gen A. Porter U.S.A.

relative to the above

parties.

also

Communication from

F. J. Porter on the same.

United States Military Telegraph.

Received.....1861.

From.....2.....

To.....

her correspondence with
the enemy. should she not
be looked after I am told
that John Rotchford sent
in by me yesterday is
a noted rebel - His brother
Christopher was loyal up
to a late period -

Geost Morell

Aguel

Please keep all of these and do not permit
any one to communicate with them - Mrs Gordon
in Nadeau's lines and I suggest a party be
sent there to ~~watch~~ look after her and endeavor to
bring her in - F. J. Porter
M. G.

Please look at the
telegram from Genl
J. J. Portier's last
night
A.P.

Please have this
attended to at once
and the woman
St. Falls Church
arrested
A.P.

United States Military Telegraph.

Received McKoy 1861.

From Mary Hill

To Gen. Adam Porter
Provost Marshall

Will you please say
to Benjamin F. Shove
sent in by me yesterday
that his family is well
also to Jane and Anna
Shove that I informed
their parents they were sent
to Washington as I
promised to do Mrs Gordon
who sent letters through the
pickets from Mrs Shove
to her husband is still
in Ball's Chert & Gray confinement

Telegram # 10000

(Telegram)

S. Williams A. A. G.

Boston Hill 7th March 1862

to Brig Genl A. Porter J. A. G.
only for the release of the
above.

Genl Williams was seen by
E. J. Allen & on explanation
of the circumstances the written
order was succeeded.

2001 7 15 17th March 1862

United States Military Telegraph.

Received Mar 7 1862

From Upton Hill

To Provost Marshall

I have received
the following from the
assess adpt Genl - Gen
McClellans Hd qrs to
Gen Madeworth D Gen
You are authorized to permit
Mr Gen Shroves to join
his family
signed
Williames
a. a. s.

I will thank you to give
Mr Shroves a pass to
come to my Hd qrs He was
sent by Genl McCall to Washington
yesterday
I am
D Gen

Benjamin F. Shreve.

House of Rep. U.S.

Edward Ball

Washington 15th Dec 1862
to Brig Gen A Porter A.S.
asking for a pass to see
the above.

On Wednesday March 11th
Hand copy March 12th 1862

House of Reps. U. S.
Washington, March 10. 1862

The Provost Marshal

Sir

On Saturday evening

I received a note from Benjamin Shreve
of Fairfax County, Virginia informing me
that he was confined in the old Capitol,
and requesting me to call to see him.

He is an old acquaintance, & school
mate, and I should be glad of an oppor-
-tunity to have an interview with him, if
there is no impropriety in it.

Can you furnish me a pass for that
purpose? If so please send it by
the bearer, Mr. Cass D. Wright.

Respectfully,

Your obt. Servant

Edward Ball

P.S. I send his note to me.

Benjamin F Shreve
Jane Shreve
Anna Shreve.

Head Quarter Porter Div
Brig Genl Geo W. Morell
Minors Hill Oct 1862.
to Brig Genl A Porter R. B. G.
relative to the above.

also.

Brig Genl F. J. Porter
to Brig Genl A Porter R. B. G.
on the same.

Wm
Benjamin F. Shreve
by order -
- or the the present

a few days - or till the present
movement be ended -

Very respectfully
F. J. Porter
N.Y.

on the above,
to King Bank of Boston 5/18/57
King Bank of F. Porter

Also,

reference to the above
to King Bank of F. Porter 5/18/57
Winnon Hill 6/10/1857
King Bank of F. J. Porter

Head Office, Boston 5/18/57

Winnon Hill

Winnon Hill

Winnon Hill

Rice 6th March 1862
Surrey Post

Thames: 27 High: Porters
Leicester Minors Hill &
March 6/62

General

Benjamin F.
Shreve has been in our
lines from Middlebury
in the southern part of
of Lancaster Co. He lives
near Falls Church, but
has been absent from
his family since a-
bout the 27th of Sept.
last when the rebels
retired from this im-
mediate section of
country. His family
remained on his farm.
He has been in letters
from his wife through

a Mr Gordon of Falls
Church.

With him are two
young ladies of James &
Anne Shreeve, his cousins,
whose parents reside
at Falls Church. They are
from Bloomfield,
about two miles be-
-yond Occoquan.

Our position is
such at this moment
that I do not feel an-
-thing to allow any
communication be-
-tween them & their
friends & therefore
send them to Wash-
-ton.

The express which
takes the ladies in will
return with them in
case you do not deem

it advisable to detain
them.

The ~~Shreve~~ Shreves
are undoubtedly against
us.

My dear General:
Gen. W. Woodell
Brig. Gen.

Brig. Gen.
Andrew Porter
Provost Marshal
Washington

I have assured the
ladies of your prompt
action in this case,
General Porter. I specially request
that this man (Mr Shreve) be
closely questioned. He was at Centerville
Satdy. and knows much, very much.
I request the party be kept for

~~W~~ March 8th 1861

My Dear Brother

I take this opportunity
of writing you a few lines as I have
an opportunity of sending them to you.
We received your letter in a very few
days after it was written, and was very
sorry to hear of your great loss. But I
know she is better off, than either you
or I, for this world is only a world of
sorrow, I would be very glad to see you
all once more, I want you to write to us
when ever you have an opportunity of so
doing you must excuse me for not writing
now, for I am so confused, it is impossible
for me to write we are all well at
~~present~~ at this time and I hope these lines
may find you all enjoying the same Great
Blessing, Give my love to all the children
and all inquiring friends, Pap & Mother
Joins me in love to you all.

No more but remain your unworthy Brother

H O Hummer

(Telegram)

Brig Genl F. J. Porter

Halls Hill 1. de Hoch/62

to Brig Genl A. Porter P. S. G.

relative to Benjamin F.

Jane and Anson Throver

United States Military Telegraph.

Received Wch 6th
1862

From Kallehill Wch 6th

To Genl Andrew Porter —

Mr Shreve and two (2)
female cousins were
sent in today Have the
former questioned and
squeezed for he knows
much of importance The
latter you need only question
They have an aunt in the
City who can take care of them
all are from Reddond

F J Porter
124

Aspen Hollow January 13th 1862

My Dear and ever beloved husband,

I received your kind, and most welcome letter this morning. I have not words to express the feelings of gratitude which fills my heart to the good Lord and to the many kind friends, which we have; when I know that we can hear from, if we cannot see each other. Our dear children are all a little better poor Benny can sit up a little now Frank has nearly recovered but is still very weak he says tell his pa he has the tooth-ache.

Benny had the scarlet fever which turned to the typhoid the doctor thinks with a great deal of care he may get well he begins to look like himself but he is very deaf. I have had a great deal of trouble and fatigue with the children but if it is the will of the good Lord that they may be spared to us I shall be amply repaid my health has been good untill about a week past but I am still able to keep about, John

and Fannie are still with me they have been very kind. they will not leave untill you get home Fannie wanted to go to Washington but would not go untill Benny got better so mother came up to see him and told Fannie she would stay with us while she went to the city she embraced the opportunity and spent a week she has just returned her ma & all the family are well. William Birch's family are well. I have got all the children home and have kept them at home only sometimes they take a ride with the officers and their wives.

Oh my dear I have received so much kindness from the union army it can never be forgotten by me I have got along very well and all the neighbors seem to get along the same. Mr. ~~Thomson~~ Hummer has got home his wife is very sick he was needed at home very much. Mr. Fitzchen's family have fared badly they have all left home except some of the colored folks they went with Mr. Mason and Edwin Fitzchen. I went to see them once we have no trouble to get about anywhere inside of the lines.

Henry Gebrey's family are all well but are
anxious for him to get home. Mr. Gordon's
family are all well now the children have had
the vereloid but they have got over it, I wish
he could get home she seems so anxious about
him. Give my best respects to D. B. - it is my
earnest desire and prayer that he may get you
through the lines. I hope you will not be very
uneasy about us all we are trying to do the best
we can but oh when I begin to think perhaps
you cannot get home it fills my heart ~~my heart~~
with grief for it is the first time we have been
separated since we have been married. oh how hard it
is to be parted I have been so uneasy for fear you
would get sick so far from home where I could not
be with you I think it would be better ^{for you} to come home
even if you have to leave your horses. Tell Mr
Ball that sister Margaret is in a great deal of
trouble about Ida and anxious about him for fear
he will sick he ought not to leave Ida he better stay
there untill he can bring her with him sister Margaret
wrote him a letter more than a week ago sent it
by way of Fortnes Monroe it was directed to

Warrenton and Fannie put one inside of his for
you if he has not got it, he better inquire
after it, the last letter you wrote is the first we
got from you oh if you could only have seen us when
we were reading we all took a cry over it, Mary C -
says give her love to you and tell you that you never
mentioned her in your letter and she thinks she misses
you more than any of the rest, except one. Mother
John, Fannie and all the children joining me in sending
their love to you and all want you to come home.
if you cannot come write very soon we will be all anxious
to hear from you I remain

Your devoted wife

Sarah C. Shreve

My Dear husband,

I wrote a note
to you a week ago telling you that the
children were nearly all down with scarlet
fever & how anxious we were for you to
come home I did not know whether you
could get home or not, but now Benjamin
is so low that we do not expect him to
live through the day the first child
that took the fever had it very light,
except Frank he was very ill and is still
very sick not able to sit up tho' I think
he is mending. Benno was taken last
Friday night and complained just like the
rest until Monday night he became
delirious yesterday he was so very ill and
last night we thought he would hardly live
to see morning I have had two doctors

who say that ~~but now~~ has typhoid fever
and that he cannot possibly get well.
his mouth and throat is so sore and swelled
that we cannot understand a word he
says only ~~no~~ and then we catch a word
he is failing very rapidly so do my dear
husband if it is possible for you to get
home any way come immediately you
know how much we need your presence
under these circumstances this is just
the actual state of affairs I have not
made them worse so as to hurry you home
so do come as quickly as possible or you
will not see Benna alive John and
Gannie are with me say to Henry that
his family ~~is~~ ~~all~~ but very anxious
about him do not be afraid to come
home if you can as I have had assurance
from Head-quarters that you will not be
molested. I shall be anxiously looking
for you so do come as speedily as possible.

Your loving wife

December 26th 1861

Sarah E. Shreve

Old Capitol Prison

Benj F. Shreve

Washington 4th St. W. W. C.

to Edward Bell.

asking him to call and
see him.

March 7th 1862

My dear friend

I am now confined
in the old Capitol & wish you very much
to come and see me please let Margaret
Bale know where I am at.

By complying with this request as soon as
possible you will greatly oblige an old friend

Yours &c ~~B. G.~~ Shreve

H. Q. I. W. Gist

Camp Healds March 4. 6

Pris Genl Lewis etc

1. Giving information of 2 men:

Booth & Dale as being the
 comiders of a Union Comp.

2. That an expedition would be
 desirable against Pineville, to
 procure stores, yet at that place

Head Quartermaster Camp Hall at Ft. H
Mar 4, 1862

General Sigel

These men Booth and Dale have been getting up a Union Company which has been doing some good service North of you. I wish they had been with you they know how things stand about Pinville. If you couldly could make a dash on Pinville you could take rebel stores and scatter a band of rascals that have collected there.

But I would not have the Cavalry go beyond Pinville any distance.

The Union men are twelve miles East of Pinville. These men will explain to you

Respectfully Yours

Saml R. Hunt
Bvt Col

Genl Sigel

316

March 14, 1862

2 or more

Calypso

8-73

Description of Prisoners

*Langham Johnson
and others*

Received from the
Adjutant General of Pa.
December 10, 1898.
R. & P. 468399.

Charlotte Hunter baby, + 2 little girls, belongs to Thomas
Newman, he lives usually at Fairfax C.H. We were carried up
to Aldie & come from there

Clara Jackson, belong to David Jones lives on Blue ridge near
Middleburg pike. have always lived with James [unclear]

Thomas Elliot, free born bound to Sam Kidney [unclear] at Aldie

Charles Beaman, belong to Albert [unclear] of Fairfax
I was carried up to Middleburg & come from there.

Henry Fox, belong to widow Sampson Hartzen lives
in Loudoun 3 miles E of Aldie

Jep Gorton belong to Robert [unclear] of [unclear] formerly
of Va am bound to Sidney Brown lives near Aldie

Mat Johnston dice belong to Jonathan Beard he lives
about 1 1/2 miles E of Aldie He died & left me my
freedom - Sent to Alexandria

(Mch 14 1787)

1374

In reference
to May Lee
Contract

Received from the
Adjutant General of Pa.
December 10, 1896.
R. & F., 463899.

Henry Lee - belong to Robert Jackson who lives or rather
lived before he fled on the South side of ^{Susbury} ~~Academy~~
& Georgetown Pike about a mile back of Hendersons
& about 2 miles from Stearnsville. I have been hired
out at Upperville was 3 months ^{there} away from there
I was first in Susbury & I was three months there
was then taken in a buggy to Mr. Jacksons house
saw a good many camps on North side of River
saw three bunches of tents, after I left Susbury one
bunch there upon the hill about $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile
from Susbury an earth work between the
camps ~~extended~~ ^{measured} about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile of Goose creek
saw 5 or 6 wagons with 2 boxes on them (his description
seems like caissons) saw only 3 pickets with guns at
Burrts Bridge went up creek a little way (Goose creek) &
crossed in boat - the buggy crossed in the boat. (Goose creek is there
about 80 yards wide.) Saw no southern pickets after we were
gone away because I thought they were going to sell me -
I saw 5 bunches of tents altogether about Susbury.

William Brown, owned by John Porter
lives 4 mile East of Nauyasie C.H. - ^{on Mill}
Warrenton - have been hired out at Hope
well & came from there. it is close to Gaines
ville - left there Tuesday - They were
burning up all they could. They had meat
at Thoroughfare Gap prepared to smoke and
invited neighbors to come & take it when they
came prepared their wagons to haul it away
& tell them they might take what they left &
they pilfered & tried to burn it -

Theremen sent in to Booth
Middletown at Alexandria
via Virginia Beach 14 -
early -

Sanford Shemper. ^{altho} from Chickes ^{his owners} ter near Leesburg,
Marshall Burrell. belongs to ^{at} Robert Byler who lives in
Prince Wm Co. left Centerville last Saturday -

Daniel Darkus, belongs to Elizabeth Foster at Manassas
RR plane station about 12 miles from Warrenton -

Landy Butler, owned by Francis on Centon lines
on Chickesville pike from Alex on street to Winchester
near Goose Creek.

Fredrick Taylor, owned by Chas Berkeley lives by
and Aldie about a mile -

Washington Denny, owned by Hugh Swant lines
near Middleburg - on line bet Manassas & Loudon

Charles Stewart owned by Robert Gray
of Leesburg. from there now, left there
this morning.

Peter Yipscoe owned by Hugh Swant above
named. left his place last Tuesday came from
Leesburg today -

George Banks, owned by Mrs Polly Elgin
lives in Aldie Loudon,

Michael Harris owned by Capt Wm Berkeley
of 8th Virginia, lived ~~at~~ Aldie

H. P. Lanham. 5 miles N of Danbury CT
on N. H. & Danesville Road. 2 miles from Vienna
was suspicious in voting, says he took no active part.

Lewis Johnson, lives on road from old CT ^{this side} near Lewis-
ville to Hunters mill, on N. E. side of RR about 1 1/2 miles
from Hunters mill.

B. G. Johnson, lives on road from ^{Hunters mill} here to Danesville
has been at Langley, came from near Lewisville yesterday.

John Allen, lives about 2 1/2 miles from here on the
Alexandria side have been heretofore inside the
lines near iron Mills head Quarters.

Lewis Johnson betrayed Federal
soldiers after Bull Run

B. G. Johnson & John Allen
scouts for the enemy -

917

March 10, 1862

2 or more

Citizens

ed from the
General of P
10, 1862
463899.

4 Members

12 Members

572

Rept. from Per Marchal
Washington
for Refugee & Political

Nov. 10 1862

Received from the
Asst. General of Pa.
December 10. 1893.
S. P. 463399.

1872

Headquarters City Guard,

Office of the Provost Marshal,

Washington, 10th March 1862.

Remind this date 2.00 p.m. of Capt
D. B. Dugan 3^d Pa. V. sent in by
Brig. Gen. McCall from Camp
Pineport one Refugee named Geo. E. Jackson
one Contraband named Anderson
Coleman

A. Porter Brig. Gen.
Provost Marshal
Army of the Potomac
J. C. S. Allen

918

Order to keep pins -
mus Neck. 12/62

2 1/2 inches

Head quarter Division
Fort Lya. March 12
1862

Genl - Please keep pri-
soners halted by man-
(e horse) in custody until
further notified.

By order of
H. H. Wood,

Genl C. D. Janney.
Cry -

919

Wilton Hinds, C.

March 14th 1862

Respectfully forwarded

E. Q. Gillows

Col. 3rd M. V.

Comp. Post.

21070000

Wilton Hinds

List of names of "Contrabands" within the limits of Captain G. D. Campbell's Command. Spanish Wells, D. C.

No.	Names of males,	age	No.	Names of females,	age,	Remarks
1	Wdy	40	1	Clarinda	50	Spanish Wells March 13. 1862
2	Billy	25	2	Mancy	4	
3	January	26	3	Dinah	29	
4	Steven	30	4	Sylvia	30	
5	Buffy	23	5	Peggy	26	
6	Bob	26	6	Sue	20	Mayon. In carrying out your order of the 12 th inst. I have given the names, and ages, of male and female "Contrabands" in separate columns. Those names marked thus; xx are at present employed at Fort Mifflin. the names
7	Abram	23	7	Julia	3	
8	Billy	1	8	Dinah	2	
9	Isaac	1	9	Mossie	22	
10	Wiggins	40	10	Caroline	30	
11	Will xx	19	11	Rosanna	20	
12	Robert	30	12	Nate	15	
13	February	25	13	Daphy	18	
14	John	32	14	Filice	6	
15	James	24	15	Barri	50	
16	George	35	16	Jennie	42	
17	George	2	17	Pleasant	40	
18	Live	4	18	Luey	7	
19	Monice	14	19	Sue.	6	
20	Steve	45	20	Danah	44	
21	Danz xx	19	21	Harnet	3	
22	Profit	30	22	Mendaw	20	
23	Kapwood	5	23	Diana	2	
24	Gites	26	24	Jennie	35	
25	Abowday	5	25	Winda	23	
26	Jack	65	26	Grace	3	
27	Felix	22	27	Clara	60	

25	Abraham	5	25	Minda	23
26	Jack	65	26	Grace	3
27	Felix	22	27	Elara	60
28	Rufus	17	28	Volat	13
29	Sever	13	29	Antonia	30
30	June	6	30	Sarah	22
31	Mike	15	31	Hagan	60
32	Grants	25	32	Hester	33
33	Grants	26	33	Judy	7
34	Thomas	3	34	Kellie	5
35	James	2	35	Diner	88
36	Red	28	36	Doll	33
37	Baxter	18	37	Sarah	5
38	Edmond	12	38	June	3
39	Ben	6	39	Judy	38
40	Walter	39	40	Nancy	26
41	Philis	12	41	Sarah	32
42	Henry	1	42	Sophia	40
43	Yard	88	43	Hester	24
44	Andrew	55	44	Nancy	60
45	Peter	12	45	Sylvia	16
46	John	30	46	Judy	4
47	Walt	9	47	Minda	1
48	Glasgow	30	48		
49	Gary	12	49		
50	Polly	3	50		
51	Barbara	40	51		
52	Paddy	36	52		
53	June	60	53		

The Negroes represent themselves as belonging (prior to the bombardment) of the late rebel Forts in the vicinity of Fort Royal, to four young ladies, heiresses of the late William Baynard Dec^r. The proper being now in the hands of his executor, Ephraim Baynard

Believing the foregoing to meet all the points in your order, I am,

Respectfully,
 Your obedient servant
 Capt. J. B. Baynard
 Commanding Officer
 Spanish Wells & Co.

To Mr. J. M. Kilbourn
 Graham

43	Sam	88	43	Robert	29
44	Andrew	55	44	Mary	60
45	Peter	12	45	Sylvia	16
46	John	30	46	Judy	9
47	Walt	9	47	Minda	1
48	Glasgow	30	48		
49	Gary	12	49		
50	Yolby	3	50		
51	Cardina	40	51		
52	Paddy	36	52		
53	Jane	60	53		
54	Prince	64	54		
55	William	39	55		
56	May	22			
57	Jack	13			
58	Rinda	12			
59	Cyrus	10			
60	Pompey	8			

Capt. J. S. [unclear]
 Commanding [unclear]
 Spanish Wells S. C.

To Maj. J. M. Kilbourn
 Graham

920

Saml. Marshby Returns
of Conty. Lancas from
Feb. 15. 1842 to March 15. 1842

On other Island

S. G.

4 of 1000

Semi-monthly report of Contrabands at Otter Island
 S.C. from February 15th 1862 to Early March 5th 1862

No.	Names of Contrabands	Former Owners	Date of arrival	No. of days	Remarks
		Elizabeth O'Serry			
1	Colo. Traves	" "	Dec 8 th 1861	9	
2	George Washington	" "	" "	9	
3	Frank Scott	" "	" "	9	
4	Quash Lips	" "	" "	7	
5	Daniel Bailey	" "	" "	8	
6	Benjamin Jenkins	" "	" "	9	
7	Saml. Ferguson	" "	" "	10	
8	Cain Barnes	" "	" "	8	
9	Cuffy Simmers	" "	" "	11	
10	Rudgel Gaston	" "	" "	10	
11	Stephen Seymour	" "	" "	8	
12	Amos Wilson	" "	" "	9	
13	Major Friday	" "	" "	11	
14	Robert Middleton	" "	" "	10	
15	Lijia Talbot	" "	" "	10	
16	William Simmons	" "	" "	8	
17	Casper Grant	" "	" "	8	
18	Monday Washington	" "	" "	8	
19	March Seabrook	" "	" "	11	
20	Ben Jenkins	" "	" "	11	
21	James Maggock	" "	" "	11	
22	Frank Simmers	" "	" "	12	
23	Jun. Shingleton	" "	" "	11	
24	Darway Baker	" "	" "	12	
25	Joe. Seymour	" "	" "	13	
26	Eva Lonsand	" "	" "	11	
27	Trifeth Brane	" "	" "	12	
28	Cain Shingleton	" "	" "	12	
29	Sam Smith	" "	" "	10	
30	Boil Christopher	" "	" "	9	
31	Jacob Polk	" "	" "	9	
32	George Hardtime	" "	" "	9	

Eliza Hutchinson acting agent
 John Garity Quartermaster

No.	Name of Contractor	Former Owner	Date of arrival	No. of days	Remarks
		Elizabeth W. Sney			
	Adam Simmons	" "	" "	10	
	Joe Robinson	" "	" "	11	
	Foby Riggs	" "	" "	12	
	Fay Bainell	" "	" "	11	
	" "	" "	" "	10	
	Prince Seeroach	In charge of	Dec 15 th 1861	9	
	June Seeroach	Josua Seeroach	" "	8	
	Fortune Seeroach	" "	" "	7	
	James Seeroach	" "	" "	8	
	Josua Seeroach	" "	" "	11	
	" "	" "	" "	11	
	Peter Crandston	John P. Marshall	" "	11	
	Adam Green	former owner	" "	10	
	Dick Jenkins	" "	" "	13	
	Jacob Heston	" "	" "	12	
	Saby Anon's	" "	" "	11	
	William Atton	" "	" "	10	
	" "	" "	" "	10	
	William Sella	Paul Sella	" "	9	
	" "	former owner	" "	10	
	Daniel Wright	Lo C. Clifford	January 29 th 1862	11	
	Peter Wright	former owner	" "	12	
	Sam. Bligero	" "	" "	10	
	" "	" "	" "	10	
	Grace Johnson	Miss Katy Vidua	Feb. 14 th 1862	11	
	Charles Washington	former owner	" "	12	
	Frank Bonds	Samson Paul former owner	" "	14	
	Hackley Wash	Major Merry	" "	7	
	John Merry	former owner	" "	8	
	exp. in	" "	" "	8	
	James Beason	" "	Supt. Mass. Milling		
	and let us P. in	" "	" "		

921

List of "contrabands"

Sybee Islands Gas

March 1st - 1862.

Memorandum

Report of Six Negroes Arrived & Employed at the Post at Tybee Island Ga. Com^d by Brig. Gen. Willmore. March 1st 1862

No	Names	Age	Height		Dimes	Occupations	Owners			Arrived at this Post	Employed at this Post as	Remarks
			Feet	Inches			Names	Residence	Character			
1	Antes Bullas	37	6	1 1/2	2 ^d	Laborer	Mr. Bartlow	Hulmington S.C.	Disloyal to the Union	Dec 16, 1861	Laborer & Oastman	Employed as deck hand on scho John Union Feb 16-1862
2	Newberry	23	5	10	2 ^d	do	do	do	do	do	do	
3	Belly Jenks	19	5	5	2 ^d	do	do	do	do	do	do	
4	Commodore Perry	28	5	6	2 ^d	do	do	do	do	do	do	
5	Bob Roberts	20	5	8	3 ^d	do	do	do	do	do	do	
6	John Patrick	25	5	5	2	do	Ephraim Bennett	Praddocks Point Hilton Head S.C.	do served in Rebel Army as officer	Jan 27, 1862	Laborer & Oastman	Returned to Praddocks being here a few days only

Tybee Island Ga.
March 1st 1862

A. L. Myburgh
M. Lieut Col. Engineers
A. A. Adj. Gen.

22 Report of
Contraband Negroes
at
Tybee Island Ga
March 31st
1862
no more

Inventory of Eighteen Contraband Negroes at the Post, Tybee Island Ga. March 31st 1862

No.	Names	Age	Height		Occupation	Masters			Arrived at this Post	Employed at this Post as	Remarks
			ft.	in.		Names	Residence	Character			
1	Joseph Brown	23	5	10	Laborer	Mrs. Bartlow	Wilmington S. C.	Disloyal	Dec. 16. 1861	Laborer & Cook	
2	Billy Lents	19	5	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	
3	Commodore Perry	28	5	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	
4	Bob. Roberts	20	5	8	"	"	"	"	"	Officer's Servant	
5	Samuel Mackey	30	5	10	Carpenter	Will Mackey	Savannah	"	March 2 ^d 1862	Boatman	
6	Morris Pinckney	23	5	3 1/2	Laborer	Mrs. Pinckney	Charleston	"	"	"	
7	Tom Webb	28	5	11	"	Geo Webb	Savannah	In Rebel Army	"	"	
8	Wally Scott	20	5	6	"	D. Deponoy	Grainville	"	"	"	
9	Daniel Polite	26	5	8	"	Mrs. J. Skulk	Bluffton	Disloyal	"	"	
10	Cesar Graham	22	5	8	"	D. J. Kirk	"	In Rebel Army	"	"	
11	Ishmael Hines	22	5	7	Waiter	J. S. Watts	Savannah	"	"	Officer's Servant	
12	Ned Polite	45	5	8	"	Elliot Barrett	"	Disloyal	March 10. 1862	"	
13	Anthony Bailey	22	5	5	"	Wm. Trip	St. Helena Isd	In Rebel Army	"	"	
14	Benjamin Peterson	32	5	5	"	James Hamilton	Bluffton	Disloyal	Mich 7 th Comm Vol	"	
15	Sam Sawkes	25	5	9	"	Jas. Hunter	Savannah	"	"	"	
16	Isiah Simmons	14	5	0	"	Jas. P. Lawton	Hilton Head Isd	"	"	"	
17	Thos. Prager	14	5	0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
18	Jerry Abernham	16	5	8	"	Jas. Hunter	Savannah	"	"	"	

Tybee Island Ga
March 31st 1862

D. W. Gilmore Brig. Gen. Col.
Commanding Post.

928

Inventory of Contrabands
at Post Lyke Island.

March 15th 1862

2 or more

Inventory of 13 Contraband Negroes at the Post, Tybee Island, Ga. March 15th 1862

No	Names	Age	Height		Degree	Occupation	Masters			Arrived at this Post	Employed at this Post as	Remarks
			feet	inches			Names	Residence	Character			
1	Joseph ^{Newbury} Boggs alias	23	5	10	2 ^d	Laborer	Mrs Barstow	Helmington S.C.	Disloyal	Dec 16-1861	Laborer & Boatman	
2	Billy Jenkins	19	5	5	2 ^d	"	"	"	"	"	"	
3	Commodore Perry	28	5	6	2 ^d	"	"	"	"	"	"	
4	Bob Roberts	20	5	8	3 ^d	"	"	"	"	"	Officiis Servant	
5	Samuel Mackey	30	5	10		Carpenter	Miss Mackey	Savannah	"	March 2 ^d 1862	Boatman	
6	Morris Pinckney	23	5	5 1/2		Laborer	Mrs. Pinckney	Charleston	"	"	"	
7	Tom Webb	28	5	11		"	Geo. Webb	Savannah	In Rebel Army	"	"	
8	Wally Scott	20	5	6		"	John Deponer	Grainville	"	"	"	
9	Daniel Polite	26	5	8		"	Mrs J. Skulte	Bluffton	Disloyal	"	"	
10	Cesar Graham	42	5	8		"	Dr. Geo. Kirk	"	In Rebel Army	"	"	
11	Johnnie Nines	22	5	7 1/2		Waiter	Ellist. Green	Savannah	"	"	Officiis Servant	
12	Med Polite	45	5	8		"	J. S. Watts	St Helena Id	Disloyal	March 1862	Officiis Servant	
13	Anthony Bailey	22	5	5		"	Wm Trip	St Helena Id	In Rebel Army	" 10/62	"	
14	Paul Peterson	32	5	5 9/16		"	Geo. Hamilton	Bluffton	Disloyal	March 13/62	"	
15	Edw Hawkes	25	5	5 1/2		"	Geo. Hamlin	Savannah	"	Dec 27/61	"	
16	Josiah Simmons	14	5	0		"	Geo. S. Lawton	Hilton Head	"	Dec 20/61	"	
17	Thos Frazer	14	5	0		"	"	"	"	March 13/62	"	
18	Jerry Abernham	16	5	8		"	Spence Shilke Geo. Proctor	Savannah	"	Dec 20/61	"	

List of Negroes

for

March 1st 1862

Beaufort S. C.

2 or more

List of Contrabands

Expedition Camp

1862

List of Contrabands

under the immediate charge of Capt C. B. Hulke, U.S.M.

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
<u>Females</u>					
1	Milly	2	50	R. Chisholm	
2	Rachel	5	35	Seabrook	
3	Loe	4	40	S. Bannell	
4	Charlotte	1	24	Mr. Pinckney	
5	Betsey	3	40	Mr Adams	
6	Silva		16	do	
7	Elsey	2	40	do	
8	Bessie		16	Webb	
9	Phoebe	1	30	C. B. Hulke	
10	Sira		16	W. Peiper	
11	Patty		12	W. Potter	
12	Lizzie	3	28	Webb	
13	Haggie		12	do	
14	Mary	8	46	do	
15	Phoebe		60	R. Chisholm	
16	Lutie	3	40	do	
17	Grace	2	20	do	
18	Kristy		13	do	
19	Mary		16	do	
20	Daphney		20	do	
21	Liddy		22	Sams	
22	Milly	2	48	R. Chisholm	
23	Sarah	2	28	Chaplin	

Continued

No	Name	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
24	Grace		40	A. Chisholm	
25	Mary	4	28	do.	
26	Minna	4	29	do	
27	Patty		30	do	
28	Fanny	2	34	do	
29	Silva	1	40	do	
30	Marian		22	do	
31	Patience	1	22	do	
32	Annie		20	do	
33	Susie	4	30	do	
34	Sue	3	29	do	
35	Mary	2	23	do	
36	Cornelia		20	do	
37	Bina	1	41	do	
38	Nanny		52	Potter	
39	Hagar	3	30	do	
40	Peggy	4	40	do	
41	Milly	2	30	do	
42	Di		25	do	
43	Sue		20	do	
44	Ellie	1	50	do	
45	Mary	2	35	do	
46	Lumbar		16	do	
47	Maria	5	46	J. Bannell	
48	Funie		52	do	
49	Susanna	5	25	do	
50	Livy		15	do	

Continued

No	Name	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
51	Lucy		14	R. Bannrell	
52	Peggy		18	do	
53	Livy	2	24	do	
54	Grace	3	40	do	
55	Beck		23	do	
56	Hannah	3	25	G. Leathbut	
57	Peg	1	20	do	
58	Judy	5	26	Potto	
59	Clara		50	Bannrell	
60	Sally		24	J. Leathbut	
61	Hagar	1	22	do	
62	Hagar	2	26	do	
63	Amy	3	36	Pal. Chisholm	
64	Hannah		41	do	
65	Lucy		64	do	
66	Silva	2	25	do	
67	Bess		40	J. P. Mew	
68	Mary	2	24	Wm. Gripp	
69	Lusetta	3	26	do	
70	Flora		23	do	
71	Chloe		30	do	
72	Moll	2	40	do	
73	Tina		50	James Paraclean	
74	Tina		21	Wm. Gripp	
75	Patty	1	26	John O. Warner	
76	Diana		25	do	
77	Juliana		37	H. Fuller	

Continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
78	Susanna		26	W. Guller	
79	Venus	1	24	W. Hayward	
80	Selma	3	39	W. Adams	
81	Rachel	4	30	do	
82	Maria	2	26	do	
83	Clara	3	40	do	
84	Bessa		20	do	
85	Lena		18	do	
86	Molly		60	do	
87	Polly	3	30	do	
88	Julia		16	do	
89	Helaudia		38	do	
90	Phabe	3	26	do	
91	Daphney	1	19	do	
92	Witney		14	do	
93	Hugan	1	20	Alex. Christensen	
94	Sam	1	19	do	
95	Quint	3	32	do	
96	Rebecca	6	67	A. Christensen	
97	Rebecca		17	do	
98	Flora		30	do	
99	Lucia	1	20	do	
100	Ellen		19	do	
101	Julia		14	do	
102	Lucia	1	21	J. Leipers	
103	Daphney	2	58	W. Jenkins	
104	Linda		20	do	

Continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
105	Mary		15	W. Jenkins	
106	Lilla	7	44	do	
107	Susan		40	do	
108	Rose		19	do	
109	Sara		41	do	
110	Harnett		61	do	
111	Rose		19	do	
112	Eliza		21	do	
113	Fetty	1	30	do	
114	Belina	4	45	do	
115	Sarah	1	22	do	
116	Sina	1	23	do	
117	Charlotte	2	58	do	
118	Dido	1	32	do	
119	Chloe	1	24	do	
120	Belia	2	40	do	
121	Lizzie		20	do	
122	Peggy	3	41	Mr Webb	
123	Pi	1	24	do	
124	Lucia		70	do	
125	Anna		18	do	
126	Jane		16	do	
127	Margaret	2	28	Dr Wordell	
128	Lizzy	3	46	do	
129	Sue		16	do	
130	Nancy	1	21	E. Southburt	
131	Rachel		19	do	

continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
132	Wendy		61	Mr Mills	
133	Peggy		72	G. Jenkins	
134	Liddy	1	27	do	
135	Ellen	2	29	do	
136	Patience		52	P. Hamilton	
137	Anna		50	do	
138	Judith		21	do	
139	Molly		78	do	
140	Affie		20	do	
141	Semina		19	do	
142	Milly	1	42	do	
143	Flora	1	20	Wm. Shipp	
144	Pattie	3	31	do	
145	Bess		61	do	
146	Annie	1	21	do	
147	Lavinia	1	35	Thomas Rhodes	
148	Diana		41	Mr Adams	
149	Manda		23	R. R. James	
150	Chloe		25	Mr Richards	
151	Hannah	5	40	Mr. J. Webb	
152	Ellen	Grand C 2	81	G. Hozeal	
153	Grace		78	R. Chisholm	
154	Dorcas		61	A. Falbot	
155	Hester	3	26	Mr Ellis	
156	Sarah	2	23	Geo Bluffton	
157	Betsy	2	22	do	
158	Affie		29	do	

continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Names	Residence
159	Patience		19	The Luthbouts	
160	Phoebe	3	28	Mr Rivers	
161	Maria		30	Capt-M ^r Kay	

List of Contrabands

under the immediate charge of Capt L. C. Fuller, U.S.M.

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
<u>Males</u>					
1	George		20	L. Bannell	
2	Bob		23	J. Fuller	
3	Thomas		20	do	
4	Francis		28	Perars	
5	Jack		17	R. Chisholm	
6	John	6	36	Dr Jenkins	
7	Frank		46	R. Bannell	
8	Cornelius		28	J. Sabot	
9	Sam		70	M ^r s B. Chaplin	
10	Tom		26	J. Chaplin	
11	Daniel		38	Mr Rhodes	
12	John		25	Mr Gates	
13	Jim		24	R. Bannell	
14	Jonas		45	Dr M. Sands	
15	John		22	G. Chaplin	
16	Sam		25	R. Bannell	
17	Thomas		25	J. Chaplin	

Continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Names	Residence
18	Nero		25	R. Chisholm	
19	Solomon		42	Wm. Gregory	
20	Chaunce		30	W. Capers	
21	Sam		25	Pinckney	
22	Sam		26	R. Chisholm	
23	William		40	Pal. Chisholm	
24	Abraham		40	W. Seabrook	
25	Jim		17	do	
26	August		14	Hamilton	
27	Thomas		28	R. Chisholm	
28	John		40	do	
29	Abe		30	do	
30	Henderson		70	do	
31	Bradford		30	J. Webb	
32	Isaac		40	D. Worden	
33	Edward		21	R. Chisholm	
34	Jebus		42	do	
35	Ben		40	W. Adams	
36	Robert		30	R. Chisholm	
37	Chaotic		24	Webb	
38	Robert		23	D. Warren	
39	Joe		25	R. Chisholm	
40	Robert		21	W. Frispp	
41	Anthony		20	MacRay	
42	Jim		16	do	
44	Sam		25	R. Chisholm	
45	Sam		23	R. Reynolds	

Continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
46	Fitt		23	R. Bammell	
47	Oliver		20	W. Whipp	
48	Dan		60	do	
49	William		38	R. Chisholm	
50	Fitt		20	Webb	
51	Thomas		40	R. Bowles	
52	Esop		18	M ^c Carrios	
53	Bristob		30	J. Jipps	
54	Dick		21	G. Croft	
55	Will		40	R. Chisholm	
56	Phillip		40	do	
57	John		20	R. Fuller	
58	Jeff		40	R. Chisholm	
59	John		20	do	
60	Primus		40	do	
61	Isaac		29	do	
62	Alex		15	do	
62	Bristob		15	C. Dussie	
63	Paris		16	Col Hamilton	
64	Irvin		60	R. Chisholm	
65	Cuffee		43	W. Adams	
66	Smart		42	Coopers	
67	Kerr		39	Dr Gannett	
68	Gorner		18	P. Sams	
69	Irvin		27	Fripp	
70	Pompey		30	do	
71	Cato		22	R. Fuller	

— Continued —

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Names	Residence
72	Bato		36	F Gates	
73	Jupiter		21	C. Bannell	
74	Dick		40	R Bannell	
75	Bruss		30	A Chisholm	
76	Jim		44	C. Fripp	
77	Sam		40	J. L. Chaplin	
78	William		50	W. Potts	
79	William		40	W. Cuthbert	
80	Edward		41	Jr Jenkins	
81	Frederic		53	W. Fripp	
82	Achilles		70	Mr Morcock	
83	George		30	do	
84	Jupiter		25	Jenkins	
85	Charles		19	Tom Cuthbert	
86	Jonas		24	do	
87	Josh		24	J. D Warren	
88	Simon		21	W. Fripp	
89	Isaac		24	W. J. Chaplin	
90	Parry		44	F H Webb	
91	George		60	J. J. Smith	
92	Mingo		24	J. Chaplin	
93	Centry	2	35	Gates	
94	Isaac		60	W. Potts	
95	Will		22	H. Steward	
96	Jonas		18	Mike Jenkins	
97	Amos		23	do	
98	Daniel		20	do	

— continued —

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Names	Residence
99	Abner		29	Mike Jenkins	
100	Charles		26	do	
101	Buffy		61	R. Barnwell	
102	David		25	J. Elliott	
103	Billy		41	J. Webb	
104	Tom		70	W. H. Heyman	
105	Dick		48	Mr Jenkins	
106	Sam		60	do	
107	Columbus		50	do	
108	Isaac		30	B. Payford	
109	Bacchus		30	J. Warren	
110	Adam		31	do	
111	Jimmy		65	Mr Jenkins	
112	Dick		28	W. J. Gripp	
113	Charles		30	Mary Pugh	
114	Princ		77	G. Turner	
115	Billy		20	Joseph Edging	
116	Tom		45	D. Custaco	
117	Thomas		25	H. Fair	
118	Pete		27	J. Wells	
119	Frederick		24	H. Falbot	
120	Joe		22	do	
121	Joby		25	Potts	
122	Samuel		20	F. Falbot	
123	Carolina		22	do	
124	Billy		21	do	
125	John		39	do	

Continued

No	Names	Children	Age	Owners Names	Residences
126	Taff		27	S. Chisholm	
127	Julian		70	W ^m Fripp	
128	Albert		21	H. P. Fripp	
129	Jim		26	D ^r Dennis	
130	Joe		18	Sarah Sams	
131	Sam		21	do	
132	Simon		22	R. Chisholm	
133	Peter		23	do	
134	Sam		25	S. Chaplin	
135	Anty		26	J. Fripp	
136	Joshua		30	F. Fuller	
137	Isaac		60	F. Luthbert	
138	Joe		25	do	
139	Billy		26	do	
140	Samuel		30	do	
141	Rafe		60	Mr Perryman	
142	Billy		21	J. F. Chaplin	
143	Sam		20	R. Chisholm	
144	James		18	do	
145	Abraham		29	P. Hamilton	
146	Joe		26	D ^r Dennis	
147	Brown		50	J. Meiv	
148	Suby		40	W. H. Luthbert	
149	Princ		68	Quinn	
150	David		50	Potto	
151	Hector		30	do	
152	Collin		38	do	

— continued —

No	Name	Children	Age	Owners Name	Residence
153	Peter		58	Mike Jenkins	
154	John		19	J Chaplin	
155	William		16	do	
156	Primas		57	J Cuthbert	
157	Saw		17	do	
158	Abraham		19	R Chisholm	
159	Smart		61	do	
160	Simon		40	Geo Cuthbert	
161	Peter		40	do	
162	Calo		21	Dr J Johnson	
163	Daniel		24	Wm Mills	
164	Joe		31	Tom Cuthbert	
165	Edward		19	A Bannell	
166	Quash		21	Geo McRay	
167	Linus		50	Mike Jenkins	
168	Hamilton		20		

Contrabands variously employed

No	Name	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Dick	male	23	J Frispp	Brig Gen Stans	
2	Henry	"	22	Dr Jenkins	"	
3	Joe	"	36	"	"	Waiter
4	Sampson	"	32	Wm Frispp	"	Shoemaker
5	Henrietta	female	23	Dr Jenkins	"	Cook
6	Suckey	"	30	J. J. Smith	"	Housemaid

Continued

No	Name	Sex	Age	Owner's Name	Where employed	Occupation
7	Corecia	Female	24	J. J. Smith	Brig Gen Stevens	cook
8	George	male	25		Sicut Post's Ordalus	cook
9	Sam	"	67	W ^m Chaplin	Capt Warfield	Hooster
10	Olivia	Female	60	"	"	cook
11	Silva	"	50	W ^m Adams	Adams Exp Office	"
12	Joe	male	22	R. Chisholm	"	waiter
13	Bina	Female	12	W ^m Webb	"	"
14	Caroline	"	12	J. Solbot	Mr Allen's store	"
15	Archie	male	11	John Verdin	"	"
16	Simon	"	20	E. W. Prescott	McRobinson's store	waiter
17	Sam	"	20	Dr. J. Johnson	"	"
18	Molly	Female	37	P. Chaplin	Capt W. Lilly	cook
19	William	male	20	B. Chaplin	Capt C. B. Fuller's store	waiter
20	Gabriel	"	30	J. F. Chaplin	"	"
21	Jeff	"	42	Mary L. Jenkins	"	cook
22	Moses	"	32	Dr. Gibbs	"	"
23	Julia	Female	16	Dr. Jenkins	"	Housemaid
24	Phaeto	"	23	W. Bammell	"	"
25	Sanders	male	33	W ^m Bammell	"	Hooster
26	Monday	"	42	W ^m Rivers	Capt W. Fuller	Boat hand
27	Isaac	"	35	"	"	"
28	Jacob	"	30	W ^m Adams	"	"
29	Abraham	"	45	"	"	"
30	Joby	"	36	Dr. Jenkins	Rev Dr Peck	House servant
31	Judy	Female	30	"	"	"

Contraband Negroes

Employed in and around the Camp of the 50th Regt Pa Vols

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Julius Leichholm	male	26	Mr Leichholm	Col. Lehib	Groom
2	Joseph Fripp	"	40	Mr Fripp	Hospital	Servant
3	Woody Pinckney	"	40	D ^r H. M. Fuller	Lieut Jones 3rd Regt	Cook
4	Backus Phoenix	"	26	Colonel Allen	Capt Humann	Cook
5	Robert Fripp	"	21	Mr Fripp Senr	Capt Bohemus	"
6	Israel Rose	"	25	D ^r A. B. Rose	Capt Parker	"
7	Charles Fripp	"	40	Wash. Fripp	Lieut Cleveland	Waiter
8	Edward	"	14	Thos Luthbert	Lieut Nuntzinger	"
9	Martha Baunwell	female	70	Robt Baunwell	S ^{ch} Col Bronholls	Cook
10	Susan Chaplin	"	18	J Chaplin	Act Surg Vickers	Servant
11	Bessie Linnard	"	19	D ^r A. B. Rose	Lieut Jones 3rd Regt	Waiter
12	Deha Myers	"	23	Mr M ^r Mellan	Capt Parker	"

Contraband Negroes

Employed in and around the Camp of the 79th Regt N. G. S. M.

No	Name	Sex	Age	Owners Names	Where employed	Occupation
1	Abraham	male	52	J Chaplin	Lieut Martin 3rd	
2	William	"	24	D ^r Jenkins	Unemployed	
3	Jackson	"	56	"	Lieut Robinson 1st	
4	Scipio	"	14	J B Chaplin	S ^{ch} Col. Morrison	
5	Scipio	"	24	Warren	Regimental Band	
6	Jupiter	"	22	Mrs Ann Fripp	Adjutant	
7	Bill	"	20	John Chaplin	D ^r M ^r Small	

Continued

No	Name	Sex	Age	Owners name	Where employed	Occupation
8	January					
9	Sibie	Female	40	Dr Jenkins	unemployed	
10	Jyrra	"	22	"	"	
11	Leah	"	35	Mr Patterson	"	
12	Ellen	"	23	Mr Campbell	"	
13	Nelly	"	20	Mr Coffin	"	
14	Mannah	"	30	Mr Fleipf		
15	Rebecca	"	25	from Ladies Sale	Dr Mc Donald	
16	Rebecca Brown	"		John Chaplin	"	

Contraband Negroes

Employed in and around the camp of the 8th Regt Mich Vols.

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Kittra	Male	17	John Fild	Hospital	Cleaning
2	Nat	"	22	M. Chaplin	"	Asst Cook
3	Dick	"	22	"	"	Chopping wood
4	Sam	"	17	— Edwards	Camp B	Sert to Capt
5	Syphax	"	60	— Bolds	"	" Lieut
6	Joseph	"	32	John Fripp	Camp H	Asst Cook
7	Jonas	"	34	Edm Means	Field & Staff	Servants
8	Parrish Miller	"	21	Clarance Kirk	Camp A	Cook
9	Charles	"	28	Wm Cuthbert	"	Officers Servants
10	Gabriel	"	22	Henry Fuller	Camp G	Cook
11	Fred	"	30	Dr A & Rose	" C	Officers Sert's
12	Isaac	"	35	O'Barneall	" E	Cook

— continued —

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
13	Jenny	Male	35	A Schin	Comp A	Cook
14	Rosanna	Female	17	Matth. Chaplin	Hospital	Laundress
15	Charlotte	"	16	Jess. Prager	"	"
16	Belia	"	33	— Seabrook	Comp B	"
17	Hess	"	20	J. J. Porteus	Field Staff	Cook & Servant
18	Diana	"	14	McC Senkus	"	"
19	Flora	"	55	Thos. Benyard	"	"
20	Hagar	"	25	Mary Cannon	Comp C	Laundress
21	Hetty	"	30	— Seabrook	" C	"

— Contraband Negroes —

employed in and around the Camp of the 100th Regt. Pa. Vols.

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Jane	Female	20	— Blundin	Sgt. Col. Armstrong	Cook
2	Rosa	"	35	— Luthbert	Hospital	Washwoman
3	Hagar	"	17	G. Garrett	"	"
4	Edward	Male	40	— Smith	Col. Leasure	Cook
5	Ben	"	21	— Chaplin	Adj. McCreary	Wanter
6	Jim	"	25		Chng. Suddingm	"
7	Joe	"	20	Blarince Cook	Comp. D	Cook
8	Joby	"	28	— Seabrook	" B	Capt. Wacker
9	Jenny	"	35	— Poucher	" C	Cook
10	Sandy	"	40	— Seabrook	" E	Sent Cook Wacker
11	Lee	"	14	— Bannard	" H	Cook
12	Hector	"	30	James Dugby	" A	Capt. Wacker

— continued —

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners name	Where employed	Occupation
13	Justin	Male	35	Dr Fuller	Camp I.	cook
14	Charley	"	16	— Edwards	" Ho	L'Hess' waiter
15	June	"	24	Dr Capers	" M	cook
16	Frank	"	21	Dr Rose	" D	Capt servant

— Contraband Negroes —

employed in and around Camp of 3rd Battalion 1st Regt Mass Cav

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Ben Potter	Male		Henry J. Potter	Off New Co H	cook
2	Thomas Rhett	"		Thoms Rhett	"	"

— Contraband Negroes —

employed in and around Provost, Marshalls Office

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Joe	male	39	Abt Chisholm	Prison Dept	Steward
2	Jupiter	"	23	Edm Barrwell	House	Chef
3	Bonny	"	19	Alex Chisholm		cook for Prison
4	Kate	Female	65	Jos S. Filer		servant
5	Maria	"	21	"		best cook

— Contraband Negroes —

employed in Captain Rockwells Co. 1st Conn Battery

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Charles	male	17	John Talbot		Officers Cook

Continued

No	Name	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
2	Captain	male	16	Mrs. Hoagel		Comp Cook
3	John	"	18	D ^r . J. Johnson		Comp. "
4	John	"	20	Jonas Fripp		Off. Servant
5	Cornelia	Female	20	Robt. Chismar	Hospital	Nurse

Contraband Negroes

in the employ of the 6th Brigade E.C.

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
1	Frederick	male	25	Franklin Tolbat	On Shell Road	Building Fort
2	Isaac	"	17	Capt B. Payton	"	"
3	Joe	"	22	J. F. Chaplin	"	"
4	Joe	"	18	Sarah Sams	"	"
5	Sam	"	21	"	"	"
6	Monday	"	24	Thomas Coffin	"	"
7	Phenix	"	22	"	"	"
8	Wells	"	24	"	"	"
9	Titus	"	22	"	"	"
10	Jimmy	"	22	"	"	"
11	Prince	"	20	W ^m Fripp	"	"
12	Joe	"	23	Mrs. Cutbert	"	"
13	Joby	"	25	W ^m J. Potter	"	"
14	Paul	"	20	J. F. Chaplin	"	"
15	Jeffrey	"	40	Robt. Chismar	"	"
16	Tom	"	20	Allan Stuart	"	"
17	Tom	"	45	W. J. Bull	"	"
18	Sykes	"	46	Alex. Chismar	"	"

continued

No	Names	Sex	Age	Owners Name	Where employed	Occupation
19	Edward	Male	20	R. Bammell	Shell Road	Building Port
20	Adam	"	28	G. J. Fuller	"	"
21	Dick	"	55	W. Fuller	"	"
22	William	"	20	J. E. Talbot	"	"
23	Caroline	"	21	Frank Talbot	"	"
24	Hector	"	20	J. F. Porteus	"	"
25	Samuel	"	19	Frank Talbot	"	"
26	Joseph	"	22	"	"	"
27	Nanty	"	26	Capt. J. Fripp	"	"
28	Charles	"	30	M. Jenkins	"	"
29	Graham	"	18	Pet. Nabrett	"	"
30	Bristol	"	30	Is. Fripp	"	"
31	John	"	21	Geo. Pope	"	"
32	Olin	"	20	W. Fripp Jun	"	"
33	Adam	"	20	Rich Reynolds	"	"
34	Abraham	"	20	M. F. Jenkins	"	"
35	Kit	"	23	Rob. Bammell	"	"
36	Isaac	"	19	Rob. Osbold	"	"
37	Paris	"	22	John F. Chaplin	"	"
38	Peter	"	19	Alex. Chisum	"	"
39	David	"	25	Slip Elliott	"	"
40	Wils	"	22	Hy. Stewart	"	"

List of Negroes

Registered at the Office of the Provost Marshall

No	No Register	Names	Sex	Size	Age	Residence	Owners Name	Char ^s of Owners
1	671	James	Male	4-4	13	Leosau	Robt. Chisholm	Disloyal
2	2	Frank	"	5-10	46	"	"	"
3	3	Rebecca	Female	5-1	46	"	"	"
4	4	Rickie	"	5-3	22	"	"	"
5	5	Gloria	"	3-	9	"	"	"
6	6	Mary Ann	"	4-	13	"	"	"
7	7	Henry	Male	3-3	9	"	"	"
8	8	Alpro	"	3-8	14	"	"	"
9	9	Mitchel	"	4-3	15	"	"	"
10	680	Rina	Female	5-	37	"	"	"
11	1	Mike	Male	5-4	40	Rhodes Plain	Thos Rhodes	"
12	2	Mark	"	5-6	45	D Wright "	D. Wright	"
13	3	Lebia	"	5-4	30	Much Island	W ^m Henry	"
14	4	Tom	Male	5-5	70	"	"	"
15	5	Daniel	"	5-7	39	Oak Hill	Thos. Rhodes	"
16	6	Jas	"	5-7	40	"	"	"
17	7	Savina	Female	5-4	30	"	"	"
18	8	Lebia	"	5-3	27	Indian Land	Ab. W Fuller	"
19	9	August	Male	5-5	19	Leau Neck	P Hamilton	"
20	690	Liffroy	"	5-6	35	Whetaw	A. Chisholm	"
21	1	William	"	5-11	39	Leau Neck	P. Chisholm	"
22	2	Thomas	"	5-8	40	Whetaw	Ab. Rhett	"
23	3	Jonas	"	5-6	40	S' Helena Sta	Mel. Sams	"
24	4	John	"	5-7	21	"	W F Chapman	"
25	695	Sarah	Female	5-	22	Malua Hill	A. Chisholm	"

~~Brig. Gen. Stevens~~
Brig. Gen. Stevens
Comdg 2^d Brigade C. C.
Sir

The foregoing is a list of Contraband
negroes, furnished according to General Orders No 8
issued July 18, 1862, which is respectfully submitted.

I am, Sir, most respectfully

Your obt. Servant

C. E. Fuller
Capt U.S.A.
Asst Quartermaster

Approved
Isaac Stevens
Brig Genl Comd

925

Lybe Island Ga

March 15/62

W. W. METZ

Contractors

Oct 15

Inventory of Thirteen Contraband Negroes Employed at the Post. Tybee Island Ga. March 15th 1862

No.	Names	age	Height	Degree	Occupation	Masters			Arrived at this Post	Employed at this Post as	Remarks
						Names	Residence	Character			
1	Jos. P. Newberry alias	23	5 10	2 ^d	Laborer	Mrs. Bantow	Wilmington	Disloyal	Dec 16. 1861	Laborer & Bootman	
2	Billy Lutes	19	5 5	2 ^d	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	
3	Commodore Perry	28	5 6	2 ^d	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	
4	Bob Roberts	20	5 8	3 ^d	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	— do —	Officer's Servt.	
5	Samuel Mackey	30	5 10		Carpenter	Miss Mackey	Savannah	— do —	March 2 ^d 1862	Boatman	
6	Morris Quickney	23	5 5 1/2		Laborer	Mrs Quickney	Charleston	— do —	— do —	— do —	
7	Tom Webb	28	5 11		— do —	Geo. Webb	Savannah	In Rebel Army	— do —	— do —	
8	Wally Scott	20	5 6		— do —	Dehon Deponey	Grainville	— do —	— do —	— do —	
9	Samuel Polite	26	5 8		— do —	Mrs. J. Skutk	Bluffton	Disloyal	— do —	— do —	
10	Ussar Graham	42	5 8		— do —	Dr John Kirk	— do —	In Rebel Army	— do —	— do —	
11	Ismael Hines	22	5 7		Waiter	J. G. Walter	Savannah	— do —	— do —	Officer's Servant	
12	Red Polite	15	5 8		— do —	Elliott Barrett	— do —	Disloyal	March 7 th 1862	— do — do	
13	Anthony Bailey	22	5 5		— do —	Hon. Trip	St. Helena Id	In Rebel Army	— do 10/62	— do — do	

Tybee Island Ga
March 15th 1862

D. J. Ginnard
Pay and Comm. Recy

928

Graham's Plantation

March 1862

207212-10

Car for feeding

List of Contrabands at Graham Plantation

March 15th 1862

Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Former Master	Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Former Master
May	47	W	Driver	Graham	Betty	65	F	F. Hand	Graham
See	48	F	First Hand	"	Judy	22	F	" "	"
Monah	19	F	Servant	"	Robert	8	W	"	"
Bess	15	F	1/2 Hand	"	Betty	63	F	"	"
April	14	W	Cripple	"	Lizzy	6	F	"	"
Indus	43	W	"	"	Isaac	23	W	at Fort	"
Tommy	50	W	First Hand	"	Sam	24	W	" "	"
Clarissa	46	F	"	"	Monday	23	W	" "	"
Binah	22	F	"	"	Nancy	24	F	F. Hand	"
Sergeant	20	W	"	"	Jenny	53	F	" "	"
Rosa	18	F	Nurse	"	Sam	6	W	"	"
Cyrus	7	W	"	"	Jack	25	W	F. Hand	"
Salma	2	F	"	"	Martha	50	F	" "	"
Wilton	4	W	"	"	March	20	W	" "	"
Hannah	39	F	First Hand	"	Jackson	14	W	Servant	"
John	23	W	at Fort	"	Cumbatin	7	W	"	"
Phillis	21	F	F. Hand	"	Sofa	9	F	"	"
Joe	18	W	1/2 Hand	"	Mily	70	W	F. Hand	"
Nemy	24	W	at Fort	"	Lewis	49	W	" "	"
Jimmy	63	W	"	"	Stephen	48	W	" "	"
Cyrus	60	W	Cripple	"	Arroy	26	F	" "	"
Sally	25	F	at Fort	"	Lucy	6	F	"	"
Wary	14	F	1/2 Hand	"	Tommy	40	W	F. Hand	"
Cumbatin	30	W	F. Hand	"	Elary	39	F	" "	"
Phoebe	36	F	" "	"	Sarah	27	F	" "	"
Susan	21	F	" "	"	Peggy	8	F	"	"
Lydia	7	F	" "	"	Fanny	6	F	"	"

Name	Age	Sex	Occupation	Spouse Name
Thomas				
Adam	49	M	Fire Man	Graham
Beck	50	F	Midwife	"
Tom	20	M	Fire Man	"
Jane	15	F	at foot	"
Oliver	21	M	" "	"
Salina	10	F		"
Matt	65	M	Fire Man	"
Foss	40	M	" "	"
Andrew	65	M	Gardener	"
Sally	65	F	Fire Man	Strawbridge
Thomas	33	M	" "	Fanny
Julius	32	M	" "	Frank Pope
Jerry	30	F	" "	" "
Dick	14	M		" "
Mamah	16	F		" "
Jimmy	60	M	Fire Man	Lawton

Holttsville

Mar 10. 1862

Alfred Butler gives
security in the required
sum.

Aler makes inquiry
how he may procure
the release of James H
Gunn, prisoner at
Camp Chase

Huttonsville W. Va.

March 10th 1862

Mr. Joseph Carr Jr.
Provost Marshall
Western District, Wheeling Va.

Sir,

I have filed
my account signed by responsible men
with General Milroy, Commanding the
Sixth Mass Regt, at Huttonsville W. Va.

What must I do, in order to obtain
the release of James H. Gurn, now in
Camp Chase Ohio, I am willing to give
him \$500. Security, in this (I understand he)
he is a poor man, & I will have him
to stay in my County, and work for
me until the war is over.

prove not to have been in arms, get Petition
fulfill or add to give security
mms 27/62

Truly Yours
Alfred Hutton

The Secretary of War
acknowledges the report
in the cases of Samp. Shepley
and Jas. H. May & Co. J.
Davis

March 11th 1862

C.

2 or 3
cents

War Department

Washington City, D.C.

March 11th 1862

To

Joseph Don. Jr.

Provost Marshal

Wheeling, Va

Sir:

I am directed by the Secretary of War to acknowledge the receipt of your report of the 7th instant in relation to the cases of Samuel Shepard, Jas. W. Noy, and Dr. J. Devies. I am also directed by him to request you to report to me the names of all political prisoners at present in your custody, together with the proofs upon which they are held.

I am, Sir, very respectfully.

Your Obedient Servant

P. H. Watson
Asst Sec War

A lengthy State-
 ment of Brig. Genl.
 Cox in the case of
 B. H. Smith U.S. Dist.
 attorney at Charleston vs.
 John Slack jr &
 John Kelly who have
 made a lengthy state-
 ment respecting a
 "Negro". The State-
 ment in the hand
 writing of B. H. Smith
 within.

March 20th 62

Head Quarters, Dist. of the Kanawha,
Charleston 20 March 1862

Capt. G. L. Hartouff, Adjt. Dept of W. Va.,
Wheeling;
Sir,

On yesterday I received by mail a paper enclosed herewith, endorsed "Respectfully referred to Brig. Gen. Cox" the endorsement without any signature, no letter of transmittal accompanying the document. Guessing that it was forwarded from Department's Head Quarters, I took the earliest opportunity of replying.

The events referred to in the paper took place when I was at Wheeling, and I have obtained from the late Private Master Lt. Col. Hines & by personal enquiry the facts herein stated.

The document is in the hand writing of P. Smith Esq, U.S. Dist. Atty. residing here, though signed only by John Slack Jr & Wm. Kelly; the former being Deputy U.S. Marshal, the latter the jailer at the County jail. The composition is so peculiar that it is difficult to tell what part of the statements is Slack's or Kelly's, and what is Col. Smith's, and therefore I do not know whom to hold responsible for the misstatements contained in it.

Mr. Slack is a respectable young man who I believe would do his duty as far as he understands it, but who has not energy enough to keep him from being the tool of

others. Mr. Kelly the jailer is sufficiently described when I state the fact that he has attempted to add to his profits as turnkey by selling bad whiskey to soldiers put in his calaboose, at the rate of five dollars per pint bottle. Mr. Smith the District Attorney has had no opportunity of being annoying to the military officers here, since the controversy about the negro man captured from his own Major Isaac Smith of the Rebel army.

This referred to the parties concerned is necessary to enable the commanding General to understand the anims of ~~these~~ complaints.

The facts are substantially as follows. Henry H. Hopkins is a notorious secessionist living near Coal River, and a man of considerable property. Sometime before his arrest he sent the negro man mentioned in the complaint, Smith, in charge of some Logan County "Bushwhackers." On his way & in McDowell County the man managed to escape and returned into Hopkins' neighborhood near Boone C. H. where he took his wife & three children alleged to have been the property of a woman named Sonost and brought them to this Post. Upon his representation that he had escaped from armed rebels in McDowell Co. & without further knowledge of the facts the Post Quartermaster set him at work. About the 19th of Feb. Hopkins came to town with Mr. Sonost, and without notice to the L. M. or any color of authority by any civil process, procured the aid of Kelly the jailer, seized the negro & took him to Wright's hotel. The Provost Marshal, knowing that Hopkins was an active secessionist & that he had been personally engaged

in the battle at Peoria Ck. last fall, ordered his arrest. Shortly after, he was visited upon by B. H. Smith Esq, U. S. District Atty, who stated that he had known Mr Hopkins for many years and was confident he was a good Union man, although in fact the Deputy Marshal at the very time held a warrant for the arrest of Hopkins for treason & conspiracy, under an indictment found in the U. S. Courts, of which, to say the least of it, it is very strange that Mr Smith should have been ignorant. At the request of the Prov. Marshal the warrant was served on Hopkins, who was admitted to bail in the sum of \$2000. which is most inadequate security for the appearance of a man of Hopkins' wealth & influence accused of such a crime.

After the arrest of Hopkins, the vessel being left to himself returned to his quarters, but sometimes during the night stole a skiff and attempted to escape with his family down the Kansas river. The circumstances of his accident in the river, & the drowning of his family & his subsequent capture I have not been able to investigate fully.

The only matter of controversy now is in regard to the horses. The boat keeper at the tavern denies that he has said that it was taken by Wagon master Werts (a man who has since been discharged by the Post 2. M.), and I have been unable to trace it, although every effort has been made in perfect good faith to do so. The man that was sent under arrest to see if that would make him admit anything in regard to it, but without effect. I advise Black to procure someone who knew

the honor to pass through the Govt. stables & teams, & if he were seized the animal to let me know at once & I would give an order to him to obtain it. The statement that "Steak says he told Cope he could not find him - that as Soldier or Employee in his command got him & if proper measures were taken he could be had" is both impudent and false; and I respectfully submits that it is not, in another instance, such a complaint as the Comy General should call upon me to reply to.

The statements of these civil officials at once give me the opportunity and make it my duty to state to the Comy General that the only occasion on which these gentlemen show any vitality is when some assassins' runaway negroes are to be caught. For any purpose of ordinary municipal magistracy, they seem utterly incompetent. I have urged the reorganization of the County & of the town, but to no effect. Every street that is minded, Every bridge that is repaired, or wharf that is put in order must be done by the army at the expense of the U. S. Govt. They will not elect officers to look after the poor, but leave us to find the starving near our camps. They will establish no police, and by force of public opinion keep suitors out of the courts ordered to be held by Gov. Peirpont. Yet a U. S. Commt, without any warrants, or even pretended jurisdiction, will stop any vagrant negro, drive him through the streets in person, and say that he does it as a United States officer.

Of course we simply look on, and have no controversy with

them unless driven into it by direct efforts on their part to interfere with our necessary regulations.

The simple fact is that a few men of property who are allowed occasional control the town and make its public sentiments, and by this means they practically control these officials also. Many of the negroes employed at the salt

~~work are in the same situation as the~~
slaves of rebels who are either in the rebel army or fled with it from the valley. The great problem upon which the accessionists remaining here are exercising their ingenuity is to find the means of using the U.S. Court & Marshal to secure to them the services of these negroes without cost or legitimate contracts of hiring, for the present profit of these gentlemen here and the future advantage of their compatriots across the lines.

Col. Smith & Mr. Shack say that they made the statement at the expense request of Major Deane of the Army Staff. A simple enquiry from the Major would have saved me the necessity of writing this long letter.

Very respectfully

Yours obed^t Serv^t

J. N. Col.
1914

Stores of
Richard

Statement

Stacks

Respectfully referred
to Brig. Genl. Cox.

Lt. Col. Amis will refer to these
A. Inventories, all by means of the
within transaction.

J. W. Cox.
1864

William ^{Kelly} states that about the 19th of Feb:
last, Henry ^{A.} Hopkins came to Charleston
stated ~~to me~~ that his negro man had stolen
his horse on coal where Master & slave resided
and brought his wife & three children on
the horse to Charleston. ^{Hopkins} He applied to me
to assist in taking the negro man. They did
take him and had him in possession at
Wright's tavern in Charleston. There he
met with Col. Hines - and after a short time
Hines's Sergeant Curry, came out took
the negro from ~~my~~ the possession of his master &
myself.

John Slack deputy marshal states that
he happened to be present when the
negro was taken by Curry. He ascertained
that he had in his possession a writ or
indictment for treason against Hopkins
when he took him into possession &
committed him to prison. The next
morning he informed B. H. Smith ^{dis. after} he
had committed Hopkins and the cause
where he was instructed to call for the
negro horse & take possession of them
for the purpose of proceeding against
them as confiscated property. That
he then went to Hines and informed
him that he was directed to seize the
negro ~~and~~ and asked Col. Hines
if he would surrender him and
his answer was he would consider
of it. ^{Wright's Tavern} That he Slack ~~asked~~ told Hines he

was instructed to take the negro by the direction of the dist. atto: - That during the day he met with Hines several times, from whom he rec^d. no reply - That night as I understood & do not doubt, the negro man got out of the lines of the army, (and the negro said a soldier came to him a short time after dark & told him a skiff was ready for him at the landing). The negro his wife & three children started down the river and about two miles below town met a steam boat, the waves of which overroft his craft, & ~~the wife~~ ^{the woman & three} children were drowned the man swam to the shore & went down to coal, & was there captured by a company of soldiers - This I learned on the evening of the day after they started - The district atto. in the presence of Col: Hines told me to go down and get the negro - William Kelly & state, that on a warrant was issued against the negro for stealing the horn, & placed in his hands - when searching for him learned the negro had left - after hearing he was at the Camp at Coal, the ~~sheriff~~ deputy Marshal Stack & myself ~~on~~ on Saturday morning started together in a skiff to coal - we called on Capt. ~~Lee~~ the negro - I Kelly showed the warrant, & Stack claimed ~~it~~ Lee refused to deliver him up on the warrant for theft - Then Stack

demanded him as confiscated property, and as Marshal Lee then gave him up - we proceeded to the river at the mouth of coal & crossed to the north east side of the river to await the arrival of the Packet Steam boat. She came along after night, we hailed her, she came to shore a little before she reached the shore, we were approached by four full armed soldiers, the negro was arrested at the Point of the Bayonet. They refused to give their names or the place where they were stationed. The negro was carried away - After spending the next day going as low as Buffalo, we returned to Charleston - A few days afterwards, we heard the negro was in jail at Putnam Court house - Kelly was sent for him, & brought him back, & he is now in jail at Charleston. The Marshal states he has applied for the horse frequently. Can't learn where he is - The bar keeper at Wrights tavern says the horse was left by the negro at their stable, & was taken thence by West by the wagon master. Slack says he has applied to Genl. Cox for the horse, who says he will give an order for him if he Slack will find out who has him. Slack says he told Cox he could not

find him - That a soldier or employer
in his command got him, & if proper
measures were taken he could be had

That he is not aware that any measures
have been taken to reclaim the power
although stolen by the negro, afterwards
by the military, and Black Throats, &
many others, & greatly to the discredit
of the army - That the community has been
excited and alarmed, & greatly disqui-
eted by these circumstances, not so much
on account of the value of the property
as for the fear of insecurity of property
from military aggression. ~~John~~
~~March 1862~~

John Locke
W. Petty

Stone
Chas. L. L.

Statement

Slack

Respectfully referred
to King, Genl. Cox

At W. Army into...
W. P. ... all by means of the
with transaction

W. P. ...

Respectfully referred to
 Maj. Jos. Darr, Provost
 Marshall

By command of Col. Rosecrans

Goddard
 1st Lt. 12th Inf. 00.
 Ad. C.

The Coleman's were
 ordered released
 March 13th 1862.

James B Hamilton

Charleston Mar. 7.

Forwards Map of Fayette
 County

2 or 3 miles
 E. etc.

Hamilton

Co.
Sea Breeze

May 20th

Life

Charleston
Kanawha

Gen. W. S. Rosecrans
Com ~~of~~ Dept of M.V.

March 9th
1862

According to my promise I made you last fall I herewith enclose you a Topographical map of Fayette County showing all the roads & streams and also a correct outline of the County - including a portion of Greenbrier and all the routes to Lewisburg; I have to apologise for the delay but I was unable to get the information necessary & put it into shape sooner. but I hope that it will not come too late to be of service to your Engineer Department. I also send to you for your consideration a petition for the release of two of the Colemans & McGraw. The cases of James & Jacob Coleman I believe to be fairly & truthfully set forth & I am willing to enter into bonds at any time for their good behavior. The case of W. McGraw I know nothing about but this I can say, that most all of the signers of his petition are true & loyal Union men and they are men that I believe would state nothing but what was so.

Yours Most Respectfully

James B. Hamilton

931

Wagner C
Statistiker &
A. C. Wagner
Bund

Mar 24 1863

~~2 24 1863~~
~~1863~~

March the 24th. 1862.

Major Joseph Darr. Provost
Marshal at Wheeling Va. Mr. A. C.
Ward, and Draper C. Stalnaker came
before me Wm. Bennett Clerk
of the County Court of Randolph-
County Va. and entered into
Recognizance of one thousand Dollars
each with approved security for
their good behaviour for one year
and desired me to report the same
to you given under my hand
this 24th day of March 1862.—
Wm. Bennett. clerk.

1862
Petition from
Waterman & others
of the business in
Loyal State

2nd March
Ct.

March 4/62

Chicago Ill.
Mar. 4th 1862,

Superintendent of Transportation
St Louis. Mo.

Sir

We the undersigned citizens
of the loyal States of the American Republic do hereby
beg leave to petition for a special permit or license for
the purpose of transacting commercial intercourse
in the loyal sections of the Department of Missouri
and the country on the Tennessee + Cumberland
rivers. Praying that you will grant us the privilege
of transporting divers articles of commerce to + from
the loyal sections aforesaid, to wit: Northern produce and
merchandise, also Sugars, Rice, Cotton, tobacco + an exchange
of commodities generally. Furthermore, if required we
will give ample bonds that we will conform strictly
to the requirements set forth in such special permit that
you may grant us. Praying that our application will
receive due notice, at your earliest convenience.

We Remain yours Resptly
C. H. Waterman
W. B. Brusson

Q-114-4

Chief Marshal F. J. C. V.

Road at Fort Seward

933

Dated March 21st 1862

Reports the killing of twelve
and draws by citizens, in the
vicinity of Fort Seward.

Gives names of said citizens

Recd March 23rd 1862

Sumner
Cit
Office December 22nd. 1892.

114

Fort Seward Eel River Cal
March 21st 1862

Adjutant

I deem it my duty to report
the reported killing of Indian Indians
within the jurisdiction of this Post by
a party of Citizens.

The parties crossed here in
the government boat on the 10th Inst. for
the purpose as they stated of hunting, a certain
authority states they proceeded to the head
of Dobbin's Creek and killed eight Indians, and
two days subsequent they attacked and
killed four other unresisting Indians
about fifteen miles up the River.

The Party was headed by Citizens
Pierce Asbill, Stephen Fleming, Haynes - others
from this vicinity.

Very Respectfully

Wm. M. H. S. Jr.
A. A. S. (2^d Inf. Co.)
S. S. Humboldt

Your Obedt
W. M. H. S. Jr.
2^d Inf. Co. S. S.
Sandy Post

Dept. Miss.
 March 26th 1862

referred to Major
 Gen. Chief Quartermaster
 of Maj. Genl. Halleck.

W. A. Linn

any
 enclosure on
 Hatcher's Feb. 2. 2
 March 26. 62.

file
 names are of
 rolls and
 be paid on those
 part cannot be
 the excision of
 to pay the
 present is in
 The amount
 10 =

W. A. Linn
 Major & Co

H^o: Genl Dept: Miss.
 March 26th 1862

Respectfully referred to Major
 Robert Allen, Chief Quartermaster
 By order of Maj. Genl Halleck.

W. Allen

See
 Genl: See indorsement on
 letter from Hutchins John L. to
 Boston 1841. Dated 26. '62.

file

These men's names are of
 Capt Woods rolls and
 can only be paid on those
 rolls. A part cannot be
 paid to the exclusion of
 others, and to pay the
 whole at present is im-
 possible. The amount
 is \$22,000 =

W. Allen

Major & Co

file

W. A. 36

Saint Louis March 26/62

Daniel W. Moore
and 34, attorneys

Representing that they have been
in the employ of the government
at Benton Barracks, working as
carpenters; that they have never
worked three months, & some of three
of months, without having received
their wages; that their families
are in utter want, and destitute-
tion strikes them in the face,
and respectfully appeals to
the Commanding Genl
for relief in the premises

C. K.

Rec. Dept. Miss. March 26/62

St Louis March 26th 1862

To Major General Halleck Com^d Western Dep.

Sir The undersigned Citizens Carpenters
Working under oath of Allegiance in Benton
Barrieks are Compelled to apply herewith
to your Honor the Head Com^d of this
Department for Relief as they dont see
Any other way open to them to get their
Right

All of us are working now as above
for about three months some near four
months without getting our wages
And it proved equally of no avail when
a voucher of of time was kee from the
Quartermaster's Respectively Mr. Todd
or Mr. Hutchings in order to make sure
of an uncontested payment at a later
time

Most of us have a family to sustain
All of us are of slender means and utter want
and destitution stare many of us in the face
Should we continue working on such terms
those vouchers being even refused to us
on whose shurity we might have procured
some money Thus it was from necessity
we stoped work yesterday and it is from
necessity if we today invade on your valuable
time I Requesting your Honor to have our
Case audited and Inquired into and to
have something arranged to our Relief

In form of payment or of the issue of such
as an equivalent or in any other shape as
your Honor may think proper

All of us are ready to resume work
at the earliest notice and trust in your
Honors strong arm and will the Reliance
of the western department that we shall
be lighted

With the most sincere Respect
as Citizens and Men

Your Honors
Most Obedt. Servants

David W. Moore
Michael, Carroll
George ~~Smith~~
Peter Kelly
William Gekie
John Parker
L. J. Wallace
H. Lamping
~~W. Lanning~~
Frank Hedergott
William Greene
Anders Hofmann
Christ. Payne
G. L. Lawrence
Chas. Schoenhard
H. Herberg
H. Witte
F. C. Wagner
H. Kette

Christoph G. G. G.
Jos. Thomson
Friedrich Herbst
R. H. Heffernan
Darius Mc Innis
William Lott
F. Neumann
H. Schumacher
Pelle Beck
Comod Beck
E. Hughes
Ernst Schaefering
J. Districh
H. Beckmann
H. Richtsinger
Darius Halper
P. O. ~~Smith~~

Order # 10/9/74 ^{du}

Report
Capt. R. W. Goetz's
report, recommending
the unconditional
release of J. E. Mercer
& J. E. Mercer, & the
restoration of their
property.

See also letter to ^{whether}
following ^{the} ^{is}
The Commanding

Officer at Camp ^{release}
Douglas. He will
it and J. E. Mercer
and return their
property to them

Any money for the
prisoners' expenses at Camp
must be given to the
~~the~~ Camp officer

For contributions

By order of the Trustees

J. C. Keller

all
as

March 1962

Cell Keller

Goods Camp Douglas

Chicago Ill

~~Contributions~~

Cairo Ill. March 15. 1862

General,

The memorial of C. S. Marshall of Ballard County Ky. and some eleven other citizens of Illinois and Kentucky, dated 9th inst. in relation to the case of William Mercer and his son J. C. Mercer citizens of Ballard County Ky. recently arrested here at Cairo on charges of disloyalty, and by you referred to me for investigation and written report there on has been received and has had my most careful consideration.

William Mercer and his son have appeared before me in company with Hon. C. S. Marshall Judge of Ballard County Court and J. C. DuBois also of Ballard County Ky. neighbors and old acquaintances of Mr. Mercer and son and certified to me as prominent and loyal citizens of Kentucky by leading loyal citizens of this place and at the same time also appeared Charles Gallagher, N. W. Graham and J. W. Traver leading and loyal citizens of Cairo Ill. and for some time past well acquainted with the sentiments of Mr. William Mercer and son. All these persons have given the most unquestionable and satisfactory testimony not only to the decided loyalty of Mr. Mercer but they also represent that he was arrested in Kentucky by the rebels on account of his known and active devotion to the Union and there threatened with imprisonment and death and only released from imminent danger by the prompt energy of Gen. Grant

in arresting and retaining three prominent rebels as hostages for Mr. Mercer's safety.

The circumstances attending Mr. Mercer's arrest and the causes which led to it so far as I could learn from the statement of Mr. Mercer and other persons present were about these. Soon after the victory at Donaldson the friends of certain of the rebel prisoners in Ballard County Kentucky called upon Mr. Mercer as a prominent union man and requested him to convey money for the use of the prisoners and wounded who had been conveyed to Chicago and with the request that he should deliver these contributions into the hands of the officer or officers having charge of the wounded and prisoners specially named. Mr. Mercer came to Cairo where he was well known and communicated his mission to J. W. Traver, Charles Gallagher and other loyal citizens and made several unsuccessful attempts to see Brig. Gen. Cullum and Brig. Gen. Paine then commanding at Cairo. He says he did see Major G. B. Hance, A. A. S. to Brig. Gen. Paine and communicated his mission to him. That about this time and after such communication to Major Hance he was arrested, the money and papers taken from him, but by whose order there was no certain evidence before me. Mr. Mercer claims that he was simply upon a mission of mercy

was duly authorized by General order No. 50 from Departmental Head Quarters "to convey presents from friends" and "money sent by friends" to sick and wounded prisoners and others mentioned in that order, that he acted publicly and under the advice of tried American men and that he made earnest efforts to see the Commanding officers of this Post.

The names of the memorialists who reside here are well known to me to be men of unquestioned loyalty and of high respectability and their oral and written testimony in favor of the loyalty and integrity of William Mercer and his son J. C. Mercer is to me satisfactory evidence to sustain those facts.

I am therefore constrained to recommend the unconditional and prompt release of William Mercer and his son J. C. Mercer and the restoration to them of all property taken from them.

All which is respectfully submitted
by.

Richard McAllister
Captain U.S. M.S.A.

To, Brig. Genl. M^r. R. Strong
Comd. Cairn

P # 174 / 8 10
Cairo, Illinois,
March 9th 1862.

Citizens of Cairo, and
Bullard County, Ky.
to
Major General Halleck,
Comd. Dept. of Mo.

Wm Mercer, an open avowed
Union man of Bullard County
arrested by order of Brig. Gen.
Paine.

Mercer came to Cairo, Mo.
from Citizens of Bullard County
to their friends, ~~possibly taken~~
at bondsmen.

Made his object known to Gen.
Paine who arrested ~~at once~~ the
money from him.

They state, that he has been
an avowed Union man and
for the open love of the Union
has been abused, threatened and
harrassed by his secession neighbors.
Was arrested by the Rebels & con-
fined at Columbus Ky. and re-
leased in consequence of arrest
of pro-secessionists.
The ~~story~~ ^{story} ~~March 11/62~~

Never was ~~delivered~~ by thought,
word or deed, think it poor
encouragement for Union men
to be imprisoned, for what they
believe to be authorized by
order.

If charges against Mercer he should
get an opportunity to meet them.
A trial has been denied him.
Ask for a speedy trial or an
immediate release.

Sam Mercer's son E Mercer is
also imprisoned, he is a Union
man, and ^{was} driven from his home
in Ky. on account of his loyalty.
Ask to have them released, and
the money restored.

Signatures of 12 Citizens attached.

Wm H. Hays
H. Hays Dec 12/62

Respectfully referred to Pres
Genl. Strong, Camp at Cairo.
Who will investigate or cause to be
investigated, the case stated within.
His action in the matter will be
reported to these H. Hays.

By Order of Wm H. Hays
W. H. Hays
Offr H. Hays

Please return this paper

Head quarters
Cairo March
15. 1862

Capt R. Wallister
will investigate the
within case and
report in writing to
these Head quarters

W. K. Strong
Brig Genl
Cairo

File

Can investigate
- the release of the
alliances, ordered and
then property issues
be in return

(JCH)

Cairo, Ill. March 9th 1862

May Gen. H. W. Halleck

^{7 of Ballard County Ky.}
The undersigned citizens of
Cairo, respectfully represent, that on the 4th day of
March 1862, Wm. Mercer an open, avowed Union man
from Ballard County Kentucky, was arrested in Cairo
by order of Brig. Gen. E. A. Paine commandant of the Post
and committed to the guard house, where he still remains
a close prisoner. Wm. Mercer on the occasion of his
arrest, had come to Cairo with money which had been
placed in his hands by citizens of Ballard County to be
taken or sent to their friends & relatives who had been
taken prisoners at Fort Donaldson. Wm. Mercer on
arriving at Cairo made his object known to Gen. Paine
who had him arrested and the money taken from him.
The undersigned will state that Wm. Mercer has been
from the beginning of the secession excitement a con-
sistent avowed Union man, and in consequence of his
open avowed love of the Union has been abused, threatened
and harassed by his secession neighbors, and on one
occasion was arrested by the Rebel army and confined
in the guard house at Columbus Ky. for several days, and
was then released in consequence of the arrest by the Union
forces at Fort Holt of prominent secessionists to be held as
hostage for him. We are satisfied that Wm. Mercer
has never by thought, word or deed, been disloyal to
the Union. We think it hard, and a poor encourage-

- went to Union man, that a man, who although in a neighbor-
 - hood overwhelmingly secession, has always loved the Union
 and labored for it, and suffered for it, should be imprisoned
 and held in the guard house, for doing what we understand
 is authorized by your orders, and which we believe is in no wise
 wrong in itself. If there are any other charges against
 W. Mercer we believe they are false, and we believe that
 justice as well as sound policy requires that he should
 have an opportunity to meet & refute them. W. Mercer
 has repeatedly & urgently solicited a trial, which has
 so far been denied him. We therefore respectfully ask
 that he may have a speedy trial, or that his release be
 immediately ordered. W. E. Mercer son of W. Mercer
 is also imprisoned here. He is a Union man who has
 been driven from his home in Ky on account of his loyalty.
 About his loyalty there has been a suspicion, and we
 understand that there are charges prepared against
 him, yet he is a prisoner and refused a hearing.
 We ask that Mr. W. Mercer be released and the money
 taken from him be restored to him.

C. S. Marshall Ballard County Ky
 J. B. Dupuy " " " "
 J. B. Jenkins " " " "
 Daniel Hurd
 Chas Gaither Sec
 Humphrey & Brown
 J. G. Saunders

Foor & Miller, bass, etc
 Graham & Co
 Agents ICRB
 Wholesale Grocers
 Main City News Office
 Druggists
 [Illegible signature]

A B Saffron
J S Smith

Cookin City Bents
President

936

Claims against
U.S. Government

A.

March 5, 1862

List

of Claims against the Government of the United States, approved by the
Claim Commission and handed over to Major Franz Kappeler, March 5th 1862

Tab C

6168.	8.	Jacob Grunwald.	197.	83.	Jacob Grunwald
6169.	9.	Kudspitt & Maderna	327.	67.	Capt. W. Meyer a 2 M. Cuthers
6170.	12.	Botton & Son.	259.	5.	Botton & Son
6171.	13.	Valent. Remhard.	1262.	69.	Valentin Remhardt.
6172.	19.	Georg Maylof.	765.	8.	John Maylof
6174.	20.	Gas. St. Loche.	15.	12.	Joseph St. Loche April 4th / 62
6175.	28.	F. Fredecker.	514.	40.	F. W. Redelken
6176.	10.	Georg Schiffer.	159.	95.	George Schiffer per Georg H. Stille his attorney
6177.	22.	Louis Reethage	24.	-	Louis Reethage
6178.	15.	M. Cord & Co.	642.	10.	M. Cord & Co
6179.	25.	H. Gölzer.	34.	-	Ernst Gölzer
6180.	17.	G. Brunnemann.	2984.	17.	G. Brunnemann
6181.	24.	Westlake & Cutler.	3.	76.	Capt. W. Meyer a 2 M. Cuthers
6182.	20.	Gottlieb Martin	386.	50.	J. Martin
6205.		J. J.	1519.	35.	J. J.
6183.	22.	E. Steudemann.	6.	60.	Ernst Steudemann
6184.	18.	Edward Schrader.	20.	34.	Eduard Schrader
6185.	10.	Moore & Co.	320.	84.	John B. Moore & Co.
6186.	18.	F. Cronbal.	27.	90.	F. Cronbal
6187.	21.	Geo. St. Siederhoff.	1.	-	Geo. St. Siederhoff
6188.	11.	Heerman Peters.	75.	66.	Heerman Peters
6189.	14.	Augustus f. Müller.	22.	-	Aug. C. Müller
6190.	20.	Child, Pratt & Fox	111.	62.	Capt. W. Meyer a 2 M. Cuthers
6191.	10.	War. Chewer & Co.	14.	95.	Capt. W. Meyer a 2 M. Cuthers
6192.	22.	Philipp Brancome	7.	-	Capt. W. Meyer a 2 M. Cuthers
6193.	7.	Morris Parley	377.	22.	Morris Parley
6194.	17.	George Hauch.	784.	84.	George Hauch
6195.	24.	H. Siefenbrunn & Co.	937.	65.	H. Siefenbrunn & Co.
6196.	17.	Gerhard Schumaker.	247.	40.	John Bonner Aguirre
6197.	18.	Ludlow & Co.	12.	-	Ludlow & Co.
6198.	28.	Theophile Weber.	2429.	68.	Theophile Weber
6199.		G. St. Louis Tomhoff L. J. Treacy	114.	-	Louis Tomhoff ex. Kolbmann Aug. 4

Doll C

Imports

6203.	26	John Hegert	3.	50.	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6204.	19.	H. Gaalby & Brothers	9.	53.	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6205.	8.	Ferdinand Heckwolf	2905.	39.	Ferdinand Heckwolf
6208.	11.	Hermann Petters	31.	87.	Hermann Petters
6209.	12.	James Howard	2264.	49.	James Howard
6210.	21.	Caspar Gochel	47.	258.	Caspar Gochel
6211.	19.	Dolphus Meier	1.	30.	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6212.	18.	Augustus Mueller	11.	-	Aug. C. Mueller
6213.	14.	Henry Diehl	7.	76.	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6214.	26.	Joseph Rejmann	37.	48.	Joseph Rejmann
6215.	4.	Amoritz Meier	189.	-	Amoritz Meier
6216.	5.	Michael Murphy	19.	50.	Michael Murphy
6218.	11.	Valentine Gorns	438.	90.	Valentine Gorns
6219.	12.	Jacob Platz	8.	25.	Jacob Platz
6220.	20.	H. Geisel	5.	60.	Henry Gappner Major
6221.	39.	Henry Hoffmann	5.	50.	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6223.	27.	Caspar Gochel	42.	-	Caspar Gochel
6224.	5.	Andreas Weimar	93.	66.	Andreas Weimar
6172.	16.	Clark Hooper	283.	6.	Clark Hooper
6226.	8.	Charles Wetzel	274.	78.	Charles Wetzel
6227.	7.	Jacob Kaiser	300.	-	Jacob Kaiser
6228.	24.	G. H. Leifso	1.	10.	Henry Gappner Major
6229.	14.	August Leifso	37.	76.	August Leifso
6231.	14.	Henry Prante	1992.	48.	Henry Gappner Major
6232.	3.	Fred Schussler	1896.	24.	Henry Gappner Major
6233.	22.	F. Vesterloos	1.	15.	Henry Gappner Major
6234.	22.	Sohn Geis.	2.	80.	Henry Gappner Major
6235.	19.	Brochmke	4.	-	Capt. W. Myerz a. d. M. Perkins
6236.	2.	W. Haugen	704.	91.	Henry Gappner Major
6237.	16.		49.	75.	F. W. Haugen
6238.	18.	Francis A. Meyer	3.	40.	Henry Gappner Major

Doll C

Wibmstruy

6239.	19.	Jacob Appel.	7.	50.	Henry Schapper Major.
6240.	31.	Lockwood & Widen.	42.	48.	Lockwood & Widen
6241.	16.	Otto Mooring.	-	35.	Capt. W. Myer & 2 Mr. Perkins
6242.	41.	Joh. Sagonario	25.	50.	Lofncj. Sagonario
6243.	18.	Piles & Felley	388.	45.	Piles & Felley by Wm Bell
6244.	21.	Br. S. H. Puller, et me.	11.	40.	Br. S. H. Puller & Mrs. April 5th. 1862
6245.	14.	Carl Anton.	96.	-	Henry Schapper Major.
6246.	40.	Fred. Weckelen.	4.	-	Capt. W. Myer & 2 Mr. Perkins
6247.	2.	Henry Ruff.	6.	50.	Henry Ruff
6248.	17.	Ralph Hekner.	2.	50.	Henry Schapper Major
6249.	15.	H. Harkbeck.	-	30.	Capt. W. Myer & 2 Mr. Perkins
6250.	33.	Henry Joellner.	14.	25.	Henry Joellner.
6251.	15.	Jacob Burg.	17.	55.	Jacob Burg
6252.	19.	E. H. Gaylord	19.	95.	Henry Schapper Major
6253.	8.	Conrad Witter.	448.	18.	Conrad Witter
6254.	35.	Jacob Blattner.	99.	85.	Jacob Blattner
6255.	17.	Jacob Leopold	150.	-	Henry Schapper Major
6256.	18.	Peter Hapsendubet.	75.	-	Henry Schapper Major
6257.	3.	Emilie Green.	4.	15.	Capt. W. Myer & 2 Mr. Perkins
6258.	6.	H. Werthman.	5.	00.	H. Werthman.
6259.	12.	Johan Ellermann.	9.	00.	Capt. W. Myer & 2 Mr. Perkins
6260.	23.	W. H. & Tischbach.	41.	50.	W. H. & Tischbach per Wm Bell
6262.	21.	Anzeiger des Westens.	3.	-	Henry Schapper Major
6263.	20.	Westliche Post.	3.	25.	Henry Schapper Major
6264.	22.	Georg Knapp & Comp.	1.	-	Henry Schapper Major
6265.	24.	Maria Nagel	4.	05.	Henry Schapper Major
6266.	7.	Francis Dejen.	846.	59.	Francis Dejen
6267.	28.	Singer & Minzettel.	577.	50.	Singer & Minzettel
6268.	20.	F. W. Rosenthal	750.	80.	F. W. Rosenthal
6269.	1.	Johan F. Gerh.	1750.	10.	Johan F. Gerh.
6270.	5.	Henry Rielsmaier.	559.	91.	H. Rielsmaier
		Summa			

937

(5)

Mexico March 21. 1862

Caldwell M. C.

Major

He has got two horses belonging
to ~~Mr. J. & Mr. H. Bradford.~~

They had been arrested & after
taking the oath & giving bonds.

Are now loyal and wants to
get the horses.

Rec^d March 22 / 1862

H 5 I wrote

Merid Mill 4/6 2

Brigadier Schofield
St Louis

General

I beg to call
your attention to two horses taken
over from Mr J. & son from Mr
H V Gandyford. They have been discharged
upon taking oath & giving bond
and since they have gone home
they have being personal knowledge
been acting ab work for the Govt
& exerting a good influence in their
neighborhood. I should be glad if
they could get their horses. They
deserve to have them returned
and I trust they will be.
Their neighbor Mr Davis is
fully authorized to act for them
in the matter

Yours

officer

A Caldwell
Major &c

Blew + Kennett

Colt.

Louis 17th March 1862

W. R. Curtis

Dear Sir,

I, as the
of Blow + Kennett
and Smelters of Lead,
Newton County Mo,
communicated to Genl Halleck
etc touching the interest
of named parties in
which, he directed me
to communicate to, and advise
I desire now briefly
to give you the condition
of Kennett's matters at
and to ask your official
aid and hold that interest
at the time of the commence-
ment of the troubles in
Mo, by Jackson and Prid.

R

818

Blew & Kennett

~~St. Louis~~
St. Louis 17th March 1862

Brig Genl O R Curtis

Dear Sir,

I, as the
Attorney of Blow & Kennett
Miners, and Smelters of Lead,
at Granby, Newton County Mo,
communicated to Genl Halleck
certain facts touching the interests
of the above named parties, in
answer to which, he directed me
to communicate to, and advise
with you. I desire now briefly
to set forth to you the condition
of Blow & Kennett's matters at
Granby, and to ask your official
protection and hold their interest.

About the time of the commence-
ment of the troubles in
this State, by Jackson and Prid,

the firm of Blow & Kennett determined to sell no lead to the so called Confederate Army, and so instructed Peter E. Blow, the then acting Partner at Granby. A short time prior to the battle of Wilson's Creek, Prices Agent called upon Peter E. Blow at the Furnaces, and offered to purchase the amount of Pig Lead then on hand, (say 500 Pigs) and pay for same in Missouri Money. And upon Peter E. Blow's refusal to sell, he (Prices Agt) took forcible possession of it, besides taking several Waggons & Teams. There was likewise, at the Furnace at that time, some 200,000⁰ of Mineral, as also 10,000 Pigs of Lead, in transit from Granby to the different shipping points on the Pacific Rail Road. After the retreat of the Federal Army from Springfield, Peter E. Blow was compelled by and through the Confederates to remove to his Old Homestead in Washington County, whereupon, the so called Southern Confederacy entered upon and took possession of the Entire Property, Mineral and all, and has been through an Agent, working the Mines for the benefit of the Rebels. Of the 10,000 Pigs of Lead that was being shipped 3,000 pigs was captured and recaptured by the contending Armies, and the same was entirely lost to Blow & Kennett. I now have reliable information through

gentleman right from the
papers that the so called
Confederate has after using
up what General Don Bennett
had on hand at the time of
Peter's show, leaving accum-
ulated about 100,000 Quinab
and 100 pigs of lead and that
the same is not secreted in
one of the Sumner's sales
barn that is our Army on its
march did not pass through
Frank and that this Agent
with the assistance of his
Southern sympathizers is
endeavouring to convey away
this lead and powder. The bitter-
ness of the Rebel is such that, it
is not safe for the A.S. to send
an agent there to take possession
as they therefore as their attorney
request that you take possession

930

P # 79 1/2

St Louis,
March 10, 1867,

David Davis,
Chairman, Commission

Desires that Reed,
Wm be ordered
to produce their
claims before the
Commission.

S. O. D. W.

JAN 21 1868
SUBMITTED TO COMMISSION

See enclosure for

ful

St. Louis March 10. 1862

Genl. Halleck.

Draft

Mr Reed & Mann
have a claim originating before
the 14th Octo., the larger part of
which has been paid.

It is a claim
for making machinery for Poplins
and is for about \$9,000.⁰⁰ and
they have been ordered to file it
before the Commission or it would
not be paid.

There has been a claim
presented before the Commission
upon a voucher issued to Reed
& Mann but held by other parties
on which the Commission have
decided to make deductions, but
as the claim is held by innocent
assignees, the Commission desire
to have reclamation made upon
claim

Claim now in the hands of Reed
& Mann and designedly withheld
to prevent this being done.

If you
think it proper this Commission desires
a Military order on Reed & Mann
to produce their claim before the
Commission.

Very Respectfully,
David Davis
Chairman.

949

March 6, 1862

Henry Van Fleet

&

Aaron Van Horner

copy of Van Fleet's letter to Van Horner

Lease Aaron Wain
Wowner. - March
6th 1862. Post
Rolla. Mo. —

9.

Office Provost Marshal Genl
St Louis Mar 11th 1862

The act of Congress of July 1861,
confiscates only such property as
has "been used for hostile
purposes against the Govern-
ment of the U.S." The taking
possession of land as a mil-
itary necessity is wholly within
the discretion of the Commanding
officer of the Post, and if it
is a military necessity to
put another in possession of the
land the Comd'g officer of the
Post is sole judge in the matter.
This proceeding not being under
any law or General or Special
order from Dept No 20. It is
Respectfully referred to Col S. M.
Boyd Comd'g Post at Rolla,
offly Bly Barrar
of the sketches acct Provost Marshal

Provost Marshalls Office; At Head
Quarters. Rolla Missouri March 6th 1862

Know all men by these presents that
I William B. English Provost Marshall as
aforesaid, for and in behalf of, and by
the authority of the Government of the
United States, do, in consideration of ~~five~~
dollars to me in hand paid by Aaron
Van Wornur, let and lease for one
year from the day & year aforesaid
the following described Real estate with
all the appurtenances thereto belonging
or in any wise appertaining. To wit Said
Land is situated in Phelps County & State
of Missouri. To wit. The North West quarter
of the N West quarter, fractional, of Section
three, Township thirty six, North of Range eight
West. and the East half of the South East quarter
and the South West quarter of the South East
quarter, & the South East quarter of the South
west quarter of Section thirty four Township thirty
seven North of Range eight West, containing about
two hundred ~~and~~ ^{more or less} acres. The party of the second part
is to have immediate possession of said premises.

But if Henry Van Fleet who holds a Deed
of the above described land, should be pardoned
for his Disloyalty, the party of the second

is to give possession of the said Land to the said Henry Van Fleet, provided the said Henry Van Fleet pays the said party of the second ^{party} for all work and labor that may be done on said premises, or the value of the crops that may be thereon as the said Van Wormer may elect, together with the amount of money the said Van Wormer pays the government of the United States for the rent of said land.

W.R. English

Prov. Marshall

Post Roller

Approved:

(Signed) Carl S. M. Boyd,

Comdr. Post Roller

Mo

Leave from Van
Wormer. - March
6th 1862. Post
Roller. Mo

P.

Office Provost Marshal April
11th 1862

The act of Congress of July 1861, confiscates only such property as has been used for hostile purposes against the Government of the U.S. The taking possession of land as a military necessity is wholly within the discretion of the commanding officer of the Post and if it is a military necessity to put another in possession of the land the Comdr. officer of the Post is sole judge in the matter. This proceeding not being under any law or General or Special order from Dept. No 209. It is respectfully referred to Col. S. M. Boyd Comdr. Post at Rolla, Mo. 13th of March 1862
Provost Marshal

March 6. 1862

Henry Van Fleet

Gen. Van Wormer

941

574

Council Bluffs

Iowa, Mar. 16/62

Nutt, N. C.

Col. & A. D. C.

Introduces Drs. Everett
and Crosbyhill who
are sent to administer
to the wounded. No news
particulars from
the battle yet.

File

W. C.

Rec'd. H. L. A. S. W.

April

Mar. 31/62

Council Bluffs Iowa
Mar 16th 1862

General
This will be handed you
by Dr^s Everett & Borleyshall two
Wounded Surgeons who leave here
tomorrow morning for your command
together with Dr Orr from Des Moines
to assist in taking care of the
wounded Soldiers at Sugar Creek
I hope that they may be able to render
you acceptable & valuable assistance
We have as yet not particulars of the
battle come by Telegraph - The whole
State is suffering the most intense
anxiety - By order Gov Keisler
Gen Curtis
A. H.
H. C. Pratt
Lt Col & ad

1105
842
Keesville, ~~Mo.~~
Mar. 27, 1862

Asmusen, Lt.
A. D. C.
on Gen. Sigel's Staff

Recommends 2 negroes,
John Long & Gibson,
having escaped from Pikes
Army & worked in Gen. Sigel's
camp, for some time, for
leave to go home.

C. T.

Rec'd. H. Q. A. of S. W.
Mar. 27, 1862.

Huntsville, March 27th 1862
Captain.

The bearers John Long and
Gibson, two negroes, have been brought
to us by our pickets some few weeks ago,
they being slaves and having been in
Price's army, - they have been ^{since} to cook
for some of the staff officers of Gen. Sigel,
and desire now to go home. - They are
recommended to your kind consideration.

I am, Sir, your most obed^t serv^t

Wm. M. W. W.
G. A. C.

Gen. Sigel's staff

From Joint Bank
#43 Provost Marshal
of Hannibal & vicinity
Nov 18th 1862

Govrns cases of Glass
cock & Barclay

Office of Prov. Mar. Genl.
St. Louis, Mo 20

Maj. Hunt will send
the prisoners Glasscock
and Barclay to St. Louis
unless they comply
with his terms of release,

Very Respectfully
Amos A. Tappan
Prov. Mar. Genl.

611

Office of Provost Marshal

Hannibal Mo. 18th 1852

Col. B. G. Farnas

Pro. Marshal General

Sir. Herewith I send Trans-

cripts of proceedings in cases of Asa Glasscock
& Samuel Barclay, and request your order re-
garding them. Should they continue to
refuse to give bond in the amount required
I recommend that they be sent to some mil-
itary prison, as we have no suitable place
of detention for prisoners here, but in no case
ought they to be discharged without sufficient
bond

Respectfully

Your Obedt Servant

Josiah Brown

Pro. Mar.

City Hotel

844

March 20 - 63
Compliments of the proprietors
and clerk.

Papers sent to Mil. Prison

City

Provost Marshal—St. Louis.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS.

188.

Daniel Emerson.

Charge 1st.

Disloyalty.

Specification 1st. In this, that the said Daniel Emerson did, on the 23^d day of February, 1862, in St. Louis, compel one Miss Davis to take down an American flag which she had displayed from the window of her room in the City Hotel, of which public house said Daniel Emerson was proprietor.

Specification 2^d. In this, that the said Daniel Emerson publicly refused to permit any one of his customers the inmates of the City Hotel to display the American flag from their windows on the 23^d day of February, 1862, and did say when asked why he did not display a Union flag on that day that he did "not believe in it." This at St. Louis, Missouri.

Specification 3^d. - In this, that the said Daniel Emerson, in the summer of 1861, did say in the presence of J. H. Albright, that he had a fuse round two feet all around his house, and that if the Federal troops came to trouble him he would blow them all to Hell.

Specification 4th. In this, that the said Daniel Emerson, on or about the 2nd day of April, 1862, did say in the presence of Captain Walters, 1st Illinois Cavalry, & others, that he wished every son of a bitch of a Federal soldier that had volunteered from Illinois would be killed.

Specification 5th. In this, that the said Daniel Emerson, did say at various times between the 1st & last

day of April, 1864, ^{in St. Louis,} in presence of Eugene McWhorter
and others, that President Lincoln was a loafer and a
~~man~~ scoundrel, and ought not to be President of the
United States, and that the South ought to and would
succeed in its attempt to withdraw from this Government.

Charge 2^d. Hiding & assisting in escape of Prisoners of War.

Specification 1st. In this, that the said Daniel
Conneron, on or about the 1st day of May, 1864, in the
city of Saint Louis, did harbor and receive ^{themselves in person} two prisoners
of war who had violated their paroles to report to the
commanding officer at Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio -
said Conneron knowing that said prisoners of war had
violated their paroles, and were hiding from officers
of the Government of the United States.

Specification 2^d. In this, that the said Daniel
Conneron, on or about the ~~1st~~ second day of May, 1864,
in Saint Louis, did say to one of the aforesaid ^{captives} prisoners
of war, that he (the prisoner) had better make his way
south through Nashville, or ~~get off a steamer~~ go by boat
from St. Louis; and did advise said prisoner not to
attempt to escape from St. Louis by land, giving as a
reason therefor that there were too many Federal pickets
in the southern part of this State.

Saints Louis Mo March 20th 1862

Wm. B. McGracken

Prov Marshal Secy

Sir Emerson the Senior
partner of the City Hotel, ordered a Miss Davis
(who is boarding there and whose name I promised
should not be known in connection with this
matter) to take down a Union flag that she
had displayed from her window on the 22nd
day of Feb'y. And would not allow her or any
other person to display a Union flag from his
house. Emerson when asked why he did not
put out the Union flag, said he did not
believe in it. Corwell has been away lately
among the rebels, and has been soliciting money
from different parties for them

Yours respectfully

E. H. Linnick
Capt Police

Office of Provost Marshal
St Louis Mo Feb 12th 1863

Stephen Hearter a private in Co. F.
8th Indiana Inf, being duly sworn says
that he arrived in this City last evening
from Syracuse Mo on the Pacific R.R.

At the depot on the arrival of the
train, deponent in company with Geo W.
Osborn, of Co G, same Regiment, & Daniel
Gravo of same Co and Regiment as the
latter, was met by a man who proposed
to take them, all three, free to the City
Hotel in this City where they would
be charged but at the rate of
seventy five cents per day for their board
and lodging, deponent told this party
that he had no money and if he would
take them free to the Hotel it was all
right, and this man told them to get
into the wagon and it would be
all right, but no sooner than had
deponent with Osborn and Gravo
arrived at the Hotel than this party
the wagon driver asked them for twenty
five cents each for their ride to the
Hotel which he had previously offered
them free - Deponent told the wagon
driver in presence of the keeper of the

Hotel that he had no money. ~~and~~
had previously told him so; whereupon
Graves paid the wagon driver twentyfive
cents and the balance which the
driver claimed (fifty cents) was charged
to the deponent and Osborne by the
Hotel keeper on their bills at the home

Deponent further says that the
Hotel keeper told them that their
bill instead of being at the rate of
twentyfive cent a day would be at
the rate of One dollar and fifty cents
per day; that deponent stated then
to the proprietor that they had no money
but they expected to draw some money
in the morning from the U.S. Paymaster;
that the proprietor then told deponent
and the other two men above mentioned
to stay there, and it would be satis-
factory; that this morning deponent
finds that the Paymaster is not in the
city and he therefore has not the money
to pay his bill at said City Hotel;

that he has a knapsack, containing
clothing & belonging to himself; the knapsack
belonging to the U.S. Government
he having received the same at Indian-
apolis on joining his regiment and

wishes to return ~~the~~ it to the proper
authorities there - that said proprietor
of the City Hotel desires now to
retain his knapsack, the knapsack
brought by Osborn, belonging also to
the U.S. Government, and 2 saddles
brought by Cravv, in lieu of the
amount that said proprietor of the
Hotel claims as due him for the
board and lodging of these three
parties

Stephen ^{his} Carter

mark

Sworn to in this office
before me this 13th day of Feb 1862

Saml Friend

OK

U 45

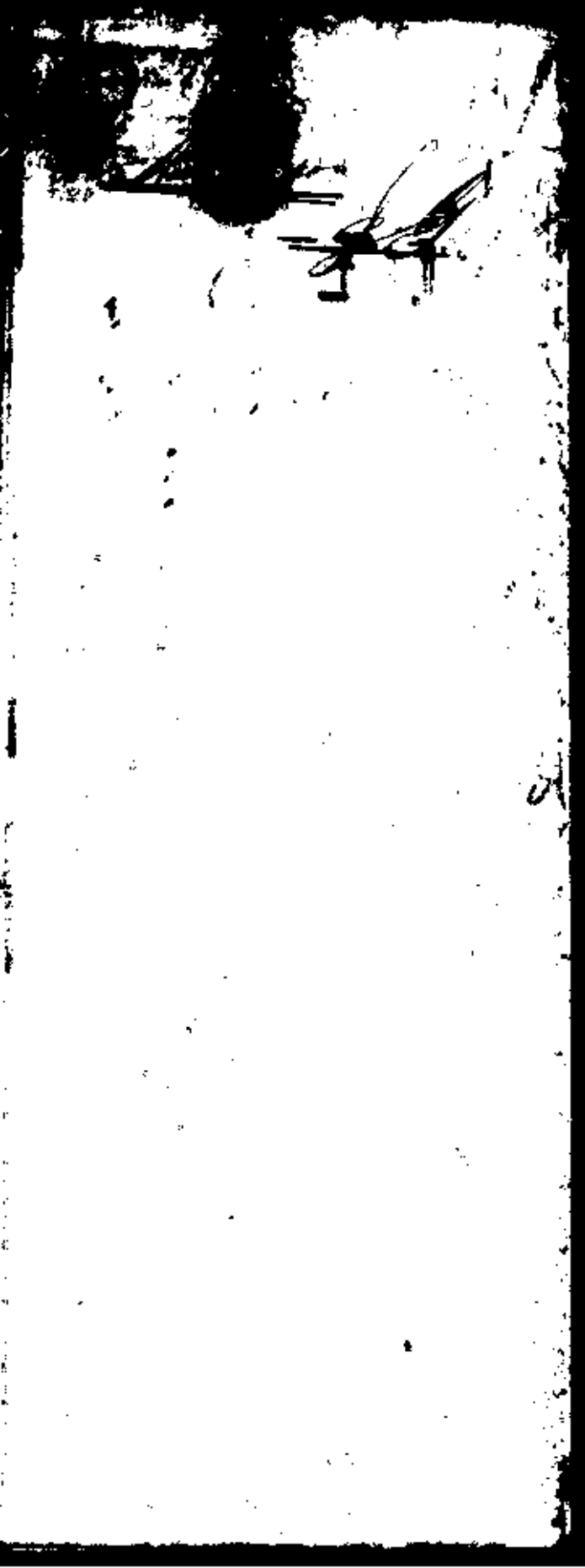
1862

Answered March 14

J. H. Bay
Ch. C. Bay

A

Ch. C. Bay



Office Deputy Provost Marshal
Sturville Mo. March 3rd 1862.

Sir: Mr Pomroy this morning called on Mr Emory myself, relative to the appointment at this place. Mr Emory declined absolutely of accepting the appointment, assigning as a reason, that same would conflict with his business arrangements. At the request of Mr Pomroy, I accept the appointment, took the oath required as such, and immediately entered upon the duties of the office, during the day, fifty persons voluntarily appeared and took the oath of allegiance to the Government, before me. I have issued notices, and I apprehend there will be no trouble in this County. I will report to you as often as once a week. I shall need about one thousand more blank certificates, which I shall expect by mail, soon.

I feel it to be my duty to report to you an occurrence, which took place here this morning, two persons residents of this County, named Thomas Farrar and Wm Belser, had an altercation, entirely of a personal nature, in which pistols were drawn, and by accident, one pistol fired, but no one hurt, (Farrar's pistol fired)

Farrar is a young man, and during the summer & fall was in Price's army, obtained his discharge, returned home refused to return to the Southern service, and voluntarily took the oath of allegiance before me as Co. Court clerk, under the ordinance of the State Convention, and since his return, he has remained a quiet and orderly citizen. Bellevue resides about twelve miles east of this place, is and has been a Union man. During the fall and winter, has been riding around over the country with his gun and pistol, leaving his family at home in want, and is reputed as a desperado, and regarded as a dangerous man.

Shortly after the difficulty occurred, I directed the Sheriff of this Co., to arrest the parties and bring them before me, he did so, and after brief inquiry I ascertained, that politics had nothing to do with their difficulty. Therefore, I directed them to be handed over to the civil authorities, which was done. Bellevue immediately dispatched a messenger to Cuba, to inform the Capt. at that post, and asking for soldiers to protect him and arrest Farrar, in a short time a detachment

of eight soldiers came from Cuba, and
Farrar from the hands of our Sheriff
who had him in custody, by virtue of a
warrant issued by Justice Coleman, they
also arrested G. H. Haller, and took said
Haller & Farrar off as prisoners, and
took Berlew, I suppose as a witness,
A warrant was also about being issued
by the justice for Berlew, Haller is a
peaceable & quiet citizen, and was one
among the first, who appeared before me
this morning & took the oath of alle-
giance, I ordered the the troops to let
said combatants alone in the hands
of the civil law, and release Mr Haller,
which they refused to do. I have sent
my report to the Capt at Cuba, directing
him to return the prisoners, but as yet,
have received no answer. The Citizens,
generally, I believe without a single excep-
tion feel aggrieved at the arrest of Haller, &
feel that the troops done wrong in taking
Farrar & Berlew out of the hands of the
Civil authorities. I feel it my duty to
ask at your hands, or General Hyman
what steps be taken at your post, to cause
the return of said Farrar, & Berlew to our
Civil authorities, that they may be dealt
with according to law, and that said

Hallerh discharged, I am satisfied
the sole object of Belin, is to vent his
 spleen against Farrar, through
vindictive motives, not for the Union Cause.
 Hoping to hear from you, touching this
 matter, at your earliest convenience,
 I am your obed^t & devoted
 J. H. Anderson

245

Answered March 1845

H. P. R. B.
C. C. C.

R

W. H. B.

Plumbeus

848

Cts

Mar 22 62

Office of the Provost Marshal Genl
Dept. of the Miss.
St. Louis 22 March 1862

N. H. W. Lean

A. A. Genl.

Captm.

The following named prisoners of war now confined in the Chestnut and fourth Street Military Hospitals, whose homes are within the lines of the United States forces, are desirous of taking the oath of allegiance and returning to their homes. Their release is recommended upon their taking the oath, and also giving their parole of honor not to go beyond the lines of the United States forces

Ch	1	Thomas J Colburn	age 30	Maury Co. Tenn.
Ch	2	Wm J Wyatt	age 27	Sumner Co. "
4 th St	3	J L Shelton	age 21	Dixon Co. "
Ch	4	Thos. Patterson	age 23	Stewart Co. "
Ch	5	W A Greene	age 19	Maury Co. "
Ch	6	W F Chambers	age 19	Giles Co. "
Ch	7	W A Catherby	age 20	Cheatham Co. "
Ch	8	Melford Hayes	age 18	Darwin Co. "
Ch	9	H. G. Stule	age 26	" " "
Ch	10	James H Graham	age 19	White Co. "
Ch	11	J W Byrman	age 22	Maury Co. "
Ch	12	D L Kimbrough	age 21	Giles Co. "
Ch	13	James W Solomon	age 17	Bedford Co. "

4000	✓ 14	J H Jarman	age 19	Rutherford Co. Tenn.
4000	✓ 15	C J Wilkes	age 27	Robinson Co. "
4000	✓ 16	H. L. W. Eddington	age 27	Williamson Co. "
4000	✓ 17	Saml. A Thompson		Cheatham Co. "
4000	✓ 18	J M Ford	age 18	Robinson Co. "
4000	✓ 19	James Ross	age 18	Rutherford Co. "
4000	✓ 20	W H Frakes	age 23	Mead Co. "
4000	✓ 21	J. B. Coggin	age 24	Davison Co. "
4000	✓ 22	J. J. Coggin	age 21	" " "
4000	23	Benjamin Lowry	age 18	Robinson Co. "
4000	24	W. M. Fallin	age 21	" " "
4000	✓ 25	Wm. Newton		Meigs Co. "
4000	✓ 26	W. W. Puchett		" " "
4000	✓ 27	David M. Kinney		" " "
	28	Eli Bohannon	age 21	Louisville Ky.
4000	29	Robt. Sparrow	age 17	" " "
	30	D M Russell	age 24	Groves Co. "
	31	H A Jones	age 18	Callaway Co. "
	32	Willis H Daniel	age	Henton Co. "
	33	James Kennedy	age 21	McCrackin Co. "
	34	J. D. Pryor	age 19	Groves Co. "
4000	35	W J Anderson	age 21	" " "
4000	✓ 36	R J W. Cully		Hopkins Co. "
4000	37	Thomas Fivis	age 25	Boyle Co. "
4000	38	John H Brock		Hopkins Co. "
	39	Edward M Livers	age 36	Nelson Co. "
4000	40	David F C Weller		Broadstown "
"	41	Burn J Souther		Covington "

The following named prisoners taken at Fort Donelson are Irishmen, not naturalized, and are recommended for release on the oath of neutrals.

42 Thomas Welldon " (returns to) New York

4th Mo. 43 James Haggerty " "

The following named prisoners are Citizens, and are recommended for release upon taking the oath of allegiance only, they being unable to give bond.

Ch. 44 James Cunningham age 32 Monticello Co. Mo.

Ch 45 R D Massey " age 42 Jefferson Co. "

Ch 46 Robert A Hinton " Saline Co. "

Ch 47 Henry Banett " age 19 Chariton Co. "

Ch. P. 48 James A McLurg (Military Prison) Iron Co. "

Very Respectfully yours.

(Signed) Bernard G Farrar
Prov. Marshal Genl.

Approved

(Signed) G. W. Halleck

Major General

Official

M. H. W. Linn

Asst. Adjt. Genl.

947

Mich. 10 12

Est

10th March 1862.

At a Public Sale held at Fourcheavenault Washington
Co Mo. The undermentioned Property was purchased
by ~~John Casey~~ ~~private Sale~~.

5 Mules & Harness	375.00
14 Hogs	21.00
2 Cows	20.00
3 Heifers	30.00
5 Steers	75.00
11 Yearlings	80.00
1 Calf	2.00
	<hr/>
	\$ 603.00

Received payment of John Casey

1848
Law Smith
Evidence

October

1848

Quitsman, March 31st 1862

R H. Morgan after being sworn states
that he was at Elliott Kings place in Todd
Co, about the first day of September 1861,
that while he was there Samuel Smith
came up with several sacks of flour in a
wagon, Mr Grooms received the flour
of Mr Smith and moved it into another
wagon, and then started to go to the
Secession Camp with the flour, saying
that he worked for pay"

R. H. Morgan

Elliott King after being duly sworn
states, that Mr John Grooms was
at his house about the first of September
1861 and that in a conversation, Mr Grooms
said: That he was waiting for Mr Smith
to come there with some flour and that
he had sold the flour to John Owens

and Skelton Renfro and that they had
bought the flour for the Secession Camps,
and that Mr Grooms ^{said that he} did not care
who got the flour, that he got the
money for it.

Elliott ^{his} ^{mark} ^{mark}

W. A. Martin after being duly sworn
States that in a conversation on or about
the 1st day of September 1861
he heard Mr Grooms say that he
had sold some flour and that he did
not care who he sold flour to, so that
he got the money.

W. A. Martin

344
H^{rs} J^r. Dept. Miss,
April 4, 1862

Respectfully referred to Col
Richard D. Cutts, President
Military Board for exam-
ination of prisoners of
war.

By order of Maj. Genl. Halleck

J. Kellom
a. g.

107
List

Camp Chase Ohio
March 30/62

Richard Vance

John Christian &

Daniel Christian

One prisoner of war asks
that they may be released to
~~return~~ return to their families
as they need their assistance very
much are poor men. Think
they should because they
know not why they were
taken, as they were always

considered good union men
were taken upon the road the
first two while assisting a man
to move from Logan to Woodcock
Co. Va. Feb 16/62. The other man
was taken the same day while
going to Mill.

R. D. Miller

Camp Chase near Columbus Ohio

March 30th 1862.

To. Maj. Genl. Halleck. Commanding &c.

The undersigned would beg leave to state
and lay before you the following state of facts, and beg
that they meet with a due consideration at your hands.

They would first state that they are now con-
fined within the Prison walls at Camp Chase, as a Prisoners
of War, and that they were made Prisoners under the follow-
ing circumstances, that is to say, On the 16th of February
M^{rs}. Richard Vance of Christiana (two of the undersigned)
were engaged in assisting one Jas. Vance in moving his house-
hold furniture from Logan to Powell County, Va. when
they were overtaken by a party of men (six in number) while
traveling on the Road, much to the surprise and unexpected
of the undersigned they were fired upon by a Party of Home
Guards in the Federal Service, resulting in the death of one
man killed and seven others seriously wounded, therefore
being returned by the Party who overtaken the undersigned
at above stated. The undersigned having had nothing to do
with the matter as they thought made no effort to escape and

had no thought that it was the intention of the Union
wards to capture the undersigned as Prisoners of War
as they never were attached to any Company or
department of the Confederate Army, nor did they ever
have any intention to join the Confederate Army or even the
least inclination to do so. but to the contrary, they were often
threatened of being Reported to Confederate authority for
the Union sentiment which they entertained.

We are thoroughly satisfied that the fact of their
now being confined as Prisoners, is wholly owing to the mere
accidental circumstance of being overtaken by, and being in
Company with the Party as above stated. Like Poor Boys we are
errally treated for being found in bad Company. Those who
captured the undersigned, no doubt, thought that they were a
part of and belonged to said Party as above stated, which
your undersigned has avows, and if necessary pleads this
most lucrid Honor, was wholly a mistake. Even they
never having had any thing to do with Military affairs
but were following their Peaceful avocations of life
to furnish food & Payment for their dependent families.

The undersigned ^{is} ~~is~~ Christian would be glad
to separately state, that he was not with either of
the Parties above mentioned, but had been to Mill.

that day: (6th of Feb^r) and for some Reason unknown
to him, he was taken and made a Prisoner while on
the Road, perhaps ~~was~~ ^{was} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~then~~ ^{then} it was upon suspicion
arising out of Excitement, and the fact of his Brother
being John Christian being in company as above stated
but, the Reason why he was made a Prisoner is to
day unknown to him. All the above facts as stated
are unquestionably true, and in consideration of the
same, the undersigned here appeal to the clemency of
the General for Relief, and hope these statements will
meet with a speedy consideration.

The undersigned wishes not to weary the Patience
of the General, but would beg leave to state that they
all have families who they greatly fear are now suf-
fering for necessaries of life, they all are Poor, and
their families' subsistence depended upon their
wages. Labor and now are almost if not entirely
dependent upon the Charities of the People, there
being no way to labor for their support.

In Conclusion the undersigned again appeal
to the General for Relief.

Respectfully Submitted.

Richard Vance
John Christian

Daniel Christian

Statement of
John Ketchum
of Fairfax Co. Va

11th March 1862

115

Statement of John Ratchford
Old Capitol Prison,
Washington, March 11, 1862

That he is 40 years of age and a native of
Fortress Monroe, or Old Point Comfort. Came to Fairfax Co.,
near the Old Court House in 1830; Occupation, farmer;
that he and his parents have kept a house for the enter-
tainment of travellers (selling no liquor) since 1830. —
That about 16th October last, so many of his neighbors
were arrested by both armies, that he considered it un-
safe to remain, not because of anything he had done
or said, but because it seemed as if every person in
the vicinity would be arrested by one side or the other; that
he went to reside for safety with his brother-in-law, Wm
Vaulters, and with Mr Benjamin Caywood, an acquaintance,
both residing near Herndon Station, Fairfax County. That
Mr Caywood is a native of the State of New York; that
both of these persons intended to have left for our lines,
had the army not advanced.

That on March 6, while preparing to go to our
lines in order to avoid being drafted into the rebel
service, he was arrested by Union soldiers, and taken
to the Head-Quarters of ^{Brig.} Genl. Maxwell, by whom he
was sent to these Head-Quarters on the same evening.

That on leaving home for Messrs Vaulters and
Caywood's, himself and brother, Christopher Ratchford,
they, on reaching Hawkshead's Mill, heard that there
was no longer any danger of their being arrested if
they remained at home, and therefore concluded to

return home, and had not gone far when they
unawares came on the rebel pickets, who took them
to Centerville; that the military authorities there
released them immediately and gave them a pass to
go through Prince William Co., but would not permit
them to go outside these lines. That after about a
week's detention they reached Sudley Mills, meeting
no rebel pickets, and succeeded in reaching the residence
of Messrs Vaulters and Leaywood without further
molestation.

That last summer a South Carolina regiment
was encamped near his residence; that they staid
in Centerville no longer than was necessary to obtain
the aforesaid pass, and consequently has no military
information.

That on the election for Delegates to the Convention
he voted the Union Ticket; that on the vote on
Ratification he did not vote, as the candidate
for whom he voted did not carry out the purpose for
which he was elected, but voted at Richmond for
Secession; that seeing they were bound to carry through
their arrangements ^{to bring} about secession in any case, he saw
no use in voting at all.

That he is willing to take the Oath of Allegiance
to the United States, provided that he is not thereby con-
sidered ^{under obligation} to take up arms.

That during the retreat from Bull Run himself
and brother fed the soldiers of the U.S. Army on their re-
treat without charge, and took a load of exhausted soldiers

from his house to Arlington Heights; that he believed the
said soldier belonged to a Michigan Regiment.

That he is married and has 3 children.

U.S. G.

John Rotchford.

Christopher Kochford.

Head Quarter Brig Porter Div

Brig Genl Geo W. Howell

Miners Hill Va

6th March 1862

to Brig Genl A. Porter

Enc.

Recd 6th Mar 1864
133 pm

Headqu: 27 High Portico
Sid: Minor Hill & Melb 1/2

General

I send to you
two citizens John &
Christopher Rotchford,
brothers, who were ar-
rested this morning
at their residence on
the Leckwith turnpike
near Freedom Hill on
the Old Court House
(Fairfax).

They say they
left home in October
last a few days after
we arrived to this
point, since which
time they have been
living with a brother

in Lawrence
Vassall & Mrs. Bay-
wood in the neigh-
borhood of Horner's
Mill. They returned
to escape being drafted
into the rebel service
By Gen. Chas. S. Smith
Gen. W. M. Russell
Brig. Genl.
commanding div.

Brig. Genl.
Amasa Porter
Provost Marshal
Washington

12-2

651

Case of Char. F. Eldon

H. G. Vary St. Col. 40

at P. M. Smiths Her.

Camp Griffin

March 5th 1862

to Brig Genl A. Porter.

referring to the above &

Thomas Williams, (Sold)

C. F.

12-2

(5th)

Camp Griffin March 6th 1862
General -

Charles F. Elgin, who lives about 1 1/2 miles in front of our lines, has been up in Loudon County, as he represents, to visit his wife now at her Father's. He says he came down to notify our pickets where he had been, so that they would not take him prisoner on account of his having been away.

The pickets sent him into camp and General Smith orders that he be forwarded to Washington. Thomas Williams, free colored, was brought into camp by a scouting party, from near Hunters Mills. He claims that he was pressed into the rebel service where he remained 60 days & was then released about the 8th of November last, & knows nothing of the rebels & has known nothing of them since. I also send him to you by order of the General.

Very Respectfully
W. S. Mazy Lt. Col, 3rd Mt.
Art. Prov. Marshal
Smith's Division.

No. 12 - D.

852

18. D.

Spencer H. Harris

John T. L. Gregg

Elisha Gregg

Brig Genl A. J. T. Hann

Poolsville

6th March 1862

to Brig Genl A. Porter U.S.A.

relative to the above.

Cts

Reported to
Genl. McClellan,
March 7th 1862.

Statement of
Spencer W. Harris
of Loudon Co. Va

7th March 1862.

17th Feb

Head Quarters of City Guard
Office of Provost Marshall
Washington 7th March 1862

Statement of Spencer H. Harris.

Born in Loudoun
Co Va. age 21 years. have been in the Rebel Army
from 21st April to Oct 1st 1861. first went to
Alexandria. can't tell how long I was there. think
I left there May 24. for Manassas Junction re-
mained there until July 17th. was in the Battle
of Bull Run. 18th July. was in the 17th Va Regt
Col. M. H. Coase. after the battle went to Fairfax
Court House remained there until 1st Oct. when
I escaped and went to ^{my} mother's ~~hide~~ ^{place} near
Leesburg. Loudoun Co. Va. remained there until
Sat Sunday night. kept hid most of the time
under the floor.

There are 4 Regts at Leesburg Infantry ~~the~~
~~one battery~~ ~~one battery~~ I think of 6 guns. the Richmond
Heavy Artillery. and 400 Cavalry. been a great deal
of sickness among the forces. the Regts at Leesburg
are the 13th 14th 18th and 21st Mississippi.

think they are rather short of ammunition
they have plenty of provisions. such as meat and
bread.

The 18th Mississippi Regt is located on the
Graham farm. about 3/4 of a mile N. W. from Leesburg
Two of the Cavalry Cos are at Waterford. think the
battery is in the fortification on the mountain west of

2)

Geesburg.

The fortification is an earthen breastwork. don't know whether there is any rifle pits or not. don't know the number of guns in the fortification. one large gun ~~burst~~ last week. the fortification commands Geesburg.

The Troops are mostly armed with Missisipi Rifles. the Cavalry are armed with double barreled shot guns, and swords. some of the horses are in bad order.

Don't know how they are off for shot and shells.

Can't tell the quantity of provisions given to each man. sometimes we had plenty & sometimes we were short. no whiskey allowed.

Forage is not plenty. Oats are very scarce. they raze are very poor. mostly taken from the farmers. harness are about the same. they have no harness leather at Geesburg. there is 10 teams allowed to each Regt of 4 horses each.

The clothing of the troops are very much worn and of very coarse quality. Boots & Shoes are very scarce. some boys have military caps but most of them are just such as can be had. all colors and kinds.

There tents are very good cotton. but somewhat worn. they are not using tents now. but living in wooden cabins.

The 1st Regt have had a furlough of 42 days.

3

each to go home, 10 men from each Co at a time. I learned this by the men coming to my mother's house. I overheard them while I was seated under the floor, not able to say much about the feeling about the result of the war, only what was published in the papers.

The majority of the people that are not in the army are in favor of the U. S. Government, but they don't dare to express themselves.

Don't know about the Railroads, have not heard of any new roads being built.

Don't know of any Telegraph lines being established.

Capt Elisha White ~~is~~ ^{of} the Cavalry Co at Waterford, his quarters are ^{on} the road leading to Hamiltonville. His wife is on this side of the river, ^{all of her servants, an only her,} she ~~was~~ been back to Va. once, sometime during the fall. Can't tell the time exactly. Don't know anything ^{of} her carrying letters.

Never heard of Tom Adkins, there was a private named King in the Co I belonged to. He was from Alexandria.

Don't know of any horses being brought from this side of the river, there has been quite a number brought from the other side to this.

I took the Oath of Allegiance of Maj Starnes of the 1st Md Regt, and willing to take it again.

4)

4.

Last Sunday the 17th & 18 Regts located at Leesburg left their camp on a scouting expedition up the Pike. heard one of the men say they were going to Lovettsville. there was a Co of U. S. Cavalry within 1 mile of Hatesford over Sunday.

It was understood at Leesburg that the U. S. Forces had crossed the Ferry (Harpers). don't know what the feeling was in Leesburg about the advance of the U. S. Forces.

I heard nothing of any reinforcements being ordered to Leesburg.

I came inside the lines of the U. S. Forces last Sunday morning at Point of Rocks. ~~from the~~ ~~to the~~ ~~manhouse~~ ~~at that place.~~ when I got to the River on the other side I hoisted a white flag and a ^{& 3 private} Sergeant came over after me & took me to the manhouse ^{at Point of Rocks} ~~above~~ ~~at~~ & from there to Burlew. before Maj Starnes of the 1st old Regt he administered the Oath of Allegiance and let me go. said I could go anywhere on this side of the River. I then with about 15 others came to the Point of Rocks & from there to Solons Ferry. there I saw a Lt of Capt Coles Cavalry Co. he requested us to go to the head quarters of the Regt. between Poolsville & Edwards Ferry. we did so. we remained there all night & the next morning went to the head quarters at Poolsville. from there we were sent to Washington in charge of 2 Corporals & 2 Privates. where we arrived last night.

I belonged to an independent Military Co. at
Susburg, joined it about four months previous
to the breaking out of the war.

When the war commenced our Co. was
ordered by the Governor of the State into the service.
I was obliged to go with the Co. for she was taken
to Richmond as a prisoner. I thought my chance
of escaping would be better if I went with the
Co.

I left it because I thought I was fighting
in a bad cause.

Recd Lt. General & Co
(See Letter Book)

Head-Quarters, ~~Corps of Observation,~~

Rockville, March 6 1862

Brig General Andrew Porter
Provost Marshall General

Army of the Potomac

Washington.

I send three refugees
from near Leesburg. They are well informed & were in
Leesburg on Saturday last. Their names are S. M. Harris
Elisha Gray and J. T. L. Gray. The former is a deserter
from the 17th Virginia foot. They report that they
crossed over at Point of Rocks on Sunday & Monday.
that about 105 men crossed, & that Major Steiner of
of the 1st Maryland Vol after examining them allowed
all of them to go free.

Respectfully Yours obt^d &c

J. J. S. Mearns
Brig Secy Vol

Watts: 27 July 1882

to C. Allen

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Watts

relative to Captain of
Schooner Doratha Harris

Mitchell, Dec.

Dunock, -

Police Department.

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST MARSHAL.

Baltimore, March 27th 1862.

E. J. Allen Esq

Provost Marshal Office
Washington D.C.

Dear Sir

I have the capt
of the John Desatha Harris
in custody, who from the
Woods, at a quiet creek,
some months back, I learn
that a dry store near
the Capital, would be
found parties, who are en-
gaged, in continued trade.

A man 5, 11, 28 years of age, dark
Brown hair, no whiskers, named
Al Mitchell, also a man nam-
ed Dunrock, very dark com-
plexion, rather fat, about forty
years of age, both connected
with the Hairs, may be found
then you will be pleased
acting marshal

MISCELLANEOUS
MEDICAL CERTIFICATES
HOSPITAL NOTES
FURLONGS
FINAL STATEMENTS
CERTIFICATES OF DISABILITY

14th New York Hy. Art.

W. H. H. H. H. H.

May John G. Clark
54 Stuyvesant
Concerning James
W. Woods & Arthur
Tantrum.

Citizens

For more names
April 1862,

Head Quarters Sturgeon

April 8th 1862

Sir

I have the honor to respectfully report that upon enquiry I learn that the nearest Military Commission now in Session is in St Louis & therefore send down prisoners James M. Woods and Ambrose Tompkins under charge of Quartermaster Sergeant J. O. Corane Co C^o Regt Merrill's Horse.

Woods is a noted Bridge Burner, Telegraph Destroyer and has been connected with guerilla bands ever since depredations were committed. Jacob Crosswhite states that he saw said Woods within fifty feet of the Bridge while burning. That Woods cursed him for being a Black Republican and volunteered to be one of a party that would take him out and hang him - The following morning Woods met W. C. Hargus on the Streets of Sturgeon and remarked to him that the Telegraph is wa'n't doing us any good any how - He also stated that he had escorted the Depredators as far as Dryden, for the purpose of seeing that

The job was done right. Since he has been prisoner he has admitted in presence of Schuler & Gosling that he went as far as the lower bridge to see it all properly destroyed. He has stated in presence of St Jeevor, Regt Morrills Horse that he would destroy all his property rather than let the Federals be benefitted by it. Messrs Crosswhite, Schuler, Gosling & Hargis all reside here and can be sent to you anytime you require them.

Ambrose Tompkins the other prisoner was arrested last night about eight miles from here sleeping in a barn with a Navy pistol on his person. He is a notorious Bridge Burner, and has heretofore always managed to escape from our forces. I heard of his being in that vicinity and sent a detachment late last night with instructions to search every house and barn in the region where he was seen last - The first time the Bridge was burned Tompkins stood by the fire with pistol drawn. And swore he would shoot the first man that would throw a particle of water on the Bridge - Judge Morris Director of N. M. R. R. threw a bucket of water, and was threatened to be shot by Tompkins if he repeated the act. Judge Morris resides in Mexico. Every citizen here can testify to the guilt of the prisoner - The last time the Bridge was burned he was seen at the Rail Road. He has been one of the

Principal Leaders in all destruction of Bridges &c.
Crosswhite Schuler and Goeling saw him the last
night the bridge was burned -

It can be proven beyond a doubt that both these
prisoners are dangerous enemy to the country -

Unlimited testimony can be procured against them
provided it is required for their conviction -

The facts I send you will be sworn to when
required the witnesses

I am Sir

Very Respectfully

Yours obt Servt

John G. Chappin

Major Commandy 1st

Regt Merrill's Horse

W. G. Linn

Provost Marshal Genl

St Louis Mo

Hunter's Bay S

Atzen
Bridge Burners

Bridge Burning

2 or more

April 1862

Stewartville, E. D. Bowen

No 1

Stewartville Nov. April 22nd 1862

Evidence in the Case of ~~the~~ Benjamin S. Tucker.

Charles W. Skelton's Evidence

Saw Tucker with a gun in his hands on the day the Stewartville bridge was burnt. Defendant was not in the crowd at the Bridge. Defendant was five or six hundred yards from the Bridge.

Cross Examination. Never heard the prisoners say anything in favor of indiscriminate Bridge burning, from my own personal knowledge. ^{the question being asked of me as a witness} ~~contrary to the loyalty~~ of the prisoners. I am a ~~son~~ ^{friend} of ~~the~~ ^{the} prisoners from
C. W. Skelton

Sarah Adams Evidence

Prisoner came to me and asked me for a pin to pick the tube of his gun also asked for some caps. I asked him if he thought there would be a bottle he replied if there was it would be on the other side of the bridge. This was on the day the bridge across the east street was ~~burnt~~ burnt. Prisoner stated they were going to shoot them wherever they caught them. I inferred he meant those on the cars. Prisoner started off in the direction of the Rail Road. The nearest ~~to~~ ^{to the bridge} I saw ~~of~~ ^{him} he was some five or six hundred yards from the bridge. Prisoner said he did not think the ~~special~~ ^{regular} soldiers would ~~ever~~ ^{go} across the bridge on east street, at Stewartville.

Cross Examined. I do not believe Prisoner had any thing to do with the burning of the Bridge, from what I had seen.

Sarah ^{per} Adams
mark

The Evidence of Isabel Harris and Rachael Macadam's is the same as Sarah Adams.

Isabel ^{per} Harris
Rachael ^{per} Macadam's
mark

Benjamin F. White's Evidence

I was in Stuartville on the day the Bridge was burnt. Saw the Secession Soldiers come into town, between one and two hours after their arrival I saw the Prisoner among them, I did not see the Prisoner until after the Bridge was fired, Saw the Prisoner ^{in my opinion} with two guns, he asked me for some Lead, afterwards saw him with one gun, this was on the day the east side Bridge was burnt, which occurred in the fall of 1861.

Never heard the Prisoner make any threats against the Federal Soldiers, or burning the Bridge Cross Examination. ~~That~~ I saw him going towards the bridge, did not ascertain any nearer than six hundred yards to the west of my judgement, saw him about one hundred yards ~~from~~ farther from the bridge than the place described by Mr Skelton, the question being asked witness answered, I am a Union Man

Reexamination, Prisoner seemed to exult over the defeat of the Federal Soldiers, did not see the prisoner load his gun on the day referred to, ~~it is my opinion that the prisoner would have assisted in resisting the Federal Soldiers~~

B. F. White

John W. Jones Evidence

I saw the prisoner on the day the east steel bridge was burnt. Prisoner had ^{in his} ~~in his~~ hands. Prisoner passed ^{going towards the bridge} ~~about~~ 4 or 5 hundred yards from the bridge. Never heard the Prisoner ~~say~~ make any threats against the Federal Soldiers or in favor of burning bridges.

Cross Examined. Saw the prisoner ~~at~~ between Mr Chrusmans house and a point opposite Skeltons hotel, Inquisition. are you a Federal Soldier. Ans. yes.

John W. Jones

George Kerns Evidence

I saw the prisoner ~~at~~ at Lexington in the Southern army. He appeared to be pleased at the result of the battle at Lexington.

George W. Kerns
Smith

~~Robert H. Logans Evidence~~

Bestholmen Fronts Evidence

I was in Stewartville on the day the decession came ~~at~~ burns the bridge. The Prisoner came out of his store with a gun in his hand and started off in the direction of the bridge in seeming haste. The main body of the decessionists were at or near the bridge. The prisoner stated that "they was going to shoot them down wherever they could find them."

Cross Examined did not see the prisoner in crowd at the bridge. I was near the bridge while it was burning and at the approach of the train saw the decession mount their horses and ~~retreat~~ retreat. Inquisition. are you a Union man. answer, I am.

B. Fort

4

Allen Charrison's Evidence

I saw the Prisoner ~~in~~ the Southern camp at Livingston. I shook hands with him on the Evening or following Morning after the Surrender. The Prisoner did not belong to any company to my knowledge. Had no aim about him that I saw.

Allen Charrison
witness

Julius G. Downs Evidence

On the day the east steel bridge was burnt I saw the Prisoner with a gun in his hands going Northward. This was after the Federal Soldiers had arrived and were crossing the Bridge. I don't know that the Prisoner furnished any turpentine or made any ^{direct} threats against the Federal Soldiers. as the Rail Road Bridge, he said the Federal Soldiers were doing very wrong, and if the Confederate Soldiers had possession ~~had possession~~ of the rail road it would be of great benefit to them and that the Confederate Soldiers were justifiable in putting the Federals down. The prisoner stated that if it became necessary for him to fight he would fight in favor of the Southern Confederacy. I have also heard him denounce the administration and declare that we had no Union.

cross Examined Never heard the prisoner make any indirect threats more than is embraced in the foregoing testimony Question, are you a Union Man. Answer, yes.

Julius G. Downs

5

W. S. Phillips Evidence

I heard the prisoner say on the day
young McDonald was shot that he
was in favor of laying in ambush
and shooting every man on the road
that they could. to the best of my
knowledge McDonald was killed on the 15th
day of June 1861.

cross Examined Question are you a union man
Answer, I am.

W. S. Phillips
mark

~~Dorothy Skelton's Evidence~~

~~P. S. Skelton's Evidence~~

Evidence on the part of the

Defence

- C. A. Wileys Evidence.

I arrived in Stewartville about
two O'clock on the day the East Street
bridge was burnt. The bridge was
burning when I arrived I passed through
the company of secession soldiers. did not
see the prisoner until about four
O'clock in the Evening I staid until
the Southern troops left town I think
Mr Snoker was not in the company.
Mr Snoker always expressed himself a
constitutional man, ~~but~~ opposed to the
present administration, I am a Minister of
the gospel of the Presbyterian order,
cross Examined.

I heard Mr Snoker say on the
occasion of the Death of McDonald, that if
that was union he was not a union man

Carrey A. Wyle

O. H. P. Gibson's Evidence

Mr Snoker was not in his store at the time the secession came to burn the bridge. Always ~~has~~ considered Mr Snoker a peaceable man never heard him make any threats, or heard of him being out bushwhacking, never heard the prisoner condemn the constitution.

O. H. P. Gibson

David Morris's Evidence

On the day the bridge was burnt I ~~went~~ in company of my family left town. About half a mile from the bridge I met Mr Snoker ~~on his back~~ riding ~~at~~ ^{at} his horse. ~~He~~ he had no arms to the best of my knowledge, before I left town the secessionists had cut down one of the telegraph poles and were carrying it toward the bridge. ~~He~~ never heard the prisoner make any threats, against Union men or soldiers. Always upheld the constitution. I am a resident of Stewartville

~~Cross Examination~~

David Morris

Elisha J. Howard's Evidence

Mr Snoker was at my house about one or two o'clock on the day the bridge was burnt. ~~My impression is~~ that Mrs Snoker was shot at the bridge at the time it was set on fire. Never ~~heard~~ heard the prisoner make any threats against the Government.

Elisha J. Howard

I know

Joseph Baxter's Evidence

I reside six miles from Stewartville.
Mr Tucker ~~at~~ came to my residence on
the evening the bridge was burned and
remained there all night. His family was
with him. Never heard him say anything
against the Constitution or Government
of the U.S., Joseph Baxter

Johns Hall's Evidence

Mr Tucker ~~convinced~~ told me that he
had started to visit a Rebel camp but
learned that the camp was removed.
I had one or two arguments or discussions
with him. ~~He~~ ^{I think} stating the Southern view of
the case.
Cross Examined, I think Mr Tucker told me his
business at the camp was to see a man who
owed him some money.

Re-examination. Mr Tucker I think stated to
me that he held out for the Union and
Government as long as there was any.
~~But~~ John ^{no} Hall
~~mark~~

15 U.S.
954 vs

William Addison
James Ethredge &
Thomas B. Loyd.

Credence,
APR 62

Nothing found

~~James Ethredge~~
Ethredge

U S

78

James Ethredg

United States
V. S.

James Ethredge

Post Marshals Office
Osceola Mo^s April 24th 1862

"Sworn" Statement of James Ethredge
African Twenty One Years Old. Lives in Cedar County Mo^s
about Twenty Miles from Osceola. Served in Gen Price's Army
Six months and got my discharge on the Third day of December
Last. = On or about the Last day of August 1861 a Squad
of Six of us, all armed but my self went to Benjamin S.
Smiths House, and took Two Mules and One Horse from his
Stable. Mr Smith was not at home at the time. The reason we
went and took Mr Smiths Property was because he was a Union
Man. We were Ordered to take those Horses for the use of Price
Army. = Horses and other property that Jay Hawkens and
Plunders generally take in this country is from Union Men

Witness my hand this 24th April a. D. 1862
his mark
James X Ethredge

Witness Aaron E. Hunt

Sworn and subscribed to before me this
Twenty Fourth day of April a. D. 1862
Capt. Robt L. Freeman
Post Marshal

U. S.

V. S.

Wm Addison

United States
V. S.

William Addison
Samuel W. Addison

State of Missouri.
County of Saint Clair

Mary Elliot, "Sworn,"

I am Twenty Three years old. I live about ten miles from Osceola.
I know William Addison (The Prisoner) have known him
about three years. on or about East Christmas. One Sunday
Morning. William Addison, Samuel Addison and a stranger
came to our house. William Addison enquired for my husband
and I told them he was not at home. He said tell Mr Elliot
(My Husband) He must leave here and they would give him four
days to leave the County in. He said they could not stand it
any longer for him to live in the neighborhood, and he must
leave by Thursday next. They then went out to the stable they took
nothing, but they said there would be plenty to take when they come
to search the house

Witness my hand this 15th April 1862
Mary Elliot

Sworn and subscribed to before me this fifteenth day of
April A. D. 1862

Capt. Robert L. Freeman
Prosecut. Marshal
Osceola, Mo

U S,

F S

James. Eldredge

United States
U.S.
James Ethredge

Provost Marshals Office
Osceola Mo^e April 24th 1862

"Sworn" Statement of James Ethredge

I am Twenty One years old. I live in Cedar County Mo^e about Twenty miles from Osceola. I served in Gen Price's army six months and got my discharge on the third day of December last. = On or about the last day of August 1861 a Squad of six of us, all am^{ts} but myself went to Benjamin Smith's House, and took two Mules and One Horse from his Stable. Mr Smith was not at home at the time. The reason we went, and took Mr Smith's Property was because he was a Union man. We were ordered to take those Horses for the use of Price's Army. = Horses and other Property that Jay Hawkers and Plunderers generally take in this country is from Union Men.

Witness my hand this 24th April A. D. 1862

James ^{his mark} Ethredge

Witness Aaron L Hunt

Sworn and Subscribed to before me this
Twenty Fourth day of April A. D. 1862

Capt Robt S Freeman
Provost Marshal

U. S.

T. S.

Mr Addison

United States
V. S.

William Addison

State of Missouri
County of St. Clair

I swear Mrs. Williams's "Oath,"

I am Forty Seven years Old, I live about twelve Miles from
Cecola. I know this Prisoner William Addison, On or about
the last of December last I went to the house of William Addison
On some business and in a conversation he inquired if I had
seen James Elliott or knew where he was. I told him I had not.
He said he had warned him out to leave the Country. He said
The Damned Irishman could not live in the neighborhood with him
or so close to him any longer. and the time was about out
for him to leave. There were several men and arms in the
house at the time. This Prisoner Addison bears a bad charac-
ter, as a dangerous man in the neighborhood. On my way home
I stopped and told Mrs. Elliott to tell her husband to keep
out of this man's way as I believed he would do him harm.

Witness my hand this 15th April 1863

Wm. Williams

Sworn and Subscribed to before me this 15th day
of April A. D. 1863

Robert G. Freeman
Protest Marshal
Cecola, Mo.

United States

vs

Thos. B. Leyer

United States
vs
Thos B. Loyd

Provost Marshalls office
Osceola Mo May 19 1862

Henry Young Wagon

J. Belong

To Col B. of the 1st Regt Iowa Cavalry, I know this
prisoner Thos B. Loyd when I see him, I first
saw him in the vicinity of White Hair Mo, on
Or about the 5 day of May 1862 I found him
in a house, and I arrested him after we had
traveled about half mile together I remon back
to him this prisoner Thos B. Loyd that we
had ^{him} Conallut pretty nice this time, yes he
said that he did not see us until we was to
close to him or he might have given us a chase
The day previous ^{to this} I saw the same horse that this
prisoner rode when I took him prisoner, I
believe it to be the same horse from the way he travels
and from what I have seen of him since, This
horse that I have reference to was the same
that was ridden by the man who was in
company with Hood when Hood was arrested
& chased him about two miles I halted him
and shot at him twice & Evans shot at him
twice also but he did not stop, I have got his
hat there was a newspaper in the hat when I got
it but there was no mans name on the paper

That man ~~there~~ ^{there} crossed me about six feet high
wore a blue Cavalry Coat yellow pants and ~~his~~
hat that I now hold in my hand, This man
looks to me like the man, but, would not swear
that this was the same man,

Henry Leavy

Subscribed and sworn to
before me this 19th day of May
1862.

J. R. Elliott
Capt & Provost Marshall

Witness Myself
Thos. B. Yeager

United States

vs

Thos B. Lloyd,

United States

vs

Thos B. Loyd

Provost Marshal's office

Cresola Mo., May 19 1862

J. A. Evans sworn

I belong to
Co B. 1st Regt Iowa Cavalry I am twenty one
years old I know this prisoner Thomas Loyd whom
I see him. I first saw him at White Hair in Mo
on or about the 6th day of May ¹⁸⁶² he was then
a prisoner, at the time that Hood was arrested
There was another man with him who ran and
got away I asked Hood who that other man
was and he said that he was a young man
from Price's Army I think he said his name
was Willis. I don't think this prisoner is
the man, as that man who ran was a short
thick set man, and I would call this
prisoner Thos B Loyd a tall slim man

Witness my hand this 19th day of May 1862

Subscribed and sworn to
before me this 19th day of May
1862

J. A. Evans

A. R. Elliott

Capt & Provost Marshal

Ad. Dis. 2nd Div. 1857
April 3rd 1862

Col. J. M. Tuttle
2nd Div. Iowa Infy

Submitting communication
to Genl Comd. from
a citizen, in regard
to Missouri City Hospital

Wm. L. Dr. Dr. Dr.
Pittsburg April 7th

Respectfully
referred to Ad. Genl
Dist. W. Linn

W. H. Wallace
Maj Genl Comd
2nd Div.

Ad. Genl. Dist. of West Tenn.
Pittsburg, April 10, 1862

Respectfully referred to
Quarters Department of the
Mississippi.

U. S. Grant
Major Genl
Dept. W. April 11/62

Copy referred to
Shelton: District

J. C. Shelton
1862

Shelton
Apr. 16. 62

Head Quarters 2nd Iowa Inf

April 3rd 1862

Capt Hotchkiss
a a a a

Brig Genl Wallace
112nd Regt of Ills
Genl

I would ^{thoroughly} call the attention
of the Commanding Officer of the Department to
the enclosed letter from the father of one
of the men of my Regt. Mr Van Fleet is a
very reliable man & I am satisfied he tells
the truth. I have frequently felt like com-
plaining myself of the conduct of the
Surgeon in charge of Mound City Hospital
for brutality & inattention to duty.

At our last muster we sent the Captain
Rulls to all our men in the Hospital
& yesterday they were all returned to me
& letters came to the Regt at same time
from the men, the Dr. saying the men
were not there & the men writing at same
date asking why their Rulls had not
been sent. Several of my men have
recovered from their wounds & he puts them
on duty there without giving us any notice
of their being detailed. I think he needs
looking after Very Respectfully

J. M. Little Col
2nd Iowa Inf

I have to state respectfully that this complaint has been already investigated. The report of Brigade Surgeon Franklin has been forwarded to your Office about five days ago.

C. D. Wright,
M.A. 1850 -

file

Richmond New Brunswick County Nova Scotia
March 26, 1862

Wm. Little

Dear Sir

I wrote a letter to you when I was at Cairo. I have received no answer from you. Yet, I rec^d a letter from Saml Huffman that William was very sick at Mount City Hospital and was not getting the Medical Attention or Nursing that he should have and thought I had better go and see to him. When I arrived there I went to Doct Franklin to see where I could find him. Franklin & his Clerk told me ^{no} had been sent to Cincinnati or St Louis. I then got a pass from him to go through the Wards to see the Sick and Wounded. They told me William had not been sent off that he had been Sick and died there for they had saw him before and after his death. I then went to Franklin to ascertain when he had died and told him I wished to see the books for this purpose. This was refused me. Finally the Clerk got the book to look for his name. I stepped up to look on the book when he told me to stand back. that I had no business to look on the books. Finally he came to his name and told me he had died on the 27th of February of Typhoid fever. Duffield boys told me he died on the 23^d, during his sickness his Watch and Money was stolen. The boys in the Hospital told me he had his Watch and Money the day before he died. I then went to Franklin and spoke to him in regard to this matter but he told me he was not responsible

for property that was stolen there, I consider myself badly treated by Doct. Franklin and his clerks. I could get little or no information from them, and had it not been for the wounded soldiers in the Hospital I would have gone to St Louis & Cincinnati to look after my son, I then went to the Sexton to find where he was buried that I might take his body home to Iowa. He looked over his books but could not find his name on his books. He then went with me to the graveyard and we could not find his name on the headboards so I had to go home without his body not knowing where he was buried or whether buried or not. There is a large number of the headboards marked "Unknown" whether he is with the unknown or not. I can't tell. There can be no excuse for them in ~~this case~~ if they had his name on the Surgeons books when he died and his clothes and knapsack were marked with his name and there was a number of boys there with him who knew him. Now the question is if people must be insulted by these Surgeons and Clerks while hunting after their friends and then have them buried and marked "Unknown" so that their friends cannot find them it is high time the people know it. Has our soldiers who have sacrificed their lives for their country, are they to be used in this way. My case was not the only one. I saw persons here from different States looking after their sons, the same as myself, that had to go home without them, they could get no information concerning them only that they had died there and supposed they were buried and marked "Unknown" I do

by an Examination of the Sections books and
the headboards in the Grav Yard I found
a very large number were marked "Unknown"
I do not think that there is more than one
in a thousand whose name could be found
I hope you will lay this case before the
proper persons, and have it attended to.
I did not suppose when my son volunteered
and went into the Service that if he should
die in a Hospital he would be put into
the ground like a brute, I could not
find out from Doct. Franklin or his Clerks what
Doctor attended him or whether he had any
medical attention at all or not. From what
I could learn I think he received but very
little if any medical attention after your Regt
left the Boat. Now as I said before if our Sons
who have sacrificed their lives for their
Country must be treated in this way during
their illness and then be buried and
marked "Unknown" it is time the People
should know it. I went to Doct. Franklin and
Clerk for my sons clothes but they refused
to let me have them. I hope you will ^{see} Capt
Wilkin and have him get them for me
they are in the Hospital here. And I wish
the Capt. would get the back pay that was
due him the Duffield boys tell me he had
not drawn the full amount of clothing to
which he was entitled. He was not buried
in his Uniform I saw his clothes there with
his name on them. I believe they are a set
of thieves in that Hospital. If you can
not get what is due him I wish you would
let me know ^{how} I can get it. Edward

Goddard was then quite poorly he had
not yet had his Arm Amputated I
was there from the 5th to the 9th of March
I have not heard from him since
The Duffield boys and Saul Huffman
are now at home they are getting along
as well as could be expected

I should have
come to Fort. Donelson but Gen. Paine
told me you had left there and gone
up the Tennessee river no more at
present but remain

Your friend
Abraham Van Alstyne

file

1901 Wright
1412, 1413

I have to state and regret
fully that this complaint
has been already in my
-to state - the report of
I regret very much that
has been forwarded to you
I wish to state that
I regret very much that

J#16 958

1862

1862

High Hill Mo.

April 6 - 62

Toed. Geo. R.

Col. Comdg.

Thinking it advisable
that sentence to confine-
ment and hard labor
in the case of Wm. Sisk be
remitted - enclosing pe-
titions and statements.

4 - Enclosures

Geo Sisk

File

Wing

Recd Hd Qrs St Louis Distict
April 16 - 62

H^l Gen St. Louis Dist.
April 16. 1862

Respectfully forwarded
to H^l Gen Dept of the
Miss. and recommended
due to the favorable
attention of the
Major General
Commanding.

A. W. Schofield
Brig Genl

Copy forwarded
to the Judge Advocate
Genl Dept. Cal
W. Kibben adv.

J. K. Linton
advised
Apr. 16. 62

No. 2nd U. S. Troops High Hill Mo April 6th 1862

Brig. Gen. J. M. Schofield -

County Dist. of St Louis

Dear Sir.

Genl Order No. 9 of the Department of the Mississippi approves the sentence of two men tried by the Military Commission that has just finished its sitting at Warrenton, One Joseph Sublet, for charges contained in said published order, One Wm List (in said order called Wm List by the order but by mistake) also for charges contained in ^{the} order.

These papers were put under arrest by my order as we were leaving this post to go to Warrenton (in the written) and I at that time most carefully examined the cases to ascertain the facts connected with each, I did not determine what to do in the cases for two or three weeks but then came to the conclusion that Sublet was guilty as charged

that Sisk had allowed them to take a gun from
his fathers house, and may have seemed to
consent freely to the taking, and even may have
used language showing a desire to assist them
but from statements made by many of his Union
friends & neighbors I became perfectly satisfied
that he done so to protect himself against what
he considered great danger from his secession neighbors
although the evidence in regard to this charge was of
such a character as to make it extremely doubtful
whether any portion of it should be believed, the
men themselves admitting that they were so
deceived they did not know what they were doing
I then concluded to hold him to bail for his appearance
when I should give him notice, and administered
to him the oath of allegiance which he was very
willing to take. There was an other charge
that of trying to him Sublet to go to the rebel
army, proven only by the Sublet family, and

as I believe is an entire fabrication. I am
sure that no Jury in this County would believe
the testimony of any one of the Sublet family
and therefore I consider the testimony in
regard to this charge of the treachery and
most unreliable character and such
as I would not in the least rely upon

And again these charges are rendered very improbable
by several ^{facts} ~~circumstances~~ Sisk has a reputation among
many of the Union men of being a Union man.
indeed he is a hard working, industrious, money loving
man, who would be careful not to do anything
that would involve him in any losses, and would
never be very liberal in making offers to induce
any one to go into the rebel service

And the inducements he is said to have offered
Sublet at that time - would have procured five or
six men who would have made good soldiers
to go into the rebel service; whilst Sublet is fifty

years old and would not make a soldier
Now if, ^{it is considered} that all the men who testify as to the gun
matter were confessedly so drunk at the time
that they did not know what they were doing is it safe
evidence to convict a man upon. And if the Sublet
family are unworthy of belief and no jury in the
County would give credit to them is it not
that such testimony should convict any one
and yet on testimony of this kind Sibley has been
convicted and sentenced to close confinement
at hard labor during the war.

Again if the effort to hire Sibley to go to the
Federal Army ^{was} all the charge of which Sibley
is guilty, is the offense greater than it would
have been had he went himself using his
means &c. yet thousands of men guilty of such
offenses have been discharged on ~~the~~ taking
oath & giving bond.

I think this one of ^{the} hardest sentences I

Ever knew anything about. I am perfectly
Satisfied in my own mind that the man
is innocent ^{And} of that ~~that~~ whatever he may
have done or say^d was done & said to promote
his being assailed by the secessionists who were
then in power here and quick to enforce
their demands if they were not cheerfully
complied with

And again these acts charged upon
if at all committed before Gov. Gamble's
Proclamation of Aug 30th 1861 ratified
by the War Deptⁿ giving immunity
to rebels who would return to their
homes & keep the peace

In view of all these things I think justice
and the good of the Service demand
that ~~that~~ the Confinement & Labor in
this case be omitted & that Sisk be

959

724

Springfield, Mo.

April 15/62.

Mills, J. K. Col.
comm'g. Post.

Encloses bonds of Rebel prisoners.
Thinks that these Bonds ought
to be kept at his Headquarters,
as they must be sued in this Judicial
District, if enforced.

Filed
Sut

Rec'd. H. D. A. S. W.
April 17/62.

No. 2. Post of Springfield Mass.
Apr. 15th 1842,

Capt.

In obedience to instructions I
forward to your office Bonds
taken in the cases of

A. J. Weaver — Jas. T. Mason
J. B. Garrison — Alex. Guines
W. H. Stenmons — A. Armstrong
Benj. Marley — W. A. Collins
C. W. Sater — Jas. Fortner.

Permit me to suggest, that
as these bonds if ever enforced
must be sued upon in this Judi-
cial District (Unless taken out
U. S. Courts) it might be better that
they be retained here.

Respectfully Submitted Scout
J. R. Mills

W. J. Curtis
Capt & A. S. Gen.

A. G. Comstock

~~77~~
Keittsville.

April 20/62

Post. P. B. Capt.
Co. & E. 37th Ill.
comd'g. Keittsville.

Presents petition of a number of
men at Cane Hill, 15 miles south of
Paysonville, that the U. S. troops
seize a large amount of provisions
stores at Mrs. Kidds to prevent it
from getting into the hands of Rebel-
Homeguards. Also to seize 20000
lb of Bacon of J. R. Stone, merchan-
t in Van Buren Co, settle for it privately
Great terror & grief among the
'Secesh' in regard to the advance
of Federal troops, Price having
gone!

File Citizens

Rec'd. H. Q. A. S. W.
April 20/62

To Major Genl. Curtis's Commanding Army South West

Mr Bradley at Camp Hill fifteen Miles South
of Fayetteville, tells me to inform some officer of the
United States troops, that Mr. Reed has a large
amount of Flour, Corn, Corn Meal, and Bacon on hand
which he wishes they would come and get.
The rebels have formed themselves into a Company
calling themselves 'Home Guards' and numbering
one hundred & twenty Men
They have threatened to rob him and then to
burn his mill. This information is received
from Jonathan Meul who left Mr Bradley's last
Sunday Morning

J E Williams	Choctaw Agency	Gravel
L B Fern	"	" Millut "
A S Williams	"	"
J S Griffith	Jr " Smith "	" Merchant
Daniel Williams	"	"
Walter Fox	"	"
C S Foster	"	" Printer
B J Atkinson	"	" Merchant
Old Man Wolfe	"	" Silver Smith
Myell & Meysum	Van Buren	"
Saml Harrington	"	" Merchant
Geo Turner	"	" Lawyer
J M Tibbets	vs Fayetteville	"

J. K. Stone Merchant, New Buren, has 20,000
lbs Bacon in the back cellar of his store
He wants Federals to seize it and settle for
it privately, so as not to compromise him
with citizens, who are his enemies, and would
hang him on the retirement of Federal forces
This information comes from Major Heald
Indian Trader Chaleten Native and Mr Collins
Telegraph Operator at Ft. Smith who left Ft. Smith
on Thursday last, arriving here on Saturday eve-
ning. Great terror in anticipation of a federal
advance prevails through all that region.
The forces under Pike are withdrawn to the
neighborhood of Boggy Depot and Ft. Wichita
130 Miles from Ft. Smith and are weak & dispa-
-ituted. The main army under Van Dorn & Price
having gone to Des. Creek & Jacksonport with
an intention to move on some point on the
Mississippi

P. B. Rust Capt. Co. (E/13) 1st Reg.
Cavalry "Port at Fort Smith"

Kansas, State of
 State of Kansas

Executive Office
 Topeka April 24/66

Robinson J. W.
Judge Sturgis

asks that the
 property of Mr Kulloch,
 Mr Dickson² & Abbott be
 returned to them

Recd H. L. L. Dist of Ks Apr. 29-1866

State of Kansas,

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,

Topeka, April 26th 1862.

Gen Sturgis:

Dear Sir: - Some time since I wrote you in reference to Mr Kellogg who was then lying in Prison and to my certain knowledge entirely innocent of the charges prepared. He being at the time connected with the Kansas I^o. He had his trial and the Jury pronounced him innocent without leaving their seats. When he was arrested, there were several others arrested. viz Mr Dickson and Mr Abbott both of whom have had their trials this week and were acquitted in ten minutes. When these young men were arrested they had all their stock taken from them and sent to Fort Riley and it is now kept there. They think that the ~~Law~~ jurisdiction lies with you some what and the Marshal Mr McDonnell thinks they had better get an order or line from you to the Commanding Officer at Fort Riley

If you know any jurisdiction in
the matter, you will confer a favor by
letting these gentlemen hear their story

Y^r Obed^t Serv^t

J. W. Robinson

Gen Sturgis.
Commanding.

962

749.

Troy ch. mo.

April 18th 1862.

Schreiner, Fr. E.
Dep. Prov. Mar.

Four men were delivered by
the Provost-Guard with the
accompanying Report.
Enclosures send them to
the General under escort.

Let

With enclosure?

File

Rec'd. H. Q. A. S. W.
April

Office Prov. March. Post. Forsyth. April 18th 1862.

To Major General Curtis, Commanding south western Army.
General

Four citizens: 1. James Loughbridge of Arkansas
2. J. M. Nelson " Mo
3. H. Q. Mc Clure " "
4. N. B. Thomason " "

were delivered to this office by our Picket Guard with the accompanying report. On being examined Nos. 2, 3 & 4 stated to come from Texas where they lived all winter. They wish to see you; I therefore send them under escort.

Very respectfully

Your obedient servant

Fred. E. Schreiner
S. Dy. Prov. March. Post.

Letter received

963 St. Louis, Mo.

Col. Conroy
St. Louis

April 7th 1862

Has arrested Abraham Dr.
Kipp, James Henderson
Wm. Van Meter and James
Haskell & associates
as fugitives - to be released
on their returning don't
ke. Babby. Having failed
to do this wishes to know
what course to take with
prisoners &c.

Dept of W D

Ans. Lettgen

Rec'd filed & recorded

April 9th 1862

Donn Pitt

D⁴
Filed 42.

all of

Head Quarters
Camp at Moorfield Va
April 7/62

Dear ~~Friend~~
Advt Genl
Cumberland Md

Dear Sir

On my
arrival here I caused to be
arrested Abraham Siskup
James Kirkwood Wm Vanmeter
& James Haskins wealthy &
influential citizens of this
County strong friends and
sympathizers of the rebel
Government & let them off
on their parole of honor
subject to be addressed into
such confinement at
any time the conditions of
this parole were that
they should cause to be
returned to his home in
this County Daniel W Babb
a minor man of stand
ing & wealth of this County

who some five weeks
since was treacherously
dragged from his home
on some pretended
charge of treason, or other
charge equally fulsome. &
who now languishes a pris-
oner at Harrisburg, like
a neglected within the au-
thors of the Southern rebellion
- those men whom I took
as hostages for his return
- claiming that they have
been unable to procure
his release & return to his
home. Will you apply to
the Govt for his extradition
in this matter & if at all
convenient send me an
order for their transpor-
tation to some prison
near by the release of
Mr Bobb.

I have the honor
to be your most
obd. Servant
R. M. Burpee Secy
Army Forces at
Worthington

P.S. An early answer
is very desirable and
if it could be hastened
by ^{my} telegraph I should
be glad. — J. —

Farrington Ms

64 April 4. 62.

964

Beal. J. B. -

Complaining that slaves
escaped from their mas-
ters - were harboured by
County Officer at Pilot
Knob, and every obsta-
cle interposed to their
capture -

file

Recd. Hd. Qu. St. John District
April 7. 62

Return this packet to District
Office.

Referred to Gen
Schofield in Com
mand of the District

W T Hamble

W 2 Dns St. Louis District

April 7. 1862

Respectfully referred
to the Commanding
officer at Pilot Knob
for his report of this
case.

J. W. Schofield
Brig Genl Comdg

Head Quarters

Pilot Knob Mo

April 10th 1864

Respectfully return with the following
report

I have informed all persons claiming
fugitives that but Walleby was
No 3. Required me to exclude them
from the line. I refuse all persons
permission to search my Camp
for any purpose. I declined the
young man permission to proceed
to Memphis for other reasons
than those connected with
Henry, and so held them
under arrest as stated in
the latter's letter, and also of the
whole case. Respectfully

A. M. Bell
Col Camp, Pilot

Hamington Mo
April 4th 1862

Your Governor G. B. Campbell

St Louis Mo

Sir

Although I am not personally acquainted with you, my late misfortune with that of my neighbor, and your position, is my apology for troubling you with a few lines to let you know the grievances which we have suffered. On last Sunday night a negro man belonging to me, one to Mr. P. Leacy, and one to the Messrs Corington nephews of Mr. Coyle, ran off. We had reason to believe they had gone to the Knob and accordingly the two Messrs Corington for Mr. Coyle and for themselves, and a Mr. Kelardy for me, went to the Knob to see if they could find them. On Wednesday they found, at a distance, a negro in one of the Camps, who they felt confident, was one of the Slaves for whom they were searching. They went to the Commanding Officer, Col Bell and applied for permission to examine the Camp. He refused to give them permission. They then proposed he should send for the negro which they had seen. He refused to do this. They then proposed or requested him to accompany them, what they might examine for the Slaves. This he refused to do. On the following morning Mr. Kelardy & one of the Messrs Corington being confident that the Slaves were there, & thinking there could be no harm in making some examination, started to the Camp. Just as they came near the Camp, one of the officers of the Camp met them and in an angry rough manner forbade them going any further, & reported them to the Colonel, who had them arrested and brought before him. Col Bell plainly told them he was opposed to them. That he believed they were sinful and that he would not do any thing to enable them to get the Slaves. What they requested permission to go down to the Camp below Brownville to look for the Slaves. This Col Bell refused to grant. They were willing to go by

themselves or with the Soldiers going down. but Col Bell
would not allow them to go any way. They were under arrest
from early in the morning on Thursday till two O'Clock 1st m.
Whilst they were under arrest Col Bell told them that if
the negroes were in Camp he would have them turned out
& if the Masters were Master than the negroes, all well; if not,
they must leave them. This you see every obstacle was
thrown in the way of the persons seeking the Slaves to prevent
them from getting them. We believe the Slaves were in the
Carrages, ~~also~~ why such a course, and where the Master in
looking for them? If these Slaves get off in this way we will
have many in the same way. Indeed it is desult for us, under
these circumstances to resist the Conclusion that this is to be
the fate of every Slave owner in the State.

As to the loyalty of Mr Lopez & his nephews there can
be no question. As to myself I am not conscious of
ever having been disloyal to the government of the United States.
The Constitution and laws provide for as good a government
as can be made by human skill. I have always approved
to the freedom of the Slaves - particularly in this way.
I have done nothing except to stay at home and to attend
to my own business. I did hope I would find that pro-
tection to myself and property which we were induced to
believe would be extended to us, from your proclamation
of last summer.

We have too much reason to know that the Slaves
have been enticed to go away, to rest easy under the circumstances.
To prevent their Masters to apprehend the Slaves in this way
and by intimidation, as was also resorted to by the Soldiers,
in this case, give cause of deadly alarm. If such
is ~~not~~ ^{to your policy} in opposition, we would earnestly solicit your
interposition and that of General Heald, & the many of
us who are despond to be loyal to the government will
be totally resigned. Hoping that you will render such
assistance as we need in the circumstances.
I remain your obt servant - J. W. B. B.

Dear Mr. Gamble - Sir -

We the undersigned, are the persons who went in search of
of the slaves mentioned in the foregoing statement of Mr. J. B. Beal.
The facts therein stated, relative to our efforts to apprehend the
slaves, our intercourse with the officers & our arrest we
herely certify to be true as therein stated.

We are respectfully your Obedt Servts -

J. W. Covington
J. W. B. Covington
M. L. Covington.

P. S. Dear Mr. B -

The above statement is for your consideration & interest.
We know of no way of getting redress except by letting
you know the facts which I have stated above - Mr. M. S.
Keefer will call on you in a few days relative to the
same - You may also be addressed by others on the
same subject. From the violent threats which have
been made, we actually afraid to go after our
property

Yours &c

J. W. Beal

965.

Warrensburg Mo.

April 7th 1862

E. J. Foster Major
Ment. Off.

States why & when the
outrages were committed
in that vicinity, in respect
to the burning of Mrs.
Brickens &c. &c. &c.

Referred to Maj Torrence

Recd April 9th 1862

Head Quarters, Recruiting Station, M. S. A.
Warrensburg, Mo., April 7th / 62

Captain:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 3rd inst. A clear understanding of my exact position will better enable the General Commanding to appreciate the difficulties under which I labor. Col. Philips, Lieut. Col. Cuttenden and I hold commissions, as it were, in blank, to be dated when the command is full, and, as I understand, to exercise no authority over troops, except recruits not mustered into the service.

At the time that McCown's house was burned, I had just arrived from St. Louis, and found the men furious over the killing of one of our men, and the mortally wounding of another. McCown's family had been in constant communication with the brushwhackers, as had also the family of Mrs. Riniker, whose house was burned the same night. The feeling among the men was bitter against these two families. I pacified the men by talking to them, and went, about dark, to the house of Mr. Christian. While there, at about 10 o'clock at night, an alarm was raised, and upon going to the door I discovered that McCown's house was on fire. I ran to the quarters, and Capt. Tom. W. Houts being sick in bed, I, with Lieuts. Jewell & Christian got the men under arms, and taking ten men, went immediately to McCown's house, which we attempted to save, but could not. I then, for the first

Time discovered that Mrs Brinker's house was almost consumed. I immediately detailed a large patrol guard to prevent further burning, and remained myself, on the streets till near 3 o'clock in the morning. No clue could be found to the incendiaries.

The facts in regard to the burning of Burgess' house are these, as I learned from Lieut. Jewell, who commanded the party, as also the corroborative testimony of the men: Lieut. Jewell went to the house of Mrs Burgess to capture four armed desperadoes: Brinker, Greenlee, and two Burgesses, who were said to be there. After posting the men to guard the house, he knocked at the door and demanded admittance. A woman answering him, assured him that there was no one in the house but herself and some children, and begged him to wait till she could dress - it being night. The Lieut. waited some time, and becoming impatient, knocked again, when instantly the door was thrown open, and four armed rebels sprang out, firing upon our men at the same moment, killing one and desperately wounding another. The Militia returned the fire with interest, killing three - the other it is supposed escaped unhurt. The men in their fury could not be controlled, and burnt the house immediately.

This was the night previous to the burning in town. Brinker, who escaped, was a son of Mrs Brinker, whose house was burnt. The Burgesses, who were killed, were near relatives of Mrs McCown, who had persisted in smuggling to them goods & ammunition from this place - we having taken

several supplies on the road to them.

The facts in regard to the burning on Sunday the 30th, of four dwelling houses, and the killing of Piper, by Capt. Houts, are these, as I learned from the Captain, as also the corroborative testimony of the men: Capt. Houts, on that day, went to the house of one James, who commands a squad of "brushwhackers," and found it vacant. It was filled with rude bunks furnished with straw. He burnt the house.

He then went to the house of one Nick Doak, who has twice violated his parole of honor, and at that time was with James in the brush.

He found there supplies and ammunition for the "brushwhackers," as the women said, who, moreover, stated that they would harbor "brushwhackers" whenever they came there. He burnt the house.

He then went to the house of one Newton Aliphant, then at the head of a band of marauders. He burnt the house.

While this was being done a squad of men, without orders, burnt the house of one Thompson, a notorious horse thief and marauder.

Of Piper it is reported that some time ago, upon being called to surrender, ^{he} threw down his gun, and upon the careless approach of a soldier, shot him dead with a pistol, and escaped to the brush.

He was also known to have threatened the lives of Capt. Houts and myself. He was found at home and Capt. Houts, fearing a repetition of his former conduct, fired at him immediately, killing him instantly.

I would remark, (not, however, in extenuation of this,) that Maj Hough, Aid-de-Camp to Genl. Hunter, and who commanded an escort for a train from Sedalia to Leavenworth, soon after his men were fired upon at Blackwater, near this place, attempted to shoot, and would have shot had he not been prevented, an old Gray-headed Union man, found in his own house, near where the firing took place;— and that two or three days afterward I wrote, myself, an order, dictated by Maj Hough, for the burning of twelve or fifteen dwelling houses in the neighborhood of where the men were fired upon, which order he was induced to conform to, through my earnest solicitations. Afterward I wrote an order, dictated by Maj. Hough, for the burning of two or three houses, which was then and there carried into effect. This to show that men in passion perpetrate acts which their cooler judgment would not dictate.

The men composing the command at this place have almost all been robbed by the "brushhackers." Many of them have had fathers and brothers taken out and shot in cold blood by the rebels. A majority of them have had wives, mothers and sisters abused and insulted, and in many instances stripped of their jewelry and clothing by these scoundrels. You are aware that it is next to impossible for men like these to deal leniently with "brushhackers."

I can certainly assure you that no Union
man in this town or County has expressed
disapprobation of our conduct since we have
been here. The men who talked to Capt
Thompson have in most instances been made
to take the oath of Allegiance, and are sus=
picioned now, even, of being in communi=
cation with the rebels.

I am, Sir, your Obedient Servant,

Emory S. Foster,

Maj Recruiting U. S. A.
Warrensburg, Mo

Capt Lucien J. Barner
Asst Adjt Genl

Jeff City, Mo

936

(S)

414

St Louis Mo. April 25
1862

Smith B.

Affidavit. Complaints
against Officers & Men of
Col. Hallman's regt.

Rec. Hdqrs M. M.
April 26 1862

Y. Brig. Genl.
To Major Scofield
Commanding District of St Louis

About the first of Jan'y last, a company of United States Troops under the command of Capt. Seymour, came to Cuba & took possession of a House then belonging to Capt. J. D. Tyler (in my care) They used said House about two months, as Head Quarters for Officers, after which they occupied it with the family of one of the Soldiers till the present time. They also had two stores the same time - I have asked for the return of the House & stores & pay for their use. But have not received either to the present time. Said Soldiers also took the windows & door from a new framed House belonging to J. N. Ansdan & myself (near Cuba, & took down the chimney, & carried away the Bricks to build an oven - on my demanding payment. They took windows out of a neighbouring House (that did not fit) & put into mine - The door & chimney they refuse to return or pay for -

When I remonstrated (warmly) I was ^{agrested} ~~insulted~~ abused & sent to Col. Kallmans Head Quarters at St. Clair -

I am informed by numerous citizens (then present)

that ~~they~~ Captain & 1st Lieut. had a whip
all ready, & would have whipped me, but
for the energetic remonstrance of citizens -
Said Soldiers have repeatedly threatened me
with violence & I am told & believe that
it is not safe for me to return to my home
while the said Soldiers remain there -

From their violent conduct, the people fear them
& dare not remonstrate & though there have been
several cases of abusive treatment of unoffen-
ding persons -

The Captain & 1st Lieut. circulated ^{a petition} ~~circulated~~
among the inhabitants, which petition set forth
that said Troops had behaved peaceably &
that the Inhabitants desired them to remain -

Several persons who signed that petition, told
me that they did so through fear, & that they
did not believe it to be true -

While they and many other good loyal persons
have told me, that they would gladly sign a
counter petition, but for fear of damage to
person & property by the Soldiers -

I am furthermore informed by credible persons
that Soldiers belonging to ~~the~~ ^{the} Regiment, arrested
& whipped Thomas Smith at Sullivan Station -

That they also whipped an old man named Garland
at the same place, said Smith & Garland
live three or four miles east of Sullivan Station

Also that another company of said Regiment
whipped a man by the name of Crane at

Bonsbourn Station -

At Jamestown also there has been much trouble
with another company of said Regiment who
have committed violence against peaceable persons
In view of the above facts, many Hundred
persons (Men & Women) would rejoice at
the removal of the above Troops from our Soil
of R. R. & if Troops are needed, that Americans
be placed in their stead

B. Smith

St. Louis April 25th 1862

Subscribed and sworn to before
me the 25th day of April 1862

John C. H. Cunningham
Justice of the Peace

38570.412
Camp Douglas, Chicago
April 5th 1862.

Thomas Swindle
Wm H. Barnes
John Bedford +
Benjamin Parkins

Request to be released, they
were on a visit to their friends
at Fort Donelson, when
the surrender was made,
and when taken were as-
sured they would be re-
leased on arriving at St.
Louis - They wish to know
how they can get their
houses taken from them
at that point -

Yours

Rec^d Miss. of Jk

Apr 5, 1862 38070.710

Camp Douglas, Chicago
Rec'd April 5th 1862

Thomas Swindle
Wm. H. Barnes
John Oxford +
Benjamin Parkine

Request to be released; they
came on a visit to their friends
at Fort Donelson, when
the surrender was made,
and when taken were as-
sured they would be re-
leased on arriving at St.
Louis - They wish to know
how they can get their
houses, taken from them
at that point -

Yours

Rec'd D. Miss. of Apr

Camp Douglas Apr 5th 1862
Major, General, Hullock
Sir

We the undersigned prisoners of Camp Douglas petition your Honour for a release we having been taken while on a visit to the Fort at Donaldson to see our friends that were quartered at that post and while there your armies captured the Fort and sent us to this point assuring us at the same time that we would be released as soon as we arrived at St Louis but circumstances were such that we were not kept at that point now therefore we wish to

Know by what means or
in what way we can
be released and also
by what means we can
see our horses that were
taken from us at that
point We remain
yours

Thomas Swindle
Mr H. Barnes
John Oxford
Benjamin Parkins

1-147
Petition to the Col Court of Jan
968
Citizens of Ball Hills

Dated Apr 19 1862

Asking for a detachment of Troops

Recd Apr 21 1862

2 or more

Cit

Received from the District of
Humboldt, through Agent Genl's
Office December 22nd. 1892.

D 1892

No. 111
April 19 1862
we the undersigned citizens of the Ball hills find to
Cool Lippitt greeting whereas the Indians are all most
daily killing from one to seven head of cattle in our
neighborhood whereas they are camped now a crossed
the Vandusen from Meate Ranch we wish you to send
a detachment of men to stationed at or near the ^{crossing} ~~tandem~~
between this and Fort Seward for Protection of our stock
under their daily depraodation yours with respect

J. W. Hallingsworth
Benj Large
Samuel Rows

Very Respectfully
Shanahan & Co.



CERTIFICATES OF DISABILITY
FINAL STATEMENTS
FURLOUGHS
HOSPITAL NOTES
MEDICAL CERTIFICATES
MISCELLANEOUS

148 NEW YORK HY. AVE.

Myrtle Avenue

Patrons of Mrs. Ayer
Patented against
the A. Office

April 10, 1852

To Major Genl H. W. Halleck

Last Feby. I announced an advertisement of Major E. W. Chamberlain, for part of a house, and he came to see me. My price was \$200.⁰⁰ for such portions of my house as ^{I wanted to dispose of} he wanted, but in consideration of his promise that his servant should help me, and the many favours that would be shown me by the family, I agreed to let him have the premises at a reduced rent, ^{\$120} as I was dependent upon some one for protection, having no one with me at the time, except four small children - When the Major's family were in possession - they commenced a system of persecution & annoyance, for what purpose I am unable to say, unless to drive me from the premises.

I furnished them several articles, to use, Soap, butter &c, and sold them some furniture, carpets &c - Major C. would not pay the value of the articles used, nor settle for the other things, on various pleas; one for instance that the carpeting was short. ^{He obliged him to take a cord of measure} The ^{price of} ~~he~~ obliged me to send for a ^{person} ~~person~~ to have it measured when it was found correct. This point settled, some other was made, & nearly one & a half month, expired before I received my pay, & then only after deducting six or eight dollars upon the articles he had taken, although the first price agreed upon was far below their value.

I do not propose to give a detail of what I have been obliged to submit to, but a few incidents will enable you to comprehend the whole matter. I had a dining table which Maj. Chambelain offered me \$12⁰⁰ for. I told him this was not near its value, which he admitted, remarking it would probably bring more at Auction. But I had no one to do any thing for me, and told him if no opportunity offered for disposing of it for more, he should have it. I did not find a purchaser for it at a higher price & sold it, but Major C. would not let it leave the house. The leaves of said table were in my part of the house locked up, and the Major demanded them. I said to him the table was not his, but he replied if I did ^{not} open the door & deliver the leaves, he "would break the door down". Of course I had to submit. The Major has frequently threatened me. Once whilst submitting to his unjust treatment, I asked him "is this living up to the golden rule?" He replied "Madam I have no golden rule for you". I told him I did not understand such threats, or why he should treat me thus. His answer was, in the following words, "Madam I will show you. You will understand me perfectly before I get through with you. I will teach you such a lesson as you never learned before".

Instead of the Servants helping me, they were directed not to do any thing for me - and more

than this, intimated not to speak to me, and in addition to the foregoing, the Major told me that he would lock me from the use of the cellar also the stable, and turn my cow out of the lot, if I spoke again to his Servant.

Yesterday afternoon friends calling to see me were obliged to enter my apartment by getting in through the windows, or passing through ^{by my} their kitchen. Major Chamberlain having locked, and carried away with him the keys of the hall door - all of these annoyances, I am obliged to submit, and worse still, listen to such remarks from himself & wife, as are improper for me to insert in this communication -

I am powerless, to help myself, as my circumstances, are not such as warrant my leaving the house - which with four small children - the youngest an infant - under my situation one that calls for your intervention - For the truth of my statement, I am willing to be sworn and can also produce other witnesses who will not only testify to the facts, but also to my own standing in this community - I have suffered more than I can express, by Major Chamberlain's treatment, and confidently look to you for protection -

Very respectfully yours,
St Louis Apr 4/62
A. B. Applell

Mr Farrow

Respected Sir

I sent my little son at noon to Maj Chamberlin requesting to see him a moment he sent word back he was going to the Barracks after dinner. So this evening before dark between 6 & 7 o'clock, I sent another request to see him. (As they complain of my going to their rooms) ~~The reply came from him that I must come to his room,~~ also a message from his wife saying she did not allow her husband to go to women's rooms. I with my friend Mrs Sell went to his door. I requested him to step to the door a moment. He sitting by stove, ^{said no} told me to walk inside. I then asked Mrs Sell to walk in with me. I did so because I was afraid of their insults and threats which I am constantly subjected to. The Maj asked me what I wanted, I presented my bill for one months rent, he asked me if he should keep the bill. I told him I wanted the money - he laid the bill on the mantle. While he was looking at the bill Mrs Chamberlin said who is that you have there, to which Mrs Sell replied my name is Mrs Sell. (But mind she knew who it was I had introduced her to Mrs Sell previously and expected her to treat her civil, if not politely.) She said what do you want, do you want any thing, to which Mrs S. replied I came at the request of Mrs Aptell. Then she said have you a pistol ~~for~~ with you, Mrs Sell replied I am not in the habit of carrying concealed weapons.

Mrs Chamberlin said then you can go, you can leave
the room, Mrs Sell replied ~~you can leave the room~~ I will
~~do~~ as soon as Mrs Astell is ready to go. Then she got
up and went to Mrs Sell as if to put her out, Mrs Sell
turned to me and said come Mrs Astell are you ready
to go. I replied I would like my money first. The boy
said you shall have your money, but you cant have it
now. Then he said why dont you come at decent hours
for your money. I replied I dont know what you
call decent hours, it is not night yet, or dark. I turned
to go out Mrs Sell said you have not got your money bill
He said I have offered it to her, and took it off the
mantle and handed it to me, he had only asked
me if I wanted my bill, & told him I wanted my
money, when he laid it on the mantle. As we left the
room with trembling steps as yet I have never met with
~~such~~ or heard of such treatment from any one.

Respectfully,

P. C. Astell.

St Louis Apl 5th 1852.

Brig. Genl. Kelly
P April 4 1862

Desires to see prisoners

2 or more

Q Kelly

Head Qrs. R. R. District
Wheeling, W. Va., Apr. 4, 1862,

Sir:

I desire to see Conway, the two Neolans,
and Montgomery, one at a time, at my room,
from 8 o'clock, until I see all of them.

Respectfully,

Your Obedt Servt
B. F. Kelley
Brig. Genl,
Mr. B. Powell, private

Major J. Barr,
Provost Marshall,

971

April 4 1862

[Faint handwritten text, possibly "L. J. ..."]

22

Fulton April 4th 1862

~~Sir~~
Mayor Smedley

Sir:

On my way
from Mexico Mo to this place
I arrested William Kelly and
James Moppin who have been
in Genl. Price's army, they had
with them three Horses two of
which belonged to Saul Kelly,
and the other belonged to Sailer
Moppin, the men had arms
with them and I therefore here with
turn over to you the said prisoners
and their Horses,

Yours truly
Capt B. F. Coak
Capt Co. H. 3 Iowa
Fulton Mo.

Head Qu. Provost Guard
Post Royal 4th April 1862

G. B. Van Buren
1st Lt & Provost Marshal

Concerning property of prisoners
taken from them

Atty Gen.

1st Encl.

Recd Hd Qu. Prov. Dist. April 3^d 1862

My Head Quarters

Hilton Head S.C.

April 22 1862

Respectfully Forwarded

E. Q. Fellows

Col. 3^d Mt. Vols.

Craig Post

Head Quarters, Fort Sumner
Fort Boyal S.C. April 2/62
Col. C. L. Fellows

Sir

I enclose you
list of articles taken from prisoners
at the time of their arrest, by the
several officers who discharged said
duties. As this property does not
belong to them, but to the Government
or the prisoners, you will please take
such measures as in your judgment
may seem best to have said prop-
erty placed in my hands. Some of
these prisoners are willing to take the
oath of allegiance and go north in
which event I presume they will be
entitled to their property.

I have the honor to be very respectfully

Yours Obedient Servant

G. S. (now) Burns
1st Lt. 4th Regt. S. I. M.
Fort Moultrie

Capt John C Campbell
Co A 76 Reg Penn

List and value of Articles
 taken possession of by ~~the~~ ^{myself} Gardner of
 W.S. & belonging to J.M. Egan
 6th Comm ~~Vol~~

1 Duck Gun No 9.	65 00
1 Shot Gun " 11	40.00
1 Staff	25 00
Bars & Puddle	3 00
6 Decoy Ducks	6 00
1 Hatchet	1 00
25 yds Yarnes	75
2 lb Powder	4 00
25 lb Shot	<u>6.25</u>
	\$151.00

My Garden at Sanduski
 May Beach at Sanduski

Forever float that standard sheet,
Where breathes the foe but falls before us!
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner waving o'er us!



Hilton Head
~~April~~ 2, 1863
General Hunter

Dear Sir When
I was arrested on Will
Mington Island by the Union Soldiers
I think it was a German Company
they took from me, 2 Boats one
worth \$125.00 the other \$200. 2. Coat Nets
\$12.00 2 sails \$40.00. 1 Pair Boots \$6.00
Cooking utensils \$5.00. Fishing Lines, Hooks,
& Sinkers \$10.00. 1 Double Barrel Gun, shot,
1 Powder Flask \$40.00. I hope you will
try and get them for me before I leave on
the next Steamer I am a Poor Fisherman
and Hunter for my living and it will be a
very hard thing for me to loose all of this
and be set at Liberty in New York
without one Dollar. I am a Poland

by Birth, I have lived in Saramak
for 11 years as a Fisherman & Hunter
I dont belong to no company and
always wanted to live in the United
States. I hope you will do some
thing for me. and oblige your
Humble Prisoner
Ignus Martensic.

NOT A STAR MUST FALL.



Hilton Head
South Carolina
April 2nd 1862.

To General Hunter,
Dear Sir,

I beg leave to inform
you that when I & my brother
was arrested at Edisto Island
by the Union Men. They
took from us the following
articles viz.

1. Silver Double Case Watch &
Chain, 1. Large Spy Glass
1. Pocket ^{book} containing \$10⁰⁰
also our clothing, of which
we are in great want of now,
for we have not a single change
Capt McDermott of the 47th
Regt of N. Y. A. has them.

Yours most Respectfully
David & John M. Gratto

Hilton Place July 1862

Gen Sherman

Dear Sir

When Major Beard
left here, he took with him the Guard of one
of the prisoners, which had been left in charge
of Capt. Campbell. As it was taken without
the knowledge or consent of the owner, he begs
that you will inform him what steps to take
to have it returned to Capt. Campbell.

With high regard, yours respectfully
J. M. Cox

973

Thomas Swalesman

Thomas v. Bertram

Appl. 1802

State of Impoverished }
Montgomery County }
}

Benjamin H. Hammack a
Notary Public duly commissioned and qual-
fied within and for the State and County afore-
said do hereby certify that I am personally ac-
quainted with Thomas Cushman and
Thomas A. Bergen and to the best of my know-
ledge they Loyal Citizens and men of the
highest respectability

In testimony whereof I have hereunto,
set my hand and affixed my official
Seal the 12th day of April, A.D. 1862
Benjamin H. Hammack
Notary Public

Hd Quarters 8^d Brigade
Port Royal Harbor S^t Apr 14th 1862
974

H. G. Wright
Brig. Genl. Comd^r

Recommends that certain loyal
citizens be sent to New York

Rec'd Hd. Qu. 10th Dist. Apr. 14th 1862

No 30 Brigade
Fort Royal Harbor S. @ April 16th 1862

Captain

I have the honor to recommend that the following persons, Union people, and refugees from Jacksonville, be furnished with papers to New York by the first steam boat for that port having the necessary accommodations.

Pres Mr Hewitt & family -	4
Mr & Mrs Keene & Mrs Granger	4
Dr J D Mitchell & family -	4
Mr Jos H Stevens & family	2
Mr & Mrs Stevens & family	5
Mr John Clark -	4
Mr Remington	1
Mr Delany & family	5
Mr Gardner	6
Mr Devereux	1
In all,	<hr/> 31

These men are all, I believe northern born, but have been living for many years in Fla

Capt W B El
Capt W B El
Hilton Head S. C.

Very Respectfully
W. G. Wright
Hilton Head

975
Charges against
Phillip Harper
Soloman Hedrick
Perry Hinkle
Tobias Rains
Wesley Holly
John D Payne
and
Uriah Hoerner

Captured by Major
Geo. Webster

April 23rd 41

2000000

Pay

Apr 62

Charges against the Prisoners captured by Major George Webster, April 2, 3, & 4th, 1862, in Pendleton County, Va.

1. Phillip Harper. Has been a bitter Secessionist - was Quartermaster in a rebel company, quartered near mouth of Sebeca, which was attacked and broken up by forces under Captain Latham, 2^d Virginia, and Capt. Sercy, 3^d Ohio, about the 1st of March. Was busy in running down Union men, and sending them off prisoners to Richmond. Frequently went to the houses of Union men, who were hidden in the hills, and of some who had volunteered in Virginia Regiments, and robbed their families, in open day, of Flour, Bacon, Corn, and Cattle, leaving them to starve. Is very sharp and cunning, and very dangerous. When captured, ran his horse two miles before being overtaken. The Union men say he is as bad as ~~can be~~, and that if he is permitted to return, it is useless to arrest anybody else.

2. Solomon Hedrick, Esq.

Has long been a Justice of the Peace, and was requalified under Jeff. Davis' government. Has been very busy in swearing Union men to the rebel government. Very noisy Secessionist. Oullen Phares, a Union man, was pressed into a rebel company; and while in camp, Hedrick said in his hearing, that if the Yankees came in, he, (Hedrick) would run up his old gun - He frequently quarrelled with and cursed his nephew, Enoch Hedrick, (his tenant, and a Union man,) because he (Enoch) would not join the rebel army to whip the Yankees. He is charged with being busy carrying news.

3. Perry Huick:

When captured by Capt. John Snyder, had his rifle on his shoulder, and admitted he was on his way to join a rebel company (Capt. Harpers) at Cinderillo. Admitted the same to Christian Hedrick. In the fall was in a bush

Company. (St. Louis Company.)

4. Tobias Rains -

Is a first Lieutenant in a rebel company which was at Winchester - Home temporarily - always a strong Secessionist. He arrested Cain Morrill and his son, and sent them to Richmond, and they were gone four months. His whole business has been scouting and ~~directing~~ ~~Union men and~~ oppressing them. Has a very bad character, and would sooner shoot a Union man than otherwise, if a good opportunity offered. Has been engaged in stealing horses, and was with the scoundrels who stole the horses of Samuel Harmon and David Harmon, (five in number) on the night of April 1st - The Union men would shoot him down if permitted. He has threatened to shoot Capt. Snyder.

5. Wesley Dolly -

Was a first ~~of the~~ Peace, and was re-sworn under Jeff. Davis government. Very busy in persuading Union men to the rebel government. Was Orderly Sergeant in St. Louis Company, broken up March 1st - Is not considered a bad man, except his secessionism.

6. John D. Payne.

Was captured at Rich Mountain and escaped. Was forced into the rebel army again - deserted. Was taken again by the rebels into their army, and on the 3rd of April deserted a second time, as the enemy were retiring from Camp Alleghany. Was captured with his musket, as he was returning to his home. Is a free and easy fellow - seems to be glad he is in safe hands.

7. Urich Hevner

J.

Claims to be a victim of circumstances.

On the 2^d of April, Harper - (a prisoner) denied that he carried the mail, but said that Urich Hevner carried it. On the 4th, our forces were proceeding from Harper's Mill to Circleville, and Hevner came in sight. He halted

~~a minute, when he~~
guard fired, and our cavalry pursued. They gained on him, and after a tight race of ~~2~~ 3 miles, were within 30 yards of him. He refused to halt; they fired repeated shots, and he halted after being three times wounded. He had in his possession the rebel mail, but claimed to be carrying it as an accommodation. A letter from him, and other papers are enclosed, showing his rebel proclivities.

The foregoing statements are taken from Union men, on or near Seneca, to wit: - John Pogue, Adam Carr, Eros Hedrick, Chris Hedrick, Capt. John Snyder, Michael Moore, Cullam Phares.

Johnston W. Swindler

When arrested, gave a false name, and pretended to be on business with "Old Eby," a bitter Secessionist, who is now in the hills avoiding our troops. The business stated to be untrue by Union men. Has on pants made of same material as rebel soldiers. Arrested under very suspicious circumstances. Is a stranger to all the Union men.

Geo. Webster, Major

25th Reg't. O. I.

Commanding Expedition
to Pendleton County.

7. Uriah Hevner

3.

Claims to be a victim of circumstances.

On the 2^d of April, Harper (a prisoner) denied that he carried the mail, but said that Uriah Hevner carried it. On the 4th, our forces were proceeding from Harper's Mill to Circleville, and Hevner came in sight. He halted a minute, wheeled his horse, and ran. Our advance guard fired, and our cavalry pursued. They gained on him, and after a tight race of ~~2~~ 3 miles, were within 30 yards of him. He refused to halt; they fired repeated shots, and he halted after being three times wounded. He had in his possession the rebel mail, but claimed to be carrying it as an accommodation. A letter from him, and other papers are enclosed, showing his rebel proclivities.

The foregoing statements are taken from Union men, on or near Seneca, to wit:— John Buggs, Adam Carr, Enos Hedrick, Chris Hedrick, Capt. John Snyder, Michael Morse, Cullam Phares.

Johnston W. Swindler

When arrested, gave a false name, and pretended to be on business with "Old Elzey," a bitter Secessionist, who is now in the hills avoiding our troops. The business stated to be untrue by Union men. Has on pants made of same material as rebel soldiers. Arrested under very suspicious circumstances. Is a stranger to all the Union men.

Geo. Webster, Major
25th Reg't. O. V.
Commanding Expedition
to Pendleton County.

2. C. P. Scanlon
and list of names
of such as have
taken the Oath
of Allegiance to
the U.S. of
America

April 30 1862

2071100
Cedjans

Respectfully referred
to May Dear Gov.
Dear Genl

By Order &c

H. S. Hall

all

List of Persons to whom the Oath of Allegiance has been administered

Date	Names	By whom administered	Residence
2	1. Eli R. Claypool	Lieut. R. P. Kennedy A. A. G.	8 miles from Guntersville Co. Va. Fayette Co.
3	2. James G. Dietz	Col. E. P. Scammon	
3	3. Charles J. Wood	"	
3	4. William Ellison	"	
3	5. John Martin	"	
3	6. George S. Gill	"	
3	7. Harvey Kincaid	"	
3	8. William Savardick	"	
3	9. Dr. Wm. S. Harrison	Lieut. R. P. Kennedy A. A. G.	
6	10. John W. Dietz	"	4 miles from Fayetteville
13	11. Geo. W. Sidetricket	"	12 miles from Boyers Ferry
	12. Saml. Sidetricket	"	"
	13. Wm. Keaster	"	Guntersville Co. 18 miles from Richmond's Ferry
	14. Johnson Keaster	"	" " 18 " "
	15. Francis Finckler	"	20 miles from Fayetteville
14	16. John W. Walker	"	20 miles from " Walnut Knot
	17. Wm. Warren	"	" " " " " "
	18. W. W. Warren	"	" " " " " "
	19. J. W. Reynolds	"	20 " " Guntersville Co.
	20. David Fry	"	5.2 " " Fayetteville Guntersville Co.
	21. Andrew Whangor	"	4.2 " " " " " "
15	22. Wm. A. Withrow	"	14 " " " " " Boyers Ferry road
	23. Thomas Withrow	"	14 " " " " " "
23	24. Rufus B. Lilly	Col. Hugh Curing	" " " " " "
23	25. Edmund B. Catches	"	" " " " " "
	26. William H. Lilly	"	" " " " " "
23	27. Pleasant Lilly	"	" " " " " "
	28. Green H. Lilly	"	" " " " " "
	29. Wm. Lilly	"	" " " " " "
	30. George A. Hill	"	" " " " " "

E. P. Scammon
 Col. 23rd W.
 Conf. 3rd Reg. Brig.

Year	No.	Name	Rank
23	31	Franklin Lane	Col. Hugh Caring
"	32	Orin Hawkins	" " "
"	33	Samuel Pack	" " "
24	34	Bird Woodrum	" " "
"	35	Robert G. Wadelle	" " "
"	36	Clayton Scarborough	" " "
25	37	Lewis Lark	" " "
"	38	Garland Sims	" " "
"	39	Polson Shumate	" " "
"	40	John Atkins	" " "
26	41	William D. Walker	" " "
"	42	Chapman A. Hale	" " "
"	43	Abner A. Bradford	" " "
"	44	William C. Barker	" " "
"	45	Anderson P. Barker	" " "
27	46	Hugh A. Simmons	" " "
"	47	Pleasant Williams	" " "
"	48	Hermon Stone	" " "
"	49	Floyd Williams	" " "
28	50	Marcus S. Solberg	" " "
"	51	Archie Atkins	" " "
"	52	Robert Graham	" " "
"	53	James Graham	" " "
"	54	William Blankenship	" " "
"	55	Wiley Graham	" " "
29	56	Hugh Davis	" " "
"	57	James P. Rollison	" " "
"	58	Levi Neely	" " "
"	59	James Selley	" " "

Head Quarters, Southern District
Dept of the South Key West, Fla
April 28th 1862

877

Brig Genl. J. M. Brannan,
Commanding U.S. Forces Key West,
To
Adjutant-General, L. Thomas.

Requesting information and
orders relative to two men,
Delegates to a Rebel Convention

Chas. J. ...
Veranda

Rec^d. Head Quarters Dept of the South
May 19th 1862,

Head Quarters 2^d Lt of Key West
Key West, Florida, April 21st 1862.

To

Brig. Genl

L. Thomas
Capt. Genl. U. S. A.
Washington City
D. C.

Sir,

On the Island of Key West
resides two citizens, Wm. B. Bell, and
William Pickney, who were delegates
to the Convention called by the Legislature
of Florida, in December, 1860, and which
convened at Tallahassee in January, 1861.
When said Convention was act, rebelled,
against the authority of the Government
of the U. S. The same assisted in
the Rebellion by voting for said act.
If it is the policy of the Government
to punish the ring leaders of this
great crime, which has, and will
continue to bring so much misery

and distress upon the whole Country,
it seems to me that the few persons
noted composed these Conventions,
would be fit and proper subjects for
such punishment. These men by their
act, are certainly the guilty parties,
and should be so dealt with, as to
prevent others in future daring to
attempt the overthrow of the Government,
is true they took the oath of allegiance
prescribed by Maj (now Genl) French,
but it was under compulsion, as was
universally avowed by all Secessionists
here at that time; they not believing it
binding upon them. Their expressions
of sympathy with the Cause of the Rebels
continues to this day; not in open
demonstrations, but it is exhibited on
all occasions when any reverse
happens to our forces. It was particularly
so a few days since, when news arrived
here, via Mobile, of the success of the
Rebels under Beauregard, over General
Grant at Pittsburg Landing, and their
equal dejection when the truth appeared,

of their utter defeat, after the second
days Conflict. I would respectfully
request information, and orders
from the Secretary of War on this
subject, and whether these men
should not be arrested.

Yours

General.

Very Respectfully,

Thos. G. Horn

M. Gorman

Wm. G.

Comd.

Official

Wm. Gorman

Lieut. W. M. Middelcamp

Head Quarters Southern District,

Dept of the South,

Key West Fla.

Apr. 23/86 21.

W. S. Southern District
Dept of the South
Key West, Fla. April. 23. 1862.

Respectfully transmitting
to the Maj. Genl. Comd
the Dept for his in-
formation & any instructions
he may desire to give.

Wm. D. Drayman
S. J. M. Comd

Ad. no orders or
subject has been
received from
directly except the
information that the
case is in progress

Miss O. J. M. G.

1862

978

Ottumville, Mo.

April 21st 1862

Dear, William G.

Sends a list of the prominent
men of his county with their
political status.

Miss O. J. M. G. Oct 29th 1862

Headquarters Department of the Mo.

OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL,

St. Louis, Mo., 1874.

Respectfully

Ottawa Mo April 21 1864

Mr J. P. Sanford

Post M. General

St Louis Mo

Dear Sir yours

of the 7th came safe to hand and
proceed to give you the information sou-
= ght for to the best of my ability you will
= see the figures & under the proper heading
which denote Politics of each individ-
= vidual those under the heading union
have all been union men from the very
first and are still. Those marked sym-
= pathizers are peaceable Law abiding citi-
= zens. I have selected a few citizens in
the neighbourhood of the different Post
Offices in the County if it is desirable
that you have more names from this
County I will cheerfully give them at
any time the names given are all leading
men in society hoping that the Enclosed
List will be of value to you - Truly Yours
Wm. G. Wear,

	Post Office	Occupation	Sympath ^{ies}	Union	Radical	Democrat
N Leonard	Bellair	Farmer		1		
B. C. Clark	Do	Do	1			
E B. McPherson	Boonville	Hotel keeper		1		1
H. E. W. McDearman	"	Mayor		1		1
Wm Harley	"	Old trader		1		1
Henry Bance	"	Pub. Admt			1	
J. S. McFarland	"	Carpenter			1	
Dr Wm McTrigg	"	Merchant		1		
L. C. Stephens	Col. Bank	Farmer		1		1
James Baker	Clarks fork	"		1		
Col Pope	Pisgah	"			1	
John A. Ingg	Black Water	"		1		
J. Fray	do	"		1		
John Miller	Pilot Grove	"		1		1
J. M. McButchen	"	"	1			
H. R. Walker	Pleasant Green	"		1		
Samuel Hughes	"	"	1			
Wm McCarole	Vermont	"		1		1
Dr Chittou	"	"	1			
Samuel Bush	Ottumwa	"	1			
Benj Weedon	"	"			1	
Dr S. H. Saunders	"	"		1		1
H. A. B. Hurston	"	"		1		
Samuel Wear	"	"		1		1

	Post Office	Occupation	Sympathy	Union	Radical	Democrat
H. Homan	Ottumwa			1		1
G. W. Harlan	"	Farmer	1			
G. W. Smith	"	"		1		1
Wm. R. Butler	"	"			1	
Thos. Alexander	"	Merchant		1		1
Peter Pierce	Boonville	Hotel Keeper	1			
Washington Adams	"	Lawyer	1			
B. E. Ferry	"	"	1			
Wm. Douglass	"	"		1		1

D. 5 879 Apr. 8th 1862
Proshom, Grant's Hospital
Indy.

Commission in regard to
State Prisoners

20000000

John J. ...

John J. ...

May Seal

Edward Purford

Commissioner

Directing Lt. W. H. Morris
to discharge certain State
Prisoners now in custody
at Fort Mifflin (Army).

Received April 12. 1862.

Memorandum in regard to
State Prisoners,
New York 8, April 1862.

Col. W. W. Morris,
Camp Fort Mifflin,
Colonel,

You will discharge from
custody the following state prisoners on the conditions
herein specified, viz:

1. Colonel Henry J. Hunter on his parole of honor
to render no aid or comfort to enemies in hostility to the
United States, and to hold no correspondence with any
person in the insurgent states except in portions of said
states occupied by the U. S. forces. -

2. W. W. Habersham on his parole of honor to
render no aid or comfort to enemies in hostility to the
United States, and to hold no correspondence with any
person in the insurgent states without the permission of
the Secretary of War.

3. St. Septimus Brown on the same conditions as
Mr. Habersham.

4. Dr. Henry St. George Hopkins on his parole of honor
to render no aid or comfort to enemies in hostility
to the United States.

5. John M. Mills on the same conditions

as D. Hopkins.

Yours, very respectfully,

Jms,

John A. Dix

Maj. Genl.

Edwards Pimpon

Commissioner.

~~1862~~ ¹⁸⁶²
Head Qu. Middle Dept
Baltimore April 15. 1862.
980
Major W. H. Ludlow A.D.C.

Direct that J. P. Womble and
Jacob Westrick be released on giving
their parole and also James Cox
on taking the oath of allegiance. Also
that the prisoners confined on the
5th. be sent tomorrow to the Provost
Marshal's office -

W or more
Citizens

Received April 15th. 1862

Head-Quarters, Middle Department,

Baltimore, Md. April 15th 1862.

Col. W. W. Morris.

Comd. Fort M. Stuart.

Colonel,

You will please
from your custody Thomas P
Hamilton, and Jacob Westrick
upon the ordinary parole, to render
no aid, or comfort to those in
hostility to the U. S., also
release James Cox, upon his
taking the oath of allegiance.
The rest of the prisoners, delivered
into your custody, on the 5th day
of April, you will send with
a suitable guard, and officer,
to report with them, and deliver
to the Provost Marshal at

Light Colonel Fremont morning
at his office in ^{Holliday} ~~Gay~~ St.

By command of
Major Gen. Dix
Wm. N. Ludlow
Major G. S. L.

Annexed is a list of the
prisoners above referred to.

12/124
Office of the Commission
Relating to State Prisoners
981. New York & Apr 30 '62

To Mr A. R. May 'Genl.
Edward Pierrepont. -

Concern the release of
Messrs Thos L. Peggitt & Saml
S. Miles. - Political prisoners -

Very respectfully

Edw. M. [unclear]

Recd by Messrs May 3^d 1862

Office of the Commission
Relating to State Prisons
New York April 30. 1862

To Colonel

W W Morris
Fort Mifflin
Baltimore

Colonel

You will please release
Thomas S. Piggot and Samuel S. Mills
upon their giving their written parole of
honor not to render aid or comfort
to enemies in hostility to the Government
of the United States.

Very Respectfully Yours

John A. Dix Mayor

Edwards Pierrepont
Commissioner

Report of Prisoners in charge of Provost Guard, charged with Disloyalty, April 1862

No.	Names.		Confined.		Remarks.
			When.	By whom.	
1	Chas. W. Greaves	Citizen	1862. Jan 11	Genl. Sherman	Wishes to take the oath of Allegiance
2	W. M. Westcott	"	" 14	do do	" "
3	Jas. A. Barron	"	" 17	do do	" "
4	Jesse M. Coyle	"	" 17	do do	" "
5	John McMath	"	Mar 19	Col. Moore	" "
6	David McMath	"	" 19	do do	" "
7	Dignus Mataski	"	" 25	Genl. Gilmore	" "
8	Henry H. Kinder	Soldier	" 26	Genl. Sherman	In Hospital, wounded at battle - - Killed Head
9	Henry S. Lingren	Surgeon	Apr 4	Genl. Benham	
10	William Savage	Citizen	" 8	Lt. Col. Bisbee	

Head Quarters Provost Guards
Wilton Head, So. Car. Apr. 14th 1862

General

The Colonel Comdg directs that I send north,
all Prisoners of War, or Political Prisoners, that I have
in confinement, with the detachment of the Pulaski
Prisoners. Will you please direct whether Dr Henry G. Thompson
who was taken aboard the Steamer Darlington, near Fernan-
dina, is included in this order; would also, in regard to
sending north, respectfully call your attention to the order
of Lt. Col. Bisbey for confinement of William Savage, Citizen,
being the only charges preferred against him.
I have the honor to be,

Very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servant

J. G. Campbell

Capt. 76th Regt. P.V.
Provost Marshal

order for confinement of

William Savage

Dublin

Apr 8th 1862

Head Quarters
Fernandina, Fla.
April 5th 1862

Serjt:

You will accompany the
prisoner William Savage, to Hilton
Head. Your only duty will be, to
see that the prisoner does not leave
the ship, until he is delivered over
to the Provost Marshal, Hilton
Head. You will treat him with
civility & courtesy. S. Jew. Col.

H. Bishop;
Post. Comm.
Fernandina Fla.

953

Description List
of Male Contrabands

Under Age

Number 83

on Otter Island Oct 12th 1862

Wm. H. C. 1862

U. S. M. S. C.

Descriptive List of Negro Contrabands on Otter Island March 31st 1862

Males under Age

Males under Age

Names	Age		Former Owner	Manned	Single	When Landed on Otter Island	Profession	Number	Names	Age		Former Owner	Manned	Single	When Landed on Otter Island	Profession	Number
	Yrs	Mos								Yrs	Mos						
Charles Myers	9	00	John R. Motters			25 th March		1	Robert Mack	16	00	Mr. March					32
Robert Talbot	5	00	Major Mung			8 th Dec.	Mercels	2	Jeffry Hardtimes	7	00	"			8 th Dec.		33
Richard Easton	8	00	"			"	"	3	John F. Hardtimes	1	6	"			"		34
Cuffe Wright	15	00	James Coayton			31 st Jan.		4	John Lincoln Hipp	00	6	"			"		35
Samuel George	7	00	William Motters			1 st Febr.		5	Andrew Simons	8	00	"			"		36
Jeffry George	2	00	"			"	"	6	Cuffe	6	00	"			"		37
Thomas Wright	8	00	"			1 st Jan.		7	Sir Bailey	5	00	"			"		38
Thos. Wright	14	00	"			"	"	8	Ed. Seaver	10	8	"			"		39
Marion Walker	15	00	Major Walker			15 th March		9	John Jenkins	8	00	"			"		40
Jacob Brown	19	00	J. G. Hazelton			9 th Jan.		10	James	3	00	"			"		41
Henry Levoach	10	00	Edward Levoach			18 th Dec.		11	Dick Robert March	6	00	"			"		42
Henry Levoach	5	00	"			"	"	12	July R. March	4	00	"			"		43
John Shingleton	16	00	"			8 th "		13	Quash Burns	1	00	"			"		44
Sambo Shingleton	13	00	Mrs. March			"	"	14	Thomas Baker	6	00	"			5 th "		45
David Hutchinson	13	00	"			"	"	15	Aaron	4	00	"			"		46
James Hutchinson	8	00	"			"	"	16	Simon Drayton	16	00	"			"		47
Albert Simons	3	00	"			1 st March		17	Joseph Talbot	6	00	"			8 th "		48
Robert Christopher	16	00	"			10 th "		18	Bernard	4	00	"			"		49
Moses	12	00	"			"	"	19	Richard	3	00	"			"		50
Ephraim	5	00	"			5 th Dec		20	Fay Barmwell	19	00	"			"		51
Rowling	3	00	"			"	"	21	Tom Boldo	2	6	"			"		52
March Beakrook	8	00	"			8 th Dec.		22	York Hazelton	15	00	Mr. Hazelton			"		65
Abraham	4	00	"			"	"	23							"		
Seaver	3	00	"			"	"	24							"		
William Seaver	18	00	"			1 st March	Whiffled	25							"		
Joe	13	00	"			"	"	26							"		
Steven	5	00	"			"	"	27							"		
Dick Levoach	10	00	Edward Levoach			13 th Dec.		28							"		
Amos	1	00	"			"	"	29							"		
Edwin Brown	2	10	Major Mung			1 st March	Mercels	30							"		
James Wright	2	10	"			"	"	31							"		

834

Descriptive List
of Male Convicts
per Age

Number 75
on Otter Island ~~1852~~ 1852

Nov 21. 1852

LIST ONLY

Descriptive List of Negro Contrabands on Otter Island, March 31st 1862

Males over Age								Males over Age									
Names	Age		Former Owner	Maimed	Height	When Land'd	Infirm	Number	Names	Age		Former Owner	Maimed	Height	When Land'd	Infirm	Number
	Years	Months								Years	Months						
Abraham Brown	26	00	Major Murray	"	"	1 st March		1	James Hentchman	84	00	Mrs March	"	"	8 th Dec.		32
Thomas Gadsden	24	00	"	"	"	"		2	Yehill Simons	25	00	"	"	"	1 st March		33
Jesse Dunker	30	00	"	"	"	"		3	Kit Christopher	42	00	"	"	"	5 th Dec.		34
Steven Ruben	24	00	"	"	"	"		4	March Seabrook	32	00	"	"	"	8 th "		35
Mc Neal Myers	40	00	John R. Motters	"	"	25 th "		5	Steven Gamore	54	00	"	"	"	"		36
Hookless Waloh	29	00	Major Murray	"	"	15 th Febr.		6	Fortune Lerouch	46	00	Edward Lerouch	"	"	18 th Dec.		37
William Brown	30	10	Mrs. Lee	"	"	25 th March		7	James Lerouch	22	00	"	"	"	"		38
Peter Gadsden	26	00	Major Murray	"	"	"		8	Judge Hardtimes	52	00	Mrs March	"	"	8 th Dec.		39
Frank Simons	23	00	"	"	"	8 th Dec.		9	Quach Frigg	22	00	"	"	"	1 st "		40
Timothy Bicker	64	00	Samuel Bicker	"	"	25 th Feb.		10	Cuffee Simons	54	00	"	"	"	8 th "		41
Charles Washington	26	00	"	"	"	"		11	Daniel Bailey	30	00	"	"	"	"		42
Thomas Motters	40	00	John R. Motters	"	"	12 th March		12	Thomas Shingleton	22	00	Dr. Gerardine	"	"	1 st March		43
Daniel Wright	25	00	L. G. Clifford	"	"	31 st Jan.		13	Estus Jenkins	55	00	John Jenkins	"	"	"		44
Peter "	40	00	Wm. Motters	"	"	1 st "		14	Beaser Grant	75	00	Mrs March	"	"	8 th Dec.		45
James Blanchard	50	00	"	"	"	"		15	Charles March	55	00	"	"	"	1 st March		46
William Filder	54	00	Poll Filder	"	"	"		16	Ben Jenkins	35	00	"	"	"	8 th Dec.		47
John Morris	25	00	Col. Morris	"	"	"		17	Benjamin Jenkins	32	00	John Jenkins	"	"	"		48
Robert Simons	40	00	Wm. Simons	"	"	15 th March		18	Joe Robert March	40	00	Mrs. March	"	"	"		49
Peter Granderson	59	00	Wilson Marshal	"	"	9 th Jan.		19	William Simons	25	00	"	"	"	"		50
Dick Jenkins	39	00	"	"	"	"	Deftness	20	Jackson Gadsden	28	00	John Jenkins	"	"	"		51
Adam Green	50	00	"	"	"	"	Blind Eye	21	Major Friday	46	00	Mrs March	"	"	"		52
Lee Hardtimes	40	00	Mrs March	"	"	1 st Dec.	Foot	22	Sam Burns	35	00	"	"	"	"		53
Foby Biggs	20	00	"	"	"	11 th Jan.	Crippled	23	Laway Baker	65	00	"	"	"	5 th "		54
Monday Washington	25	00	"	"	"	8 th Dec.		24	Adam Simons	40	00	Col. Chism	"	"	18 th "		55
Prince Lerouch	24	00	Edward Lerouch	"	"	18 th "		25	Amos Wilson	25	00	Mrs March	"	"	8 th "		56
June Lerouch	45	00	"	"	"	"		26	George Jenkins	83	00	"	"	"	"		57
Josina Lerouch	52	00	"	"	"	"		27	Sambo Fingum	48	00	"	"	"	"		58
Sam Shingleton	40	00	Mrs. March	"	"	8 th "		28	Jacob Polite	42	00	"	"	"	"		59
Sato Fraizer	25	00	"	"	"	"		29	Endjo Head	25	00	"	"	"	25 th March		60
Sam. Hentchman	110	00	"	"	"	1 st March	Infirm	30	John Chism	25	00	"	"	"	10 th "		61
Daniel Hayward	25	00	Col. Chism	"	"	15 th Dec.		31	Samuel. Smith	24	00	"	"	"	8 th "		62

Descriptive List of Mares Contrabands

Mares over Age

Names	Age		Former Owner	Mare	Gang	When Landed on Otter Island	Infirm	Number
	Yrs	Mo						
Leipia Galbot	47	00	Mrs. March	"	"	8 th Dec.	"	63
Frank Scott	20	00	" "	"	"	" "	"	64
George Washington	22	00	Capt. Byford	"	"	" "	"	65
Chas. Bolds	51	00	Mrs. March	"	"	" "	Bd. 1/2 Pms	66
Parnas Morris	35	00	Col. Morris	"	"	25 th March	"	67
Sam. Hazelton	60	00	Mr. Hazelton	"	"	" "	"	68
Snuffee Legree	24	00	Mrs. Legree	"	"	" "	"	69
Jackson Hazelton	21	00	Mr. Hazelton	"	"	" "	"	70
Charles Morris	28	00	Col. Morris	"	"	30 th "	"	71
Ned Morris	21	00	" "	"	"	" "	"	72
Peter Morris	20	00	" "	"	"	" "	"	73
Mose Sheridan	25	00	George Sheridan	"	"	" "	"	74
William Hoon	25	00	William Marshall	"	"	9 th Jan.	Sick	75

985

Descriptive List
of Female Contrabands
Over Age.

Number 67.

On Otter Island ~~Nov 10~~ 1862

March 24. 1862

W. C. Miller

Descriptive List of Negro Contrabands on Otter Island March 31st 1862

Females per Age							Females per Age								
Names	Age	Former Owner	Maid	Single	When Land on Otter Island	Profession	Number	Names	Age	Former Owner	Maid	Single	When Land on Otter Island	Profession	Number
Maen Brown	22	00	Major Murray	"	1 st March		1	Irwin Lenoach	35	00	Edward Lenoach	"	18 th Dec.		32
Jessie Dunken	28	00	"	"	"		2	Brida Hutchinson	58	00	Mrs. March	"	"		33
Eliza White	35	00	"	"	"		3	Clarinda Hutchinson	40	00	"	"	8 th "		34
Melley Wiggins	35	00	John R. Motters	"	26 th "		4	Abby Triff	22	00	"	"	"		35
Callie Walsh	29	00	Michael Seabrook	"	15 th Feb.		5	Janice Simons	45	00	"	"	"		36
Mentz Brown	30	00	Major Murray	"	"		6	Abila Bailey	34	00	"	"	"		37
Maen Gilbert	30	00	"	"	"		7	Imah Hutchinson	75	00	"	"	"		38
Clare Jackson	30	00	"	"	26 th "		8	Jada Elliot	80	00	Thomas Elliot	"	15 th March		39
Charlotte Washington	24	00	Samuel Bridges	"	"		9	Rose Jenkins	45	00	Mrs. March	"	8 th Dec.		40
Gibby Motters	43	00	John R. Motters	"	12 th March		10	Peggy Grant	52	00	"	"	"	Aptham	41
Judy Field	40	00	"	"	1 st "		11	Wager March	90	00	"	"	"		42
Mary Neal	28	00	"	"	"		12	Elizabeth "	35	00	"	"	1 st March	Deaf	43
Harriet Legree	45	00	William Motters	"	1 st Feb.		13	Lucy Jenkins	28	00	"	"	8 th Dec.		44
Jane Wright	45	00	"	"	1 st Jan		14	Betsy K. March	22	00	"	"	"		45
Ann Blanchard	40	00	"	"	"		15	Rose Simons	19	00	"	"	"		46
Fanny Filder	35	00	William Elliot	"	"		16	Lizzie Gordon	18	00	Ellick Chism	"	"		47
Peggy Simons	35	00	Benjamin Watley	"	15 th March		17	Jessie Friday	22	00	Mrs. March	"	"		48
Imah Green	40	00	Wagon Marchal	"	9 th Jan.		18	Gibby Burns	26	00	"	"	"		49
Harriet Riggs	19	00	Mrs. March	"	10 th Dec.		19	Marta March	75	00	"	"	"		50
Rose Washington	28	00	"	"	8 th "		20	Rebecca Baker	47	00	"	"	"		51
Harriet Lenoach	30	00	Edward Lenoach	"	18 th "		21	Jessie Simons	30	00	Col. Chism	"	15 th Dec.		52
Manda "	70	00	"	"	"		22	Jolly Wilson	21	00	Mrs. March	"	8 th "		53
Sarah Singleton	45	00	Mrs. March	"	8 th "		23	Lucy Jenkins	28	00	"	"	"		54
Lora Strayer	24	00	"	"	"		24	Jenny Ferguson	30	00	"	"	"		55
Darby Hutchinson	70	00	"	"	"		25	Becca Felt	30	00	"	"	"	Mute	56
Sham Hayward	18	00	"	"	"		26	Jolly Chism	28	00	"	"	10 th March		57
Mrs. Hutchinson	62	00	"	"	"		27	Eliza Felt	30	00	"	"	8 th Dec.		58
Clay Simons	26	00	"	"	1 st March		28	Walter Bolds	35	00	"	"	"		59
John Christopher	37	00	"	"	5 th Dec		29	Ear Hazelton	40	00	Mrs. Hazelton	"	25 th March		60
Scott Seabrook	30	00	"	"	8 th "		30	Louisa Legree	22	00	"	"	"		61
Joyce Hamer	27	00	"	"	"		31	John Hazelton	80	00	"	"	"		62

Descriptive List of Negro Contrabands

Females over Age

Names	Age		Former Owner	Maid	English	When Landed or After Island	Origin	Number
	Years	Months						
Mary Hazelton	40	00	Mr. Hazelton	"		25 th March		63
Annah "	65	00	" "	"		" "		64
Pattie Morrison	25	00	Col. Morrison	"		30 th "		65
Clare "	26	00	" "	"	"	" "		64
Nora "	30	00	" "	"	"	" "		67

April 15/1862

Tyler & Co. Boston
Islands

DETROIT

Citizens

Inventory of twenty one Contraband Negroes, at the Post, Egbee & Cockspur Islands April 15th 1862

No.	Names	Age	Height ft in	Occupation	Masters			Arrived at this Post.	Employed now as	Remarks
					Names	Residence	Character			
1	Joseph Brown	23	5 10	Laborer	Mrs. Barton	Wilmington ^{Island}	Disloyal	Dec 16. 1861	Laborer & Boatman	
2	Billy Lentes	19	5 5	"	"	"	"	" " "	" "	
3	Commodore Perry	28	5 6	"	"	"	"	" " "	" "	
4	Bob Roberts	20	5 8	"	"	"	"	" " "	Office Servant	
5	Samuel Mackey	30	5 10	Carpenter	Miss Mackey	Savannah	"	March 2 ^d 1862	Boatman	
6	Morris Pinckney	23	5 5 1/2	Laborer	Mrs. Pinckney	Charleston	"	" " "	" "	
7	Tom Webb	28	5 11	"	Gen. Webb	Savannah	In Rebel Army	" " "	" "	
8	Wally Scott	20	5 6	"	J. Deponey	Spanisville	" " "	" " "	" "	
9	Daniel Polite	26	5 8	"	Mrs. J. Skulke	Bluffton	Disloyal	" " "	" "	
10	Oliver Graham	22	5 8	"	Dr. John Kirk	"	In Rebel Army	" " "	" "	
11	Abraham Hines	22	5 7	House Servant	J. G. Watts	Savannah	" " "	" " "	Office Servant	
12	Ned Polite	25	5 8	"	Elliot Garret	"	Disloyal	March 11. 1862	" "	
13	Anthony Bailey	22	5 5	"	Tom Trip	St. Helena Id	In Rebel Army	" 10. "	" "	
14	Sam. Peterson	32	5 9	"	James Hamilton	Bluffton	Disloyal	" 13 "	" "	
15	Chas. Hawkey	25	5 4	"	James Hunter	Savannah	"	Dec. 27. 1861	" "	
16	Isiah Simmons	22	5 0	"	John L. Lawton	Hilton Head	"	" 20. "	" "	
17	Thos. Frazer	14	5 0	"	"	"	"	Mar 13. 1862	" "	
18	Jerry Abraham	16	5 8	"	Sarah Hittle	Savannah	"	Dec 22. 1861	" "	
19	Joe. Casey	15	5 4	"	Wm. Kirk	Bluffton	In Rebel Army	April 1862	" "	
20	Lewis Richards	11	4 0	"	A. Ponce	Savannah	Prisoner of War	" 11 "	" "	In Fort Pulaski, at the Surrender
21	Robert	25	5 8	"	Leib. Cole	"	" " "	" " "	" "	" " " " " "

Egbee Island Co.
April 15th 1862

D. G. Williams
Regt. Col. Comd.

April 20/1862

Tybee & Cockspur
Islands

Wormore

Citizens

Inventory of ~~Twenty~~ ^{Nineteen} Contraband Negroes, at the Post Sable & Cockspur Islands Apr 30/62

No.	Names	Age	Height		Occupation	Masters			Arrived at this Post	Employed now as	Remarks
			ft.	in.		Names	Residence	Character			
1	Joseph Brown	23	5	10	Laborer	Mrs. Baister	Wilmington S.C.	Disloyal	Dec 16. 1861	Laborer & Boatman	
2	Pilly Sinks	19	5	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	
3	Commodore Perry	28	5	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	
4	Bob Roberts	20	5	8	"	"	"	"	"	Officiis Servant	
5	Samuel Mackey	30	5	10	Carpenter	Miss Mackey	Savannah	"	March 2 ^d 1862	Boatman	
6	Morris Pinckney	23	5	5 1/2	Laborer	Mrs. Pinckney	Charleston	"	"	"	
7	Tom Webb	28	5	11	"	Geo. Webb	Savannah	In Rebel Army	"	"	
8	Wally Scott	20	5	6	"	D. Deponcy	Sumerville	"	"	"	
9	Daniel Polite	26	5	8	"	Mrs. J. Skelton	Bluffton	Disloyal	"	"	
10	Cesar Graham	22	5	8	"	Dr. John Kirk	"	In Rebel Army	"	"	
11	Samuel Arnes	22	5	7	House Servant	J. G. Watts	Savannah	"	"	Officiis Servant	
12	Red Polite	25	5	8	"	Elliott Barrett	"	Disloyal	" 11 th	"	
13	Anthony Bailey	22	5	5	"	Wm. Trip	St. Helena Is.	In Rebel Army	" 10 th	"	
14	Benjamin Peterson	32	5	9	"	James Hamilton	Bluffton	Disloyal	" 13 th	"	
15	Edw. Rawkes	25	5	4	"	James Hunter	Savannah	"	Dec 27. 1861	"	
16	Josiah Simmons	12	5	0	"	Jas. P. Lawton	Hilton Head	"	" 20	"	
17	Thos. Frazer	12	5	0	"	"	"	"	Mar 13. 1862	"	
18	Jerry Abusham	16	5	8	"	Sarah Thistle	Savannah	"	Dec 22. 1861	"	
19	Joe Casey	15	5	4	"	William Kirk	Bluffton	In Rebel Army	Apr 1862	"	
20	Louis Pickens	17	4	8	"	A. Jones	Savannah	Disloyal	11th	"	
21	Robert	20	5	8	"	John Cook	"	"	"	"	

Head Quarters U. S. Forces
Sable & Cockspur Islands S.C.
April 30th 1862

L. J. Williams
Bay Gen. Col.
Com. S.

Ordered by Gen. Order No 7
from H. Q.'s Dept of the South

988

Bond of J. M. Mc
Aneary & H. P. Rusk
for Merchandise del
ivered to them by
Col. Geo. Crook Comdr
Post Sumnerville

April 9 1864

Headquarters Summerville W. Va

April 9th 1862.

General

I have the honor to enclose a bond signed
by Dr Mc Aneany and Wm R. Rucker and taken
upon the delivery of the Stock of merchandise
claimed by the former as his property

I am Sir by the respectfule

Your obedt Servt

Col. G. E. Lusk

Camp

To George L. Harshuff

Adj. Genl

Wheeling Va

Know all men by these presents that we Jno McAnany and
principal & W.P. Rucker as surety are held and firmly
bound unto the United States of America in the sum of
two thousand dollars for payment of which will & duty
to be made we bind our selves jointly and severally
our heirs Executors Administrators and assigns with our
seals dated this 9 day of April 1862

The condition of the above obligation is
that whereas Col Geo Crook, Commanding the post
at Summerville, W. Va has this day seized to the
above bound John McAnany to several stocks of
Merchandise, to wit: ^{of \$60,000} belonging to Jno McAnany
& Andrew Perrin trading under the firm style
of Jno McAnany & Co - the other belonging to Philip
Duffy & John McAnany trading under the
same style of Philip Duffy and Company
from them by the Federal Troops in order to
know of the same Jno McAnany & Andrew Perrin
and Philip Duffy & Jno McAnany shall swear
in establishing their right title and claims
respectively to said stocks of Merchandise
before the proper Tribunal within a reasonable
time from and after the date hereof then
these presents to be void otherwise to
remain in full force & virtue in law.

Jno McAnany (Seal)
Geo P Rucker (Seal)

Signed, Sealed and acknowledged in my presence this 9th day of
April 1862. Ernst Lindner Adjutant 36 Regt

P. 39 ✓ 988 1862

Washington, D. C. April 14/62

Brig. General A. Porter,
Parrot Island Ground
St. John's, A. S. I.

Requests that a number
of prisoners named being
be kept in confinement
at Fort Mifflin

207 THREE



Recd. at St. John's, A. S. I. April 19/62

~~File~~

Chumant Creek Ga

April 18 1862.

Respectfully referred to
Com of General at Satuffs
Morrow, with request
that he will have the
direction of within order
as to confinement of
within named persons
complied with.

Perfus Inyalls

Sgt. A. D. Co

Sgt Marshall



Office of the Provost Marshal General
 Army of the Potomac
 Camp near Yorktown Va
 April 18. 1862

Colonel:

I am directed by the Provost Marshal General, to request that you will receive, and have transported to Fortress Monroe, the following named prisoners.

- 1 S. W. Milder
- 2 John H. Milder.
- 3 Elliott W. Hudgins.
- 4 Geo. F. Adams.
- 5 James Williams.
- 6 Miles Purcher.

received the 18th May 1862
 by Assistant Adjutant General

These persons are directed, as being surrendered to the United States Government, and it is requested that that they be kept in custody

as long as the Army of the Potomac remains
in this vicinity.

I have the honor to request also that
~~Sgt~~ Elijah Boyd, a colored man, be
sent to the same place as a person unsafe
to keep within our lines.

I am Colonel Very Respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant.

J. W. Mendenhall
Capt ~~and~~

and

To
Colonel Rufus Ingalls
G. M. U. S. A.
Dept Potomac.

"Copy"



Office of the Prov. M^r. Genl.
Army of the Potomac
Camp Scott, near Cent Town Pa.
April 18 1862.

Colonel;

I am directed by Genl Porter to
request that you will endorse the
enclosed letter, requesting therein
that the Com^d Genl at Fort Mifflin
will receive & confine the prisoners
mentioned.

I am, Colonel very respectfully,
Your Obedt Servt.
J. A. McMillan
Capt. & Adj^t
a. a. g.

Col. B. Angell
In m & D. M. Genl.

4th Regt Emory's Brigade
 Apr 29 1862
 B.H. 16 1862

S. S. Ball
 2^d Lt 6th Cav
 No 129.

Reports submitted of condition
 of two Union families
 Geo. J. Martin &
 Sarah A. Hansford

Camp Scott near Yorktown
 April 29/62

Brig. Genl. A. Porter,
 Genl -
 200th Mass Heavy Arty
 Examined into the condition
 of Geo. J. Martin I have
 no doubt but that he
 is a case requiring
 relief from the U.S.
 Rec^d 14200, April 29, 1862

Government & would
respectfully recommend
him to your consideration
for the same
Yr Obedt Servant
Henry E. Cathey

Office of the Ho. Major Genl
April 24 1867

Respectfully forwarded
to Head Qrs Army of the
Potomac, with the
recommendation that
an order be given to
issue rations to their
families Mr Martin
has taken the Oath of
Allegiance & Mrs
Hansford (sister to
said Martin) has
served her parole

By Command of
Brig Genl. Abner
H. Mearns
W. H. H. H.
Capt. F. A. A.

Br. Genl. A. A. A.
Br. Genl. A. A. A.

April 30/62.

Approved

Command of
Regt. A. A. A.

A. A.

A. A.

Picket Guard Camp, at
Brig's Genl. W. W. Emory's
Head Quarters,
April 29th 1862

General A. Porter
Picket Marshal Genl
Head Qrs Army of Potomac

Sir: I have the honor
to lay before you, for your consideration,
the desolate ~~to~~ condition of two families
living at this camp -

The family of George C
Martin consist of himself, wife and four
children; that of Mrs Sarah A. Mansford
(widow) of herself and four children - all
the children, with one exception, are too small

over

to perform any labor - the fences have
been torn down, and most of them burned by
the advanced troops - all of their annual
stock of provisions, with the exception of a
little corn, has also been taken by the troops
and they are now almost in a starving
condition -

I Am, Sir, very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servant,
Stephen S. Clark
2nd Lt. 6th Cavalry
D. P. M.
1st Brigade Cav. Reserve

H. Q. 1st Brigade
Apr. 29th 1862

The condition of the persons set forth in the above
is not exaggerated and I respectfully suggest that it would
be an act of charity - & may be a wise policy for the
Government to feed these people.

Respectfully Submitted

W. S. M. M. M.
The Adjutant

991



New Madrid April 3^d 1764.

Major J. M. Corcoran

Commanding Garrison

2 of 1764

Inspector General's Office
District of Columbia
New Madrid Mo
April 3rd 1842

Sir.

I have the honor to report
the following information with
reference to the prisoners

Martin Coughlin
John Maginnis
Michael Fitzpatrick.

They left Memphis to-
gether came up to Island 16 on the
Scotland and then obtained a skiff
and came into our lines.

Martin Coughlin, says he was a
deck-hand for three years on the Aus-
tralia under Captain Abel. He knows
Martin Carry or Kearny who is a mail
carrier or contractor between St Louis
and Illinois Town, and lives or lived
corner 3rd & Biddle Sts. St. Louis. He also
knows Thomas Roach who is to be

found in descent between 3rd & 4th Sts
St Louis.

Geo. Maginnis
boated with Capt W^m Ervell on the
"Emigrant"; the Capt lives fourteen or
fifteen miles out of St Louis on the
Manchester road. He also knows
Martin Carr above mentioned.

Also Phillip Bowman eighth and
O'Fallon Sts.

Michael Fitzpatrick
knows Capt. Abel in 1860. and knows
Thos. McDonough who unloads
steamers on the River. He has
kept a Coffee-House in St Louis
and lately in Memphis.

I am, Sir, Respectfully

Yours,
Geo. M. Corse

To
Major Fred Butler
A. A. Genl
District of the Miss.

Inspector Genl
District of the Miss.

L. 34. ✓

1862.

Fortress Monroe.

~~Citizens~~ April 20 1862

Capt P. E. Lefevre,
Steamship Cardinal.

Wishes transportation
for a number of
mechanics who have
been employed on his
vessel.

L. 34. ✓

Rec'd Capt Lefevre Apr 20/62

File

Fort Monroe, April 2^d 1862.
Captain William D. Whipple.

Assistant Adjutant General, Department of Va.

Sir:

I have the honor to request that agreeably to the tenor of a letter from the Honorable Secretary of War to Mr. Vanderbilt, the Major General commanding will direct the Quartermaster to furnish transportation to New York with their tools, the following named Mechanics who have been employed on board Steamship Vanderbilt, preparing her to meet the Rebel Iron-clad Steamer Merrimack;

- | | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| J. Connolly. | E. Atkins. | J. Malby. |
| J. Leighton. | S. McCloud. | A. Waught. |
| C. B. Luger. | J. Baker. | O. Worth. |
| D. Allen. | J. Kelly. | H. Jenkins. |
| A. Gambol. | J. Murres. | G. Leonard. |
| P. McKenzie. | W. Morrison. | P. Day. |
| F. Durant. | W. Connell. | J. McCoy. |
| W. Lutz. | J. Dorothy. | B. Dougherty. |
| A. Tilden. | J. Hayes. | C. Brown. |
| J. Wheeler. | W. Monahan. | G. Rose. |
| J. Elliot. | J. McClane. | J. Berkeley. |
| A. Barr. | J. McEwen. | |
- I am Sir,

Your Obedient Servant.

P. E. Le Fevre.

Capt Steam Ship Vanderbilt.

Head Quarter Dept of Va.

Fort Monroe... April 2^d 1862.

Captain Eric Salmadge. A. L. W. will provide transportation for the above named men to New York.

By Command of Maj. Gen. Wool

Wm. Whipple

A. L. W.

983 J. P. Citizen 1862

Fort Monroe, Va. April 14/62.

Major Genl. Jones,
Adler & Forest Marshal.

Thinks that Messrs Frohmis
and Bell should be substituted
in their sales to this Depart-
-ment.

2000000

Recd. Genl. M. M. M. April 14, 1862.

13-5

14/100

shel.

Allen

Thomas

nded

part

1/15/02

My dear General

McClellan's sutlers
are prohibited from bringing
goods to this place -

Worthees & Bell are offering
to sell them large quantities of
goods -

I think T. & B. should be
restricted, ^{by order of your own} in their trade, to the
Command under yourself.

Very Respectfully
Yours Obedt Servt

Wm Jones Major
Provt Marshal

To

Major Genl Wool
Commanding

Feb. 7/3, 98 1862.

Wind Quarter, 10th Regt.
Infantry, April 14, 1862

Major Frank L. Lusk
Aid. N. Camp to Maj. Gen. Sig.

Relative to the passing of
two sisters of money, to the South
by a flag of truce, Citizens

One enclosure.

File 5

2

Recd. 'Vol. 90. Regt. Co', April 18/62

Head-Quarters, Middle Department,

Baltimore, Md., April 17th 1862.

Genl. Col. Whipple,

Sir.

About the 20th March, I wrote to you an unofficial letter on the subject of passing over the ladies named, to which I received your reply of the 31st March. The ladies herein applied here again, I have written to you by the direction of Major Genl. Dix.

I am very respectfully,
Yours,
Wm. H. Sedgwick

In my unofficial letter I believe I gave you the copy of the endorsement of the Secy. of War.

Head-Quarters, Middle Department,

Baltimore, Md., April 17th 1862.

Sir: Col. Whipple,

Adj. Agent: Genl.

Sir,

I am directed
by Major Genl. Sax to state,
that on the 28th February he
issued a pass to go South,
via Fort Mifflin Monroe, to Sister
Mary Charles Curtin, of the
Sister of Mercy, of Charleston,
and that this morning she
applied for a permit to
go to Fort Mifflin Monroe, with
an endorsement upon her
pass of the 28th Feb. of which
the following is a copy.

War Department

March 26th 1862

Major General Pool will
please send the within named
person and her companion
Catharine Moore by the first
flag of truce

Edwin M. Stanton

Secy. of War.

Major Genl. Sida wishes to know
when it will be convenient
for Major Genl. Pool to receive
these ladies, and send them
to Norfolk, under the order
of the Secy. of War.

I am very respectfully

Your obedient servant,

Wm. A. Seddon

Major & A. D. C.

P. 114 ✓

1862

Fort Monroe Va. April 24/62

885

Captain G. W. Thomas
Acting Quartermaster,

enclosed a list of negroes
in his employ,

CTB

2

Recd Hd Qrs. Dept Va. April 25/62

Assistant Quarters Masters office
Fort Monroe. Va. April 25. 62

Colonel

I have the honor to submit, for the information of the General Commanding, the following list of Negroes employed by me in the Quarters Masters Department, also showing the number entitled to draw rations from the Government.

Mr. Ainsworths gang.

1. Isaac Lovvick	16. Isaac Griffin	31. Geo Armstrong
2. Joshua Portlock	17. Mesick Ball	32. Thomas Smith
3. Peter Kinder	18. Alfred Redman	33. Roger Ball
4. Henry Hutton	19. David Jones	34. Hov Barnaby
5. Daniel Seamp	20. Solomon Matthews	35. Moses Courney
6. Walter Bird	21. Stepton Taylor	36. Griffin Lewis
7. Levi Whittaker	22. Henry Arneted	37. Wm Campbell
8. Leroy Stutt *	23. Juba Williams	38. Dennis Gainer
9. Jess Buckner	24. Spencer Parker	39. Wm Parks
10. John Smithers	25. Edmund Starkum	40. Wm Paige
11. Sam Crosby	26. John Paine	41. Jess Layton
12. John Tracy	27. John Bright	42. Jas. Lowell
13. Edgar Jameson	28. Chas Brown	43. Phillip Taylor
14. Oliver Jones	29. Fred W Foster	44. Levi Sumner
15. Kendall Lee	30. John Phillips	45. Sam Johnson

over.

46. Abraham Corby	54. Willie King	63. Mrs Anderson *
47. Miriam Kinah	55. Parker Hall	
48. John Hudson	56. Albert Moody	
49. Simon McIntosh	57. Henry Thompson	* The oations for these
50. Geo Bradshaw	58. Josiah Gainer	was as drawn by
51. Miles Hobday	59. Isaac Lee	Mr. Animorth and they
52. James Edwards	60. Isaac Heaven	was in his quarters.
53. John Jones	62. Anthony Anderson *	

Mr Goldard's P. P. List.

1. Abraham Wells	13. Logan Taylor	25. John Banks
2. Jacob Wallace	14. John Walker	26. Henry Holloway
3. Robt Patrick	15. Samuel Jackson	27. Levi Hobson
4. Henry Ash	16. Sutherly Poole	28. Isaac Jones
5. Peter Clarke	17. William Latimer	29. Albert Crawford
6. Right Pettin boy	18. Major Jenkins	30. Robert Walker
7. Eurastus Jones boy	19. Jackson Moss	31. James Allen
8. Thomas Robertson	20. Frank Malloy	32. Spencer Delaney
9. Alexander Allen	21. Robert Hope	33. Tho Griffin
10. Right Hunter	22. Peter Adams	34. John Bailey
11. Edw. Halloway	23. Mr. Beufort	35. Jesse Allen
12. Warren Bowles	24. Cabit Holloway	

By Mr. Maher; Clothing Dept.

1. Saul Amstead	3. Joseph Fleet	5. Henry Whiting
2. Cyrus Brown	4. Edw. Tagmill	6. James Townsend

Recapitulation

in Anson's Gang ^r	63.	of which number	3	are rationed outside
" Goddards RR.	35.			
" Mahers. Art ^y Dept.	6.			
" Forage Dept.	10.			
" In. M ^r Dept. in the Fort.	21.	" " " "	25	" " "
" Pratts crew	4.			
" Stable men. M ^r Porters	12.	" " " "	3	" " "
" Carpenters	<u>3</u>	" " " "	<u>1</u>	" " "
	<u>154</u>		<u>9</u>	

Making total N^o of rations to be issued to Negro Quarters. 145.

From the above statement it appears that the number of rations claimed by Mr. Wilder, by his first statement, exceeds the number to which the negroes are actually entitled "Seventy" and by his second statement fifty four

I am very respectfully
Your obt^l serv^t.

C. W. Sherman
Capt + A. S. M^r.

To Lt. Col Wm. D. Whipple
A. A. G. U. S. A.
H^q. In. Dep^t Va.

Forage Department

1. Henry Phillips
2. Edmund Roberts
3. Henry Wilson
4. Frank Lee
5. David Jones
6. Daniel Taylor
7. Jesse Higgins
8. Mack Kelley
9. Edw. Lepore.
10. Oliver Butts

Dr. Mr. Dept. Inside Fort

1. Arthur Crowder
2. Thomas Foster
3. John Allis
4. Albert Grey
5. James H. Page
6. Stephen Deans
7. Ballard Cheeman
8. David Lee
9. Edw. Gale *
10. Isaac Hinden *
11. Noah Barbour

12. George Walker
13. Geo. America
14. Sanders Lee
15. Robt. Cuth
16. Robt. Carry
17. Eli Grey
18. Henry Higgins
19. Henry Dorewith
20. Solomon Fisher
21. Josiah Meldow
- * books, no rations drawn outside.

Boatmen - Capt Hunt.

3. Pompey Roberts

1. Molly. Hodges

4. Lewis Ward.

2. Mattachi White

Stable men, Mr Porter.

1. William Mastley
2. Chas Grimes
3. Levi Farney
10. Chas Henderson

4. John Gibson

5. Isaac Kelley

6. Robt Grimes

11. David Roberts

7. Moses Lee *

8. Ceny Parker *

9. Lee Washington

12. Uston Day *

* Mess at Mr Porters Quarters

Harry. with Mr Hopkins & rations by him

Carter Williams Carpenter.

Harvey Jackson Carpenter.

No. 309

986

Apr. 9. 1862

By J. H. Guntor

For Mr. H. W. Culler

In reference to several
instruments in E. Town
who ought to be equated

amended Apr. 11. 1862

J. H. Guntor

1862
Elizabethtown Ky April 9th

Col H. Dent;

Sir,

Several of the secessionist who were south, some in the army, & others who with it have returned to Hardin Co. I. H. Gunter who was private secretary for Gen. Buckner, & afterwards, I think, one of the firm of "E. M. Bruce & Co" pork packers for the Southern army, is here. You can prove by Rhoda Stokes & others whose names D. Wortham of Stephensburg Hardin Co Ky will furnish you that he piloted rebels through this Co while the Southern army were at Green River.

J. W. Upton, of Upton's Station has come home. He is the man ^{who} is said to have poisoned the whiskey he left behind.

I understand that many who left early for the Southern army & were in the Lt. Donaldson fight have returned to Garnettsville & the immediate neighborhood.

I am very Respectfully
Yours Obedt Servt

M. M. McCulloch Capt 2^d Ky Cavalry

P.S. So far as it is consistent with my
duty, ~~to~~ & yours you
will confer a favor by not using
my name, but in my opinion
something must be done with, at
least ~~some~~ some of the rebels of this
County, to make them understand
that there is a government, or we
who have gone from here will
have more trouble after we come
back than we have now, I am on
detailed duty or should not have asked
you to look into these things

M. W. M.

No. 209

988

Apr. 9. 1862
179 of 1862
known to the Rebels

So refer to the Rebels
Inferments as S. from
who ought to be against

Command Apr. 11. 1862

C. H. Quarter

Orlander James M.
and his

Apr. 16. 62

2 or more

1

Head Quarters
Camp Douglas
April 26. 1862.

Robert Peel Clark

transmits two letters in
relation to certain
improper ~~contracts~~ ^{communications}
made to a prisoner at Camp
Douglas
2 Enclosures.

C. 684 May 17. 1862

Respectfully referred
to the Governor of
Indiana in which
state the writer lives.

By order of Secy of War

C. P. Buckingham

Brig. Gen & A. G.

War Dept

May 13/62

Respectfully referred
to Brig. Gen. Boyle
Commanding at
Louisville Ky.

By order of Gen. Martin:

W. W. Carroll
June 16 1862
Milsey

Head Quarters, Camp Douglas
April 26. 1862

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton,
Secretary of War

Sir,

Colonel James A. Milligan
Commanding this Post requests me to forward the
enclosed letters to you for inspection, as from the extreme
impropriety of the contents he considers that they should
be placed under your notice

Very respectfully

Your Obedient Servant
Robert P. Clark

Col Henry Dunt

Present himself

Examine the enclosed
and advise Behander

Boyle

Thy Servant



STATE OF INDIANA

Executive Department



Indianapolis, June 16th 1862.

Brig. Gen. J. T. Boyle

Louisville Ky.

Sir:

The inclosed communications, forwarded to me from the War Department, are inclosed to you for such action as you may think necessary and proper. — From what I can learn, Ostrander and his wife live in Meade County Ky., on the Ohio river a few miles below Brandenburg, opposite to Amsterdam, which is in Indiana, and their nearest Post office. Ostrander is a Steam Boat pilot, and, although he protests strongly against taking pay for services rendered our Government, he may from necessity seek a place on one of our boats. This perhaps you can prevent. It is men of Ostrander's stripe who are now disturbing the quiet and peace of your State. I trust they will not get the advantage of you for want of attention.

Truly Yours

O. P. Morton

At Home, April 20th 1862.

Colored Friend

We received your
truly welcome letter on yesterday
which I assure you was a source
of deep and lasting gratitude. Bringing
with it the assurance of your safety
for which you have great cause
to be thankful. For how many also
are cold in the embrace of death
their hearts blood been stiffed by some
cold hearted Slave every drop of
southern blood spilled appeals loudly
to every true heart and need
assured Sidney that it will be avenged.
I know you think it a hard fate to be
a prisoner deprived of your freedom and
liberty and so it is but I wish you
that you will not be repayed with the
knowledge that you have the deep and
lasting feelings of devotion and respect of
every true southerner Sidney in my
impression you could not have a
higher honor conferred upon you than
the simple title of a southern soldier.
I was rejoiced to hear that you are
at the very good reports that you do not give
the Yankees any satisfaction of thinking
you are in the least. You wish
to know what the people of Kentucky think
about the colored ball being to the
utter disgrace of every nation here. Kentuckians

but it is said that they will swallow and
only this one but anything else has
remained to offer - I am for the first
time in my life ashamed of my nation
state ashamed to say I was born in
the country if there is such a thing
possible as the South being whipped -
The laborer who alone can save the
nation will be dyed with a crimson
stain that will ever remain efface
I should consider that she had sold
the entire South although we have
some pure from southerners here
but I have no such thoughts as the South
being conquered if I know she is right
and she is right - must not she
prevail and I feel that the Lord of
Heavenly Gods will interfere in our
behalf. We are an ~~unhappy~~ band
of the American loving friends who are
truly loyal (Being the the first) and
who rather no secret the name of rebels
we detest but glorify in that of Rebel
and do not mind any but Rebels it is a
source of great annoyance to give history
I must close for I cannot find words
to express my utter abhorrence of them
Blanche and all the children wish
to be kindly remembered to you
I remain with true love and with
your good bye answer these letters immediately
Yours Respectful Friend

Lizzie Carver

At Home April 28th 1862

Mr Sidney Reed

Dear Sir and Friend
Your letter dated the 18th of March has just come to hand
I have no doubt you think that I have forgotten you
by not receiving an answer before this but not so
we often think and I speak of you wondering what has
become of Sidney and how you bear the many trials
and suffering which soldiers have to undergo
Your letter has been a source of pleasure and
comfort to me not only hearing from you but
with the full assurance that you are cheerful
and happy under your misfortune Dear Friend
do not despair nor suffer yourself to despair
for our cause is just and I do not think it will
be long before you will once more breathe the pure
refreshing air of Mexico Land and what a comfort
it will be to you to know that you have done all
in your power to aid in gaining the Independence
of the south and that the simple name of a southern
soldier will ever be held sacred and dear
in the memory of every Southern heart let
such happy thoughts as these dear Sidney
engage your mind and they will serve to nerve
you for I know it must be galling to a true
Southern heart to hear and bear the Yankee
taunts and brags, I suppose you have heard
long ere this of the Battle of Pittsburg over.

and what a complete thrashing the Yankees
received Beauregard was too soon for them. The Union
party of Louisiana has given up the fight and what
it was more disastrous than Manassas Gen. Pontiac
and his whole division was taken prisoners
I suppose by this time they are fighting at Corinth
and I am perfectly satisfied that the south will be
victorious. So, don't as soon as you are loosed
from your Lincoln cage and are allowed the full
enjoyment of that sweet word liberty. Come right
home to me for my house is your home our doors
are open to you and to all my Southern Friends
Whome there is room in the heart. There is room in
house. So, don't I am grieved to think I have
not any money to send you for if I had only
one dollar you should share half of it - but
So, don't I have not a cent on earth. So, don't if you
need any clothing or any thing to make you com-
table let me know and I will send it to you
for such things I can get without the money
I was in the desert on the 14th evening at Memphis
and heard of so many depredations being
committed in County I live in I became alarmed
and came home after my family intending to
take them ~~with~~ south with me but I found it impossible
to get back and here I am there are plenty of
situations here for Pilots on Government or
Lincoln boats but I don't

never no never submit - to pilot - one of
them I would rather starve undergo any
suffering and privation first but Sidney you
know shy feelings better than I can tell you
we have been very unfortunate this winter we
had an overflow it came near covering our
house in the snow we tore it down and are
putting up a new one we have been camping
out too and are pretty good soldiers so far
as camp life is concerned I have sad news
for you it is the death of our dear young friend
Doc Benedict he fell at the Battle of Peleburg
cut down in the bloom of youth a martyr to
his Country it is a sad sad thought when I
think of it - it spreads a gloom and sorrow
on all around Capt - Spolls went to the battle
field for his body Oh how I would like to
be with you ^{to} night - and have a long
talk for there are many things I would
like to ^{say to} you that I could not with propriety
write I wish you would enquire this ^{from} ^{de} ^{off}
and let me know what became of Leggie Brooks
but do not mention any names also tell me if
have any more friends there with you and how
may some taken Prisoners at Donelson if you
at Liberty to tell give my respects to all
the Southern Soldiers and bid them

That you have just received a letter
from a Free Southerner I have not been to Louisville
since I came home. The reason I could not
get away without taking the Louisville boat and I
also heard they would arrest me when ever I
came to Louisville. I received my information from
my Brother Charles. Direct your letter to New
Amsterdam Harrison County Indiana will
Sidney I will have to close.

I remain your ever true
friend James M. Alexander

No. 205

P. Stratton

P. M. at
Bedford Middlebury
Apr. 4. 1862

Giving information of
the whereabouts of the
Dread ~~and~~ &c, our
an escaped prisoner
from Camp Watton.

Citizens?

Apr 4th 1862

Bedford Trimble Co Ky

Mr Dent

Sir

I feel it my duty as a good friend to the Union to make a report to you of some prisoners that escaped from Indianapolis and arrived at this place Tuesday Knight tells names was William Lucas a.

Mr Dickinson and a Mr Lingg the 2 latter has preceded on their journey to the vicinity of Lexington so I was informed the former having been a resident of this place he will be likely to remain around in this vicinity some where

The above is as true a statement of and as good information as I am able to give if you send any one to Bedford on the hunt of Mr Lucas tel them to be carefull how they proceed for this is a very hot scorch nest and tel them in no case to mention my name for I am a resident of this place and it would lay me in great dainger but if want an interview with me they can call at the post office and I will give them all the information I am able I reported to Indianapolis right immediately after they arrived here but since that I has been informed by a good union friend of mine that I should have reported to you so I concluded that it would be no difereance to report to both

Very respectfully

W. Stratton, (Jr) at
Bedford Trimble Co Ky

Sturgeon Mo.
April 21, 62

Clopper Invs. Co.
Maj. Landg. Post.

Sending Prisoners in charge
of Lt. Rowell; with charges on
Prisoners -

Capt. A. Hicks. *
M. J. Hicks O
Thos. G. Sims O
A. H. Nise *

4 enclosures -

* Paper relating to Capt.
A. H. Hicks C.S. A. Filed
with Confederates, Vol. 6
O filed as Cit.
O " " "
* " " "

Recd Hd. Quarters St Louis District
April 22, 62

Head Quarters Surgeon
April 21st 1862

Sir:
I have the honor to send you
in charge of Lieut Geo H. Rowell four
prisoners Capt. M. Hicks, M. J. Hicks,
Thos. C. Sims and A. H. Nise, with charges
against them.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servt
John G. Chopper
Major Comdg Post
Regt. McNeill's Horse

Major Frank J. White
A. A. Genl
St Louis District
St Louis
Mo

1000
Jefferson City, Mo., April 29th 1862.

W. H. Lusk Citizens

Gives names and localities of men appointed as police by the County Court. The record shows that Capt. McKinzie (Rebel) has power to appoint additional patrols. It is believed by prominent Union citizens that this patrol is intended as secret espionage over loyal men to support & protect rebels.

Head Quarters, District of Central Mo.
Jefferson City, Mo., May 3rd 1862.

Respectfully referred to the Brig. Genl. Community in S. M. with the request that the subject may be brought to the notice of the Federal and State authorities for their action in the case.

The undersigned respectfully represents that the evidence is conclusive that the names mentioned in the within communication by Mr. Lusk as rebels have been more or less active and in sympathy with the opponents of the Federal Government and the Provisional Government of Missouri and that the Court which has appointed such men to such positions cannot be acting wisely and it is feared not in good faith to the authorities of the United States.

Until instructions are received from the proper authorities the undersigned has this day issued an order prohibiting Capt. McKinzie, Dixon Bolton, James Bolton, Robert Cripp, and Wm. A. Ferguson from exercising the functions of the offices to which they have been appointed by the County Court being persuaded that such men should not at this time be permitted to hold such offices whereby they exercise surveillance over Union men who have been always faithful to the established authorities.

J. E. Follen

Brig. Genl.

Comd. Dist.

Lusk

"Copy"

Jefferson City, Mo. April 29th 1862.

Colonel P. E. Bland,
Commanding Post

Colonel:

The following are the names and political sentiments of the police appointed by our County Court, viz:

James W. Kinzie, Capt. Police & formerly Capt. in Price's Army

Dixon Bolton, formerly a private soldier in do do

James Bolton — Rebel —

Robert Cries — Politics unknown. —

John Grandall — Union —

Wm. H. Ferguson — Rebel —

The record of the County Court shows that Capt. W. Kinzie has power to appoint other patrols at his discretion.

It is believed by the Union men of this community that this patrol is intended for a system of secret espionage to have surveillance over Union men, and to support and promote the influence of prominent rebels in the community.

Very Respectfully
Signed: Wm. H. Gust.

Papers Relating to

Prisoners No. 11

1001

Apr 16 62

Chas

2

1002

Brig Genl Schuck
Cumberland Dist

April 18 1862

Letter of transmittal
prisoners

Abraham Ketterman
and

Harvey W. Yankee
with evidence

Abraham Ketterman.

and
Harvey W. Yankee.

Copied by
Joseph C. [unclear]

Head Quarters, Cumberland District
Mountain Department
Camp Lee, April 18. 1862.

Captain

I send forward to ~~Department~~ Head Quarters, two prisoners brought in by my Cavalry from the neighborhood twenty miles south of this point in the direction of Franklin. One of these men Abraham Ketterman holds a commission as Post Master under the "Confederate States", & declares himself an adherent of that pretended government which he will not renounce. The other Harvey W. Yankee, who protests his innocence so positively is known by all his neighbors to have given in every way aid & comfort to the rebels, & to have been active in the persecution of Union men. They are neither of them men who ought to be permitted to take the oath of allegiance, even if they are willing; for on being discharged they would doubtless return to the same evil & dangerous practices, either openly or secretly.

I send ~~the~~ testimony of three or four of their neighbors who happened to come to camp yesterday. Much more evidence could

be furnished. This was only taken in consequence
of the accidental presence of some of their
acquaintances, who Yankees had pretended
utter ignorance of any reason why he
should be taken in custody.

I am, very respectfully,

Your obedient

Robt. Schenck

Brig Genl

Evidence vs.

Abraham Kettiman
and
Harvey W. Yankee

For further Evidence
refer to Yankee
Papers file (Y.)

H.

Esau Hinkle, Sworn. Testifies as follows:

Know Yankee and Ketterman well. Yankee is a rebel. Has a distillery, and told me he would poison a barrel of whiskey, and when the Yankees came to ~~to~~ arrest him, he would roll out the barrel and invite them to drink, and he then thought they would swear him and let him off. ~~He~~ knew they would not get far, after they drank the whiskey. Was taken prisoner by the Rebels. He (Yankee) let them have two of his horses, ~~and~~ sent two boys that were working for him, as guides to my house. There were others taken by the same party. We were taken to his (Yankee's) house, and kept all night. He abused us very much. Said we ought to be shot. He voluntarily went twenty five miles to give evidence against us. He

also questioned me and the rest of the prisoners in regard to the Union men of our section of country. He has harbored rebels to my certain knowledge. Ketterman has also harbored rebels. They were quartered on his land. Saw him while I was a prisoner. He made sport of us.

Esau Hinkle

Adam Kellerman

From sick comfort
to the enemy in

Copy
Adam Ketterman.

Charge.

Had been for a long time past giving aid comfort & information to the enemy.

Signed
John L. Gaigler
Col. Commanding 5th Regt. Inf.

1003
C/O

1003
C/O

Camp Hamilton Apr. 11. 1862
To Major W. C. Clegg

Commanding
Co. of Pa

Sir I have the

honor to report

That Mr. Johnson, having a safe guard complains that on the evening of the 7th inst. three men came to his house and committed various depredations making threats against himself & wife. A guard has been sent to his farm to protect him & his property, he could not tell where the troops belonged they having carefully removed all marks numbers & letters from their uniforms.

The various Regts. still permit in bringing rails to their Camps for firewood. This morning issued orders to my Guard to unload every train containing rails that comes into camp & the same will be kept subject to orders from the Department.

Complaints have also been made that the Regular Guards after night fall take rails from the fences of the farmers and burn them. Notice has been given to the Officers in Command of the Guards, that charges will be preferred against them if they allow the same to be continued.

The Communication addressed to the Col. Commanding 12th Regt. N. G. S. has been forwarded.

Some cases of drunkenness have been disposed of to-day. The soldiers coming from the Troops newly arrived from the Transports.

I also forward to you two boys (colored) named Nelson Downstead & Henry Blackwell arrested last night between the hours of 9 & 10 o'clock

stealing oysters from the bed of Ben Cameron's
on Hampton Creek by two of my guard stationed
there for his protection

Respectfully Submitted

J. M. Purleigh

Capt. & Provost Marshal
Camp Hamilton

1603
C. W. S.

1004

Statement of Col. Lovestock
relative to the shooting of a
Colored man = in Brigade Camp
H 73 = 10, 1 Oct 62, page 15-2.

Call Call.

Apr 2-62

Head Quarters 99th Regt Inf U.S.
Camp near Modoc Mo April 2/62

Capt Geo. S. Kellogg }
A. A. Seal }

In accordance with your request under this date I make the following statement of the cause connected with the shooting of a colored man in the Camp on Monday April 1st together with the names of those who were present so far as known.

It seems that at about 1/2 past 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the man shot, a very dark colored man named Jack, and a servant of Lieut. Williams of Co G. and a colored man named Stephen a servant of Major Hayes were engaged in playing cards just in the rear of the encampment of this Regt.; that the man John who filed the report also a colored man & the servant of Lieut Col Gilbert went over to where the two first named men were playing cards to call on being away Stephen, John seeing them engaged in card playing said to Stephen give me your brand (pat cards) when the man Jack said, "Go away from here you damned, yellow, gutter-legged, son of a bitch", John immediately turned & left and went to Lieut Col Gilbert's tent & procured a small revolver, & coming back to where the parties had been playing cards asked for "Stephen", who was now standing up. The man Jack, also standing, said "Go away from here you damned pis-pot" when John retorted and said "You are another" Jack then said I don't care

for your pistol, I can knock the pic out of you &
your pistol too, and turned to seize some
weapon and finding a frying-pan seized it and advanced
upon John, who at the first mention of Jack, retreated
some twenty feet, but as Jack advanced with the uplifted
frying-pan, he halted, and said if you come another
step I'll shoot you, Jack still advancing & when in
the act of striking with the frying-pan ~~he~~ fired
the pistol, the ball taking effect in the stomach. The
above is the substance of the testimony of Stephen
the servant of Major Hayes, and Thomas Russell
(Colonel) the servant of Col. Greenback, ~~others~~^{others}
were present during the whole of the altercation other
witnesses soldiers were present whose names I am
endeavouring to ascertain

John Greenback

Col: Commdg

The soldiers being at the present time out on
drill Col: Gilbert will hunt them up as
soon as practicable

Very Respectfully
John Greenback
Col: Commdg

U73 = 10, 16 at C page 152

1005

List of Prisoners
brought by Lt Murphy
from Linn Creek.

Apr 02
C. B.

Head Quarters M. S. M
 Linn Creek Mo 3rd April 1862

Post Marshal General
 St. Louis, Mo

I have the honor to inform
 you that I start, this day, by boat and P. R. R. to St. Louis
twelve prisoners, as follows:

William B. Stubblefield,	said to reside in Memphis, Tenn
Genz B West	" " " Howard Co Mo
F. M. Brickey	" " " Pike Co "
B. T. Bondurant	" " " " " "
M. P. Allison	" " " Ralls " "
A. B. Ayles	" " " Pike " "
Lewis Price	" " " " " "
John R. Klincumbill	" " " " " "
Elijah Phears	" " " " " "

These men were all arrested
 within the last week, by J. D.
 O'Murphy of my command,
 in attempting to cross the river
 at Juncumbia, Miller County -
 They are without papers and
 from the Rebel Army -
 Charged with aiding the rebellion

Robert Childers } Charged with being in Rebel army -
 William Young } Taking private property - &
 the murder of Thomas Earnest

Thomas Harman } Charged with the murder of Ransom Frisby.

Accompanying papers will show the evidence & P. C. of witnesses
 over

Head Quarters M. S. M
Linn Creek Mo 3 April 1862

In Case of the U. S vs William B Stubblefield and
Others (twelve) named upon the opposite page, the witness
Dubus E Murphy appeared and on oath testified as fol-
lows that, within last few days, while on a secret, in com-
mand, he arrested those twelve at Tusculum, Miller Co,
in attempting to cross the Orange River. They were suspicious
Characters and on examination they acknowledged they
were from the ^{rebel} Southern Army and had avoided, in ma-
king their way, passing where the Gov: forces were -
They had eight horses & two mules, nine saddles & brid-
les which I have delivered for the U. S. Government
to Lt. Col. J. W. McClung Com. M. S. M at Linn Creek
to be accounted for by him -

Subscribed & sworn to before
me, the day above written -

D. C. Murphy

P. O. Linn Creek

J. W. McClung Lt. Col. Com. Batt.
M. S. M

Moo

1000

April

1875

M

Mr. Freeman. = } Apr. 22nd 1862 - Wood's men
Mr. Stacy = }
Mr. Thornhill. = }

R.M.

Mr. Y. heard the band stayed at Mr. Carr's house.
He lives in Turnback -

Rolly Carr left because charged that the man
stayed at his house -

Mr. Robert & John Black of Lawrence Co. on Spring River
say that in April some soldiers from Carroll
found a body hanging in the woods between Gadfly
& Hollifentown which from the papers found on it
was shown to be the body of Mr. Worth.

The Party said I have eaten at Blankenship's at
Gadfly & that Mr. Worth gave him a writing to
work for it -

Ellis Niece - #
2 miles S.W. of Marmarville

Papers Relating to
Prisoners Fed. S.

1007

April 13 - 1907

Lieut. Col. Mills
Springfield
Mo

Wethersnon mo April 13th 1862
Lieut Col Mills sir

I send by 2^d Lieut
Gibson Three Prisoners, John Horner
John Anderson, and Ben Roe. The two
first are bad cases, Horner was a Capt
of a murdering company, Anderson has
been in the same tent he was with a
brink whacking company that fired on
us two weeks ago tomorrow, I am taking
testimony will send it up as soon as
completed, Roe has been in the army
which he acknowledges that is all
I think you had as well swear him
and let him come home when he is
willing to take the oath

Josiah M. Baird

Papers Relating to

Prisoners No. 41

1008 1008

Chicago, Ill.

April 22 - 62

Wilmington Mo. April 22^d 1862

Lieut. Col. Mills, Sir-

I send you by Sergeant
Hobbs. two prisoners, viz: John Ryan, and
Frederick Sweet, the former one of the worst
cases ever sent up. I will send you
the evidence shortly.

Yours &c

Wm W. Hargrave 1st Lieut

Columbia Mo
1009 April 24th 1942

N. A. Mickman
write relation to a
Rev. John M. Miller,
and wife - who desire
to have the cards and
be released

~~Copy~~

Released

Rec'd April 20th 1942
P. M. G. Office

Columbia Apr 24th 1862.

Jno. D Perry Esqr
St Louis.

Two worthy gentlemen,
for many years my neighbors and friends, Rev^d
Jno. Mc Willis and his son Herndon B Willis were
arrested by a body ^{of} Fed soldiers, passing by their
farm in this County on the 15th Day of Dec. last.

They were taken at once to St Louis and have since
been removed to Alton. Whilst at St Louis they were
offred a release by taking the oath of allegiance
but as they were arrested on no charge except that
of expressing strong sympathies for the rebellion
(never having taken up arms) they felt that taking
the oath would be a compromise of principle. Long
confinement and failing health have wrought a
change in their feeling. The old man is quite infirm
& the son in feeble health, and both have very depen-
-dent families. They write to their friends here, that
they now desire to take the oath, and made application
to have the privilege, but the Commission appointed to
act, adjourned before reaching their case. They are
both honorable men, and would observe strictly & sacredly
any oath or parole ~~they~~ would subscribe.

I presume you are personally acquainted with Col. For-
-far, and if you will see him and procure their

their release it would be an act of charity, and I am fully satisfied the government will never suffer by their acts. They are humble, quiet, inoffensive men. Find enclosed herewith a letter from our Circuit Clerk Mr. R. L. Todd with whom Col. Lammor may be personally acquainted.

Will you oblige me by giving early attention to this matter. Your friend
D. H. Dickman

Return via MO
1000 deposit 244156

Mr. W. A. Richardson
with relation to a
Ref: John W. Miller
and since who deny
to raise the same and
be released

10/15/52

10/15/52

Release

Rec'd again 207 1952
P. M. 8. 5. 144156

No 12
Sandra L. Wren
Statement

1010

Against
Stacey H. Higginbottom

Marion Co Mo
Palmyra

Palmyra

Palm Springs April 25th 1862

Samuel Merriger - saying soon as possible that
below, living near New market, ^{long at trough} living, the iron bottom &
except the strong men leaving us, ~~nothing~~ James being living
in the same living near Sharpsburg - I met - even staying
last Saturday, and he asked me to go to Jones with
him, he asked me to do a small favor for him
and give me a paper, told me to go down into Miller
neighborhood, and go to a log. There I would find some
lead & caps, and bring it up to Louis Jones
and leave it there. Samuel Miller. Another day
and find a boy living in the neighborhood of ~~the~~ ~~neighborhood~~
now, and a boy at work with Black man & the
Whitens with curly Black Hair. I was to meet him
on this side of ~~the~~ house at a gate. Jones treated me
with a great deal of respect. I spoke about our old
man Bentley. Mrs. Helen Fleming, and this boy
said that the man who murdered Wheat got some
nine hundred dollars in gold from him.
^{the} He is in prison, was one of the men who found the
caps. (D)

YOUTH 21 1/2

6/20/62
Jeffery

12 years

Office of Probost Marshal, Jefferson City, Mo.,

Jefferson city Mo Aug '26 1869.

List of names of Creditors.

William Simpson
James Davis. oath
Amos Glover
Richard Boltow
Edwards.
Hoffmann.
Halthall
Joseph A. Alexander
Mr. Matthews
Francis Brischer
Richard
William. Herapson
Zachariah Pundellton
George Pundellton
Jas Paruhardt oath
James Hickman
Richard Schackemus
Thomas Corbett
Doct. Bird oath
Squire Blunt
Reel Byles
Jas. Byles

Mc Byles
Joshua Roberts oath
Jesse Ragan
Ragan.
Michael Clark. oath
George Paruhardt Released
John Wilson. oath
Henry C. Keel
Geo. Clark.
Joseph Surtov

Apr 62

1812

cut

Descriptive List of Prisoners Captured by Major Gen. Webster of the 25th Regt. O. I.

Name	Rank	Age	When Captured	By whom Captured	Where Captured	Height	Color of Hair	Color of Eyes	Color of Complexion	Complexion
Uriah Hooper	Citizen	40	April 4 th	Gen. W. Webster Maj. G. B. G. I. O. I.	Carleville Va.	5-10	Brown	Blue	Brown	light
John W. Dolly	"	38	April 4 th	do do	do do	5-8 1/2	do	Brown	do	fair
Able P. Hinkle	"	26	do do	do do	do do	5-8	do	Blue	do	do
Solomon Hearick	"	64	do do	" "	" "	5-11	gray Brown	"	"	light
Johnston W. Swindle	"	43	" "	" "	" "	5-6 1/2	light Brown	Brown	do	fair
Phillip H. Cooper	"	40	" "	" "	" "	6-	Brown	gray	Brown	fair
Tobias Rains	1 st Lieut	43	" "	" "	" "	5-10 1/2	do	gray	gray Brown	do
William [unclear]	Citizen	24				5-7	do	Blue	do	do
John D. Payne	Private	29	April 4 th	Gen. W. Webster Maj. G. B. G. I. O. I.	Carleville Va.	5-9	Sandy	gray	do	do
Leland [unclear]	Citizen	42				6-	Black	Brown	do	do

B. A. Jones Col
Comd'g Post Beverly Va

Descriptive list of 17
 Prisoners brought in

1013 April 11th 1862

List sent to Genl Sherman
 April 14 1862

(Signature)

NAMES	Complexion	hair	Height	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
John W. Merrill	dark	dark	5=7	blue	36.	red
James H. May	dark	dark	5=10	gray	50.	dark
John Rutherford	fair	dark	5=8 1/4	gray	62	x
						x

Confessions

John W. Merrill of West Co Va, was taken in West Co Va
by Capt Shrewalter of the 6th Regt Va Vol says he has done nothing

John H. Vay, of Marion Co Va the same one that we had before and
was transferred to the U. S. Marshal Norton

John Rutherford Taylor Co Va he says he has done nothing, Citizen,
Miller by Trade

Jonathan Ogden, Harrison Co Va he says he has done nothing

Smith D. Robinson Taylor Co Va he says he was in the Southern
Army last Spring, but has since returned home and taken the
Oath of Allegiance

George F. Cooper Taylor Co Va says he scouted some last Spring
but afterwards took the Oath of Allegiance

John Tucker Taylor Co Va he says he has done nothing
against the Government that he knows of

Description

Names	Complexion	hair	Height	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
John W. Merrill x	dark	dark	5=7	blue	36.	red
James H. Noyes	dark	dark	5=10	gray	50.	dark
John Rutherford	fair	dark	5=8 1/4	gray	62	x
Sanctus Oyon	dark	black	6	gray	46	x
Smith D. Robinson	dark	blond	5=11 1/2	gray	25	black
George F. Cooper.	fair	dark	5=10	blue	21	x
John V. Tucker	fair	blond	5=8	blue	17	x

Description list of 7
 Prisoners brought in
 1043
 John W. Merrill
 hair pens to face removed
 April 19 1862
 D.M.B.

Copy of
Protest Marshal Record
1014 St Charles Dist
for April 1162

Monthly Report

No answer

Bellevue

Provost Marshal Record for
the Month of April 1862

April the 2^d 1862
Charles Mc Roberts Montzville F.O. St Charles Co.
James A. Karnett Minthill F.O. St Charles Co.
James Walker, Minthill F.O. St Charles County
James T. Kart Montzville F.O. St Charles Co.
to day appeared before me & took the oath of
allegiance which oaths are filed.

Charles Mc Roberts of St Charles County Mo gave
bond to the amount of one thousand dollars
Securities: Chas Mc Roberts
Fuston Mc Roberts
William Morrison

April 3rd 1862
Having carefully examined & inspected one horse
and two mules now at the stable of Wm Stringer
belonging to the U. S. and being satisfied from
said inspection & the testimony of those skilled
in such matters, that said property is entirely worth-
less and of no value (at the same time of considerable
expense to the U. S.) it is therefore ordered that
said stock be killed

Samuel Mc Lowan, Spencersburg F. O. Pike County
Mo. to day appeared before me
voluntarily and took the oath of allegiance which
oath is filed; bond of one thousand dollars was
required.

Prophet Marshal Office
St Charles April 6/62 3

Received of A. Krekel Supt. Col. comdg
Post at St Charles one small Poz saddle being
part of the property taken after the time I was
arrested and delivered over by Col. Morton with other
of my property

signed J. H. Jones

April the 7th 1862
Walter E. Mc. Atee Wellerburg J. C. St Charles Co
James R. Robinson Montgomery City same Co
W. M. Williams St Charles City & County Mo. Chas.
Babcock of Flint Hill J. C. St Charles County
to day appeared before me and took the oath
of allegiance which oath is now filed.

April the 8th 1862
John R. Brown who was charged with having
taken up arms against U. S. and who had volunteered
by delivered himself up & retained for the purpose
of examining as to whether he had been engaged in
marauding, he this day discharged on his taking
the oath of allegiance and giving his own bond in the sum
of \$1000 Dollars. The giving of security had to be
dispensed with on account of his inability to give
them. He is to report weekly until he furnishes
security.

Protest Marshal Office
St Charles April 8th 1862

John B. Edwards of Battleville St Charles Co.
Benjamin F. Crear of Saline Co., Peter Casady
Chantilla P.O. Lincoln County, David Parly,
Chantilla P.O. Lincoln Co., Thomas Luby
Chantilla P.O. Lincoln County to day appeared
before me and took the oath of allegiance, which
oaths are filed.

April the 10th 1862
Amos Marlow states upon oath that one
Ray mare taken by Col. Todd from his brother
Glaco Marlow's residence is the same now at
the St Charles fairgrounds which was delivered
to day to the owner upon proof that he is loyal

Joseph Casadaq Chantilla P.O. in Lincoln
County & George Muldock Augusta P.O. to day
appeared before me and subscribed the oath
of allegiance which oaths are filed.

John B. Mallet St Charles P.O. St Charles
County Mo. to day appeared before me and
took the oath of allegiance which oath is filed.

Amos Marlow one of the prisoners tried before military
commission at Danville took the oath & gave bond
in the sum of 5000 Dollars as directed in the judgement
of Maj. Genl Halleck & thereupon was discharged

Securities: Amos Marlow
John J. Marlow
John F. Hagg

Honorable Marshal Office
St Charles Mo April 14th 1862

David H. Abel Wellerille F. O. Montgomery Co Mo
one of the prisoners, tried before military com^{rs}
at Danville took the oath of allegiance & was
discharged as directed in the judgement of Maj.
Genl Halleck. —

Edward W. B. Wingfield Wellerille F. O. Mont,
gomery County Mo. one of the prisoners tried before
military commission at Danville took the oath &
gave bond in the sum of 5000 Dollars as directed
in the judgement of Maj. Genl Halleck and thereupon
was discharged. —

Securities: Edward W. B. Wingfield
Elyah Laird
Jacob Goll
Isaac C. Saylor

April the 15th 1862

George W. Farmer Minthill F. O. St Charles
County Mo to day appeared before me voluntarily &
took the oath of allegiance and gave bond to the
amount of one thousand dollars

Securities: George W. Farmer
E. W. Seigel
John A. Farmer

Provost Marshal Office
St Charles Mo April 15th 1862

John A. Farmer Minthill P. O. St Charles
Co. Mo. to day appeared before me voluntarily,
took the oath of allegiance and gave bond to
the amount of one thousand dollars.

Securities: John A. Farmer
E. W. Keigel
S. W. Farmer

John P. Hand taken prisoner by Capt Henry
Windmiller at Big Creek St Charles Co. Mo. —
Examined his case and released him upon taking
Oath & giving bond to the amount of one thousand
dollars. (Minthill P. O.)

Securities: P. Hand
M. A. Hand
Jas Walker
R. R. Reth

Benjamin C. Pearce Wentzville P. O. St Charles Mo
to day appeared before me voluntarily and took
the oath of allegiance which oath is filed.

April 17th 1862

The sale of liquor to soldiers is prohibited
for to day and to morrow

April 17th 1862.

James Cassidy, Chantille F. O. Lincoln County Mo
turned over as prisoner by Capt Warrens comd at
Troy Mo. - His case examined & relieved upon
taking oath and giving bond to the amount of one
thousand dollars

Securities: James Cassidy
Joseph Cassidy
Peter Cassidy

John Tagan Frankfort F. O. Pike County Mo
prisoner tried before military Com. at Danville;
released upon taking the oath & giving bond to
the amount of one thousand dollars

Securities dispensed with. John Tagan

Samuel Jackson Lincoln County Mo. prisoner
taken by Capt Warrens command at Troy and sent
to this place. - Case examined & released upon
taking the oath & giving bond to the amount of
one thousand dollars

Securities: Samuel ^{his} Jackson
James H. Cooke ^{mark} ^{attest A. Kichel}
Reuben Gentry

Virginius Randolph, Wentzville F. O. St Charles Mo
to day appeared before me upon notice and took
the oath of allegiance which oath is filed

Benjamin F. Walker, Wentzville F. O. St Charles County Mo
to day appeared before me voluntarily and took the
oath of allegiance which oath is filed!

Benjamin F. Walker Kentonville P. O. St. Charles County Mo
to day appeared before me voluntarily and took the
oath of allegiance which oath is filed.

Provost Marshal Office
St Charles Mo April 19/62

James Dague Mazonite P. O. St Charles Co.
Mo. to day appeared before me upon notice
and took the oath of allegiance which oath
is filed.

April 24th 1862
Jonathan Thomas Menthill P. O. St Charles Co. Mo
to day appeared before me upon notice & took
the oath of allegiance which oath is filed.

April 28th 1862
Chas E. Houston (baptist) Lincoln County Mo
to day appeared before me upon notice and took
the oath of allegiance which oath is filed.

April 29th 1862
Andith Carter claimed a sorrel mare now at this
Post stating that the mare was stolen from her on Thursday
night before Christmas 1861. The mare was taken from
a boy by the name of Smith who was taking her from
Lincoln County to about bottom in St Charles where a
company was organizing to go to Price. Upon satis-
factory evidence of ownership identity and that the
mare was stolen as stated the same was returned
to Mrs Carter. The evidence in the case is on file.

A. S. Phelps Provost Marshal
for St Charles district.

1015

Mortgage Recd

Hamilton Hall &
Wife

To

James Clark

Trans for Record

April 12th 1860

Rec'd Paid in Mort Book

V. 13 Page 229

Silas Wilson Receiver

Free of 100 paid
by G. L. Nichols

W. T. Jones



(45)

Know all men by these presents that we
Hamilton Hall and Mary A Hall his
wife of the County of Audrain and State
of Missouri Parties of the first part
for and in consideration of the sum of
One Dollar to us in hand paid by James
Clark of the firm of James Clark & Co. the
receipt whereof we do hereby acknowledge
and for other considerations hereinafter men-
tioned do hereby grant bargain sell and
convey to James Clark of the firm of
James Clark and Co. of the City and County
of Saint Louis and State of Missouri party
of the second part the following real Estate
lying in Broadwaters addition to the City
of Mexico in the County of Audrain & State
of Missouri to wit Lots number One & Eight
(1 & 8). Subject to a prior debt & lien of One Hun-
dred & Seventy five (\$175⁰⁰) Dollars evidenced by
Deed of Trust to Mr. M^r. Shancy Trustee Recor-
ded in Book "A" of Mortgages in Records of
file in Audrain County in favor of
John Hall. C. C. Ricketts having on
the 18th day of March 1861 purchased of
said John Hall an interest in said Trust
deed to the amount of One hundred Dollars.

To have and to hold the aforesaid Real
Estate with all and singular the

improvements and appurtenances there
to belonging unto the said James
Clark his heirs and assigns forever.
upon these express conditions whereas
Hamilton Hall has executed and de-
livered his negotiable promissory note
bearing date 24th day of March 1862 to
James Clark & Co. payable one day after
date for the sum of Two Hundred &
thirteen $\frac{03}{100}$ (1213 $\frac{03}{100}$) Dollars with interest
from maturity at the rate of ten percent
per annum. Now if the said Hamilton
Hall his executors administrators or shall
pay the sum of money specified in said
note and all interest that may be due
thereon according to the tenor and effect
thereof then this conveyance to be void
otherwise it shall remain in full force
and virtue in law.

In witness whereof we have here
unto set our hands & seals this 9th day
of April A.D. 1862

Hamilton Hall. 
Mary A. Hall. 

The State of Missouri }
County of Andrew } ss

This day personally ap.

appeared before me the undersigned a Justice of the Peace within and for the County of Andrain and State aforesaid Hamilton Hall and Mary A. Hall his wife both of whom are personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the within and foregoing deed of mortgage as parties thereto and who acknowledged that they executed the same for the uses and purposes therein mentioned and that the said Mary A. Hall being by me first made acquainted with the contents of said deed and ~~examined~~ separately and apart from her said husband acknowledged that she executed the same & relinquished her right of dower to the real estate therein named freely voluntarily and without undue influence from her said husband. Given under my hand and seal this 9th day of April A.D. 1862

W. Gilliam J.P. (Seal)

State of Missouri
 County of Anderson Office of Recorder
 This Deed of Mortgage from
 Hamilton Hall to James Blunt was
 filed for Record on the 12th day of
 April A D 1862 and the same
 together with the certificate of ac-
 knowledgment thereon has been duly
 Recorded by me in Vol B B
 Page 229

Given under my hand with seal
 of office hereto affixed at office
 in Mexico on this day & year aforesaid
 Lucas Wilson Recorder

1015

Mortgage Deed

Hamilton Hall &
 wife

To

James Blunt

Executed

April 12th 1862
 at Hamilton Hall
 B. Blunt

Lucas Wilson Recorder

Free of charge

Free of charge

W. H. Blunt

1862

1016

Apr 11 1872

Two or more

Citizens

Next
Office of Provost Marshal of Department of Va.

Camp Hamilton
~~Fort Monroe~~, Va. 11. 1862

To Major Jas. Jones
Provost Marshal
Ct of Va
Sir

I have the honor to report

That 3 men belonging to Co. A
9th N.Y. Cavalry was arrested for stealing sheep
from Mr Phillips they paid for the sheep &
will be tried by Reg. Court Martial

You will also find a accompanying
this. Charges against J. A. Munroe for
stealing

Respectfully Submitted

J. M. Jenkins
Capt of Court Marshal
Camp Hamilton

Report of Cor. Marshall
1017 for Apr 30, 1862

Wm. W. Miller
Troy

Office of Provost Marshal of Department of Va.

Fort Monroe, May 1st 1862

Report of Provost Marshal,
for April 30.

Passengers by the
Baltimore Boat, reported at Headquarters,
and oaths of Allegiance administered to
Civilians at this office.

Two Barrels of Whiskey,
belonging to a Mrs Gallagher, were seized and
turned over to the Medical Director of this
Dept.

Forty Five cases of Gin. being the balance
of Messrs Voorhes and Pills former order, (and
Fifty cases of which were seized yesterday,
and reported to you,) were seized and returned
to Baltimore per Express.

All quiet at this
Post, lamps Hamilton and Butler.

Respectfully submitted
Major Wm P Jones U.S.A.
A.D.C. and Prov Marshal.

1018

Respectfully referred
to the particular attention
of Maj Gen Hood.

Wm J Jones
Provost Marshal &c

Why do you not
go and examine these
papers? It is not
necessary to report
to me for authority
in such cases.

J. Hood
Major Genl
Apr 2. 64

Citizens
New or in want

Check
Office of Provost Marshal of Department of Va.

Camp ~~Hampton~~ ~~Fort Monroe~~ May 2nd 1862

Sir

Major ^{Geo} Jones
Provost Marshal
Dept. of Va
Sir

I have the honor to report

that from all the information I can obtain there is liquor in Hampton in the Schooners which have been laying here for some time past. I have not the power to go over & search said Schooners thereby breaking up the infernal den which is destroying our usually quiet Camps.

Mr Robert Mares of Back River wants a guard to protect his property from the soldiers who are tearing down his fences & houses

The 58th Pa
Bats has had a target for some time in a dangerous position until yesterday I ordered it away, one of the 16th Regt being shot in the leg by a ball from one of their rifles.

he will lose his leg. The 58th is also cutting the
woods of Mr. Dutton and refuse to stop saying
their Co. has permission from Maj Gen. Wood

Respectfully Submitted

A. W. B. S.

Sgt. Plover

Camp Hamilton

1019

Report of Prov. Marshal

Dep. of Va.

April 11, 1862.

Two copies

Citizens

Office of Provost Marshal of Department of Va.

Fort Monroe, April 11th 1862

Report of Provost Marshal
for April 10th

Passengers by Baltimore Boat reported at Head Quarters and Oath of Allegiance administered to Civilians at this Office

In the case of the men charged with creating a riot on the night of the 9th Inst. The matter was referred by Major Gen^l. Wool to Col Cram

W^m. Clinton was arrested for giving a drink of Siquor to a prisoner in "Fort Wool" was released. Fitzpatrick the overseer. having stated that it was done innocently and that he would be responsible for Clintons future good conduct

Capt Purleigh reports that everything is comparatively quiet -
in

Camp Hamilton, with the exception
of a few cases of intoxication. The
men found so intoxicated have been
arrested and sent to their respective
Commanders, for punishment.

A Cold man named Murre
was arrested, charged with stealing
a horse from the farm of a man
named Souie beyond Stampston
and also resisting the Provost Guard
and threatening them, I will send
him to Fort Coob. for punishment.

All quiet at this Post and
Camp Gutter

Respectfully Submitted,
Major Wm P Jones U.S.A.

Capt Provost Marchant
dept of Va

1020

Alb 502

Citizens

Devermore

Camp Hamilton April 5 1863

Major W. S. Jones

Woodstock

Dept. of Va

Sir

In the matter of James Phillips (called in the report "Jeff" through mistake) I have the honor to report,

That James Phillips claims to own a farm on which stands the windmill on said farm containing 90 acres.

His family consists of one girl 18 years of age, Mother 70 years, 1 nephew, 1 young woman & 3 slaves, He has 15 Head of Cattle, 13 Sheep, 2 Pigs & 1 colt belonging to his Brother Gilbert & taken from his farm by him.

On the farm of Gilbert Phillips, now in the Rebel Army (the white horse pen on County & Newmarket - Bridge crossing) there now remain, 1 Bull, 1 Steer & 2 cows, 1 yearling, 1 colt James has taken away & another that has been taken by Smith & Drummond (who has never taken the oath & claims the colt for debt) There was also on the farm several hundred bushels of Corn & wheat which has been taken away by James Phillips & Smith & Drummond & others.

On the farm of James Phillips, now with the Rebels there are 30 sheep & 3 cows, 1 yearling & 3 Hogs and a lot of wheat & several hundred bushels.

William Phillips claims most of the stock for debts due him which seems to be the general and favorite excuse among those outside the picket for taking to their own use & benefit any stock or property left behind by the Rebels. Provision also left behind

a lot of oats & corn which has been taken away
by those outside the pickets and applied by many to
their own use & benefit

Respectfully Submitted

A. M. Worthington
Capt of Cavalry Detachment
Camp Hamilton

Paths of Alley.

David Turner $\frac{1}{2}$ of Troy Co. Mo.
Samuel Graham $\frac{1}{2}$

Apr. 21. 67

bits.

We solemnly swear, that we will bear true
allegiance to the United States and support
and sustain the Constitution and laws thereof,
that we will maintain the National Sovereign-
ty paramount to that of State, County or
Confederate powers; that We will discourage,
discountenance and forever oppose Secession,
Rebellion and disintegration of the Federal
Union; that We disclaim and denounce
all faith and fellowship with the so-called
Confederate Army, and pledge our honor,
property and our lives to the sacred per-
formance of this our solemn oath of
allegiance to the United States of America.

David Corner (Seal)

Samuel Eaton (Seal)

Given to and subscribed before me, this
twentieth day of April AD 1862, at
the town of Foyth, Fancy County Mo.

Fred. E. Schreiner
1st Dep. Prov. Marsh. Post.

(Signed Triplicates)

We solemnly swear that we will bear true
allegiance to the United States and support
and sustain the Constitution and laws
thereof, that we will maintain the
National Sovereignty paramount to that
of State, County or Confederate powers,
that we will discourage, discountenance
and forever oppose Secession, Rebellion
and disintegration of the Federal Union,
that we will disclaim and denounce
all faith and fellowship with the so-
called Confederate Army, and pledge
our honor, our property and our lives
to the sacred performance of this our
solemn oath of Allegiance to the
United States of America.

David Corner (Seal)

Samuel Chapman (Seal)

Given to and subscribed before me
this twentieth Day of April A.D. 1862
at the town of Forsyth, Taney County, Mo.

Wm. E. Schreiner
1st Dep. Post. Marsh. Post.

(Signed Duplicate)

4757-18. No. 10 19. 1853.

Contrabands

1022

Certificate of Freedom under
the laws of Congress of
Edward, & Manual Giles,
made by

Majr A.S. Harkin
63. Ohio Vols

April 25. 1862

A. S. H.

To
Brig. Genl. D. S. Stanley
Comd'g 1st Div Army of Miss:

Sir: -

This is to represent that Edward Giles & Hannah his wife, fugitive slaves, are employed as servants in the 63rd Regt O.V. - the former by Quartermaster Skinner & the latter by myself.

Edward escaped from the rebels and entered our lines on or about the 7th of March last and imparted to us information concerning the Fort below New Madrid, in respect to its character, dimensions &c., he having been employed thereon some four weeks. Edward & Hannah were the slaves of one Irvin Shields an active secessionist residing in the State of Missouri some 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from New Madrid. His house was for months previous to the arrival of our Army at New Madrid, the rendezvous of rebel officers, numbers of them being there constantly, and the aforesaid Hannah being the cook for said ^{Shields} family was compelled to render additional and undue services in cooking for said rebel officers.

In consideration of such information given and services rendered, they are, under a late law of Congress, deemed to be entitled to be set free, and for this object these facts are submitted to your consideration.

Most Respectfully

Your Obedt Servt

A. A. Martin.

Mag. 63rd Regt O.V.

Hannibury Apr. 25th 1862.

I approve and endorse

the above statement

J. W. Sprague Col
63rd Regt O.V.

Col. E. P. Scammon

Raleigh, N. C. April 1862

~~1023~~

List of
persons who have
taken oath of allegiance.

Lists

Recd. (copy) May 4/62

List of Persons to whom the Oath of Allegiance has been administered

Date	No	Name	By whom administered	Residence
April				
2	1	Eli R. Claypool	Lieut. R. P. Kennedy a. a. c. g.	1 miles from Greentree Co. line, Fayette Co.
3	2	Samuel G. Dietz	Col. C. P. Scammon	
3	3	Enoch J. Wood	"	
3	4	William Ellison	"	
3	5	John Martin	"	
3	6	George S. Gill	"	
3	7	Harvey Kincaid	"	
3	8	William Savendish	"	
3	9	Dr. Wm. B. Harrison	Lieut. R. P. Kennedy a. a. c. g.	
6	10	John W. Dietz	"	4 miles from Fayetteville
13	11	Geo. W. Siderstricker	"	12 " " " 5 miles from Lowy's Ferry
"	12	Samuel Siderstricker	"	12 " " " " "
"	13	William Martin	"	Greentree Co. 10 miles from Richmond's Ferry
"	14	John H. Hedrick	"	18 " " " " "
"	15	Francis Fincher	"	20 miles from Fayetteville
14	16	John W. Walker	"	20 " " " Walnut Knob
"	17	Mr. W. Warren	"	20 " " " " "
"	18	Wm. W. Warren	"	20 " " " " "
"	19	J. W. Reynolds	"	25 " " " Greentree Co.
"	20	David Gray	"	53 " " " " "
"	21	Andrew Whangor	"	42 " " " " "
15	22	Wm. A. Withrow	"	14 " " " on Lowy's Ferry road
"	23	Thomas Withrow	"	14 " " " " "
23	24	Rufus B. Lilly	Col. Hugh Caring	
"	25	Edmund W. Katcher	"	
"	26	William H. Lilly	"	
"	27	W. H. Lilly	"	
"	28	Green W. Lilly	"	
"	29	John W. Lilly	"	
"	30	George Hill	"	

C. P. Scammon
 Cf. 23 W. C.
 Caring & Co. Perry

23	31	Franklin Loun	Col. Hugh Caring
	32	Ernest H. W. Lewis	"
	33	Samuel Peck	"
24	34	Bird W. Brown	"
	35	Robert G. Hadfield	"
	36	Clara Scarborough	"
25	37	Samuel Lark	"
	38	Garland Sims	"
	39	Frederick S. Sumner	"
	40	John Atkins	"
26	41	William D. Wheeler	"
	42	Chapman J. Cole	"
	43	John W. Bradford	"
	44	William C. Parker	"
	45	Anderson L. Parker	"
27	46	Hugh S. Simmons	"
	47	Pleasant Williams	"
	48	Herbert Stover	"
	49	Floyd Williams	"
28	50	Marcus L. Solberg	"
28	51	Robert Atkins	"
	52	Robert Graham	"
	53	James Graham	"
	54	William Blankenship	"
	55	Wiley Graham	"
29	56	Hugh Davis	"
	57	Samuel P. Kelly	"
	58	Wiley Kelly	"
	59	James Kelly	"

Fort Yuma

April 14. 1862.

Major C. A. Hogg

1024

Citizens

Relative to Political
Prisoners. —

April 10, 1862

Head Quarters at Geneva
April 14 1862

Lieutenant,

Please the honor to transmit for
the disposal of the 1st Command District, on the
of Allegiance & Parole of Political Prisoners now
now in confinement at this Post. J. D. Hubert, Hugh C.
Morse, William Wood, Andrew King, J. Lawrence, Joseph H. King,
J. R. Samuel, W. Moore, Oliver Wood, Dennis Donnelly,
Henry Crowl, W. Hammett, Chas. M. Benthley, J. H. H.
into, Joseph M. Sampson, W. H. Wilson, Rufus H. Ward,
Edgar M. Morgan, W. Sands, W. Edwards, Calvin M.
Lewisell, Levi Rogers, Simon A. Rogers, Edmund Sumner,
Henry H. Dickey. all of which were present in presence
of the entire command on the Parade Ground.

M. J.
Lieut. B. L. Latta
A. A. Latta
Southern District
California

Respectfully
Yours truly
Edwin S. Pigg
Major 1st Regt Cal
Command

1028
Fort Yuma

April 15. 1862.

Eben S. Woyes.

~~Cetognathus~~

Relative to Trade
at Pima Villages.

Fort Yuma Apr. 15th. 1862.

Dear Sir,

When I began trade at the Pimo Villages. I was given by the Agent having charge of that Reservation, the sole right to trade there, with the exception that the Overland Mail Co. were allowed to buy grain for their stock. Our purpose was to supply the Forts east of us with grain and flour, and for that we went to considerable outlay in the way of putting up store and mill, but the Forts were so soon after abandoned, that as yet we have received no return for our expenditure. Within a day or two I have heard that our store and mill were not destroyed by the rebels, as first reported, and thinking Major Rigg had the right, I applied to him to be again granted the sole privilege of trading on the Reservation. He says it is not his right to give, and advised my writing to you. There is now no Agent for that Reservation.

It may seem presumption, Sir, in thus applying for a monopoly, but it is no more than I

had before this rebellion, and it seems to me I am entitled to a chance to re-establish myself as before. I understand the Indians well, and can do a fair business in buying their grain and selling to the Government, agreeing to sell at reasonable rates. Before we established ourselves at the Villages, the Indians raised only grain enough for their own wants, and the advancement they have made is mostly through our exertions. Not a drop of liquor was ever allowed on the Reservation, and it is to be hoped that article will never be given the Indians.

I have so very carefully obeyed your instructions in regard to speaking of any movements, that 'tis only to-day I've heard how matters stand up the road. When I first came down here, Major Rigg told me our place was entirely destroyed, and since then I've had no information from him.

Is there any chance for Mr White to be released by exchange or otherwise? I hope he may be if possible before hot weather fairly sets in.

Very respectfully yours,
Eben S. Noyes.

Col. J. H. Carleton. }
Los Angeles. }

Fort Yerraco

1026

April 14. 1862.

The. Wilson. others.

Citizens

April 14. 1862.

Fort Sumner Cal, April the 14th 1862

Major Rigg

Sir

If it meets your approbation
and is convenient I should be glad that
the Party I am sent, above, with should consist
of the following named, of the Party to which
I belonged to. Ask it as a favor for various
Reasons.

Your obt Servt

Theodore A. Wilson

Henry Crowell

William Wood

Y Woods

J. L. Roberts

A King

E Sumner

Jas Lawrence

R. W. Ward

To Major Rigg
Comd
Post

Matrimonial
Case of The (Mrs)
and Montgomery

by
W. Master Hardin

~~_____~~
April 10th 1862

~~_____~~
~~_____~~
Citizens

Wheeling April 10th 1862

Nester Harden Cole Settlement Barbours Co Va
States

A week or two since 9 secesh from the direction of Richmond came through to Jacob Nicola's Mill. The Union Citizens there informed the Union Soldiers that these secesh. were in the neighborhood. When the soldiers came to John S. Montgomery's house he told them the secesh. had gone either up or down the river. Afterward he informed them that the secesh were in the house. Montgomery remarked that there was no danger, but as the soldiers approached the house they were fired on from within and two wounded. Dr. Cowan in the right breast, has since died. Another in the knee.

Montgomery said they ^(the secesh) were deserters from the Rebel Army and wished now to become loyal citizens. The soldiers arrested the two Nicola's Montgomery and two of the Rebels. The Nicola's and Montgomery had for some time been harboring and furnishing provisions to Rebels.

Refers to Rev Mr Parks

1028

Brunswick - April 15th 66

John A. Blue

extending thanks for ar-
resting certain Rebel min-
ister

Citizens

Brunswick, Mo. Apr. 15. 1862

Provost Marshal. General,
St Louis, Mo.

Sir: We, the subscribers,
Union men, think you have done a
good work in silencing the Rebel
W. G. Caples from preaching, as we
believe it was only a pretext for sow-
ing disloyalty over his District.

Another so-called Chaplain was
captured at the same time on Blau-
water, and released as we understand,
on his parole, and is now teaching
school here - Rev. J. C. Parker. He
is "a Cape Cod seceder" - "a northern
man with southern principles" - and
as we believe, an incurable rebel.

If such men are allowed to go out
on their parole, and preach to the
women, and teach the children - in-
doctrinating the families of Missouri,
we shall never have peace nor loyalty.
This "parole dodge" has given "aid and
comfort" to the rebels, and we would
suggest that in the case of the Rev.
J. C. Parker, he be required to take
the oath and give \$5000 bond to be
allowed his residence among us as a
teacher and preacher.

Very respectfully,
J. H. Blues

Clerk, Cir. Court,

Judge C. C. Pleas,

Deputy Clerk,

Judge County S.

Merchants Lawyer.

W. C. Hancock

M. S. Moberly

Chas. A. Winslow

John S. Cunningham

James H. Douglas

We might add all the Union men,
but deem this sufficient.

Capt Levering A.L. No
Gawley Bridge
1099 8th April 1822

Represents case of
my
Mule packer's

Clive & Cogette
bits

L-102-02

137

Gauley Bridge Va. Apr. 9. 1862

Genl. Cox. Com. Dir.
Charleston Va.

Sir

The bearers of this,
Joseph Clain and Xavier Goyett, are discharged
because of sickness.

They represent, that with others they were
sent from St Louis to this Dept. to teach
the "art and mystery" of mule packing. Worked at
Clarksburg, were transferred to this place
without pay, have had no pay here, neither
can any be had, as Capt. Fitch has had
no funds.

They cannot get home, unless
you can do something for them.

I have taken the liberty to represent
their case to you.

I am Sir

Yours obt.

John Lerering
Capt and Asst

1030
Capt. Thrall. A.G.

Whelley. 90

5th April 1862

Saying that coming here &
disapproves of report of
Board of Survey. held for
Littlepage - Card. 9000

bits

Reid - (A.G.C.) 11th April 1862

Mountain
Headquarters ~~Department of Western Virginia,~~

Wheeling, Apr. 5. 1862.

General

The report of Board of Survey, convened to
examine the damages alleged to have been done by the
federal troops to the farms of Adam B. Littlepage
— Carr and — Brigham have been laid before
the Comd'g Genl., and has by him been disapproved.

Very Respectfully

Your Obedt. Servant

Henry Small

A. A. G.

Brig. Genl. J. D. Cox
Comd'g Dist. Kanawha

1031

Bond & Cash ~~etc~~

\$2000: April 29th 1862

1000⁰⁰ Jones, Thomas

1000⁰⁰ Jones, Martin

Douglas Co. Mo.

Security

Edward Collins.

Limits

Douglas Co.

S

Thomas Jones
Martin Jones
Elder? Collins
Bond \$2,000
April 29, 1862

Know all Men by these Presents: That We, Thomas Jones
Martin Jones, and Edward Collins

of the county of Douglas
and State of Missouri are held and firmly bound to the Commanding Officer of the South-
Western District of the Department of Missouri, in the penal sum of Two Thousand Dollars, to
be collected summarily of our lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods and chattels, by the military or civil author-
ities, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer of the District, for which we bind ourselves, our executors, admin-
istrators and assigns, firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals, and dated this 29th day of
April, A. D. 1862.

Now, the condition of this obligation is such that whereas the above bounden Thomas Jones & Martin Jones
has been arrested on the charge of aiding and abetting the
rebelling of the Southern States

and has been released on taking the following oath:

"I solemnly swear that I will bear true allegiance to the United States, and support and sustain the Constitution and laws thereof; that I will maintain the National Sovereignty paramount to that of State, County, or Confederate powers; that I will discourage, discountenance, and forever oppose Secession, Rebellion, and disintegration of the Federal Union; that I disclaim and denounce all fellowship with the so-called Confederate army, and pledge my honor, my property, and my life to the sacred performance of this my solemn oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States of America."

Now if the said Thomas Jones & Martin Jones remain within the county of Douglas and
State of Missouri, and shall not leave the said county without permission of a Commanding Of-
ficer of the United States forces, whose command extends over said county, and will give no aid, information, or en-
couragement to the rebel, confederate, or insurgent army, and will strictly abide by the oath of allegiance above reci-
ted, then this obligation will be null and void; otherwise to be and remain in full force and effect.

Signed, Sealed, and delivered at Mont Pleasant this 29th day of April 1862 in the

presence of Ed. Weston May & Forest Marshal
Senne

W. D. U. S. [SEAL.]
Thomas Jones [SEAL.]
Martin Jones [SEAL.]
Edward Collins [SEAL.]
St. J. McCleams

1032 Bond

Richard Bryant

Shadrach Oliver

John Eulone

Abner Russell

John Steele

W. P. Clahanan

D. L. Clahanan

Massae & Pope Cos.

Illinois

April 22nd 1862

\$10.000

lets

Know all Men by these Presents, That we Richard Bryant, Shadrach Oliver, John Eulove, Abner Russell, John Stule, W. P. Clamahan, Secunders Clamahan in the County of Massac & Pope and State of Illinois, as principals and the ~~with~~ every one as securities for the others of the County of _____ in the same State, as sureties, hereby acknowledge ourselves to be held and firmly bound unto the United States of America, in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars for the payment of which, well and truly to be made, we hereby bind ourselves, and each of our heirs, executors administrators and assigns.

Sealed with our seals this 22nd day of April A. D. 1862.

The condition of the above obligation is such that whereas the above bounden parties ~~above named~~ has been arrested upon the charge of having given aid and comfort to the enemies of the United States and of other acts of disloyalty; and whereas the said above named parties has taken and subscribed the oath hereto annexed, and has agreed that he will not leave the County of Illinois ^{states} and Kentucky during the present rebellion, without the written permission of the commanding officer of the nearest military post established by the United States authorities and will report in person to such commander, whenever by him required in writing so to do; and has also agreed to give immediate information to said commander of any hostile movement, gathering or conspiracy which he may become apprised of; and to notify the officer aforesaid of any and all attempts which he may learn any person is making to enlist recruits for, or to induce others to join the so-called Confederate army, or to give aid and comfort thereto. Now, if the said above named parties shall well and truly keep ^{their} said oath and perform his other agreements hereinbefore set out, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise of full force and effect.

And it is hereby understood and agreed, that in case the said above named parties should violate any of the conditions of this obligation any officer in the military service of the United States, acting under the orders of the nearest post commander, may seize and sell or otherwise dispose of any and all property of the above named obligant, to an amount sufficient to satisfy and discharge the amount above named, without having recourse to any proceeding at law.

Richard H. Bryant	(P.S.)	Abner Russell	(P.S.)
Shadrach Oliver	(P.S.)	John Stule	(P.S.)
John Eulove	(P.S.)	W. P. Clamahan	(P.S.)
		G. L. Clamahan	(P.S.)

Wm. M. Stewart

Richard Bryant
Shadrach Oliver
John Culone
Abner Russell
John Steele
W. F. Hanahan
D. L. Hanahan

Massac & Pope Co.
Illinois.
April 22^d 1862

We Richard Bryant
 Shadth Oliver
 John Culbreth
 Abner Russell
 John Steele
 W. P. Clamahan
 Alexander Clamahan

of Massac & Pope Counties
 Illinois

State of ~~Illinois~~ do solemnly swear that ~~I~~ we
 will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the
 United States against all enemies, whether domestic or foreign; that ~~I~~ we
 bear true faith, allegiance and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, resolution or
 law of any State Convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding;
 and, further, that ~~I~~ we will well and faithfully perform all the duties which may
 be required of me by the laws of the United States. And ~~I~~ we take
 this oath freely and voluntarily, without any mental reservation or evasion
 whatsoever, with a full and clear understanding that Death, or other punishment
 by the judgment of a Military Commission, will be the penalty for the
 violation of this, my solemn oath and parole of honor.

Certificate:

Subscribed & sworn before me
 at Paducah, Ky., this 22^d day
 of April, 1862 -
 J. H. Holloman

Richard T. Brown Seal
 Shadth Oliver Seal
 John W. Culbreth Seal
 Abner Russell SEAL
 John Steele Seal
 W. P. Clamahan Seal
 A. Clamahan Seal

Witnesses:

Provost Marshal
 J. M. Howell

D. O.,

County, = Uca.

"

"

"

"

IN TRIPLICATE.

One copy to be given to person taking the oath.
 One copy to be sent to the Head Quarters of the Department.
 One copy to the Commanding Officer or Provost - Marshal of the camp,
 garrison, town or county where the oath was taken; and no oath to be
 administered except by order or with the knowledge of said Commanding
 Officer or Provost - Marshal.

June 13 Dale, Maj W. H. Ham
Emmanuel Lelay
Chargé

Apr. 28, 1862

Clyde

John B. Dale

Arrested at Home near Cartage on the 26th
Inst by order of Col. Lehas Doubleday Commanding 2nd
Ohio Cavalry - Charge - Violating his oath of allegiance
recently taken, by offering to furnish guides, arms
ammunition & to operate against the government

Major Wm Warren

Arrested in the brush near Jones Creek
Meeting House by order Col. Lehas Doubleday Comd'g
2nd O. V. C. Charge - being an armed depredatior
& being in command of a band of Marauders sworn
to take the property & lives of all Union men in the
country

John Mc. Hall

(~~John W. Lacey~~ will have witnesses for prosecution here by
Jury on May 3.)
Arrested at Diamond Grove by order Col.
Lehas Doubleday Comd'g 2nd O. V. C. - Charge - being a
Jayhawker - Stealing from Robbing & laying in the
brush for the purpose of shooting Union men

Emmanuel Blay

Arrested in the brush near Jones Creek Meeting
House by order Col. Lehas Doubleday Comd'g 2nd O. V. C.
Charge - being a member of a Band of depredatior for the
purpose of Stealing Robbing & killing Union men along the
border

Cartage on April 28th 1863

These men were all arrested
on the same day to
26 Inst

W. H. Key & adjutant

1034
Thyres, Morris & Cat-
tillins, charges re-
-

Patterson-

Apr. 15, 1862

Cats,

Fort Scott Kansas.

April 15th 1862.

Charge against Myrnes, Morris, and Hatterhuns
Now confined in the Guard House at Fort Scott,
by order Col Chas Doubleday, acting Brig General.
This against Myrnes and Morris, Chas on
Arrest the 6th day of April 1862. they without
any authority whatever, from any United States
officer, they then and there with their officers
of the United States, or soldiers of the United States
did take and lead away certain horses from
Citizens of Vernon county, Missouri this, and
from Albert Badger, and more and call from
Mrs Bidler, one horse from Chas Logan and one
from Washington Collins, and other unauthorizing
violation of law and order.

Charge against Hatterhuns. Desertion from
the 6th Regiment Kansas Volunteer Infantry
Further charge against Myrnes and Morris, that
in committing the foregoing acts they find upon,
and are to be find upon by those accompanying
them, certain Citizens of Vernon county, and

Said Citizens then and there put on in
arms against the Government, or in the commission
of any unlawful act.

13
Reuben Faulkner

Charges & Specifications

Wm. J. J. H. S.

Apr. 23, 1852

Head Quarters Detachment
2^d O.V.C Nevada Mo. Apr. 23, 1862
Charges against 2^d Squad of prisoners

Reuben Faulkner

A member of Willard's band, a rebel, and
the harborer of Jayhawkers.

Joseph Camp

Charged with the murder of - Stutz
- a Union man. Sometime in March last.

John Huckleby

Member of Willard's band and
assisted in ~~the~~ Jayhawking Collin Wilson's horses.

Frank Muschauer

A rebel and a Jayhawker
(Just heard the evidence in his case and released
him)

Isaac Huckleby

Member of Hillard's band and
assisted in the murder of the Iowa troops -
At least found in possession of property taken
at the time they were killed at Montavella.

John Ream

Former member of Price's Army and
a member of Hillard's band. in assisting
Union men &c. &c.

Capt. A. S. Sumner

Act Major Comd Det. 20. &c.

I enclose you list of property taken with
prisoners. He will be off in fifteen minutes for
Lamar. I send you a horse and equipments
taken from an officer of the 1st Iowa at the
fight at Montavella. I understand a part
of this Reg. is at the St. So that they can be
notified of the recovery of their property. Permitted

James M.

J. A. Hawkins

Apr 8, 1862

Cts

11

U States
by
James Mahan
J. A. Hawker

Disloyalty

J. J. Hankins & James Mahan of Shannon
county, Missouri, this 8th day of April, charged
as follows:

Charges and Specifications.

Charge I. Found in arms against the
government of the United States.

Specification: In this that, the aforesaid J.
J. Hankins and James Mahan, were found
in Shannon county with arms in their hands,
resisting the authority of the United States.

Charge II
Aiding & Abetting the enemies of
the United States:

Specification: In this, that the above named
party did on several occasions use language
disrespectful to the government of the United
States, and threaten to kill several known
Union men on account of their having taken
the oath, thereby aiding and abetting the ene-
mies of the United States.

The accused were found guilty of
the above charges and specifications:

Salem, Mo., Apr. 8, 1862

H. H. Hand
Deputy Pro-
secutor

Handwritten scribbles at the top of the page, possibly representing a signature or a set of initials.

The remainder of the page is mostly blank, with some faint, illegible markings and noise, likely due to the quality of the scan or the original document's content.

1037

Spier Louis April 17th 1862

doc: G. W. Marsh, a. a. S.

Will send information re regard to
Hospital.

Sends names of prisoners and there
and transmits letter for Capt. Miller
and instructions for Capt. Moore.

~~D. C.~~

Rec'd April 18th 1862.

Head Quarters, Missouri State Militia,

St. Louis, April 14th 1862

Captain

In reply to Genl Totten's favor of the 11th
I am instructed by the General to say that the matter
of a Post Hospital, Surgeon &c at Jefferson City
will be decided upon in a day or two when he will
be advised.

The names of the Prisoners sent
here by Col Appstein are Julius Glade
F. Feldman, and Paul Eickhoff, the others
were never arrested and are still at large in
the vicinity of Old Camp.

I enclose a letter for Capt
Miller and instructions for Capt Wood the
mustering officer to report facts in the
case,

Very resp^{ly}

A. H. Sears

Capt of Artillery

Captain Lucian J. Barnes
Jefferson City
Mo

1038

Apr 3 64

Apr 3 64

1862
Order for Release
of Reed &
Hastler

Apr 30

Citizens

Received by
[Signature]

April 30th / 1862

Officers of the Central Guard
Name you will please release

Benjamin Reed & Gabriel Hottle

By order of Lieut. A. B. Bryan
of Co. D 4th Reg. Cavalry

1039

James Dyche

Thomas Stanton

Appelavit

Cts

Apr 30 62

State of Missouri
County of Andrew

James Dyche and Thomas Stanton personally appeared before the undersigned Edward Rapell a Notary Public within and for the County of Andrew and State of Missouri who being duly sworn on their oaths State that one certain Steer Red and White Speckled Nine years old is the property of Jeremiah Stanton and One certain White Steer with some red spots on him about ten years old also one ^{with black face and legs with four} Sorrell Mare about six years old and one Grey Mare six years old and one Grey Mule one year old said property was taken from Joseph Stanton by the Home Guards in Andrew County Missouri about the first day of April A D 1862 and we know said property to belong to Jeremiah Stanton and Joseph Stanton aforesaid

James Dyche
Thomas Stanton

Subscribed and sworn to before me this April
30th A D 1862

In testimony whereof I have
hereunto set my hand and seal
Attest this the 30th day of
April A D 1862
Edward Rapell
Notary Public

I have known the subscribing
witnesses viz. James Wyche & Thomas Stanton
for a number of years. — So far as
I have known, heard or even
had any means of ascertaining, they
are loyal & united men — never
having known or heard that they
have participated or given aid or
comfort to the enemies of either during
the present war.

Given under my hand April
13th A.D. 1864. E. A. Carson

State of Missouri
County of Andrew

This affiant James M. Elliott states
on his oath that Joseph Stanton the Bear
of this affidavit is a good Union Man and has
been loyal to his County through the present Civil
War and that said Stanton has been living
in Nebraska Territory for the last twelve
months and has lately returned to this State

James M. Elliott

Subscribed and sworn to before me this April 23rd 1862

Edward Russell J. P.

I do hereby certify that I know James M. Elliott
personally and that he has been true to his County

Edward Russell

State of Missouri }
County of Andrew } ^{SS} I do hereby certify that on the 23rd day
of April A.D. 1862 that Edward Russell was acting
judge of the Peace within and for the County of Andrew
and State of Missouri duly commissioned and acting
as such and that full faith and credit are due to his
acts as such

In testimony whereof I Daniel Van Buskirk
Clerk of the Andrew County Court
have hereunto subscribed my name and
affixed the seal of office this 23rd day
of April A.D. 1862

Daniel Van Buskirk Clerk
of Andrew County Court

1040

Ciba

Col^o Adams

17-10-2

April the 10th 1862

Report of property taken as
contraband, being used in the
rebel service

one dark horse 16 hands high
10 years old taken as the property
of Columbus Adams } A. P. Bower
witness

one sorrel horse 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ hands high
8 years old taken as the property
of Thirsa Martin } A. P. Bower, witness

one bay mare 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ hands high 5
years old taken as the property
of Thomas, Pad } Allen Holt

one saddle taken as the property
of Columbus Adams } Joseph Wells
witness

Joseph Wells Capt Andrew Leo
Home Guards fighting band

I # 42
Springfield, Ill.
April 3/62

Illinois: State of
R. Yates, Gov.,
Dothens,
Ill.

In retaliation to sending
Surgeons, nurses, &
supplies up the
Tennessee for the
soldiers in view of
an approaching
battle

Recd Miss of 6/2

file

General Head Quarters, State of Illinois,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Springfield, April 3^d 1862.

Maj Gen N. W. Halleck,
Saint Louis.

General:

We have the honor to inform you that in view of the probabilities of an early battle or battles in which at least fifty thousand Illinois Volunteers will be engaged, a very general desire has been expressed by our people to have provided an extra number of Surgeons and nurses and Hospital stores and medical supplies.

This desire on their part and on ours arises from no apprehension that you will not make every possible effort for the care and comfort of our sick and wounded, but from a belief that we may be able to aid you in providing for our own soldiers.

We therefore propose with your consent to send up the Tennessee from fifty to one hundred Surgeons and Nurses, with

a full supply of such Hospital ~~supplies~~ ^{stores} as we can procure, and we respectfully request that you will provide the necessary papers and transportation either from St. Louis or Cairo as may be necessary.

We would request if practicable that you assign a transport at the expense of this State or otherwise as you may think proper for the conveyance of such Surgeons, nurses and supplies.

We have the honor to remain,

Very Respectfully,

Your Obedt Servants,

Rich^d. Yates Governor

Allen G. Buller

Adm Genl

Jeff^r H. Canby's Adm.

William Butler State Treasurer

O. M. Hatch Sec State

1042

Apr 1-62

1042

Steele

Cobb

OK

Pumpkin granules

W. E. Cooper

P.M.

Apr 1-6

St. Louis

Stuart

Robbins.

City

Prunus granata

W. E. Wood

P. W.

A. office.

April 1. 1862

Major -

Messrs Slemmons, Stuart and
Roberts, of Ohio, are reliable
persons, if the favor they ask
can be granted.

Respectfully
Thomas M. Vincent
Act Adjutant.

Major Geo. Tubot.

A. S. G.

H. J. S. P.

Amended
1862

1043 No 24 E

Special Order for
the arrest Muhammad Ali

2nd April 1862

Ali

Headquarters Provost Marshal's Office,

Washington, D. C. M 2. 1862.

Special Order
No

Major Allen will arrive
and confine in Prison, Macdonald Co
480 14th St

By order of
Wm. W. Doster
Provost Marshal
C. Robinson
Adjutant

And I do hereby direct
that a copy of the within
and the same be furnished to
Judge of Police of
and along the property
of Court in order to the
within as established
N^o 82 White St. N.Y.

Head Quarters
Military Governor D.C.
Washington April 3^d 1862.

To

Major Doster,
Provost Marshal
Washington, D.C.

Major:

I have the honor to report that H. R. McDonald and J. Keller, ^{or A. C. Hammond} Army Claim Agents, doing business at 480, 14th St. Washington, were yesterday arrested by your order and committed to the Central Guard House under the following circumstances, to wit:

That Brigade Surgeon Stewart while examining applicants for discharge, noticed that several of the Disability Certificates presented for his signature, were filled up in the same handwriting, to which circumstance he drew your attention.

That on inquiry of the applicants it appeared that the prisoners H. R. McDonald and J. Keller, ^{or A. C. Hammond} were in the habit of obtaining discharges and pay for privates and non-commissioned officers at ten dollars (\$10.00) for each person, payable when the discharge was obtained and the pay secured, they (the

2
prisoners) filling up a certificate of Disability, to which the ~~applicant~~ obtained the signature of the proper medical officer, the prisoners undertaking to attend to the remainder of the business.

That the applicants are hospital patients considered unfit for further service, and desirous of reaching home as soon as possible; that their object in employing the prisoners was to obtain their pay and discharge sooner than by the ordinary routine; that they thought the price rather high, but concluded that it would be better to pay it and obtain a discharge at once than remain an indefinite period waiting for the same.

That one of the applicants states that he was told by the prisoner McDonald that if the examining Surgeon should inquire of said applicant as to who filled up his certificate of disability, the applicant was to reply that it was done by a "friend of his at the War Office". That another applicant states that he was directed by McDonald to answer the same query by stating that a "friend" filled it up. That the first mentioned applicant said he understood from the remarks of McDonald and another man in his office that they were appointed by the Government to protect soldiers.

That the papers of the prisoners were also seized and have been carefully examined at this office; that the said papers consist of a large quantity of blank vouchers for U. S. Claims, Certificates to collect officers' pay, Certificates of Disability, Receipts for pay, some of the above being partially filled up; also Descriptive Lists, Pay Certificates, Blank Powers of Attorney, and other documents pertaining to their business as claim agents.

That it is questionable whether some of the said blanks could have been legitimately obtained.

That the following are abstracts from letters found in the possession of the prisoners, to wit:—

Camp McDonnell
 near Washington March 21st 1862

Mr. McDonnell, New York

Sir:—

I am informed by Mr. Leitz in a letter of the 20th inst., that you will be kind enough to pay a bill to Mr. Van Riper & Dr. Cook which I don't owe, and that you also charge 25 per cent for collecting my money; but I want you to understand that you have it to do with a greenhorn as you seem to believe and if you don't accommodate me with other terms I shall inform the Squire and

4
the Mayor about this matter will deliver the bills signed by Colonel Nichols to Mr. Leitz my Attorney, who will pay you ten per cent for collecting and also the twelve dollars for the cash I bought from you.

"Respectfully yours

"Hermann Rentes,

"Captain Commanding Company B

"103 Regt. N. Y. S. V."

"82 White St. N. Y.

"26th March, 1862

"My Dear Macdonald

* * * * * "In the present instance the power of attorney given by Capt. Rentes I think the next step will be to see Capt. R. & make arrangements with him about the balance. If he is recalcitrant lay the whole case before Col. Egloffstein, and if he declines, the Adj. General. If Capt. Rentes maintains his assertion, there is perjury somewhere with which we have nothing to do, and so the matter stands. * * * * * A. H. Fayer."

(It appears from Capt. Rentes' letter that they charged him 25 per cent for collecting his pay; but from the Memorandum, of which the following is a copy, it appears that their usual charge is 10 per cent.)

5

Total of accounts.		<u>\$2,045</u>
Ten per cent comm.		204.50
Clairmont H. Muller.	\$134.04	<u>398.56</u>
John Kimmell	19.60	194. 80
Charles C. Bender	<u>289.20</u>	<u>107.24</u>
	442.84	\$86.82
Comm. 10/2%	<u>44.28</u>	
	398.56 "	

New York, Feb. 19, 1862.

Friend Keller,

When at 79 White street this morning I heard Capt. Barr mention your name in connection with ration of r, and presume your account was being discussed. x x x x I am satisfied that Barr is your enemy, and that he alone has caused you all this trouble. If you do not show him up at the War Department I will be disappointed in you. x x x x All of your old officers complain of their pay rolls being wrong, however I will satisfy them by making out new ones for them. x x x I am on good terms with Col. Nichols, and will have no difficulty in getting accounts passed after this. x x x

"W. R. Macdonald."

New York, Feb. 27, 1862

I hope you had a satisfactory trip to Wash

ington with Col. Nichols. x x x x As there will be abundance of testimony without mine, I would as soon not appear as a principal in the matter unless absolutely necessary. J. B. Murray, I imagine, has tools enough to do the business. x x x x "H. R. Macdonald"

New York Feb. 25, 1862

"Friend Keller.

"Col. Nichols before he left here detailed to Capt. Carr all that you and I said to him and of course I and my business are now "hors de combat" in this office. A— feels very bad against me and said he was always my friend, and I did wrong in saying what I did of him. From what I can find out I shall get all the odium of the exposé, and lose all future business so far as relates to the office No. 79 White St., and must therefore seek some other mode of making a living. x x x Of course you may fancy the uneasy position in which I am placed, and as I placed myself beside you and backed you all through, I rely on you to do the same by me. Christie is very indignant against us, and no doubt all hands will array their forces and prepare for the conflict.

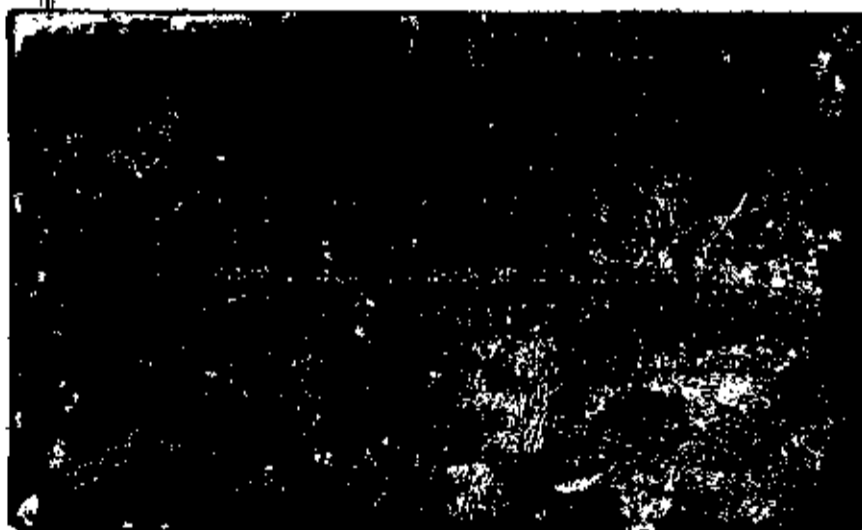
"Yours sincerely, H. R. Macdonald."

7

That there was also found at the prisoners' office a book entitled "Regulations for the Pay Department of the Army of the United States.", on the fly-leaf of which is written, "Presented to Lieut. Col. J. Keller by E. H. Brooke, Chief Clerk Paymaster General's office."

That the annexed are the business cards of the prisoners.

All of which is respectfully submitted
by E. J. Allen.



No. 10

Send a copy of
the portion of
paper concerning
this case as well
as of interest to the
NY police

Head Quarters
Military Governor D. C.
Washington, April 7th 1862.

To

Major W. L. Doster,
Provost Marshal
Washington, D. C.

Major:

I have the honor to report the following additional particulars, extracted from the statements of private soldiers given 2^d April, concerning the prisoners, Macdonald, Hammond and Keller, on whom a report was made to you from this office dated 3^d April, 1862 -

Statement of
private Geo. Bolton.

That the man who filled up his papers was a small, dark complexioned man, claiming to be an Englishman; that at one time this small man was in the habit of sleeping at the Soldiers Home, 17th st. near ~~the~~ Avenue, informant being there at the times that the said man was then engaged in procuring discharges for soldiers.

That this man was in this office a short time before informant made his statement.
(This man is probably Hammond.)

~~Statement of~~
private Thos. Jordan.

That the man who filled up his scrip claimed to be an Englishman, and was a rather short, small man, black hair, dark complexion, black full beard and moustache; that he was addressed as Colonel, and said he had been an officer in the U. S. Army but was reduced because his regiment was not full.

Statement of
private Alba Hopkins.

That the man who "did most of the talking" and filled up his disability scrip was the large man, the other man, (whom the former addressed as "Colonel" not coming in until the business was almost finished; that when the latter came in the former observed that the Colonel knew more about it than he did, and would conclude the business.

That the large man also asked the "Colonel" if the papers were all right, to which the "Colonel" replied that they were, and told informant to be sure and go to the Medical Board at 2 P. M. to be examined by them at these Head Quarters.

That the small man was seen in this office (at these Head Quarters) by informant, a few minutes previous to giving his statement.

I have further to report that no evidence has been received at this office to show whether Macdonald and Keller were business partners or not. That the business of obtaining discharges for private soldiers at \$10. each, was carried on at No. 480-14th street, (the office of J. Keller & Co., as appears from the enclosed cards, but that no evidence has been received here proving his further participation therein.

That there is no evidence at this office to show the nature of the relations existing between McDonald and Hammond, further than that they both participated in the business of procuring discharges for soldiers.

The fragments of a discharge of A. C. Hammond from the U. S. Service is herewith enclosed.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
by

C. J. Allen.

Statement of Aaron

Earle - private in
Co. B. 37th N. Y. Vols

in matter
of McDonald & Co.

Army Claim Agents.

April 2^d 1862

Head Quarters
Military Government
April 2nd 1862.

Aaron Earle.

Statement of:-

Am 24 years of age - born
in Orange N. J. Enlisted on the 7th
June 1861 in New York City in the 37th
Regt. N. Y. Vols. - to serve two years unless
sooner discharged -

Our Regiment reached Washington
in June - and remained until July
21st when we went into Virginia - and re-
mained there to this time -

On the 26th Aug/61 I was detailed to
drive a team for our regiment which
duty I performed until Dec 1st when I
was taken to the Camp Hospital sick
with the typhoid fever and bronchitis -
after remaining there ten days - I was
taken to the Mansion House Hospital
in Alex. On the 4th of March at my earnest
request I was permitted to return to
camp - where I remained about one
week - but being still unfit for duty
I was sent back to the Alex Hospital -

On the 26th March I was sent to this
City to Mount Pleasant Hospital (Mendin Hill)

where I still am -

Yesterday a convalescent soldier at the hospital, ^{whose name I do not know} gave me a business card of McDonald & Co. Agents for adjusting & collecting claims against the U.S. telling me at the same time that I could procure my discharge through McDonald & Co.

This morning I got a pass to come to this city to get my pay - and also to see whether I could get my discharge -

I went to McDonald's office to 480 14th street - where I found Mr. McDonald who asked me if I wanted to get my discharge to which I replied that I did - He said he would get it for me for \$10.00. I said I would give it to him - He then asked me if I had any descriptive list - which I gave him - He then filled up two blanks which he retained - and two others which he gave me - telling me to take them and go before the Medical Board, Cor of 9 & 19th sts & be examined - get the Dr. to sign them and bring them back to him - also telling me if any one asked me where I got them to say a friend filled them up for me - I came before the Medical Board & the Physician told me to take the papers to the hospital and have them filled up by the Dr. and bring them back tomorrow.

I then went back to McDonald's office - to see what should be done - then

were several other gentlemen there talking
to McDonald - one of whom, ^{named Capt Hammon} seemed to be connected with
^{the office} to whom I told ~~McDonald~~ what had taken
place - He then said he would come up
with me.

Capt Hammon then came up with
me and we went up stairs together - he went
into the Room of the Medical Board and
soon after came out ~~with~~ with the Dr. & went
down stairs -

The Dr. soon after returned alone, and
after asking if that man (Hammon) made
out my papers and what I was to pay him he
sent me to this office. —

Statement of James Burns
Private Co. H. 1st Stron's Indef
Michigan Cavalry

in the matter of
Macdonald's Co

Army Claim Adjutors

2nd April 1862

Hd Qrs Military Gov. D. C.
Washington 2nd April 1862

Statement of
James Burns:

Private Cos. H. 1st. Stronns
Independent Mich. Regt.

That about three months since while out on picket duty one frosty night I fell down in a hole, and sprained my ankle and also hurt my leg, from the effects of which I never recovered, I have been laying around in the camp until about two weeks ago when I was removed to the Alexandria Hospital, I remained there about a week and from there removed to the Mount Pleasant Hospital where I still remain.

Today accompanied by another invalid Soldier, I started for Washington to procure some back pay due me and also to get my discharge, while going through the City trying to ascertain where to get my money and in passing by a place near Willards Hotel, I saw some soldiers that I was acquainted with in ^{an Office} ~~there~~ and they called me in. I went inside and found that it was an Office where I could procure my discharge, after stating the circumstances in my case to one of those in the Office, I asked him what he would charge

to get my discharge from the service, he replied ten dollars (\$10) for my trouble. I told him that I would pay him the ten dollars after I got my discharge. He then filled out what is called a "Certificate of Disability for Discharge". He then sent a man up to the Provost Marshal's Office with us, stating that he thought we could get our discharge there.

The man who filled out my certificate was the smallest man of the two at the Office. I do not know his name.

When he filled out my Certificate he asked me, where I was born, where I enlisted, in what Regt. the Co's name and Co's name and name of company, which he filled in the certificate as I told him.

Statement of Albatt Hopkins
Private Secy, Esq, to Genl R. D. Stirling

in the case of

G. R. Macdonald & Co

2nd March 1862

Statement of
Alba Stephens

Head-Quarters Military Gov. Dept.
April 2, 1862

That he is a resident of Washington,
Ceventry R.I. That he is a private in Comp E.
1st Regt Light Artillery R.I.

That he has been sick for 2 1/2 months past, and
as the Doctor at the Alexandria Hospital said ~~that~~ ^{he} should
not be again fit for duty, he applied for a discharge,
and advised him to apply for a discharge, and would
attend to it as soon as he could ~~himself~~ and others were
sent to the hospital at Mt Pleasant, where he is
now stopping. That he obtained a pass to come
to the city, his object in doing so being to obtain
a discharge, the doctor at Mt Pleasant telling
him it was of no use to take medicine. That
previously to endeavoring to get a discharge here, the
doctor of the hospital told him there would be an
examination on Thursday, March 31; but Monday
past and no examination, and he concluded to
endeavor to expedite matters.

That on arrival here he went to Macdonald and
Co's Army Agency Office, (480, 14th St branch office
J. Keller and Co.) That he asked them to find his
description^{list}; and that he was told by some who had
been to them previously that they obtained discharges,
they (Keller & Co) then offered to obtain the discharge,
if he so desired, to which he (informant) answered
that he would like to have it, and asked them what

A would cost to which they replied \$10; they had to save themselves and were authorized by government to protect soldiers. That Keller and Leo then filled out a "disability" certificate. That the \$10 was to be paid when informant received his pay and obtained his discharge, they taking charge of the papers. That they sent him (informant) alone with the disability certificate to be signed in duplicate by the board of examiners, one of which informant was to bring back to them, the other having to be left with the Doctor — examiners.

That on receipt of the disability scrip aforesaid they were to complete the business and also obtain informant's pay, when after deducting \$10 therefrom the balance would be given to informant.

That he understood from them that they were government officers appointed by government to protect soldiers; that other men on the hospital whose discharges had been made out but supposed to have been sent on to their regiments, told informant about these persons, Macdonald and Leo, those men's discharges having been made out through the incompetence of Macdonald and Leo, who had said to these men — invalid soldiers — that they would undertake to get any soldier's discharge, where the requisite inability existed.

That informant thought the charge high, but concealing his recovery would be considered

accelerated by going home, and seeing no definite prospect as to when he would be enabled to do so unless by some extra means being used, he thought he had better pay \$10 than risk remaining from home any longer.

That three large men (supposed to be Mac-Donald) did most of the talking, the other man not being in when informant came; that ~~the~~ large man also filled up the disability scrip; that he told informant, after the other man came in, that the other man (whom he called "Colonel") knew more about it than he did, and that he the "Colonel" would conclude the business. That the large man in response to an inquiry of informant said that informant must get that himself, this was after the \$10 arrangement was come to; that he (the large man) said that soldiers on being discharged, were usually charged with all the clothing received since their enlistment, but not credited with the allowance assigned by Government for clothing, of which amount discharged soldiers were thus deprived. That the question of Mac-Donald and he, for the \$10 agreed to secure the said allowance.

That the large man asked the other before informant left, if the papers were all right, to which the "Colonel" replied that they were, and told informant to be sure and go at 2 P.M. to be examined by the medical board at their Next Quarters.

That the large man is about 6 feet high; neither corpulent, nor the reverse. ~~That~~ ^{But} that his hair is, informant thinks, dark brown; large whiskers; that informant thinks, but is not certain, that he wears a mustache; that he has been in the room since informant was here.

That informant stated to the large man that he wanted an honorable discharge and no other; that the large man replied that that was what he was going to obtain.

That the small man has also been here ~~since~~ ^{since} informant was here.

That the large man told informant that if asked by the board of examiners where those papers were filled out to say that as informant could not write very well, a friend of his from the War Department had filled them out for informant.

That informant does not know whether or no the small man heard this or not.

Important

Statement of Albin Hopkins
Private, Co. E, 1st Regt R.S. Artillery

in the case of

W.R. Macdonald & Co

2nd March 1862

Statement of Thomas Jordan
Private Co. C. 37th Regt N. Y. Inf.

in the case of

W Macdonald & Co.

Army Claim Agents

2nd April 1862

Lead Letters

Mid. Prov. Dist.

Washington, April 2, 1862

Statement of

Thomas Jordan

That he is a private in ^{Comp. B} 37th N.Y. and is in Mt Pleasant Hospital; that Macdonald and Co. 14th St., had sent one of their cards to the hospital by some soldiers there who had obtained or were obtaining discharges through them; that he does not know the names of the said soldiers, as many are coming and going every day. That informant came to day to call on Major Thorpe's office, who formerly paid informants' report; that on his way thither Herron, who is in the same company and regiment as informant, told him that the Major was not at home; that Herron was then standing at the door of Macdonald's and Co's office and entered into conversation; when the large man (whom he supposed to be Macdonald) said he would get informant's descriptive list from his regiment, (after informant had passed the inspection board) and see them all right for \$10. That the small man filled up the disability scrip and gave it to informant for the board of examiners by whom it was signed.

That several other soldiers were there at the same time and have been, as informant understands, well filled both to day and yesterday.

That some called the small man Colonel; that he said he was an Englishman; was rather short and small, black hair, dark complexion, had black beard and mustache.

That the small man said he was an officer in
the army, but had been reduced because his
regiment was not full.

Statement of Thomas Gordon
Private No. 6, 37th Regt N.Y. Va.

in the case of

W. Macdonald & Co.

Army & Marine Agents

2nd April 1862

Statement of Geo Casburn
Private No. 296th N.Y. Vols
in the case of
W.R. Macdonald & Co
Army Claim Agents
April 2nd 1862

Statement of George Cashman }
Private in Com D. 9th N.Y. Vol }

Provost Marshal's Office
Washington D.C. April 2^d 1862

I was born in Ellenburgh Clinton Co. N.Y.
enlisted on the 17th of November 1861 at that
place Capt Phelps was captain of the Company
at that I arrived in this city a little over
2 weeks ago I had the Measels & Small Pox
while lying in Plattsburgh Barracks and
had go well enough to Drill 2 or 3 day before
we left Plattsburgh & was taken Sick
again 2 days after going into Camp in
this city I was taken Sick again with a
Numbness or Paralysis of the whole of my
right side with pain in the side
about 8 or 9 days ago our Regiment got
Orders to march and the tents were taken
down & I was left lying on the ground and
in the afternoon the Quartermaster took a
team and took me to a Hospital and left
me in Company with 3 or 4 more at the door
of a hospital the name of which I do not
remember we remained in the hall of the
house until night when we were taken care
of we remained at this Hospital for 3 days
when we were sent to Mount Pleasant Hospital
where I am now staying.

over

this morning I got a pass to come to the city from the Dr in Charge of the Hospital I wished to come to town to see about getting my Discharge a man at Hospital gave me a card telling me to go there and they would assist me in getting my discharge do not know who the man was I went to the place mentioned on the card which is 480 14th St. I went in and asked them if they would assist me in getting my discharge he asked me my name & what I belonged to and made out ~~these~~ papers and he came to the Provost Marshal's office with me and several other men that I met at the Office on 14th St. there was nothing said about any pay for it by either him or me the man who gave me the card told me that I would have to pay for getting my discharge but at the Office nothing was said I have never received one cent of Pay and have only drawn one suit of clothes and one pair of shoes which were stolen from me before I ever put them on when I had the measles in Camp at Plattsburgh and was getting better and was sent home on Burlington the small Pox was in Camp and when I got home I was taken down with it and I gave it to my family and one of my Brothers died with it

Statement of James Katin
Private Co. F. 6th Vt Regt
in the case of

MR Macdonald Co.

Army Claim Agents

2nd April 1862

Statement of
James Catron

Head Quartr. Mil. Gen. Hq.
Washington, D.C. Feb 2/62

That he resides in Pullman, Va.; that he is a private in Co. "F" 1st Regt. I. C., and is now in Mt Pleasant Hospital.

That he went with another man to this city and they were passing the office of Macdonald and Co., when a soldier of his acquaintance called him in, when the small man asked informant if he (informant) had his descriptive list? That informant replied he had not. That the small man then made out one of the inability bills and told informant to give it to the doctor and go and be examined, which informant and other did. That the other soldiers told informant he would have to pay \$10 to Macdonald and Co for which they would get him a discharge, if he passed the medical examination.

That the medical examiners gave him two papers - inability blanks - to be filled out by the doctors of the hospital.

That he had no conversation with Macdonald and Co. other than as above stated.

Statement of Gen Bolton
Private for F. 66th N.Y. Vols
in the matter of

W. R. Macdonald & Co.
Army Claim Agents
2nd April 1863

Statement of
George Bolton

Head Quarters - 1st Regt. U.S. Col.,
Washington, D.C. April 2/62

That he is a resident of Paterson N.J.,
and was a private Co. B. 1st Regt. U.S. Col.

That he is stopping at the Soldiers Home
174 St. ^{near Pe Avenue} waiting to be discharged. That the small
man Hammond says he is an Englishman,
that informant is an Englishman. That Ham-
mond about two weeks ago and before informant
came there was in the habit of sleeping at the
said Soldiers Home, and was then engaged in getting
discharges for soldiers; that as informant under-
stands he charges some \$10 and some \$5; that
informant was to be charged \$10

That over a week since informant agreed
with him in reference to procuring said discharge;
that he was there this morning about his papers,
where he obtained 3 of them filled up.

That Hammond is a small dark complexioned
man, and was in this room

That he told informant nothing as to what
informant should say when he signed the papers,
as was examined, only told him to sign the papers
and bring them to him.

1044 no 536

Statement of Edwin Harris
regarding wheat bought
by him from two teamsters

Richards & McLung

16th April 1862

W. H.

Statements of
Edwin Waring

16th June 1852

That he is clerk in the grain store of
Wm R Eedes. That on yesterday evening ~~they~~
two men came and spoke about some wheat
they desired to sell; that informant said he
would give them \$1.30 per bushel; that they came
this morning and brought the said wheat, 7 bush
87 pounds for which, as informant was told by
Mr Eedes, the latter paid them, reckoning it as
8 bushels at \$1.30 per bushel.

That the name of one of the men is
Richards; that the name of the other informant
does not recollect distinctly, and did not hear
distinctly, but the sound seemed similar to
Mr Culloch.

That when they came the second time
they had ~~some~~ kind of a vehicle, as informant
thinks; that informant saw some vehicle standing
at the door, but did not notice it, believes
however, that it was not a government wagon.

That he took no particular notice of the men,
and does not know whether he would know them
again or not. That so many people come there
that he could not recollect any one in particular.

That Eedes store is at No 70 Water St George
Town

I Bought of a Man by the name of
Richards another by the name of McCaughey
Eight Bushels of Wheat for Mr Eades
at Georgetown April 16th 1862

Edwin Waring

Being absent from camp
some 4 hours and on my
returning, missed one of
my teams from camp and
on enquiring found that
it had been ordered
to go on a foraging
expedition by the
Quartermaster of the
First Maine Cavalry
One of the Guard that
accompanied my team
on the expedition, came after
me telling me that the team
was stolen & went to the
place where the team was
lost and found the team
with wheat a portion of the
wheat I fed and the balance
my man sold

Samuel H. Merrill

1045

St. Russell 1772 rest 30 Apr 162

Molley Anderson.

Alex Gregory.

William Bowie

Col. Small.

Apr 162

15

Headquarters Provost Marshal's Office,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dr Wywell
Nolley Anderson
Alexander Gregory
of
Prince George's County

Lieut. McCallum sent after
them as well as Arnes
sent by them to Pittsburg
order - from Maj. Sherman
for their arrest.

Sept 25th 62.

Dr. Mywell, Holey Anderson and Alexander Gregory
Escutway

William Lami
The next building to Maj. Griffin's store

Col. Small
19th Mr. Vol. Fort Baker.

Price George as 25.
Dr. Mywell, took the oath of allegiance 30 April 62

1046 P-393 - Miss

Papers in

Case of

Kimball & Wiers

April 1862

City

Papers in
Case of
Kimball &
Wiers

14

Negro from a term of years boy
left about the first of Aug
rather small for a man a real 1/25
off year in appearance age 25

Hanson Dowell a smart active ^{ingenious} boy of
dark copper colour, leans forward considerably
in walking (naturally slaps head) go to sleep
at any thing age 18 years - seen on ~~the~~
road driving a 2 horse wagon

Henry a very likely (mulatto of ordinary
size, one of his legs a little bowed I think
the right from being broken, age about 21
hair not very straight

Bill a short trenchy negro, little
scare of hair on the top of his head
I think has a scar ~~of~~ ^{about} his
forehead & with a powerful arm
age about 34 - wife, very averted
her & had small pos

of the own name J. K. Robert,
near Bladensburg

Mr. Brady
The man who said he was the overseer
and pointed the Negro out to me was
named as I understood Mac Murray

J. A. W. W.

Miss Abbott

I John H. Wise now confined in the guard house in military custody, in the City of Washington do on my oath say:

That on Saturday morning, the 5th of April 1862 I was applied to by a stranger in ~~clothes~~ dress & having the appearance of a countryman, to assist in taking certain fugitive slaves said to be the property of Jos. K. Roberts Esq of Prince Georges County, Maryland; I afterwards ascertained that man's name was Mac Murray, or some similarly sounding name: He represented to me that he was the owner of W. Roberts, and two or three other slaves, were at a camp near the City: That there would be no difficulty in apprehending them, as the officers were ready, and willing to afford every facility to the true owner to arrest them if they had been away, and ~~he~~ offered to give me \$50 for my services, promising to have a hack there in a short time to take me out to the camp. He also stated that W. Roberts was at the Store of Jackson & Son, where he was to wait for the return of the slaves, and he himself (Mac Murray) would be at the camp and point out the negroes. I did not agree to go, but told him to go on and make his arrangements, and I would see about it. I did this because W. Roberts had previously put in Officer Allen's hands, (and I was working with Allen) or had sent to him a description of his servants, and offer of a reward. Mr Kimball was present during part or all of this conversation, and took part in it, and he ~~also~~ also had a description & offer of a reward for some of the same servants put into his hands by Mr Roberts. After a while a hack came for Mr Kimball

and myself, to go out to the camp, but we not being satisfied, and wishing to see Mr Roberts, declined, and the hawk was sent for him. Mr Roberts came to Esquire Down's office where we were, and we talked over the matter there. We told him that man had come to get us to go after the servants, and we did not know whether it was all right; and he told us it was, and we prepared to bring ~~the~~ the servants to Esquire Down's office, but he said we were to take them to Jackson & Bro's store. There was not a great deal said for we both knew Mr Roberts very well, that he was a man of high character, & as he said it was all right, and that man would point out the servants to us, we got into the carriage and went to the camp. When we ^{got} there the man, (Mac Murray) pointed out a man to us who he said was one of those belonging to Mr Roberts, and we took him. I then really and firmly believed him to be Mr Roberts' servant, and that the man who pointed him out was Mr Roberts' overseer. I had never seen him before, nor had I seen him since, and do not know where he is, or who he is except so far as I have stated, but since my imprisonment I have heard his name and that he had been a ^{Quartermaster} sergeant in the Regiment & had been dismissed from the service. Still if I can get released I have no doubt I can find him, and will pledge myself, & give security to devote myself to hunting him up.

I am well known in this City, where I have property and trade, and will have no difficulty in giving security in any reasonable sum.

I aver and declare, in all I did I acted in perfect good faith, and after I saw Mr Roberts, I had not a shadow of doubt that I was going to arrest his servants, that Mac Murray (if that is his name) knew them, and the man he pointed out was one of them. If I had been such a fool as to arrest a free negro, I was not such a fool as to do so, when I was to take him right straight to Mr Roberts, at Mr Jackson's store, when he would be immediately set free, because Mr Roberts would at once have said he did not belong to him, and I would have been liable to an arrest at once. I do not now know whether the man we arrested was free or slave, for I never saw him before or since.

Sworn to and subscribed by John H. Price
before me this 16th day of April 1852.

Charles Walter H. Seal

For if I had the least suspicion that he was a free man no money would have induced me to arrest him ~~for~~ have since undertaken that there were other negroes taken prisoners to our going train I do most solemnly swear I never saw them before ^{after} negroes or any person else and I should take great pleasure to bring the guilty ~~negroes~~ to Justice

John H. Price

Sworn to before me

Charles Walter H. Seal

Kimball ~~offered~~

I Charles Kimball of the City of Washington do on my oath say that sometime early in the month of April Mr Joseph K. Roberts, a well known and greatly respected planter in Prince Georges County Maryland put in my hands, a description of four ~~of his servants~~ who had ran away from him and offered me a reward of \$50 each for their apprehension and delivery to him.

On Saturday the 5th April I was standing near to or was in Squire Down's office when a man dressed as a citizen, and who I thought I had seen before, and that he came from Prince Georges County, came up and got into conversation with Mr John B. Hill & myself and told us he wanted us to go out to the camp and there to ~~get~~ some negroes, belonging to Mr Roberts, that he had seen Mr Roberts, that and had told him where the negroes were, and Mr Roberts was to await their arrival at the store of Jackson Brown in this City; that he (whom I have since learned is Mac Murray) was to get a carriage for us to go out to the camp, and ~~that~~ ^{Mr Roberts would} give us \$50 for each of the negroes we might succeed in recovering. I took him to be the owner of Mr Roberts. Still as I had that paper from Mr Roberts, I did not think it best to make any agreement with him without seeing ~~him~~. The man then left, and either the next day, there or it came shortly after, and Hill and I told the driver to go Mr Jackson's store and ask for the gentleman who was to go or wanted us to go into the camp to get some negroes. Presently the hack returned & Mr Roberts came to the office, we told him what had passed and he said it was all right and we then proposed to bring the servants to Squire Down's Office. He said

so they were to be brought to Mr Luskens. I
knew Mr Roberts, and Mr Jackson well enough to
be gentlemen of the highest character, and took
it for granted it was all right. Wise and I
then got into the hack and drove out to the Camp
where we were met by the man (Muskumay) who
had engaged us, he pointed out to ^{us} a ~~man~~ colored
man, as one of the servants of Mr Roberts, and I
firmly believing that he was one of them assisted
in making the arrest. The upshot of it was, he
was arrested and put in prison and the man
who got us into the scrape was allowed to escape
I have never seen him since.

I acted in perfect good faith. I would have taken
Mr Roberts word - and I would now as soon as any
other person's oath, and as he said it was all
right, I supposed it was so, and did not make
any enquiries, taking it for granted that the
man who came for us was his agent or overseer
or something ^{of that kind} and was acting by his authority,
and when we arrived at the ground the Overseer and a Soldier
of that Regiment pointed the negro out and then arrested him.
Sworn to before me this 16th day of April, and
subscribed in my presence by Charles Kimball

Charles, Walter S. Atlas
Alfred H. Kemmer

Roberts, affiant.

I, Joseph K. Roberts of Prince George County, and State of Maryland, at the request of Jos. W. Brady of the City of Washington Council for John W. Rice and Kimball, make the following statement.

On Friday the 4th April instant a stranger dressed as a citizen, and whose name I afterwards heard was Mac Murray, came to me in my field on my plantation, enquired if my name was Robert, and asked if I had lost any servants, I answered that I had lost six, two last summer or early fall, two this winter, and two on the last Sunday preceding the day he called on me, and I asked him in return why he enquired. He said there were three negroes in a camp near the Park in Washington City, ^{two of whom} ~~two~~ said they belonged to me and the other to a neighbor of mine a Mr Tolson, and he had no doubt, they were the men who had left me: that the regiment was a cavalry regiment, and had never had their horses, and was (or was about to be) disbanded, that some of them had enlisted in other regiments, and there were about seven hundred ^{& fifty} left, that they belonged to New York, and were about to go home, and there would be no difficulty in recovering these fugitive slaves. He proposed to assist me, for a reward, in bringing, and I proposed to see the owner of the three negro, who was not Mr Tolson, but Mr John Bowie, and meet him at the store of Jackson Brown in Washington City at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, and in the mean time he might make the necessary arrangement, for the securing the servants. I saw Mr Bowie, and at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning he met this man (I shall call him Mac Murray) at Jackson Brown, & agreed with him, that he should take all necessary steps for securing the servants, bringing them to me at

at that place that I might identify them, and Mr Jackson would go with us to the Rail Road depot to identify myself and my servants, and Mr Murray should take them to Baltimore and lodge them in jail, where I intended to keep them, until I could and I agreed to pay him \$60 for each of the servants, so that I could take them home safely, He stated to me at one of

J.W.B.

these interviews that he had assisted shortly before in recovering ^{two} these slaves for a neighbor of mine ^{a white lady} and there would be no trouble or difficulty about it if he knew my servants. He also said he had made all ~~some~~ time elapsed his arrangements for taking them, and bringing them to me, and left me.

Some time, perhaps an hour elapsed, when a hack drove up to Jackson's door, where I had agreed to wait, and the driver said he wanted some one who was to go out to the camp to get some negroes but did not mention my name. Not understanding

J.W.B.

the matter I ~~got into the hack~~ ^{and I walked} told him to drive to the office of Justice Bowen, I did this because I

J.W.B.

had previously ^{sent to} to this ~~part~~ ^{part} in the hands of detection Officer W. Allen, where plain officers kept it at the Justice Bowen's office, a description of the several negroes I had lost, with an offer of a reward for each one he might recover - and I had also put in Officer Kinbold's hands a description of four of them with an offer of a reward to him, and as he also was commonly to be found at the same office, I thought the one page might have come from one of them. On arriving at Mr Bowen's office I found Officers Wise & Kinbold

J.W.B.

there, and told them this hack had come for someone ^{to go out to the camp about some negroes} I did not who and I advised them to go out & assist them in arresting Mr Bowie and my negroes. I

understood from them that Murray or someone had spoken to them about it; when I stated the facts to them, about Mackinaw, having been to see me and the arrangement I had made with him

An hour had elapsed perhaps when Mac Murray came to me and told me two of the men had been taken and were in the back on their way to the city. And it may be half an hour or so afterwards, some other person came and told me that Pike & Kimball had been arrested by the military. I then sought and found Officer Allen, and urged him to go, and ascertain the facts, and procure their release, as they were undoubtedly acting in good faith, and I waited till 8 o'clock Saturday night the fifth to give any explanation which might be needed, and did not know until yesterday, they had not been discharged.

Since then one of my men has returned home and states that he had been employed in one of the regiments.

I never before then nor have I since seen the man, I have mentioned as Mac Murray, and I cannot recollect how I got that or from I heard that was his name.

The paper marked A is the original to which it is written in ink by me, that I gave to Officer Kimball.

The interlineations marked J. N. B. in the margin, were made by me before this

paper was signed by Mr. Robert.

Subscribed & sworn to before me
J. N. Brady
14th April 1862.

Dr. N. Roberts

Georgetown Apr 10th 1861

1047

Capt. O. D. Havelly
Comdg Co. D. 1st W. I. M.

Reports leaving on 8th on
recruiting tour.

Ascertained at Duck Creek of 2 miles
been in rebel army then on farm
of Christian Keedh who had
been in Rebel army ~~since~~
since Cole Camp massacre.

He captured the mules. Letter
Is appealed to by Union men to
restore them. Refuses + gives
reasons. Has mounted two of his
men upon the mules + asks if
he can retain them until other
arrangements are made for
mounting the balance of
his company.

(See letter of 16th to Capt. Moore.)

Georgetown Mo, April 10th 1862

To Capt E. Anson, Moore

Commander of Post, M. S. M.

DE Sir: As

ordered by you, I left this post on the morning
of the 8th Inst with a detachment of my
Command for the vicinity of Grand River
in the Counties of Benton & Henry for the pur-
pose of recruiting. On the evening of the 8th
I reached Duck-Creek, in Henry County, where
I took up quarters for the night. On the morning
of the 9th I got five recruits in the vicinity
of Duck-Creek. I also obtained information
from reliable & responsible Union men, of two
mules which were being kept upon the farms
of William Christian, a noted secessionist. These
mules, were taken into the Rebel service in the
Army of Sterling Price, as early as the month
of June 1862 & kept there by their owners by
Thos N. Christian of Benton Co, who was one
the men engaged in the barbarous murder
of the U. S. forces at Cole Camp Mo, in
June last, & Christian, who together

with his brother, Thos. N. Christian, has been
Price's Army ever since the aforesaid Cole
Camp fight. Said Mules were left on the
Farm about last December for the purpose
of being wintered, where they have remained
up to the time of my capturing them &
bringing them to this Post. On the 11th I
a Mr. Starke (whom I know to be a Union man,
but who, cannot refuse to do a favor, even
to the worst of Rebels) called on me & asked me
to release said Mules, stating that they were
the property of Mrs. Christian, which I refused to do
for the following reasons:

- 1st. That they had been in the Rebel service, by the
Common Consent of all the family.
- 2nd. That, the said Christians have made private
transfers of their stock to avoid the effects
of the Law
- 3rd. That if they were even the property of Mrs. C,
they are still Contraband, because she permitted
them to be taken into the Rebel service; also, that this
same Mrs. C. has strongly advocated the policy of
Killing ~~at~~ not only all the Union men,

but, even the Union women & children
to prevent the spread (as she terms it)
of Union sentiment. All of which
I am able to prove by the most reliable
testimony. I have mounted two
of my men on said mules, who have
no horses & who are not able to buy
them until pay day. If I can be
permitted to retain them, until I can
make other arrangements to mount
such of my men, as are not able to buy
horses for themselves, it will not only
confer a benefit upon the service but will

enable me to make arrangements by
which I can mount all my men more
speedily. Respectfully submitted

by B. J. Havelly

Cuidy Co., S. Col Philipa

Reg U.S.A.

No 40

Statement of Nelson Tothie

1048

against the Picket
Shooters of Drainesville
& others

14 April 1862

William Tothie

Drainesville, Va

Cts

Statement of
Nelson Koorhies

Head-Quarters Mil Gov. Dpt.
Apr. 14, 1862, Washington.

That he is a resident of 1 mile N. of
Drainville, and has acted as a guide for General
McClellan, when his Head-Quarters were at Langley

That two of the persons who shot the
picket last fall can be taken at any time,
they being still in Drainville and vicinity,
that the name of one is John Kerleman who re-
sides on the bank of Sugar Land Run, one mile beyond
Drainville; that the other is named McCarty
Mc Lowe, who resides part of the ^{time in} vicinity of Drainville
about 6 miles S.W. of Drainville where he rents a house,
about 1 mile S. of Gulfport Station, where his
mother and brothers reside.

That immediately after the picket shooting
last fall those engaged in it took prisoner one John Jackson,
a colored man, and compelled him to haul in
his wagon and horses the prisoner they wounded
to Drainville.

That John Jackson started to come here on
Tuesday last to give his evidence, and on his return
told informant that he had given it in this office.

That it was to the effect that the parties
present at the picketing shooting and who took
the said colored man prisoner

Dr. John Day
2 South Carolina
the office of private

Witness
John Wadsworth
Apr. 27, 1862
J. W. White

McCarthy Love

John Coleman (not arrested)

Providence the old man, Benjamin

Thomas Coleman (subsequently killed)

Philip Cooper (prisoner at the Old Capitol)

William Jenkins two sons

That the following persons were not in the
preaching shooting or for as informant understands, viz:

Old John Coleman

Stephen Farr

Geo Coleman (released)

John B. Farr

R. R. Gurnout

John T. D. Bell

Wm B. Day

James W. Farr

That Charles W. Coleman is said by some to
have been it, but denied by others.

That Wm B. Day stripped the bodies the
day after, and cut off the head of a dead Union
soldier at Bull Run.

That it is said by general report that Stephen
Farr took off one of the dead mens shoes and wore
them out.

That Geo Coleman went around confiscating
property, claiming to be authorized to do so by the
rebel government, but it is clearly doubted by the
people there whether he was or not. That he obtained
the key of an old man named Bishop who was taken

a prisoner to Richmond; that he took bedding and other moveable property of Bishop to his own house; that he also asked Philip Beach (who lives N. E. of Drainsville 2 1/2 m) to kill a hog belonging to said Bishop, but Beach refused. That Bishop died, as was supposed, near Waverly on his return from prison.

That informant believes Nelson Pole, about 1 mile this side of Springdale has considerable property stolen by the rebel from informant, that Nelson Pole drove off informant's horses and wagon loaded with this property during informant's absence.

That Edward Echnon lived on Lower Island when the packet shooting was done, and looked for Lower the whole season. That Echnon now lives near Spaulford Station.

That a man named Kelly still living near Lower Island is an Irishman and could tell something about it.

That Echnon if arrested, and properly talked to (frightened a little) would probably give a true account of the matter.

That Kelly, the Irishman, would come voluntarily.

That Bay Keyword, now living at the North end of 4th Street, 40 rods beyond the pavement, would give information concerning the Drainsville case and also concerning General Sherman.

That James Lockwell, formerly a ft. has frequently threatened informant's life, and almost beat his negro woman to death last Thursday night. She leaving the same night and not having been recaptured as yet. That he compelled informant to vote the secession ticket at the first election, standing over informant. That a little before the election, Sawney Day ~~then~~ said he would be damned if he wouldn't kill a Yankee before night.

That the man who probably fired at the ~~prison~~ ^{negroes} is named John Reid, is about twenty years of age, large stout, and lives with his father John Reid. That John Reid is a better secessionist. That his testimony sent John Turner and his three sons to Richmond. That John Reid went to Langley and bought 2 tents from Langley belonging to Government as well as a variety of other ~~tent~~ materials belonging to Government, clothing, boots, shoes, etc. That Spencer Lloyd's son, Wilson Lloyd, ~~saw~~ saw these tents.

That Henson Poole also has two or three tents spread out on his fence.

That Reid's father (John Reid) has a gun, and nearly all the secessionists there have guns. That said Reid obtained 3 or 4 wagon loads of goods from the Union camp after the soldiers had left, a portion having been taken before the tents were removed; probably all taken before that time.

Warrensburg Mo. Apr 27

1848

Maj. General } a board
Capt. McGreen } investigating
Eient. Kerr } killing of
burning of houses
etc &c,

testimony as to cause and manner
death of Jas. O. Purley

Burning of residences furniture
Cal. McElwain and Mrs. Binger

Shooting of Mrs. Binger & his brother
burning of their dwelling
killing of Piper & burning of
houses of Cliphant, Doak
Thompson and Janes.
out of the board.

Attest District of Central Mo.
Jefferson City Mo. Apr 27

Respectfully referred to Brig
Gen. Schafeld with the recommendation
he return the same with any
instructions he may be pleased to
give in the matter,

Geo. Follen
Brig. Gen.

Read May 1st
C. Schafeld

Headquarters Detachment
1st Iowa Cavalry
Warrensburg, Mo.
April 17th 1862.

Major

In answer to your order of April 16th 1862
I having called to my assistance Capt. A. G.
McQueen of Co "A" and Lieut. D. A. Kerr
both of the 1st Iowa Cavalry, proceeded to
carry out the instructions of special orders #27
of date April 5th 1862. issued from Headquarters
Department of Central Missouri at Jefferson City
Mo. and being constituted a board of
investigation were duly sworn and elicited the
following testimony, to wit:

1. In regard to the cause and manner of James O.
Smiley's recent death at Warrensburg, Mo.
when

Lieutenant A. W. Christian of the M. S. M. at
the post of Warrensburg after being duly sworn
gave in the following answers as his testimony:

Q. What is your age? A. 20 years.

Q. How long have you lived in this County?

A. Seven or eight years.

Q. Were you acquainted with Jas. O. Smiley formerly
of this place? A. Yes.

Q. How long A. About 2 years

Q. Did you ever hear Mr. Farley express his sentiments on the subject of the present rebellion?

A. Frequently

Q. Were those expressions in favor of the Government or the so-called Southern Confederacy?

A. Invariably in favor of the so-called S. Confederacy

Q. Then you believe he was a secessionist from that?

A. Yes, from that and his acts

Q. Do you know of his ever doing anything to aid and abet the Rebellion?

A. In the month of July or August he was taken prisoner by the Homeguards of Col. Eads' Command.

Q. Was taken to where?

A. To Lexington as a prisoner being charged with aiding and abetting the so-called S. Confederacy.

Q. Was he released?

A. He was, I understand he took the oath of allegiance

Q. Do you know who administered it?

A. No, I do not

Q. Did you ever hear him say that he took the oath?

A. No.

Q. Did he return to Warrenburgh? A. Yes.

Q. Did he remain here ever since?

He did, excepting once when he went in company with a number of known secessionists to the Monegan Springs in St. Blair Co. and was there

taken prisoner by Genl. Jas. St. Lane.

Q. He returned from there?

A. Yes, he returned and I understand he had taken the oath a second time. Since then, up to the time of his death he remained in Warrensburgh. In the meantime he was taken prisoner by the State Militia stationed here and kept in confinement several days under the charge of giving information to the "branchcutters", failing to find any direct proof he was released.

Q. How long was this previous to his death?

A. Two weeks, I think

Q. You will please to testify what you know in relation to his death?

A. I don't know that I can state anything ~~not~~ knowing only from hearsay.

Q. Did you ever see him in arms after his return from Lexington?

A. I did

Q. Under what circumstances?

A. He seemed to be the leader of armed men who gathered here ostensibly for the protection of the town and at their head searched a number of Houses among them my father's taking my father's gun - also House of Col. Eads all the Houses searched being those of known Union men

Q. Did he search any Houses belonging to Secessionists?

A. None

next

D. W. Reid, being duly sworn gave the following answer as his testimony

Q. Where do you live? A. Here in Warrensburgh, N.Y.

Q. How long have you lived here? A. The last time I lived here was for about five years

Q. What business are you engaged in? A. I am a Taylor

Q. How long have you known the deceased Truley?

A. Ever since he came to town

Q. What has been the general reputation of this man Truley?

A. Before the rebellion he seemed a peaceable quiet man

Q. What part did he take in the rebellion?

A. a very active one in favor of the southern so-called Southern Confederacy.

Q. Have you ever known him to be in arms against the Govt. or aid and abet those in arms?

A. Yes, I have. In the first place he was a very talkative braggadocio in favor of the Rebellion. I don't know that he took up arms before being taken to Livingston. After returning one David Bookrell came to town one Sunday morning and I saw him with Bookrell's men pursuing through town on horseback to different houses searching Mr. Christian's and other Union men's houses. Some evening Truley at the head of 12 men came to my house, he left his men outside, came in himself and asked for arms and ammunition

I told him I had none - a gun had been left with me but thinking it might be searched for hid it away. He then searched the whole house. Soon after some Federal soldiers came to around when he left town and was taken prisoner by "Lancie" men, I understand after that he returned and talked "Seesh" ever since up to the time of his death.

Q. Have you always been a Union man? A. Yes Sir and expect to die one

Q. Had you ever had any personal difficulty with Purley or had feelings against him?

A. Never until he searched my house.

Q. Do you know anything about his death?

A. No Sir, I was not present, only know of it from hearsay.

Q. Who was the Cokerell you spoke of?

A. He is a man living about 12 miles from town then at the head of a Company of Rebels who harassed the Union men.

Q. Did you ever know this man Purley to convey intelligence to the enemy?

A. No Sir, I always believed he was a spy but have no proof of that.

Q. Did he go out to the Moregan Springs with a Company and armed?

A. I do not know. I heard him say that he was there taken prisoner and his pistol taken away also that he was released either on parole

or after taking the oath, I don't know which

next

James S. Rogers being duly sworn gave the following answers as his evidence

Q. What is your age? A. I am 19.

Q. Where do you live? A. In Warrenburgh

Q. How long have you lived in Warrenburgh?

A. For 18 years excepting one when I lived in Arkansas 2 years ago.

Q. What is your occupation? A. The last business I was in was merchandising.

Q. Did you know the deceased Finley? A. Yes.

Q. How long have you known him? A. About a year.

Q. Did you ever know anything derogatory to his character?

A. Don't know that I did.

Q. Have you always been a Union man?

A. I have not.

Q. You embraced the side of Secession? A. Yes, Sir.

Q. You will now please to give an account of the circumstances under which you became and were acquainted with Finley.

A. Became acquainted with him the same as I would do so with any one living in the same town. Both of us belonged to different Companies in the so-called S. O. 's cause. Became more intimately acquainted with him last August when I was with him on an "excursion" to the Dodge River. Mr. Finley myself and another man went on a hunting expedition.

to the siege - Were all taken prisoners by Gen. H. Lane of Kansas. Were retained nearly 8 days as prisoners by him. He released us, we signing a bond and parole not to take up arms against the U. S. Government. All of us signed the parole and I suppose it is the same as an oath. They retained the stores, guns, saddles and a baggage with camp equipage we had along and we returned to Wainwright together. After that I didn't meet with him as frequently as before.

Q. Do you know that Mr. Turley violated his oath and parole?
A. No Sir, I do not.

Q. Did you ever hear Mr. Turley speak on the subject of Secession or Rebellion after that?

A. I don't remember anything particularly he said. — might have heard him talk about the rights of.

Q. Please relate any further facts of which you may know that are of interest and bearing on this case.

A. Don't know that I can give any. Mr. Turley was previous to our siege excursion taken prisoner here in town with 3 others - taken to Lexington and there kept 25 days - then released on taking the oath and signing a parole as I was informed by Turley. They came to near town in a stack - after released - staid in the country a few days, then about a dozen of them came into town with guns. I don't think he meant to take up arms against the government but only for self protection. He went to Lexington during the siege of Lexington but I don't know that he took any part in the conflict.

- It returned a day or two before its surrender.
- Q. Did you know that the State was under martial law at the time you went to the Osage River?
- A. No Sir.
- Q. Did you ever know Turley after his return from the Monegan Springs to communicate with the Secesh?
- A. No Sir.
- Q. Did you ever know of him searching Union men's Houses after returning from the M. Springs?
- A. No Sir.
- Q. Did you know of him doing so after his return from Lexington?
- A. You understood he with some other Secessionists did search some Houses here.
- Q. Do you know anything about the manner of his death?
- A. No Sir, I was in Sedalia at the time.
- Q. You spoke of "excursion" - what did you mean by that?
- A. I spoke in reference to the tour to the Osage River. I also went with Turley and a Company to Lexington soon after the Booneville fight. Turley went with them, but returned on a furlough and was then taken prisoner by the Home guards, I think murdered. Eads.
- Q. How did you know him to be a Secessionist?
- A. By his words and actions.
- Q. Was he a violent or calm man?
- A. I think he was rather hasty not very violent.
- Q. Did you ever know him to have been mistreated or

threatened by Union men of Warrenton?

A. No, I do not.

Q. Was Mr. Turley a married man? A. No.

Q. With whom did he live?

A. With his sister Mrs. Brooking.

Q. Is Mrs. Brooking a widow?

A. No.

Q. Where is her husband?

A. I cannot tell. The last I heard of him he was
Quartermaster in Price's army.

Q. Do you think of anything further which would
aid us in the investigation of this matter?

A. No, I do not think of anything.

next

Yardel Pinkerton, being duly sworn gave the
following answers:

Q. Where do you live? A. In Warrenton.

Q. What is your business? A. I am a druggist.

Q. What is your age? A. Nineteen.

Q. Did you know the deceased Turley? A. Yes.

Q. For how long? A. Nearly all the time he lived here.

Q. Did you know him as a Union man or as a secessionist?

A. As a regular secessionist.

Q. Did you ever know him to give intelligence to the South
or to breakers during the last month?

A. I do not.

Q. How do you know that he was a secessionist?

A. I knew from the way he spoke to me about his principles which he did not at all attempt to conceal, with me at least

Q. Did you ever hear him say having taken the oath?

A. I did hear him say having taken the oath from General Lee.

Q. Have you always been a Union man? A. No Sir.

Q. Are you a Union man now? A. I am, ^{at present} having taken the oath.

Q. Have you reason to think he would communicate to you his sentiments more freely than to any one else, say a Union man?

A. No Sir, I have not

Q. Do you know of Mr. Finley ever having been arrested by U. S. troops?

A. I don't except as he told me

Q. How often? A. I remember of him telling me how Lane took him prisoner and swore him

Q. Did he say how he was released?

A. Through the influence of Morris Astor of the place, I think. He told me he was out on parole

Q. Do you know of him having been engaged with Secessionists in searching Union men's homes since that arrest?

A. No Sir.

Q. Did you see him with arms? A. Yes with a pistol.

Q. Under what circumstances?

A. He had it concealed. I was looking around in one store and found a pistol, laid it in my drawer. He asked if I had found one, told him

I had. He said it was his and placed there for fear it would be taken from him by the Homeguards, requested me to give it to him which I did.

Q. Did you ever hear Union men threaten his life?

A. No one except Capt Stout.

Q. Under what circumstances did you hear this?

A. My father Negro boy was sent into the Country on the day before Finley's death after vegetables. Finley came next morning into my room where my father was sitting and told my father that he (Finley) had learnt of someone that my father had sent the Negro boy out as a spy for Peter's men and that if he didn't mind he would get thrashed. My father told him he didn't believe the Negro had been carrying news to Peter's men, went to the fort to enquire about it, came back in a short time and told Finley he had ~~not~~ seen a man at the Post, not a soldier, who told him it was not true. Shortly after Capt Stout and Morris Peter (the same who interceded for Finley's release ^{on the} Lane) came up and asked father what Finley had said - Father told them as above then Stout said that he had told Finley before if he didn't behave himself he would kill him and now he intended to do it.

Q. When did this conversation take place?

A. About a couple of hours before Finley was killed.

Q. Do you know anything about how Turley came to his death?

A. No Sir I know nothing about the act of killing.

Q. Did you see anything of one Turley after this threat had been made?

A. I saw him on his way from dinner.

Q. When did you next see Turley?

A. That night, a corpse.

Q. Where? & a. at his residence, I saw a negro carrying him down to his residence after he was shot.

Q. Did you ever hear any one say "they had killed him"?

A. I heard Capt Houts say he had killed him.

Q. Did you hear him say under what circumstances?

A. He mentioned the case of my father's Negro and also that he had met Turley in Bedale's and then told him he would kill him if ever he crossed his path. He (Turley) had searched his Uncle's Home (Tom Houts) and taken a gun belonging to himself. (Capt H.) He (Houts) said, he had told Turley when he arrested him at school time before if he didn't behave himself he would kill him.

Q. What was Turley doing so offensive to Houts?

A. I don't know, except that he was a rabid Secessionist and talked a great deal.

Q. Did you consider Turley a violent man or not?

A. He was rather hasty and passionate.

Q. Did you ever hear Turley make threats against any one?

A. I did hear him make threats against "Bob"

a stage driver, who had had a fight with Ingalls
Turner said he would have killed "Osb" had Ingalls
been killed by him.

Q. Did you ever hear Turner speak in reference to Houts?

A. Don't know that I ever did.

Q. Do you know of anything you could communicate to us
bearing on this case?

A. I know of Finley searching "Union men's" Houses
and also that he was a saboteur acting as a Captain of a
Squad of 10-12 men, after he returned from Lexington.
Don't think he was ever regularly sworn in under the
Southern Confederacy nor State Guards.

Q. Are you on good terms with Captain Houts?

A. Yes Sir probably on better than I was with Finley

Q. Was Finley a drinking man?

A. No Sir. He may have used liquor but I never
knew him to be intoxicated.

next

A. W. Christian after being duly sworn gave
me the following testimony:

I live in town here, moved here in January 1861
lived in the County 9 years before then, am 57 years of
age, am a farmer, was acquainted with J. O. Finley
though not intimately - I have seen Finley in arms
He was a Secessionist as I judge from his talk -
He was in arms against the U.S. government, belonged
to some company, I think the Johnson Guards
with a Capt. O'Kell or Capt. Ruth's Company

I think he went with the army, & Knowbe
was away from here a good while about that time
I saw him next when he returned from Lexington
It seems he had been taken prisoner with others
and kept at Lexington some time. I never heard
from say how he was released. Don't know that I
saw him in arms after that, may have seen him have
a pistol, am not certain. He was always in Company
with noted secessionists. When the news came to town
that the State Militia had been fired on at Armstrong's
place and 4 of them killed and several wounded I saw Finley
on the street talking with armed secessionists and apparently
much elated - this was some time last month.

I do not know anything about Finley giving aid and
comfort or information to the bushwhackers. It was
generally supposed that he communicated with them
by proxy and the general impression that he ought
to be arrested as a spy. I never saw him search
Union men's houses. I know nothing about the
circumstances of Mr. Finley's death. Never had any
personal difficulty with Finley. The citizens here
generally considered him as a designing dangerous man
to the peace and safety of the community.

next

James McCarty being duly sworn gave me
the following testimony

I live in this place, have lived here since last
July a year ago, am 26 years of age by profession

a plasterer. I knew Jas. O. Parley became acquainted with him soon after coming to this place. He belongs to the Czech State army. I never heard him say much about his sentiments in my presence. I don't recollect of ever hearing him make any threats against U. S. troops, Home guards or Union men. I only know of the circumstances of his death from hearsay. I saw him last 11 Wks ago next Saturday. I have seen him in arms, the last time in July I think. I heard him say that he had been arrested by Federal troops and that he was released the first time on taking the oath of allegiance and not to take up arms again against the U. S. Government. This was about the 1st of August. A second time he was arrested about a month and a half after by Genl Lane at the Negro Springs. He showed me what he called his safeguard a paper given him by Lane. He said now he couldn't be interrupted by any federal Soldiers. said, he had told Lane he was out there for safety from the Home guards, that he had once taken the oath but had nothing to show for it and the Home guards would not let him alone. Lane then took his oath and gave him the paper. I believe I know of nothing further that would aid you in the investigation of this matter.

next

Robert Wyland being duly sworn testified as follows:

I am road agent for the Pacific Stage Co., generally stop here, am 25 years of age, I knew one Jas. D. Purley formerly of this place, have been acquainted with him about 3 years. He was a secessionist. I did not agree with him in his secession proclivities. I know by his talk in the street that he was a secessionist, he was also taken as a prisoner to Lexington by federal troops there released on taking the oath - a few days after saw him at the head of 10-12 men in town searching Union men's houses and afterwards heard him say that he had been arrested again, I think by J. Lane. Since that time I have heard him say that no Union man should live in this country, that Price would soon whip the Federal south of here and drive them all out. I do not know how he came by his death. Saw him about a day or two previous to his death. I was in town on the Sunday when he was killed, was at Mr. Dauphine's Store and heard the report of a pistol or gun; I ran out to see what it was, was told a man had been shot - met Capt. Houts and Morris Foster I asked what is going on - they said a man was shot - asked who? they said Purley. I walked along with them to the Fort. Capt. Houts said that he shot him in the breast. I asked him what for. Said, he called on Purley and spoke to him about having said that he would thrash a certain man's negro

if he ever sent him out into the Country again as a spy. Parley denied having said this. Then Stout told him "don't you lie" when Parley ran and Stout shot him. I never had any difficulty with Parley, but did have with a friend of his and Parley took it up and threatened to shoot me. I know nothing else in reference to the case.

next

N. P. Moody being duly sworn, testified:

I live in Warrensburgh for about 15 years, and 40 years of age, and a grocer, I have known Jas. A. Parley for about 18 months, I knew him as a secessionist I did not acquiesce in his sentiments regarding the rights of Secession, I have always been a Union man. I know nothing in reference to the manner of Parley's death I never heard Parley threaten any Union man but once saw him draw a pistol on a Union man who was in a quarrel with a friend of Parley's sometime during last month. I heard Capt Stout and Morris Fader say they would kill him if he didn't stop his way of sending news to the bushwhackers by women and children. I never heard them say that they had killed him.

I think Parley did continue aiding and abetting the enemies of our Country, by word, act or deed, up to the time of his death. I saw him a short time since, when the intelligence came to town that some of the State Militia had been fired upon by Bushwhackers - in conversation with some ladies who were known secessionists

and generally supposed to have carried out news to the bushwhackers and seemed considerably elated about the news. The ladies were accidents of the down and had just come in, their horses wet from hard riding. The ladies are Miss Brinker and Miss Jenah I have always been on very good terms with Turley he was in the habit of dealing in my store up to the time of his death.

next

Dr Baldwin being duly sworn, testified: I reside in Warrensburgh, am 25 years of age am a physician, have been a practicing physician in this place since my residence here, excepting 8 mos. during which time I was with Price's army as surgeon of the 3rd Regt. Mo. State Guards, have lived here 3 years with that exception. Was acquainted with Jas. O. Turley His general character was good so far as I know I saw him under arms against the U. S. government in Price's army. Since my return from the army I have been here all the time, was but little with Turley, do not know of him aiding and abetting the so-called Southern States since my return. I do not know that he was mistreated by any Union men in this place by threats or otherwise previous to his death. I was in this country when he was killed and do not know anything about the circumstances of his death. I saw him after he was dead and examined his wound. one ball entered the left breast near the nipple directly through his body coming out under

the right shoulder blade - the other one on the left
shoulder passing up in the direction of the spine
His clothes were yet upon his body when I saw him, &
helped dress him for burial. His coat on the left side
was buried with powder. I know of no other stories
that would aid you in arriving at the facts and circumstances
of his death

next

Dr. W. C. Ellard being duly sworn testifies:
I reside in Warrenton, for about 2 years and a half
am 27 years of age and a student of medicine and
practicing physician. Was acquainted with J. O. Finley
we studied medicine together. He professed to be a
secessionist, rather a violent one. I have seen him in
arms against the Government, at the time of the Lexington
fight he had a company and was there at the fight
When they returned the Co. was discharged and the men returned
home, I do not know that I have seen him in arms since then
He was taken a prisoner southwest of here by Gen. Lane. I think
I do not know under what circumstances he was released
I do not know that he has aided and abetted the so-called
South. Conf. or the bushwhackers here by either word, act or
deed, since his return from Lexington. I know nothing about
the circumstances of his death. The last time before his death
that I saw him was in my office about 9 o'clock on the morning
of the day when he was killed. While there Dr. Pinkerton and
Finley spoke together about Dr. Pinkerton's negro boy

who having been sent out into the country after
vegetables the day before: but as Drury thought as
a spy for Fort M' men. Drury told the Dr. he had better
keep hiaboy in town or someone would attend to his case
The Dr. told him he would enquire into the facts and if
guilty of it would chastise the negro. Dr. I went to
the fort and enquired about it of a gentleman there
and learnt that they know nothing about it at the Fort.
That afternoon between 1 & 2 o'clock I next saw Drury,
a corpse. One ball entered his left side between the 4 &
5th ribs and came out on the right side near the spinal
column, the other ball passed through the left shoulder in
the direction of the spinal column, as near as I recollect
I think both balls were about the same size. His clothes
were still upon his body when I first saw him, I did
not notice them burnt any. Drury and I were
always on intimate terms. I am and have been always
a Union man. Don't know but what I was in sympathy
with the Southern Confederacy. I would not now desire
to see the South. Conf. established in preference to the
U. S. Government. Having never taken any active
part on either side I have not been placed with
both parties by popular opinion.

next

Mollie A. Dargells, being duly sworn testifies
I have lived in Warrensburg 4 years last March
I will be 18 years of age in September next. I live with

my father, I have known Dr. Farley intimately for
the last 2 years. Knew him as a Secessionist. I am a
sympathizer of with the Rebellion. Farley was not lowered
in my estimation by his secess proclivities & did not
regard him as a violent Secessionist. I regarded him as a
young man of good character. He was arrested three times
by the Federal troops. He took the oath when arrested
by Lane and I think also at Lexington. When taken
by the State Militia he was released on parole of honor.
I did not know Farley to charge in his sentiments
but lately he was not so much a Secessionist than
formerly. I saw him about 5 minutes before his death.
He was in my father's house ~~only~~ a few moments before he
was shot. Capt. Houts and Morris Foster came to the door
~~at~~ they and requested my father to call Dr. Farley to the
door as they wanted to see him, (Dr. Farley being in
attendance upon my brother who was shot some time
previous) Dr. Farley responded to the call and not over
five minutes later my little brother met me in the hall
crying and exclaiming that Dr. Farley was shot. I
immediately went out to Dr. Farley who was still alive
then, I raised his head but found him insensible.
His body was immediately carried to his sister's
residence by my father and 3 negro men.
His coat and Vest both were on fire when I went to him
& believe I know nothing else that would aid you in
this matter.

next

Thomas E. Ingelle being duly sworn testified:
I am 46 years of age, have lived here since 1860 ago last month
I am acquainted with Dr. J. S. Finley - he boarded with me.
I think he was in arms against the U. S. Government.
I saw him with a Sabre on and understood that his
Company was 8-10 miles out of town. I believe he
also belonged to what was called the Johnson Co.
guards. I think he was taken prisoner twice
by Federal troops, once by Genl. Lane. I understood
Genl. Lane administered to him the oath don't think
I ever heard him say on what condition he was
released at Lexington. I never saw him with arms
after he was released. Capt. Houts and Morris
Foster came to my house one Sunday and asked for Dr.
Finley told him he might be in the other part of the
house - found him there - he went with me - in the hall
asked who wanted to see him - I told him - he then
passed into the room in which Capt. Houts and Foster
were, remaining behind thinking they might
want some private talk. A very short time after
heard the shot, went out and saw him lying on a
dying condition. His coat was on fire from
burnt powder. I didn't see anything of Capt. Houts
and Foster, but they might have been there. I was
too much shocked to notice anything.

Q. Do you know of any one who saw the occurrence? ²⁻

A. No sir I do not.

I have always been in favor of the old Constitution during these troubles, have never sympathized with the Secession cause, do not wish to see the so called Southern Confederacy to succeed in the present rebellion but desire to see the Stars and Stripes again floating over all this land as it was before the rebellion.

C. O. Silliman being duly sworn testified: that shortly after the battle of Wilson's Creek Col. Ackerell's forces came to near town. myself and another man went out to induce him not to bring his men to town as there were no troops here on our return met G. O. Turley at the bridge near this town with a gun in his hands in company with others who had a prisoner named Arnold. I begged them to release said Arnold to which all agreed excepting Turley who objected so decidedly that he was not released.

This was after Turley had been in arrest at Lexington and had been released by Federal soldiers from there.

2) in regard to the burning of the residences furniture etc
of Col. McCowan and Mrs. Brinker

when

L. O. Silliman being duly sworn, testified:
I have lived in this town about 16 years, am 40 years of age
by profession attorney at law, have practiced law in this
town for about 17 1/2 years I was for many years familiarly
acquainted with Col. McCowan. He was clerk of the Circuit Court
He stood very high in the community until an occurrence
took place Oct 18th, 1861, resulting in the death of March Davis
which considerably shook his reputation - the particulars
I only know from hearsay. It resulted in a bill of indictment
against Mr. McCowan (son of Col. McC.), the grand jury
acquitting Col. McCowan. Col. McCowan took an active part
in the rebellion. I was near Lexington last summer for a day
having went there on private business - previous to the battle
and there saw McCowan in command of a company of troops
McCowan's family lived in the house burned. I do not know
that they gave any aid or comfort to the Armabrothers,
I never heard Mrs. McCowan speak about them
The house of McCowan and Mrs. Brinker were burnt on a
Sunday either 2 or 3 weeks ago. I only saw the flames of McCowan's
and know nothing more about it. I know the family of
Mrs. Sarah D. Brinker. They lived about 200-250 feet from
my house with an open space between. About 9 or 10 o'clock
A.M. of the day above spoken of I saw some 2 or 3 men at
Mrs. Brinker's house on the south side, very shortly after
I saw them go around on the east side of the house when they

went out of my view. Shortly afterwards I heard screams
apparently of females from Mrs. Brinker's House and
immediately afterwards a light sprang up on the east side
of the House, it was soon in flames and burnt down.
After it was in flames I saw some 8 or 10 men about the
House of whom some came over into my yard but I was unable
to identify a single man. I think they were somewhat
under the influence of liquor. Mrs. Brinker is a widow
her husband having died several years since. She has one
grown son and a daughter about grown - some 4 or 5 smaller
children. I do not know whether son now is. The family
were very demonstrative at first of their secession sympathies
her son has been and still is a violent secessionist. Mrs.
Brinker has lately been much less demonstrative than
formerly. I do not know that Mrs. Brinker's family
communicated with the bushwhackers.

next

Georg Reiter was duly sworn and gave the following
testimony
I live here in Warrensburg opposite to McCoward's former house
am 37 years of age I have lived here 9 years. Am acquainted with
H. McCoward's family I was at home when McCoward's
House was burnt, can't recollect exactly on what date it was on
a Sunday in the month of March. My neighbor Morgan called
me that night between 9 and 10 o'clock and said he thought some
one was going to set the House on fire. Saw a light behind
the House went to the fort to tell them, thinking some
reckless fellows had done it without the men at the fort

Knowing anything about it. There was told that it had
been put out again. Returned again and found it
burning. Do not know who set it on fire I saw
no soldiers trying to put out the fire. I saw Major
Foster walking in the street near by. I saw none of the
soldiers making any effort to put out the flames
they might have done so and I not have seen it. I never
saw any of the bushwhackers near the house. When the
secessionists were here in force good many of them were
about their houses then. I noticed lately Mrs. McCowan
was very quiet. I never heard her making any threats.
She was a good neighbor. I assisted in carrying some of
her furniture that night. Mrs. Prinkers house was burnt
the same night. I only saw the light of it. I am acquainted
with Mrs. Prinkers family, they are very strong secessionists
It is said that Mrs. Prinkers son is in the woods with
the bushwhackers and doing more harm than perhaps any
one else. I do not know who burnt Mrs. Prinkers house
Young Prinkers is regarded as a dangerous man, it is generally
believed that Mrs. Prinkers communicated with the
bushwhackers. I never heard neither Mrs. Prinkers nor her
son make any threats. I never saw young Prinkers shoot
at a Union man as I was compelled to keep away when
he was about here my wife did see him fire at a
citizen. When McCowan's house was burning I
had to remain at home trying to save my room from
burning.

M. J. F. F. Logan next testified on oath
I have lived in Warrensburgh from 3 - 4 years, am 45 years
of age, my business is merchandising. I am acquainted
with the families of McGowan and Brinker, their
dwellings were burnt some time in March. Both families
were generally known and regarded as of strong social
propensities. I was always on good terms with both, they
were customers of mine. I regard the burning of their dwellings
as an unfortunate occurrence - I did not and Mrs Brinker
now is in the woods among the "brushhackers". I couldn't
think that the building was burnt by the order of Miss Foster
or anyone else in command as I have always regarded them
as good men and do not think they would do such a thing
I never heard any one threaten to burn them. I live about 2-300
yards from McGowan House. Both families were generally
considered as violent secessionists although I myself do not
know never having had any conversation with them about the
subject. I have always been a Union man. I believe
it would be good policy on the part of government to
remove the State Militia raised here and on adjoining
Counties to other parts and send two others in their stead.
I remained at home when McGowan House was burnt,
heard some firing of guns and concluded it would be
safest to remain at home.

Henry Smith, being duly sworn, testified
I have lived in this town about 3 years - or off and on - 4 years
but I am 60 years of age, engaged in the milling business

Am acquainted with the families of McCowan and
Mrs Brinker, both once regarded as violent secessionists
Mrs Brinker more especially. I saw the burning of Mrs.
Brinker House, last Sunday night 3 or 4 ago, I think,
when it was first on fire I went to go over and help
put it out, but from what I heard concluded it would
not be safe. I could identify no one near the House. I
thought they were Soldiers as some of them had guns.
No effort was made to put out the fire so far as I know.
I do not know whether that either family had been
communicating with the rebels or breakwhackers, the
general impression was that they did so. I heard a prominent
secessionist say that he expected Mrs. Brinker House would
be burnt. I know nothing about the circumstances of
the burning of McCowan's House. I have seen Mrs Brinker,
son, John, Sam Greenlee and Arkansas Robertson - the
same who killed Major Marshall of Merrill's Horse, - frequently.
I am a Union man, have always opposed the principle of
Secession. I believe it would be policy on the government
to remove the troops enlisted in the State Militia on this
and adjoining Counties, replacing them by others, at least
not to allow them to have command and control here.

Alfred Morgan testified on oath.

I have lived here since March 1854. am 34 years of age
and a House carpenter. Have known the families of
McCowan and Mrs Brinker ever since I came here
Have always been friendly with them. their Houses

were burnt on Sunday night for 4 weeks ago
I do not know who burnt them. I live just across the
street from McCowan former House about 70-80 yds
distant. I did not go to the House, until it was burning
fully I could not see any ~~one~~ one whom I could
identify. Saw no efforts made to put it out. I never
heard anyone threaten to burn it. While it was
burning I was busy trying to save my own House
from catching fire from the sparks. I am and
always have been a Union man.

James Moody being duly sworn, testified:

I have lived in this town about 8 years. am a grocer.
I have been acquainted with the families of McCowan and
Chinker almost ever since I have been here. They were
customers of mine. I know nothing about the burning
of their Houses only saw them burn. McCowan was
pretty well a fire, when I first saw it. I did not go over
the sparks came flying pretty thick and I was busy trying
to save my own House from catching. Do not know who
burnt it, never heard anyone threaten to burn it
for about 11 months the families have been regarded as
violent secessionists. I am and always have been a
Union man I think the U. S. troops suit this place better
than the State Militia, things seem to go on better and
we have more quiet and peace when they are here. The
Union people I think all regret the burning of these
Houses I know I do and have heard others say the same

I in regard to the shooting of Mr Burgess and
his brother and the burning of their dwelling
when

Thomas Black being duly sworn, testified
I am a member of Capt Hunt's Company of No.
8, M. as a private, now stationed at this post
Mar 2 by an of age last February. I do not know the
two Burgess, have heard of them. I know the place where
they lived but do not know the names of it. I can't say
that I do know how they came by their death. Can't
say exactly how long since they were killed. I was out
one night when two men were killed, don't know their
names, about 4 Weeks ago it occurred 6-8 miles from town
I was in command of the squad, Lieutenant Jewell was
with me but I had command. I was then orderly sergeant
in H Co, since reduced to the ranks by order of Genl.
Totten. We left here about 6 o'clock P.M. proceeded to Ward
House, searched for Mr Ward - failed to find him - thence went
to another House - the House was opened or found some firearms
also one bushwhacker whom we brought along a prisoner.
Crossing the yard between his House and the fence he
started to run in the dark when I fired and shot him left
the body there then went to another House, searched without
finding either arms or Bushwhackers. After searching
several other Houses we came to one where I dismounted
8 of the men, stationing them around the House, mostly
behind with instructions to let no one escape out of the
House. I then demanded admittance at the front door.

A lady inside told me there were no men inside, to
give her time to dress. I told her she might take as long
time as she desired if there were no men in the House,
that I wished to search inside before leaving. Only 2 of my
men went to the rear of the House although I had ordered
the 8 nearly all there. As I went in I requested an
inner door on my left opened, she refused. I then ordered
one of my men to break it open he started with his
rifle against the door, when two shots were fired through
the back door, killing one and wounding one severely of
my men - two men had rushed out of the back door at
the same time - one was fired at by one of my men but
although he fell - both escaped into the brush. I then went
into the House again and searched, found a man in bed,
asked why he didn't get up and open the door when I called for
it. He told me he was afraid we would kill him. I told him
if he wasn't a bushwhacker he need not be afraid as we
wouldn't kill anyone except bushwhackers. I made him
get up and dress, after that asked him who the two men
were who had escaped, he answered Dave Greenlee & John
Brinker (I knew both were bushwhackers. Both while
in a company of about 40 had only a short time before
shot at me among the militia hitting me & mine)
I asked why he harbored such persons in the House. He said,
he couldn't help it, and begged not to kill him. I told him
I didn't want to kill him. While thus talking with him
outside the House took fire. Can't say who set it on
fire. Knowing that one man was dead and another

badly wounded & told my men to take them away from
the burning House. Looking around again I saw the
prisoner running to the rear of the House where some 6 or
8 women were also running for the brush. I "halted" him,
but he continued running when I fired, killing him dead.
Took the dead and wounded men to a House near by
dressed the wounded man myself. The owner of this House
told us not to leave him there as about 200 Amshokias
were near to whom the 2 who had escaped would run and
we certainly be attacked if we remained there and if the
wounded was left alone they would kill him. We borrowed
an ox team from a farmer half a mile distant and in it
carried the dead and wounded men into town, arriving
in town about daylight. I do not know who burnt
the House.

J. J. Logan being duly sworn, testifies.
I live out of here about 15 miles. at present belong to Capt Hunt's
Company of State Militia, am 25 years of age a carpenter
by business. I was on the same Scout during which
the 2 Priggeners were killed but saw neither of them killed
myself. I do not know them personally. Lt. Jewell
commanded the Scout. I saw the House burnt, do not
know who set it on fire. The men were all sober on the
occasion I don't think any of them had a drop of liquor
with them even. I dismounted among them at the
second House, heard Sergeant Black order the men
to go to the backdoor, only two did so.

I was ordered by Sergt. Black to break open an inner door - did so - then heard report of two pistols at the rear door. Knew they were none of our arms. Went out and saw one of our men laying there nearly dead, went into the House again and then heard the 3rd shot, which I understood is the one killing Burgess. When we first went to the front door Sergeant Black ordered the door opened, they forced around a long time, it seems to me fully 10 minutes before they opened it. I don't know what was said. Lieutenant Jewell was in command when the House was burnt, I don't know why it was that I received order from Sergt. Black, Lieut. Jewell I understood was in command, he remained mounted until the firing, then dismounted. He was with us during the whole scuffle.

4 regarding the Killing of Mr Piper and the burning of some fire dwellings by Capt Houts Co.

Samuel Miller being duly sworn, testified I reside here in town; my occupation formerly was Blacksmithing, at present I am a member of Capt Houts Company of U. S. M. and 50 years of age since last January. I saw Piper after he was shot. I was out on the same scuffle, Capt Houts commanded. I know nothing about the circumstances of Piper's death except from hearsay. The main body of the 3rd

remained distant from the House about 25 yards
the Captain, Lieutenant, Cook of the Georgetown Co. and a
few more went up to him when he was standing in his
yard. I heard the report of a pistol, but didn't see
who fired it. One of the men present was Laven of Mill
Foster's Company now at Georgetown, I think all were
of the same Company.

I saw the soldiers carry out some of the furniture
from Oliphant's House and soon after saw some smoke
and soon it was consumed by fire. Oliphant's family
lived there, Oliphant I think kept in the brush.

I heard Mrs Oliphant crying and saying "if
he had kept at home and out of the brush as
I wanted him to, this would not have happened?"

I saw no armed men run away from the House, I
had never been there previous to this time.

I heard Capt. Houts say that he was going to burn
this House as if was a bushwhacker's den

I saw a House belonging to Cook, burn. No armed
men ran away from it so far as I saw. Capt. Houts
had spoken of it also as a bushwhacker's House and
that he meant to burn it. Jas. Thompson's
House also was burnt. I know Jas. Thompson
He has been in the gypsawking Companies. He has a
brother now in Sedalia, has been there all winter. Before
he left here I heard Jas. Thompson tell his brother if he
didn't turn back he would himself help to fasten the
rope to hang him. His brother became frightened and

went to Padalia. When his House was burnt
I was at Doak's about a mile off, only saw the
smoke.

A House belonging to James was also burnt while
I was feeding at Doak's. It - 1 mile distant, only
saw the smoke. I did not hear the Captain
say anything about burning James' House.
There were only 4 Houses burnt that day, another
one was set a fire. I saw an old lady and told her
to get a bucket of water and put it out, as we were
riding away, saw her go in, get a bucket and
thus save it. It was by some reported burnt why
didn't know that it had been saved after being
set on fire. I do not know that the Houses all
were burnt by order of Capt Hout's but think they
were as I do not think any one could have done
it without such orders.

James Todd being duly sworn testified:
I live on Post oak about 9 miles from here, near where
4 Houses were burnt recently by the State Militia -
I belong to Capt Hout's Company of Miss. State Mil.
I was not out on the route during which the Houses
were burnt. I know the men whose Houses were burnt,
they were some flesh and some bricklayers & know
this having been with them a good deal before
joining the State Militia. Olifant, Doak and
and Thompson are bricklayers. Doak having

taken the oath once of the Kansas troops if
was not more than two day after before he was again
out in the bush with his gun

I have known them to commit ev-outages
on Union men except taking some horses, a Union
man told me they had fired on some United States
troops from the bush on Pinosak.

They harbored bushwhackers whenever they called
there were feeding southern fellows all the time
Doak told me out of his own mouth he would
feed them whenever they called there.

Q. Did you ever have any personal difficulty with
any of them?

A. I did with Thompson.

Q. What was it about?

A. It was about the troubles in the Country
when one was bringing on another he finally
said he would shoot me if ever he got a
chance.

The foregoing testimony (all of which was taken before me
April 17th & 18th 1862) is hereby submitted for your consideration.

The board would only add that the investigation was conducted
as impartially as the nature of the case could possibly admit - no persons allowed
to be present save the witness on examination and we labored to obtain that class
of witnesses whose testimony would be most effective and in
the absence of all and every one of the parties directly concerned
the following rule was adopted, to wit: to call on the persons
most interested for ~~names~~ a list of names and

out of them select those whose testimony was
deemed most effective and have them cited before
us and examined under oath.

Hoping this will meet your approval
we subscribe our names this 19th day of April 1862.

W. M. G. Lawrence Major 1st Iowa Cavalry
O. G. McQueen Capt. Co. "A" " " "
J. and G. H. H. 1st Lt. & Adj. 1st Batt. " " "



Names of Prisoners

1050

Sent to Gen. Vile

Proostmaster

April 17 1862

skelton that men were
living in house when a Russian
Tiger was shot and his master
sent for and concealed

sent in for holding commences

Received from the
Adjutant General of Pa.
December 10. 1896.
R. & F. 668893.

2 or more

Citizens

65-8

Names of Prisoners
1050

Sent to Gen. Velle

Provost Marshal

April 17 1862

shelved these men were
living in house when a Prussian
spy was detected & his master's
secrets found concealed

sent in for holding communication with enemy

Received from the
Adjutant General of Pa.
December 10. 1890.
R. & F. 468893.

2 or more

Citizens

Head Quarters Prov Guards Apr 17th 1862

James W. Rising
Thomas Lesling
Robert Lesling

} are the names of the
three citizens sent in by
Gen Reynolds

C. A. Lyman

Prov Marshal
W. C. Collins

To
Col Bidwell
C. A. Lyman

Letter from
Flag Officer McKean
April 24th 1862

In relation to the
frigate (Florida) stopping
at Port Royal, and
to Lady passengers going
on Rhode Island.

Mr & Mrs Jones
Citizens

U. S. Flag Ship "Niagara".

Key West - April, 24th 1862.

Brig. Genl. Brannan,

Comdg. Dis. of Key West -

Sir,

Your communication of this days date is received. I regret that I cannot comply with your request to order the Prize Ste. "Florida", to convey your dispatch to Port Royal - If I can obtain a suitable vessel for the use of the Capt. of the Port, I will send it by the U. S. Sch. "Wanderer".

In regard to Mr. & Mrs. Jones, taking passage in the "Rhode Island", I have not the slightest objection, if Capt. Frenchard can accommodate them, consistently with his instructions from the Navy Dept. - but he mentioned to me, in the course of conversation, when speaking of lady passengers, that the "Rhode Island", is entirely destitute of proper accommodations.

for ladies - I think it probable that on
her return, she will be crowded with
Officers and men, returning from
the Western Squadron -

I am, respectfully,

Your Obt. Servt -

Wm. W. M. Stearns

Flag Officer -

Comd'g. Eastern Gulf Squadn.

Office of Pro. M.

April 24. 62

Lighton Geo. E.

Pro. M.

City

Examination of prisoners re-
ferred to in S.O. 502107. con-
cluded - resulting, in most
cases, in establishing their
loyalty - Evidence in each case
submitted. (taken in 65 cases)
case of Henry Kennedy and Wm
W. Mayon unsatisfactory -

Recd Hd Qrs St Louis District

April 25th 1862

Office of Provost Marshal,

St. Louis, Mo., Apr 24th 1862.

Major Frank J. White

Alton.

Major.

In pursuance of Special order No 107 - St. Louis Dist, I have the honor to report that the examination of prisoners therein referred to has been concluded, I am happy to state that the result has satisfied me in nearly every case that the prisoners are what they claim to be - loyal men who through compulsion or inadvertence - subjected themselves to arrest.

The evidence in each case is submitted herewith - It was taken in sixty four cases.

Perhaps the cases of Ans F. Feldman and Henry Glade do not belong to the same

class of cases as the Massachusetts, but
they are citizens, and persons they claim
to be heard. These persons with Joseph
Sullivan and Anna Collins are Massachusetts.
The case of Henry Kennedy is peculiar
and the result of the examination was
factory, as it is also in the case of John
W. Mayo. These two last seem to need
further explanation.

Very Respy

Yrs W. L.

Geo. B. Loring

To the Hon.

Thos G Anderson

K. S. S. S.

Apr 2 '02

Not found.

~

56

Palmyra April 3^d 1862

Col.

Bernard G. Farrar
Provost Marshal Genl.
Depart^t of the Miss.

Sir. Yours of
the 27th March rec^d. and according to in-
structions. Mr Thomas L. Anderson and
Judge Ridd. gave bond the 1st for \$10,000 and
the second for \$5000. They grumbled much
and wished me to retain the Bond until
they heard from St Louis. wanting some
modification of the Bond. They have been
with exception of James H. Green the most
influential & dangerous rebels in N.C.
Not are safely bonded. Their bonds were
filled & filed to-day. it will be some trouble
to make any alteration in demand the
gentlemen are hardly worthy of the favor.

I am so intolerably busy that
I cannot fix a report before next
Sunday. have large lot of prisoners
here, many of them reported to Head-
quarters, but have no answer. I am
in very great need of Blankets

Bonds - Cash and Stationery - are
Running on the last 1/2 bundle of Paper

Very respectfully

Wm R. Strachan

Pro. Mar. Palmyra

W. R. Strachan,

Prov. Marshal Palmyra.

)
refers to T. L. Anderson &
others,

Respectfully
 Submitted
 to Capt. L. J. Lambert
 A. A. Gump

The Prayers which to remain
 on the Key

Yours to
 W. H. Gumbert
 May 47 Key Sa. Va.
 Brown Marshall

Apr. 2, 1862

Cets

The undersigned were taken in the Smack
Jesse Pinkney & Duddy by the Smack Gun Battery
Capt John Dukes, and was carried on to Tampa
where it have remained up to this time, they have been
sold ever since they were often requested to take up
arms in the confederate cause but refused to do
so, we were treated very badly. They were
taken in crossbar we left Tampa about 10 days
ago, in a canoe which we stole and arrived
here this morning the Smacks when taken were
the property of Wall & Pinkney they are all
three Spaniards but have been sailing out of this
place for 5 or 6 years.

Attest

A Patterson

Luis
Uthaus & Cabalero
Mark
Flanagan & DeArma
Mandy & Antara

Key West April 2^d 1862

C. H. 52

Cato^{to}

Head quarters
 Department of the
 Mississippi St Louis
 Apr 8th 1862

Rich^d D Butts

Requests are hereby
 to transfer ~~Mr~~
 Petyman from
 topographical duty
 in St Louis to
 similar duty in
 the field. Also
 are hereby to employ
 Mr Spangenberg as
 additional surveyor
 with the pay of 2nd
 Lieut of Infantry
 Approved H. W. Hullin
 Maj. Genl

One enclosure

Ans Divis ap 9/62

Print & Like

MISSOURI
HEAD QUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.

St. Louis. April 8th 1862

Major Genl. Ch. M. Halleck

Commandg Dep't. of the Missouri.

Genl.

In accordance with verbal instructions, I would respectfully request authority to transfer Mr Pityman from topographical duty in St. Louis to similar duty in the field, and also authority to employ Mr O. Spangenberg as additional surveyor with the pay of 2^d Lieut. of Infantry, he having been already in the service of the United States as an Engineer officer.

Very respectfully
Your obedt. servt.

Richd. S. Latta

Approved

A. W. Hallen

Major Genl

1056 W #115.

6

Cottage Hill Cts
La Page Co. Ill.

Adm. - Glas.

States that one Peter Walker
now under bail, is cir-
culating
petition for the release of
old John Walker, of
said County, who is
a prisoner - and states
that if he is permitted
to go at large there
will be danger to the
few Union Germans
of said County, as
he has been a leading
Rebel & secessionist.

115
↑

Rec'd Miss ap 9/12

Cottage Hill, DuPage County, Illinois
May. Genl. Collects.

Honored Sir: -

Having reliable information from Charleston County Mo. it becomes my duty to inform you, that one Peter Walker who is now under bail of straw, to keep the peace, has been circulating a petition for the release of old John Walker of said Charleston County, the said John Walker is now a prisoner in your hands.

If this John Walker is released there will be danger for the few union loving germans of said county, who are not yet exiles, as the old fellow was a leading robber and secessionist and should not yet be allowed to run at large. Will it be safe for Missouri exiles to return to Charleston County Mo.?

One word from you will be gladly received by
Your very respectful
Edwin Gles

P. April '62

Petition from a
number of Union Men
of S.E. Wis., who have been
driven from their homes

Major General Halleck
St. Louis, Mo.

Wm

C. J.

W. J.

12
Honor. Secy Dept of the
Mississippi
Washington

Respectfully referred
to Pres Gen J. M.
Schaffner Comdg
Gen of the Army

S. C. Kelton
A. G.

John

Petition

To His Excellency H. W. Halleck U. S. A.
Major General Commanding Department of the
Mississippi

We the undersigned Union Citizens of Bollinger Co. South East Missouri are and have been since the Commencement of this war, infested by several Bands of Rebel Robbers and Murderers mounted upon the best horses in the country and said to be about several hundred strong, under the command of four notorious Rebels Jason Hunter - Tolson - Kitchens - Wm Jeffers and a scoundrel named Bowles all claiming to be in the service of the Notorious Jeff Thompson, making midnight raids through this County in a circuit of ten or fifteen miles in and around the town of Dallas hunting down Union men wherever they can find them - Stealing their horses and work Cattle - abusing their families and indiscriminately murdering every Union man that they can lay hands on - as an instance on Wednesday night March 26th 1862 these scoundrels paid a visit to the neighborhood surrounding Dallas and ^{took} all the horses he had from a good Union Citizen Amos Baker leaving him without the means to ~~put~~ in a crop, thereby depriving his wife and family of support - stole horses from three other good Union men Henry Crader - Maston Lyle - and Joseph Miller and murdered the said Miller shooting him three times and stabbing him twice after he was shot. Shot a soldier in the Missouri Volunteer Militia named Samual Robbins who came here on a furlough to see his sick wife - Proceeding

to Dallas they entered the Court House and carried away all the books and papers in the county Clerks Office and took James Noel Clerk of the County - Court and member of the State Convention a prisoner to their camp. Since that time they have repeatedly stolen horses from other parts of the neighborhood, and attacked and fired into scouting parties of Missouri State Militia in or near the town of Jackson, and threaten they will shoot down any Union man who will attempt to make a crop - The town of Dallas is chiefly inhabited by returned rebels from Jeff Thompsons camp who have been to Cape Girardeau and taken the oath of allegiance to the United States but who are well known to act as spies and harbor and encourage these murdering Bands in their depredations - Therefore - we your petitioners relying solely upon your Excellency for protection humbly pray you will send a force in this neighborhood to arrest and break up these Bands of Rebel Robbers and Murderers.

and your petitioners will
ever pray &c

John R. Cochran
O. J. Baker
Freeling Baker
Thomas A. J. Baker
E. R. Frayer
Robert Vance
August Lamprecht
James W. Baker

Maaston Lyle
Alfred Hawn
Narrow Hupstutler
John S. Swezey
John B. Bender
Ephraim Myers
James Baker Senr
John D. Laughter

W. A. O'Reilly
John A. O'Reilly
Philip A. O'Reilly
John O'Reilly Secy
Union Cooper
John M. Cooper
Thomas Craig
Bird Francis
L. D. Hill
Elijah Shelton
W. C. Williams
William Adams
Richard Sweeney
Quin Collins
Leonard Goto
Wm. H. Gaines
Rayford Cooper
William Staughter
Wm. Fowler
Wm. Burrow
Ephraim Wallace
George H. Dylsworth
John Sweeney
Madison Anderson
Thomas J. Cooper
William Vance
Lawrence Carter
William Leries
William Obst
Thomas Beers
Wm. Cooper
Thos. Berry
Madison C. Black
Enoch Vardon

John James
Henry Gaines
August Winters
August Heisler
Jesse Sutes
David Fraysher
Leon Von Ark
Amos Baker
Henry Crader

St Louis 16th April 1862
Mr Colman comes to me
with the representation made
in this paper accredited by
such parties as leave no room
for doubt as to the truthfulness
of the statements he may make.
His official relation to the Union
Organization of Bollinger Co.
must give weight and im-
portance to object of his
visit to St Louis.

Respectfully

E. Myerson
Ex. Sec. Union
Central Club

St Louis

Oath of Sarah Buckner
#056
evidence of -

Pleasant Wood

other

Citizens:

Apr 1862

State of Missouri

County of Clinton

Sarah Buckhart states that about a week or so before Christmas past, it being being on Saturday night she was at Pleasant Wades, and James Frootman, and two other men Jeter & Hartpeck were there also. Hartpeck & Wade went out of the house and had a long conversation, Wade stated in my ^{presence} that the above named men had a keg of powder and as much lead as he (Wade) could lift, that he helped put it on their horse, and that to the best of my knowledge they never went north when they left Wades for I listened to hear them pass by, as they was in the habit of going north past my house when they left Wades, and that they all were riding, and leading one horse

Given under my hand this 10th day of April 1862

Sarah ~~Buckhart~~
and

Subscribed and sworn to before }
me this 10th day of April A.D. 1862 }
Jacob M. Brauner J.P. }

1058

1059

List of Men who
Received permits to mine
Cortaya, on April 2^d 1812

late

The following persons have permission
to lead the Staff.

April 7th 62
Fort Jefferson.

Joseph Otto
Martin Whalton ^{III}
Wm. F. Scott
J. P. Lightburn
J. O. Cunniff
Wm. Marshall
James C. Polkman
Miss. Robertson
Might Weyant ^{III}
Thos. Diamond ^{III}
Wm. Woodcock
Wm. Woodcock Childers
L. Private from Co. M
Sam Woodcock

Francis Pearson ^{III} ^{III}

Approved

Joseph C. Abbott
Lt Col. 7th Reg. N.H. V. Co. 1st

1060

April 10, 02

Jersey Ann Bonham

Orch vs Pleasant Woods

1060

Centigens.

State of Missouri }
County of Clinton }

Jesse A Buckmaster States that
about a week or so before Christmas
past it being on Saturday night,
she was at Pleasant Wades, and
James Inntman, and two other
men Peters & Hartpeck wer there
also. Hartpeck & Wade went out
of doors and had a long talk.
after they come back in the house
Father & Mother went home, after
that Wade and the three other
named men went out doors and
had a long talk, when they come
back into the house Mrs Wade
consented for her Daughter Prudence,
to go home with me when Prudence
said "Mother what will you do if
Father goes away" she said go with
her she was not afraid,

Then they went to the lot
and caught their horses, then
we went home, the next day
Mrs Wade said they did not go
by our house but went south
given under my hands this
10th day of April 1862

Fanny Ann Bookhimer

Subscribed and sworn
to before me this 10th day
of April 1862
Jacob W. Brown, J.P.

1081

11.2

1862

~~Old Point Comfort, Va.
April 16th 1862~~

~~Messrs Voorhies & Co
Merchants,~~ C. 5

States that under the recent
order of the Hon. Sec. of War,
prohibiting further stores being sent
to General McClellan's Army, the
stores intended for him at
Baltimore have been stopped, &c.

Citizens
Baltimore

Recd Hd Qu. Aft Pt Va, April 16/62

Old Point Comfort.

April 16, 1862.

Maj Gen^l John, E. Wool,
Commanding Dept of Virginia,

General,

We have reliable information that Col M. N. Falls, Pres^t of the Bay Line of Steamers, plying between Balto & this point, has rec^d an order from the Hon Secy of War, or Gen^l Wadsworth, directing him to ship no sutler stores, for the present, to places occupied by Gen M^l Clellan's army, and in obedience to said order, stores for your particular command have not been allowed to be shipped, but have been compelled to remain on the wharf at Balto, amongst other goods of this firm. —

While we do not believe, the order of the Hon Secy of War, meant to include, and prevent the shipment of freight, or stores of Suttlers, of your Department, it has that effect.

In explanation of what we understand our position to be here, as Suttlers or merchants, it is proper for us to state that we are aware, according to the Charter

Party of the Bay Line into the United States Government, that we are not entitled to have freight carried at all; should the Govt. require the entire capacity of the Steamers, but that the Company have the right, under their Contract with the Govt, to carry freight for private parties to the full extent of their capacity, outside of the requirements of the Government.

We respectfully ask your attention to this matter, for protection, in what we consider our just rights.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servants,
Voorhes & Bell

April 11, 1862

Recd (Whiskey)

1062

April 11, 1862

Sergt Siebert of the
Forward Guard to
seize liquor on the
premises of Duty Wa-
gonmaster Petit Hort
mann

2 or more

Citizens

(Signature)

(Signature)

2 1/2 lbs
1 lb

Butter

received

1862

Johnston

2 or more

received
from the City of
Portland, Me.
for the
purpose of
the
City of
Portland, Me.

1062
April 11, 1862

Johnston

April 11, 1862

Office No. 10 of Friedrich
April 11th 1862.

Sergeant Charles Siebert of the Grenadier Guard
will proceed to the premises of City Magistrate
Peter Hartmann & divide all the liquor that
will be found there & he will deliver such
articles as may find use for Company Kayser.

Gust Heintze.
Major & Inspector.

No 72 - C

Provost Marshal's office

1069

April 8 1864.

~~Cuts~~

Report of Maj Allen,
containing a list of
the Secession & Union
Men resident in the
vicinity of Manassas
& Quantico.

Respectfully referred
to Brig Gen Wadsworth
Military Governor.

Major W. E. Smith

Provost Marshal.

Head Quarters
Military Governor D. C.
Washington, April 8th 1862.

To

Major W. C. Doster,
Provost Marshal
Washington City,
D. C.

Major:-

I have the honor to report that in view of statements in newspapers of this date that some of our pickets were recently shot near Manassas by persons concealed in the woods, and of similar circumstances that have occurred and may occur elsewhere, I have caused to be collected from our Reports a list of names of rebels and Unionists resident in certain localities, which list I here with subjoin, to wit:-

Rebels Residing near Manassas.

William Godwin, Sheriff of Prince William County, resident near Brentsville; now professes to be a Union Man.

Franks Cannon, formerly postmaster at Manassas Station; informer on Union men.

Johnson Lockvill, informer on Union men.

Elijah Case, compelled his son to join the rebel Army.

Lieut. "Tip" Williams, Bristol Station, A. & O. R. R.

That the following persons resident near Manassas have gone back with the rebel army, viz:

Philip Lipscomb, Bristol Station; Benjamin Johnson, Wm. Weir, Frederic Whedon, John Doe, Redmond Bronner, Daniel French and Benjamin Lockrill.

That certain persons resident near Drainsville and elsewhere were arrested last fall on the charge of being concerned in the murder of our pickets near that place, and after being imprisoned in the Old Capitol were recently released by the Commissioners. That, as is stated by the person who filled his pass, one of them Summerfield Ball of Lewinsville, struck out from said pass the words, "that I am a true and loyal citizen of the United States."

That the names of the others are as follows, viz:

John J. De Bell.

R. H. Gurnell.

John B. Farr.

George Coleman.

John Coleman.

All of whom are resident near Drainsville.

That the following persons resident near Drainsville were active secessionists but have never been arrested, viz:-

Benjamin Bridges, 1 1/2 mile north of Guilford Station; was by his own admission in the hearing of informants, concerned in the murder of Union pickets; boasted about Feb. 10th of having passed through our lines near Drainsville; was constantly engaged in conveying information to the enemy.

George Bridges, son of the preceding.
James Cockrill, J. P. near Drainsville.
Thomas Green " " " "

That, as is stated by a contraband, the following persons resident near Gum Springs, Loudon Co, are active secessionists, viz:-

Harris Buckner, gave \$700. for clothing for the rebel army.

Beverly Hutchinson, has 3 sons in the rebel army.
Samuel Tibbs, Robt. P. Hutchinson and others.

That the following persons resident in Fauquier Co, are stated by contrabands to be active secessionists, viz:-

James J. Jones, Ashby's Cavalry, resides near
Piedmont Station M. & R. R.

Lewis Marshall, Rebel Army " " " "

Rich. Buckner " " " " " "

Grey Carroll, Rebel Army, Piedmont station N.C. RR.
Rich. H. Carter, " " " " "
Jas. H. Rollins, " " " " "
Jackson Smith, " " " "

That nearly all residents of that vicinity are secessionists.

That John B. Kelly, Kellys Mills, Rappahannock river 4 miles below Rappahannock station and John Berry his son in law are both secessionists.

That the following secessionists reside near Middleburg, Loudon Co., Va.:-

W^m Darrell, W^m Skinner, John Coombs, Samuel Tibbs, Samuel Fields, James Ottobach.

That about 12 miles furtherly from Leesburg are the following secessionists, viz.:-

Charles Adams, Thomas Adams, James Oden, and Dr. John B. Oden,

That Richard and Charles Jackson are brothers of the man who killed Col. Ellsworth. That Richard Jackson is in all probability actively at work as a rebel scout, and that Charles Jackson is known to be such, from a document found at the house of Augustus Williams (now a prisoner in the old Capitol)

being an order on Gen. Bonham of the rebel army, from the rebel General commanding, that "the scout Jackson" should be "allowed ammunition for the time he was out on a scout."

That the Jackson referred to is stated by the neighbors to be Charles Jackson.

That the following Union men are resident near Manassas, Bentsville, Drainsville &c.

John Hornbecker, Elias Good, Samuel Wolveston, Thomas Jones, George Trimmer, Joseph Roseberry, near Manassas.

Michael and John Roseberry near Bentsville.

Isaac Hazen, near Cattett's station.

Dr Oerman 5 miles from " "

John Hays " "

Flagler, a farmer near Bentreville.

Spencer Lloyd, Wm Randall, Thomas Barber and Evan Jones, 1 1/2 miles west of Drainsville.

Harvey Sherman, near Drainsville, recently guide to Gen. McCall.

Nelson Vookies, Nathaniel Hanery, Amos S. Berdle, Thomas Johnson, Henry Bishop, Wm Waters and Daniel Barden, Fairfax County.

All of which is respectfully submitted by

E. J. Allen.

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Harvey Sherman, near Drainsville, recently guide to Gen. McCall.

Nelson Vorkies, Nathaniel Kanery, Amos D.

Berdle, Thomas Johnson, Henry Bishop, Wm Waters and Daniel Barden, Fairfax County.

All of which is respectfully submitted by
C. J. Allen.

Testimony in case of
Amazon Howell
1864 Samuel Tyler

Cts
of
1862
Tyler is in prison
Howell is on parole
at his home in 3rd
Louis County.

Actd. upon

decision Enclosed

Capt R A Stewart

Dudman ad

miles

Exchange

ORIGINAL RECORDED

Samuel Taylor

Amason Horrell

Evidence against

ordered to be sent to
St Louis for trial
before mil Comm
Tyler & Horrell.
others to be released

Amason Howell, General Falkner,
John Tyler & Samuel C. Tyler, Stephen
Bacon & Jack McCourtney arrested in
vicinity of Howells Ferry on the River
are charged with assisting a party of
persons who were preparing to join Price's
Army.

John Kraus being sworn says —

I reside on Wild Horse Creek about
3 miles from Howells Ferry. I heard at
a ^{public} sale on the 15th of March last that a
party of men for Price's Army dressed in U.S.
uniforms stopped at Capt Howells ^{at Howells}
~~Ferry~~ ^{that evening}. I heard the above from Mr. Schaefer.

The sale took place on Saturday, on Sunday
morning following I saw a black boy by
name of William who lives at John Tyler's
and he stated to me that the reason he came
out to see his wife that day was that
he had to carry, during the night the boxes
of a party of ^{John} recruits who stopped
at Tyler's that night.

Mrs. McCourtney the Mother of Jack Mc
Courtney stated to me that her son Jack could not
ofence time to get any more of these men across
the river, ^{she told me} she stated this when Robt. Tyler
offered to her one passage to be ferried across
the river.

Sworn to and subscribed John Kraus
before me this 11th day
of April AD 1862.

J. M. Cull

John Marshall

Wm Schaefer Army Quartermaster

I came out of the Mo. bottom on Saturday the 15th March last. I passed Capt Howells house where I saw from 10 to 15 U.S. Cavalry horses with U.S. saddle blankets &c.

I stopped my team to see if I could see any of the men to whom the horses belonged but could not see any. Capt Howells and Samuel Tyler were dining in the hall.

I supposed that the horses belonged to U.S. Cavalry who had come to arrest Capt Howells & Tyler. I heard that Samuel Tyler had been in Pikes Army & that he had twice taken the oath of allegiance to the U.S. I heard this at Melrose.

I went on to the sale at McKonays and ~~inquired~~^{told} Mr Kraus & some others that these Cavalry horses were at Capt Howells. and that I supposed they were there to arrest Capt Howells & other secessionists.

On Tuesday following I went up to Chas Paffrods with a wagon where I saw Mr Fobler who keeps school at Melrose. He stated that the Cavalry which I saw at Capt Howells on the 15th March were secessionists in United States uniforms. That the Company comprised 65 men: one Capt & two Lieutenants who had left for Pikes Army during the nights of the 15th & 16th of March.

Mr Fobler also stated that John Ott gave a Stallion (horse) to a man by name of Sampson Bacon and \$25. to go and fight on the secession Army.

Freemason Pofford stated to me on the 9th of this month (April) that Samuel Tyler was at Hanks Store in company with some others & that he (Sam Tyler) said to those in company with him, "Boss would not you give a good gift for Jeff Davis. You ought to do it." He also said "If the Union falls make me take the oath ten times he would always be a secessionist."

Pofford said that John Sanford heard the above remarks of Samuel Tyler.

Leburn Bacon a black boy told me yesterday morning that Capt. Hines had several Cigars & Candles on his house. Leburn also told me that a black boy belonging to Capt. Hines was a driver of the wagon that brought the clothes for these secessionists and that they were packed up in Whiskey barrels.

Mr. Trotter also stated to me that a part of the secession company stayed over night at John Tyers & that the black boy William, belonging to John Tyler had to clean the horses for them.

The black boy Leburn Bacon told me yesterday that the secession company went from Capt. Hines by way of Hakes Mill & Manchester when they left for Paces Army.

Mrs. McCombs the mother of Jacob McCombs told me yesterday morning that Jacob crossed a man over the Ohio River from the north to the south side about two weeks ago and that he had crossed a good many before but that he should not do it any more as he got no pay for it. W. H. Schaeffer

Amos Wilson saw me before me this day
of April - 7th 1862
The Court. P.M.

Amesbury Feb 1862 being from Capt.

I reside at Robert Orris +

I heard Capt Ames say that some eight
men of the 22nd Company which left the
neighborhood some four weeks ago stopped
at his home on the Saturday noon the evening
of which they left for the south. Capt Ames said
that the Company started from Capt Fyler's
place which is in innocence now & is
situated on a field about half a mile from
Capt Ames's house. I do not think Capt Ames
stated how many men started from the Capt
Fyler place but he said there would be one
hundred when they all got together. This was
stated to me soon after the men left.

Capt Ames said that two boys left his
house with the Company Junston
Baer and Geo. E. Fyler his step son.

I lived at Capt Ames most of the time
from the middle of December ^{last} till the first of
February last. ~~most of the time~~. I have no
family. I consider Capt Ames a strong
secessionist. He always expresses himself
strongly in favor of the Southern cause
and is in favor of the South winning all
the battles.

Sometime soon before Christmas, late in the
evening I saw some 5 barrels which I suppose
to be whiskey barrels in Capt Ames's wagon on the road
in front of Capt Ames's house. These barrels were
taken out of Capt Ames's ^{big} wagon that night
and placed in his little wagon. This was done
by two Capt Ames and two other men of whom
one of whom was named Penn. from Flourmont.

The other mens name I do not know. He was
a tall man and was wounded in the rebel Army
at Wilson's Creek on the knee. He walked with
a frame crutch. I saw this man at Capt
Howells several times. I heard him say
he was in the battle at Wilson's Creek
I heard him say he had some two hundred
men at one time & that Sigel ~~to~~ ran
him for 70 miles. At Capt Howells. he was
called Captain. The bands were taken off that
night by the man Penn before mentioned, in
Capt Howells wagon, with Capt Howells team
of horses. The same Captain before mentioned
went off at the same time on a light buggy
with two horses. The light wagon that Penn
drove off was a covered wagon. I think
Capt Howells black man Thomas drove the team
when the bands were brought from St. Louis.

Penn and the same Captain went off at night
and returned with the same teams, the next morning.

The teams on leaving Capt Howells ~~was~~ went out
towards the State Road.

About one week before the Company left I
was lying on bed in a room at Capt Howells with
Geo. E. Tyler, he was lying in another bed.
He asked me if I would go to find Price
if I could get a horse worth \$200 = and
200 \$ in m money. I refused not if he would
put another 1000 \$ on top of it.

~~From to and Subscribed before~~
~~me this 14th day of April 1862~~
The Court

See next page

Geo. Hear

When the barrels were exchanged from Capt Howell
big wagon into his small covered wagon,
I thought from the way on which the men
handled them that they did not contain
Whisky; they were handled too easily; two
men would take a barrel right up out of
one wagon and put it in the other wagon
I thought the barrels contained clothing, when
I saw how they handled them; the barrels
had thick staves & looked like large size
Whisky barrels. As soon as the ~~barrels~~ ^{barrels} were
put into the wagon the men all went into the
house, took a drink of Whisky & went off.

Some few days previous to the above mentioned
circumstances I heard Capt Howell say
that he intended to buy out some barrels to
put cider in. I supposed when I saw
the barrels on the wagon that he had got them
for cider ^{until I saw them taken away.} Capt Howell did buy out at
the same time that these barrels were
brought, a small keg of Whisky. Capt Howell
does not buy Whisky by the barrel, he does not
drink much. Capt Howell went onto Iowa on
horseback at the time that the barrels were
brought out, I think

A. J. ^{his} ~~mine~~ Fullmer

From to and subscribed
before me this 4th day of
Apr 1862

T. M. Cull
Prov. Mar

William Wright. Long Iron - Oars -
I have heard of some sixty men having left
the neighborhood of Howells Ferry about the
15th or 16th of March last. I did not know
~~that~~ that any Company was preparing to go unless
they had gone. I know of no men who have
left the neighborhood Langston Bacon &
Gen L Tyler. I will ~~at~~ on the 15th of
March about the mail from Capt Howells.

I was at Capt Howells some two months since
I saw some seven or eight stamps sitting around
the fire.

Andrew Stevens who lives about one & a half
miles from Capt Howells offered me a horse and twenty
dollars if I would join a Company to go to Peices
Army. He said if I would go at that time
or any other I could do so if I would let
him know. Andrew Stevens is at home I
think. I have seen him within three weeks.

Andrew Stevens made the proposition to me on the
early part of the winter. John Farrel an Irishman
who lives about half a mile from Capt Howells
told me some time about the ~~first~~ ^{last} of January last
that Capt Howells offered him twenty dollars
if he would join the Company that was forming to
go to Peice. John Farrel did not go. he resides now
at Mr Jacobs place about 1/2 mile from Capt Howells.

Farrel also stated to me that Capt Howells engaged
him to help kill traps & that he went and as he
was pinching his knife with Capt Howells he (Howells)
asked him again if he would join the Company
he said he would not. Capt Howells replied that
if he would not go he had no further use for
him & that he might go home. He went.

John Bacon the brother of Sampson Bacon ~~was~~ said
in my presence on the 17th of March last that his brother
Sampson had gone to Rivers Army - That he started on
Saturday night previous. (This was the 15th of March)
with a company.

Ann to me subscribed
before me this 11th day of
April 1662

W^m ^{his} ~~x~~ ^{of} ~~his~~ ^{right}

J M Ault
Per Messias

Charles Witter - being sworn says -

I reside at Melissa about 7 miles from Capt Howell.

John Bacon a son of G. Wash Bacon came over to Hartmanns Store on Favon Creek ^{on Sunday the 13 inst} and called for breakfast & Hartman said he had none. John Bacon then said he would go to Chas Witters Store. Hartman then told Mr Grauer (Edward Paul) that John Bacon had a revolver. Grauer Paul followed him (Bacon) to my Charles Witters Store. where Grauer took the Revolver from John Bacon and gave it to me. John Bacon said he got the belt which he wore with the revolver ~~he had got~~ in St Louis and that the (Pistol) Revolver he got from Junsten Johnson. The Pistol Case and belt are here produced and identified by the witness Junsten Johnson lives on Capt Howells place. I did not see Grauer Paul or ~~Johnson~~ ^{Bacon} until they came to my store, the previous ~~statement was made~~ The statement made previous to their arrival at my store was made from hearsay also that John Bacon got ~~got from~~ the Revolver from Junsten Johnson.

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 14 day of April 1862 -

J. M. Clark

Pres. Mar

Chas Witter

Office of Prov Marshal
Paefer Apr 13 62

Wm Murphy very true says -

I reside on from Stimp's place about two miles
from Amason Howells (Cousin (Capt Howells))
I have lived in the neighborhood about about six
Years. I do not know anything about the
Company of men said to have started from neigh-
bors of Howells Ferry about 4 weeks since

Some time in the winter about six weeks since
I was at Capt Howells house where I saw
four boys or young men by name Thomas Johnson
Langston Johnson Absolom M'Cutchen
and John Silva - soon after I saw the above
named boys at Capt Howells, Langston Johnson
stated to me that they (the four above mentioned)
had started to go to Paefer Army. That they got
into a fight at Mount Zion and backed
out & returned home.

At another time I saw at Capt Howells a
man by name of J. Samuel Jones from Franklin
County - do not know his business

Capt Howells has ~~also~~ been considered as a secession-
ist amongst his neighbors but he has always
said he was a Union man.

On Monday following the ~~day~~ Saturday that the
Company left Capt Howells, John Langston stated
that he saw ^{a man who saw} a Company of soldiers at Capt
Howells on the Saturday upon which they left
and that he thought they were Union men
who had come to arrest Capt Howells.

True to and Subscribed

before me this 13th day

of April 1862 J. M. Cull

Wm Murphy -
MR

John Sanfords being down says:

Dressed on

Mill Horse Creek about four miles from Capt
Howells South West. I know some of the persons
who are said to have left the neighborhood of
Howells Ferry some 2 weeks since. By name of
Sanstein Bacon, & George Tyler a step son of
Capt Howells, & John Breker. I suppose they left
for Pees Army. I have not seen them since the
time the Company are said to have left.

On Monday following the Saturday on which
the Company are said to have left Capt Howells,
I was at a horse raising where in conversation
with William Murphy I stated that Mr Schaefer
had told me that a Company of Union Cavalry
had come to arrest Capt Howells. Mr Murphy
said they were Pees Army soldiers. I offered
to bet him my horse against five dollars
that they were Union men. He said he was
not afraid to bet me, but did not bet.
He said I would lose if I bet.

Mr Daily who runs a Mill Close by Howells
Ferry told me on Saturday last that he knew a
man who knew all about a load of saddles
and 3 barrels of uniforms being brought into the
neighborhood

A man by name of Dixey who lives
at Free Pittmans stated that Daily stated the
above fact to him. It was not stated to me by
Daily as above written.

I heard that a man by name of Robt
Orr watched his stables on the night the Company
left for fear of having his horses stolen -
then went to see before John Sanfords
on this 14 day of April 1862
T.M. Ault P.M.

George W Bacon very soon says

I reside on Mill Horse Creek about 5 ms from
from Coff Hensell.

On the Saturday ~~at~~ before the
evening of which day the Company of secession
soldiers are sent to have left Hensell for neigh-
borhood. About 3 o'clock P.M. I met a young
man at Geneva by name of John Decker.
he appeared to be unwell. He asked me
to give him some money. I told him I could
not & he then asked me to give him a dollar
which I refused. He then asked me if
I was not all right. I told him I supposed
I was. I asked him what he wanted money for
he said he was going to "Pee-". I asked him who
was going with him, he said John Stirling, for
Stirling Henry Coff Langston Bacon George
Tyler. He said they were going to start that
night. He then said to me, "You have property-
haven't you?" I said yes - he then said, "Then
you are all right. I supposed that he intended
to steal a horse from me and I went home
and watched my stable all night."

As I was returning home I saw my Uncle
Thos Bacon father of Langston Bacon, at
Pond side. I then told him what I had
heard about his son going away. My Uncle
appeared to be very uneasy and asked me in
case I saw his son to try and dissuade him
from going. On Sunday following my Uncle Thos
Bacon came over to my house and inquired if I
had seen his son Langston. he said
he was sure the fact had been true since Saturday

I am a Constable of Meramec Township
St Louis County I have taken the oath of allegiance
on the night when I was watching my stable.
being the night on which the company all decided
to have left, I heard some fusons riding
fast on horseback. I suppose there were 3 or
4 three or four fusons. It was Clancy &
I could not see who the fusons were. It was
about 10 o'clock when they passed by.

Stephen Bacon told me on the week
following the one on which the secession
company left that some fuson or fusons
had asked him to join the company. I think
he said it was Samuel Tyler that asked
him to join.

Gave to some witnesses before George W. Bacon
the 14 day of Apr 1862
J. M. Scott
Pro. Marshal

Additional I heard Robert Orr say that he
had his black man by name of Lewis
to watch his stable on the night that the
secession company left. The black man had
two double barrels guns he also said that
two fusons came to steal a horse & the black
man halted them before they got to
the stable.

Samuel C Tyler testimony. Page

I have resided for the last two months most of the time at Capt Howell's. Previously to that time I lived ~~at~~ with my family in Mountain Camp. I am a step son and brother-in-law of Capt Howell. Capt Howell first married my mother and then married my sister. On Saturday night about four weeks ago ~~at~~ about four o'clock in the evening my brother George E. Tyler told me he was going away. I said he was going to Price's Army; he said he was going to leave that night. I ~~did not see~~ my brother saw him leave the house about seven or eight o'clock. I did not leave the house until ^{midnight} ~~about~~ my confidence. Langston Bacon left the house at the same time my brother did. My family at this time was stopping at Capt Howell's house. Some seven or eight men came up to Capt Howell's house on the morning ^{after} (Saturday) about ten o'clock. Two or three of the men had soldiers overcoats on. I did not know any of the men. Their horses were tied to the fence in front of the house. The men took breakfast at Capt Howell's and left I think, about eight or nine o'clock. Some of the horses had on Military Service Cross numbers. My brother when he left was armed with a Navy revolver, six shooter, Colt's, which he gave on a belt with the Amer part of the pistol exposed. Capt Howell said my brother did not tell him he was going but that he thought he was going. Samuel C Tyler

Some time between before me this 15 day of April 1862
Thos. Cook p.m.

Office of Pen Mar.
Pacific Apr 13/62

John Stump being sworn says—

I know of one man who went off in the Company which left ~~the~~ the neighborhood of Howell Ferry for the southern army, by name G. E. Tyler and another by name of ~~the~~ Langston Bacon and another by name of ~~the~~ John Johnson who was in a fight ~~from~~ by ~~on~~ with Missouri. George Tyler rode off Robt Stevens horse I have heard, and Mr Stevens repulse the horse stolen. I have heard that Langston Bacon rode off from Orr's stable horse. A Black Man by name of Henry belonging to Capt Howell told me of the above mentioned facts in regard to the two horses and also that Thomas Johnson who lived on the opposite side of the Missouri River rode a horse from Genl M^r Contrays to Capt Howell on the night the ferry left which was placed there for him by Capt Howell. The Black Man also stated that Thomas Johnson rode off a horse belonging to George Ellet when the company started from Capt Howell. I heard from the same Black Man mentioned above that the Company left Capt Howell on Saturday night about 4 weeks since.

Robert Orr informed me in the early part of last week that one James Stollen who had just returned from Peice's Army had stated that he had met the ~~Comp~~ Company of men (which left Howell Ferry) about 2 1/2 miles

this side of Pines Army. Robt Orr said
he had not seen Holden himself, but he had
heard that he had said so. James Holden was
on the neighborhood of Howells Ferry & am informed
by Mrs Robert Orr & Mrs Carr. who stated
to me that they (meaning the Federal Soldiers)
could not get Holden for he was gone again
with Fanch, an Irishman living in the neighborhood
informed me that Officer Falkner told him the
name of the Capt who came there to recruit men
for Pines Army. Fanch had forgotten the name of
of the Captain.

I am to and subscribed
before me this 13th day of
Apr 1862

T.M. Cull
Per Minister

John A. Stump

John ~~Furley~~ ^{Furley} being from ~~Says~~

I reside in what is called the Jacobs place about 3/4 of a mile from Capt Howells.

On the Saturday night about 4 weeks since when which night the ~~Academy~~ ^{Academy} Company are said to have started from Howells Ferry I was out hunting my cow about a quarter of an hour after dark and when ~~an~~ near the old man Fyles place about 1/4 of a mile from Capt Howells I heard voices of several people about ~~some~~ ^{some} Fyles house. Fyles house was at this time vacant. I suppose the voices which I heard were from a party of fox hunters. I went up to the house to see but found nobody & saw nobody, they all having got out of the way.

Fredrick Pillman a Carpenter told me yesterday evening that Capt ~~Deveney~~ ^{Deveney} who lives at ~~Chesler field~~ ^{5 miles below Capt Howells} ~~brings to him~~ ^{brings to him} men under pretence of being wood-choppers and sends them across the river on their way to Paces Army

^{Pillman said he could join the army} ~~Some two months ago~~ ^{Some two months ago} I went to Capt Howells to see if he did not wish to hire one to kill hogs when he saw me ~~and there~~ ^{and there} comes a damned ~~Union~~ ^{Union} man

Last Fall James Holden, whose father-in-law lives about a ~~and~~ ^{and} half a mile below Capt Howells, said to me that I could get a horse & twenty dollars if I would go to Paces Army. I have heard that James Holden went with a Company to Paces Army & has since returned within a week or ten days past.

Sum to once ~~see~~

before me this 13th day of Oct 1862 John Furley

H. C. Fobler being sworn says-

resides on New House about one & a half miles from Capt Howell. I am school teacher at Metton.

On Saturday the 15th day of March ~~on~~ the day that the secession company are reported to have left the neighborhood of Howell's Ferry. I met ~~there~~ George W. Bowen Constable near his house - and I stated to him that Mr. Tenasser had told me that a party of Union soldiers had come to arrest Capt Howell Samuel Tyler and Abel Ferguson. He said he did not know anything about Howell & Tyler but that they would not get Abel Ferguson for he (Bowen) had taken him to the river to a ~~boat~~ steam boat & that he had run down the river to his home.

On Sunday following two negro women belonging to Henry Tyler came to my house, & I remarked to them that Capt Howell and Samuel Tyler had been arrested, & they said it could not be so for they had been both Capt Howell & Samuel Tyler, at a meeting at Antioch. I told them that the Union soldiers were after them & they said -

Oh there were not Union soldiers but they were all secessionists in Union clothes.

~~A negro belonging to John Tyler came to my~~

~~house~~

Sworn to and Subscribed before me

this 14 day of Apr 1862

J. M. Clark

Prov' Mar -

H. C. Fobler

Andrew Stevens being seen safe-

I reside about one & a half miles east of Capt Howell. On the Saturday Apr which the Secession Company is reported to have left the neighborhood of Howells Ferry about four o'clock on the afternoon I was ~~on my way~~ passing Capt Howells on my way to Church, I saw a man whom I supposed to be a soldier going from the gate or front to Capt Howells house. I supposed the man whom I saw to be a federal officer.

Soon after the fight on Boone Camp near a school house, I saw four strangers (boys) at Capt Howells. Capt Howell said to me that they ^{were} soldiers who had been in the fight before allusion to & that they were going to St Louis to take the oath.

The names of the boys whom I saw at Capt Howells were Len Langston Johnson and Abraham McCutchen, the other two I do not know. McCutchen I am informed had been in Parcs army. I saw the above named boys frequently at Capt Howells once I think others with them I supposed them to be fugitives from justice.

About a week after the Secession Company left I met Capt Howell and said to him Capt Howell where is George? ^(Tyer) He replied that he went off the other Saturday night.

I asked Capt Howell if he knew what George ^(Tyer) Geo Tyer Capt Howells step son was doing before he left & he replied that he did not & that he had told

George that if he was going to do any
thing not to let him (Howell) know it.

I have seen at Capt Howells a man by
name of (Dr) Jones from near Matthews place
Dr Jones is a brother of Paul Jones from
Newport Franklin County. I think I have heard
some of Capt. Howells family say that Dr
Jones had been to Paces Army

I met James Holden on Wednesday
last. Holden stated to me that he left Paces
Army ^{soon} after the battle of Pea Ridge. He wanted
to trade horses with me. he was on foot. He further
said that ^{he was} going to have a horse from some where
he was not going to let the Union Soldiers
Catch him. He stated to me that he was coming
into my pasture to take one of my horses in place
of his own. I refused him permission to do so.

He told me that he stayed about all night
within two and a half of a company of
men from St Louis County who were going
to Paces Army. This was near the Arkansas
line & when he was on his return after the
battle of Pea Ridge.

Shown to and subscribed before
me this 14th day of April 1862.

J. M. Cull

Per me

Andrew J. Stevens

Mr Thomas further states that he never made any
offer to William Wright of Henry Hollas and a
horse if he would join Paces Army. nor any other
proposition of like nature. J. M. Cull

John Orr being sworn - Oath

I reside about one mile South East of
Capt Howells.

I was informed by Mr Murphy that
a Company of men left for Price's Army on Saturday
the 15th day of March last - Murphy said
there were some 10 or 15 persons.

I had a horse stolen on the night of the 15th
~~Monday~~ ^{March} Saturday night. Some two or three weeks
before my horse was taken Samuel Fier told
me that my horse was in danger of being stolen
taken. I had been offered \$200⁰⁰ for my
horse by men who were going to Price's Army.
Joseph Tibbets who lives on the State
road on St Louis' Army offered me \$200⁰⁰
for my horse; he has since gone to Price's Army
I have heard about a load of saddles and
some clothing in barrels being brought into the
neighborhood but cannot recollect the name
of the person who told me.

As far as my judgement goes I have it out
been for Mr Howells I can do not think that anything
of this kind would have happened - I mean of
aiding and abetting men to go to Price's Army.

I do not live on the Howell road leading to
Howells Ferry from St Louis.

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 15th day of April 1862

J. M. Ault

Notary

John Orr

Jack Williamson very soon - Day

I believe about 4 miles from Capt Howells.

Some time in the early part of the winter last two men
came down the river in a skiff. Upon my inquiry
where they were from one of them replied they
were from Tenets ~~the other said he did not~~
know as it was any of my business. I have
suspected ^{Jack} Mc Courtney of keeping a succession
rancher and shall keep watch. These two men
ranched their skiff out opposite Mc Courtney's
and went to Mr C's house. One of the men
I think was Langston Johnson who lived at
the time in the opposite side of the Mo River &
about 6 miles above Mc Courtney.

I have seen the skiff frequently passing
between Mc Courtney & Johnson.

Langston Johnson is a noted secessionist.
The reason of my ^{first} suspecting Mc Courtney of keeping
a succession rancher was ~~from~~ from the following
circumstances. About Christmas I went to ferry some
person across the Mo River & when I got to my skiff
I found the oars were missing. I went at once
to Mc Courtney's & saw my oars lying in his
yard. I asked Mc Courtney what he was doing
with my oars. He replied that he did not take
them but those men brought them. I asked
him what men - He said - Some men who
came down the river ~~who~~ who had gone off
through the field, he did not know who they were
He said there were a great many men come
there that he did not know. I went into the house
& stayed about an hour. I saw Langston Bacon
& Mr Murphy. While I was there they made a
fire up stairs. I supposed there were other up stairs.

From some information before me
the 11th day of April 1862
The Own Poor Man.

Jack Williamson

Dr. Gustav Stricker Comy sum says

I live ~~about~~ near Chas Paffrocks old place on the state road on Adams Comy.

Last Wednesday the ^{10th} inst I was called to visit a patient who lives about 3 miles from Ponce de Leon, by name Henry Hoffmeister - who stated to me that he ^{was at the} house of John Orr ~~about~~ ^{one or two} ~~three or four~~ days before the secession company left Capt Orr's house's Ferry neighborhood & that John Orr stated to him that his stable horse would be stolen in a few days. Hoffmeister suggested to him to lock his stable door with a log chain, and Mr Orr replied that it would be of no use as they would pry up the corner of the stable if they were after him.

I would further state that Hoffmeister is quite unable to come to this place to give in his testimony owing to a disease of the lungs.

Dr. Gustav Stricker.

Seen to and subscribed before
me this 14th day of April 1862

J. M. Clark

Post Marshal

(Hoffmeister mentioned above is unable to attend as a witness here owing to a disease of the lungs)
J. M. Clark

Christian Dackreider says -
Homer ^{Falkner} came to my Uncle ~~some~~ Gottlieb Ludowick. He
stated to earnestly saying - he slept in some room with
Geo L Tyler at Capt Stannels. G L Tyler asked
him if he thought it would pay him to pay for
a new suit of clothes & a 200 dollar horse.

Falkner replied that it would not pay him
if he would another 1000 \$ on top of it
it would not pay him.

John C. Stunt stated to me that Geo L
Tyler rode off a horse belonging to Robt Stevens
who stopped for the time at John Tyler's.

This horse of Robert Stevens was reported to
have been stolen.

John Stunt further stated that Langston
Bacon rode off a horse belonging to John
Dr. Benjamin Finn my brother in law stated
to me that he saw a Covered Spring Wagon at
John Tyler's on the 15th of March last -

Andrew Cummings stated to me that he saw
the same wagon returning to St. Louis at about
on Saturday eve the 15 March. This wagon was
reported to contain considerable goods.

William Bacon & black boy belonging to
John Willow Bacon stated that he crossed the Mo.
River to see Edward Bacon to see if he (Bacon)
had got the farm on this side of the Mo River.

The Skiff he used belonged to Jack M C Country.

N.B The above statements is taken for information
& not as testimony.

Depositions of Witnesses produced.
Sworn and examined before me the
undersigned, in a certain matter pend-
ing before a Military Commission
sitting in the City of St Louis City,
Wherein the United States of America
is Plaintiff and Samuel Tyler is
Defendant, on the part of the Defendant
Henry B. Esser,
Andrew J. Cook

The undersigned
Henry B. Esser in the above entitled
Cause being by me duly sworn
deposed and said as follows
all of them being of lawful age
That they are well acquainted
with the defendant Samuel Tyler &
have known him for a number of
years, and have lived several years
in his immediate neighborhood.
That they saw him often, and were
familiar with his habits and conduct
in life, and fully bear testimony,
that from their knowledge as aforesaid,
They do not believe that the said Defen-
dant was at ~~any~~ ^{the} time of his arrest
or at any previous time a Recruiting
officer for General Price or any other
General in the Confederate Service, for
if said defendant had been so en-
gaged, the deponents must have known
it, from their previous knowledge

of the man, his habits of life, and from
their knowing his immediate neighbors for
some years, We do not know of said
Johns Service, absent from for some
time before his arrest, His demeanor
has been quiet and orderly, & we
do not know nor do we believe that
said Defendant has been engaged
in any way, in aiding, and abetting,
the enemy, in the present Rebellion
that we are Union men, and loyal
Citizens, and have done no act to
aid or comfort to those now engaged
in the present Rebellion against
the subjects, of the present Government

Robert Orr

Henry C. Esser

H. J. Cummings

L. A. Johnson

Bryant & Sleet

Alford ^{his} Bardeen
mark

William ^{his} Murphy
mark

Herman F. Mc

Parsons H. H. H. H.

State of Missouri
County of St. Louis

Be it Remembered
that on this 20th day of May 1862, personally
appeared before me the undersigned a Justice
of the peace, within and for the County &
State aforesaid, Robert Orr, Henry C. Esser, H. J. Cum-
mings, L. A. Johnson, Bryant & Sleet.

of Cornelius

Alfred Barclay and William Murphy, who
^{Andrae} personally known to me, to be the same
persons who subscribed their names to
the above deposition, and after being duly
sworn, state, that their above deposition
is theirs, that it was reduced to writing in
their presence and read to them, and that
they have signed their names thereto
except Alfred Barclay, and William
Murphy who made their marks in my
presence, & excepted the same as their
statements after the same was read to
them in my presence.

I will make my hand
this the 20th day of May 1862

Johns. W. Long,
Justice of the Peace.

Decision in Cases of
Saml. Tyler &
Amazon Horrell

June 19/62

In case of U.S. vs. Samuel Tyler.
The Military Commission recommended that
he be discharged on taking the oath of
allegiance and giving bond in \$1,000.

Same in cases of Amazon Horrell,
Spencer Falkner, Geo. Tyler, Stephen Bacon,
& Jack McCoustry.

All of the above are charged with
assisting men in going to the rebel army,
but the proofs in the cases are very
vague and insufficient.

Room Military Commission
St. Louis, June 19, 1862

John G. Tyler Lieut. Col.
Pres. Mil. Com.

Capt Howard will please make the proper
record in regard to above prisoners and
send ~~them~~ it to the General soon as possible.

Respectfully, by order
O. P. Shaw Major
Member Mil. Com.

~~Evidence~~ in case.

Capt Norrell's ~~other~~

Statements of some
negatives for infor-
-mation,

Thomas a Black Man belonging to Capt Howell
being from says - On Saturday about four
weeks ago, and about 10 o'clock in the morning
I saw three or four horses hitched to the
rack in front of our (Capt Howells) house
I also saw three or four men at the house
whom I did not know. I saw also that day
Capt Howells' step son Geo. E. Tyler & have never
seen him since I saw also at Capt Howells
Lank Bacon, he went off in a horse for
some fuffus & things for my mistress -
So my mistress told me. He come back before
noon. I have never seen him since he returned
Mary Bacon a black girl belonging to Lank Bacon
Grand mother said she expected her young master
had gone to Percis Army. When I saw the horses
hitched to the rack & saw the four strange men at
the house, George Tyler a little son of Samuel
Tyler about 8 years old come to me & said
"There were a whole parcel of Fells in the
house." "Oh show!" said I how do you
know they are Fells - how do you know but
they are assassins

Near Christmas time (a little before), I took
a load of Corn to H. Dennis in Capt John Tyers
4 horse wagon with Capt Howells team. Capt
Howell went on ahead of me in his own two horse
wagon with a load of apples. There was also
a black girl went with me by name of Mary
about 20 years old who belonged to Widow
Bacon the Grand mother of Lank Bacon.

We got into Dennis about dark & took
the corn to Mr Wolcotts Livery stable where
we camped all night. Capt Howells and

not stop at Mr. Black's I do not know where
Capt Howell put up but both teams stopped at
Mr Black's.

Capt Howell told me to meet him
at Huttell's & Paines on Broadway ~~in the morning~~
the next day. I went up there about one or two
o'clock with my wagon. I waited there about
half an hour & Capt Howell came up. He told
me he had some barrels that he wanted me to
get and said come go with me and
I will show you the place. The black girl
Mary stood in front of my team when we went
the place I went to with Capt Howell for the
barrels was near the upper end of Broadway
Market on the east side of Broadway.

Capt Howell asked me if I thought I
could find the place again. I told him I
thought I could. He told me to make haste
and get through my business and come
there again and get the barrels. I went and
attended to my own business and went
back there in about half an hour. ~~and~~
Mary went with me. A man rolled the two
barrels (like whiskey barrels) out at the
front door and lifted them up and
pitched them into my wagon. He also
rolled out a half barrel of Whiskey. I
helped him to put that into the wagon.
I did not go into the store. The man who
rolled out the barrels was a short chunky man
- a young man - was bare headed with no
beard except a small goatee in his chin
he had brown hair. He was in two short sleeves
had on dark pants. I think I could find the
place again.

I started home about 2 hours before dawn
down. When I got home Capt Howell was there.
I drove the wagon on my return home to Jimmy
Orri's old house which stands on Capt
Howell's bottom piece. Nobody lives in the
house at the time. Tom Johnson lives in
the house now. I left the wagon standing
there with the load in it all night.
It was after midnight when I arrived
at home. The Whiskey was afterwards
brought up to the Capt Howell house. The barrels
were both brought up to the house some week
or two afterwards. Capt Howell told me
to leave the barrels at ^{Jimmy} Orri's old place.
The place on H. Lewis's where I got the barrels was
a grocery store O. Shinn's. The man who rolled
the barrels out brought me out a canteen of Whiskey.
The barrels were put into Jimmy (Capt) Orri's
old house. Jimmy Orri's old house was kept
locked.

The above statement was sworn to before
me this 15th day of April 1862

T.M. Cull

Prov. Marshal.

Louis. Black Man belonging to Robt Orr
very dumb Sapt -

I belong to Robert Orr.

My Master Robt Orr told me to watch his stable on the night that the Deceasin Company are said to have left the neighborhood - I was armed with two double barrel shot guns. They were loaded I think with small shot.

I have not watched the stable before that time nor since. My Master said that he allowed there was a party of Deceasinists planning our that night & that they would want horses. And he told me to watch ^{if any one came to the stable} he told me to halt! them twice & if they did not stop to fire on them.

There were two men come to the stable about 10 or eleven o'clock. One came on the inside of the lot & the other kept around the lot. The man inside of the lot came within about ten steps of the stable & I cried out who is there? He replied Frank Johnson I asked what he wanted he replied he wanted a horse I told him if he wanted a horse he must go to the house and buy one otherwise he could not get any. He wanted me to go to the house & make up my master. I told him I would not go but that he could go - He went & called at the house but did not raise any body, he returned & again asked me to go but I again refused. I thought the other man who came to the stable was the

Old Man Johnson's Son. I do not know his name, he is called Jete. I am not certain that it was Johnson's Son.

There was a snow that night but it was cloudy - & did not give much light.

I saw a good many men pass on the night I was watching the stable. I did not count them but think there were some 25 or 30. They came from the direction of Capt. Howells. I did not see any of them until they were in the stable.

I heard from John Bowen's man (Miner) say a wagon load of saddles were brought to Capt. Howells & from there were carried to the ferry or house in the bottom. He said that he thought there were clothes, harness, in whiskey barrels brought at the same time - these things were brought up some two or three weeks before the company left. Miner drives a wagon for John Tyler.

The above was given to me
this 14 day of April 1862

T. M. Clark

Poor Man -

William Black Men belonging to
John Tyler.

I am usually engaged in farming when
I am at home. I am also the householder
when at home.

On Saturday morning about 4 weeks ago
I was called to the house about 10 o'clock
I found at the house only Master John Tyler Mr.
Jack Bart & Samuel Tyler. I asked what was wanted,
Master John Tyler told me to go and clean
some horses that were standing in the stable.
I found four strange horses in the stable which
did not belong in the neighborhood.

While I was cleaning the horses a gentleman
drove up to the house in a large Spring wagon
with two large fine bay horses. He went
at once into the house. Soon a little servant
girl came to me & said Master John
says come and take those horses out of
the wagon and clean them. I did
so. The man with the Spring wagon came up
from the direction of H Lewis and returned
nearly sundown the same way.

The Spring wagon was covered
The man who drove the horses in the wagon
had very long hair & very heavy beard -

I do not know the mans name
I did not see any of the men to whom
the four horses in the stable belonged.

At night I went to see my wife who
lives at Mr. Colmans. I did not return
until Monday morning next when the horses were
all gone.

The above was known to before me on this
the 14th day of April 1862.

Lilburn Bacon (Black Man) being from
Lynn

I being to Widow Bacon I live about
2 miles from Capt. Howells with Widow Bacon
On ~~Friday~~ ^{Monday} before the Party of Secessionists left
our neighborhood I was at work at Tom Bacon's
(a son of Widow Bacon) gathering Corn. On
~~Wednesday~~ ^{Thursday} following we raised a little Cabin
I told Mr Tom Bacon that I thought
his son Sampson had a notion to leave
for Percis Army. He (Tom Bacon) replied
"If he does leave he never shall come inside
of my house". Sampson Bacons father said
he intended to talk to his son & prevent his
going away. In the evening when we had
finished raising the house I saw I was
up my team to leave. Sampson Bacon followed
me towards the stable where my team was and
as soon as he got out of sight of his father
he left & has not been home since

I have not seen him since
My wife lives at Mrs. McCuttrags & I go to see
my wife on Saturday & Munday nights
On the same evening that Sampson Bacon left I
saw John Drexler, Joe Stirling, John Stirling
Tom Johnson ~~left~~ go into the bottom at the
same time

At a house raising at Mrs Martin Bates
on Monday the 17th of March John Sandford
said that the Company of soldiers raised there
were all Union Soldiers. "Mr Murphy said
they were all Secessionists"

I heard Tom (Capt Howell's black man) say in
Mr Allen Kamps grocery, that some whiskey
bunch which he bought up in a wagon from
— did not contain whiskey. That they were
too light for whiskey

I have seen ~~the~~ men cross the
Missouri river from ~~the~~ to ~~the~~ at a time
armed with short guns or fags. I did
not see them stop at any house.

This was some two months since

Robt Orr's Robertas Lewis a black man told me
that he had saw some furs come to the stable
Lewis said he was set to watch his masters stable
that about 2 hours in the night two men come
to the stable for a horse that he told them
they could not for any & they went off & that
he heard the company pass there sometime
after 12 - This was on Saturday night
the 15th of March

I heard Thomas Johnson a half brother of Lemuel
Johnson say that his Lank Johnson was driven
away from his home on the north side of the Missouri
for his misbehavior on tearing up the rails on the
north Mo R.R. Lank Johnson is a nephew of
Capt Howell

The above statement was given to before
me this 15th day April 1862 -

T. M. Cull
Prov. Mar.

July 1861

Case of

Capt Amosus Haskell

Office of Prov Marshal
Pacific Apr. 16 1862

Bernard G Ferrar Esqr
Prov Marshal Genl.

Sir

I have just closed the preliminary investigations in the case of Howell and others from the vicinity of Howell Ferry. It has been a tedious examination owing to the extreme reticence with which the important testimony was extracted from the witnesses. Those only gave their testimony freely who have gotten it from hearsay. The whole affair would probably have passed over unnoticed had not been for Mr Schaefer who noticed some Cavalry horses standing at Capt Howell on Saturday the 15 of March, ult.

The parties arrested were Amasa Howell (Called Capt Howell) Spencer Falkner Jno Tyler, Samuel C. Tyler, Stephen Bacon and Jack M Courtney; of these only two have been detained as prisoners the rest having been discharged.

I have detained also as prisoners Andrew Stevens and George Washburn. Andrew Stevens has been detained on the testimony of William Wright who testified that Stevens offered him a horse and money to go to Price's army.

I think there is some doubt as regards the correctness of this statement but I thought perhaps a Military Committee

might consider some further investigation necessary.

George Nath Bacon has been detained on his own testimony. When informed by the drunken boy by name of John Dicker at Gloucester, at Gloucester that a party of men were going to leave for Poole that night

That he did not at once report the same to the nearest military post instead of going home and watching his horses all that night. He was a Constable and a Quorn officer under our Government.

Although Mr Bacon says he did not know his duty requires of him this cannot be denied that a man may lose in feeling more than duty or even above the strict requirements of duty.

John Bacon from whom the Pistol was taken as shown in the testimony of Weller, was a son of G. Nath Bacon.

Some importance is attached to this circumstance from the fact that the Belt and Case are precisely similar to one found in one of the Knapsacks found at Post-Arncliffe. The Committee will probably consider this worthy of further investigation.

The statements made to me by the black boys and white offenders were taken for information merely that we might better understand how to investigate the case.

They are submitted to you to be used as you may deem proper. I do not know as a negro can be a lawful witness.

These statements are not very important to the case.

If you should direct the prisoners to be sent
to St Louis I will at the same time for-
ward the Knapsacks found at Capt
Howells. Also the pistol and belt taken
from John Bacon. I think the testimony
against Capt Howell sufficient to convict
him of aiding the enemy. The testimony
against Tyler is not so conclusive,
but is ample to excite suspicion.

I have yet to take the testimony
of the officer who found the Knapsacks
at Capt Howells.

It might be well on any further
investigation of this matter to summon
Robert Orr who has his stable watchmen
on the night the party left.

Very respectfully
T. M. Austin
P. M.

Capt Garrell's
testimony in case of
Horrell v Tyler.

Capt. Gustave Garrell - King Owen Dept

I am Coffern of Co F. First Reg Mo
Volunteers U.S. Reserve Corps.

I was the officer in charge of the arrests
made in the neighborhood of Howell Ferry.

I was present on the 12th inst. while searching
~~Capt Howell~~ Capt Howell's premises. Capt
Howell has a barn two stories high. In
the upper story I found two Knapsacks one was marked
M. V. M. and the other was marked
on one side I and on the other side
E. C. M. one of the Knapsacks contained
a revolver case. a Canteen box a
Ration box and a bayonet scabbard,
some straps and a cap box which was marked
H. C. Martin Box No. 10.

These articles are here produced and
identified by the witness

One of the Knapsacks is marked on the inside
T. C. Ready Co. G. No 42. 1st Reg M. V. M.

These Knapsacks when found were new and
clean and did not appear to have been used.

In the same loft in the barn were also found
two goods boxes about 4 feet long about 1 1/2
feet and 1 1/2 inches marked G thus

The blackman Thomas belonging to Capt Howell
said these boxes were brought from the
house on the bottom. The boxes were quite new
and the covers were found along side of them.

Mrs John Stimp stated to me that she heard that
clothes were brought up in these boxes.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 12th day of April 1864. Capt Gustave Garrell
Comd'g Co. F. 1st Regt U.S.R.C.
The Court-Room Mar. No 212.

Complaints

vs

Amazon C. Howell
& others.

Office of Post Marshall,
St. Louis, Decr 26th, 1861.

Andrew J. Cummings, being duly sworn, says he is informed and believes that arms & clothing, intended for the use of the rebel army, are concealed in the house of Amazon C. Howell of Berthoume Township, St. Louis county; that clothing has been concealed in barrels in a log house in a field owned by said Howell, & about half a mile north of his residence; and that the arms and clothing first named in this complaint are hidden between the ceiling and pariet floor or between the plastering & clapboards.

Deponent further says he is informed and believes that the arms & clothing above named were taken from the stable of Black & King, on 7th street, in this city, by said Amazon C. Howell, & that ~~he~~ ~~was~~ assistance was rendered him by John Boone & Charles D. Hunt.

A. J. Cummings

Sworn to before me this
26th day of Decr 1861.

W. H. McEachern

Notary Public

Office of Prov. Marshal
St. Louis, Feby 19, 1862

Henry Wilson, residing in Bonhomme Bottom,
St. Louis county, being duly sworn, says he lives
on the adjoining farm to that owned & occupied
by Amos C. Howell, and that he knows
that said Howell is at this time harboring
and secreting persons disloyal to the Government
of the United States, & who have escaped from
St. Charles county to avoid arrest by government
officers - one of them being named Johnson,
a notorious secessionist, & son of a rebel
who was killed by U.S. troops in St. Charles
county some time ago.

Henry Wilson
Sworn to & subscribed before
me this 19th day of Feby 1862
G. W. McFadden
Notary Public

Apr 17/62

Evidence of
Capt Gustave Gamell
Howells Ferry

Wm. H. Smith Esq
April 19. 1862

Respectfully referred
to the Provost-Marshal
Genl - There is no
report of this case
in this office

J. W. Schofield
Brig Genl

Recd del. Com. St. Louis District
April 19. 62

Cap Gustave King sworn say
I am Captain of Co. F. 1st Reg. Mo. Volunteers U.S. Regular
Cops: — I was the officer in charge of the arrests
made in the neighborhood of Wood's Ferry. I was present
on the 12th Inst. while searching Horill's premises.

Cap Wood has a barn two stories high. In the
upper story covered up in the cats, I found
two Knapsacks. One was marked - "1st Mo. V. M."
And the other was marked on the one side "1" and on the
other side "C. C. M." - one of the Knapsacks contained a
Revolver, case, a cartridge box, a Ration box and a
bayonet scabbard, some straps & a cop box which was
marked - "H. C. Marton Box No. 10" (These articles are
here produced and identified by the witnesses)
One of the Knapsacks is marked on the inside
"J. L. Ready, Co. G. No. 42. 1st Reg. Mo. V. M." - These Knap-
sacks when found were new and clean, and did not
appear to have been used. - In the same loft in the
barn, were also found two goods boxes, about 4 feet
long, about 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ deep and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ wide, marked thus, G
The Blackman Thomas, belonging to Cap. Wood
said these boxes were brought from the old house on
the bottom. The boxes were quite new - (over)

and the Cores, along side of them. Mrs. John
Shrimp stated to me, that she heard that
clothes were brought up in these boxes

Sworn to and subscribed } Capt Gustave Canell
before me 17th day of April 1862 } Com. Co 4th Reg
(Signed) J M. Cull } U.S. R. Co
Prov. M. } M^r Nol

Official Copy

9# 9

April 17/62

Witness of
Capt Gustave Canell

Howells Ferry

William W. Shinn - Clerk

April 19, 1862

Respectfully refer
to the General Muster
List. There is no
report of this case
in this office
J. W. Schofield
Prov. M.

Recd. recd. Com. 9th Jan. 1862
April 19th 62

1065

On Crawford
April 8th 1863

H. H. Crawford

L. P. Mearns
C. H.

no
business

NB This is concerning
the Baker

112

112

1863
112

To inquire
ing to the horse
he makes it
was sent to him
by his father before
we see he had
returned

Merrill Apr 6 62

Colonel Catherwood

Dear Sir the taking of

James P. Marquand by Capt Johnston
on Last Monday has excited the union
friends here very much and they are
cursing Johnston like hell and if the
tale is true he deserves it

This James Marquand has been as good
a scab as we have professing all the fore
part of the war to be union and finding out
all he could then going off, he returned
the other day right from Pea Ridge after
doing all he could to kill the Last Linkern
ite know Capt Johnston takes him

by the consent of his father and
gives Colonel Rumble the idea that
he is to be let go on easy terms

Now Colonel I want you to attend
to his case give him just such
justice as you do to any other scab
of the same character Major James
issued the oath to him before he left
you will please to call on Lieutenant
Miles about this case yours H. H. Crawford

M B Collins

John Sheppard

Wm H. Stapleton,

Willy Williams.

J. A. Quarles

Apr 14, 1862

Ct.
New-grounds.

Petition of
M D Collins
Solon Sheppard
Jm H Stapleton
Willoby Williams
& a Quaker
Citizen Prisoners.

Propose to take the Conventio
oath and give bonds.

St. Louis, April 14, 1862.

His Excellency,

St. N. Gamble,

Governor of Missouri, -

Sir:-

May B. Collins, James A. Frank, Solow Shepherd, William H. Stapleton, and Willoughby Williams, were arrested in Howard County by the military authority of the United States.

In consequence of some misunderstanding in reference to the form in which they were willing to give their allegiance to the General and Provisional Government of this state, they were sent to this city as Political prisoners.

I know all these gentlemen well. Mr. Collins and Shepherd I have known from boyhood to manhood. Mr. Stapleton and Williams I have known as citizens for thirty years. Mr. Frank, I have known for some two years as Pastor of the Presbyterian church in the city of my residence. I think I am governed by sufficiently technical rules in estimating characters, and I have always considered, and now consider each of these persons gentlemen; - willing, and determined, at all times, to comply with their contracts and promises.

They are willing, I understand, to subscribe,

take, and keep, in good faith, the oaths of allegiance prescribed by the convention of this state, and upon that condition I respectfully recommend their discharge. Before filing this paper, however, in the proper Military Department, I will see each of them in person, and procure their authority for saying that they recognize the solemn and binding authority of an oath under any and every form of administration.

I am satisfied that the peace and good fellowship of Howard County can be promoted by the discharge of these gentlemen on the terms stated, and if such is your opinion I will thank you for your concurrence.

Respectfully,
Wesley Birch.

The State Convention was satisfied with the evidence of a loyal spirit in any of the inhabitants of the State who would take the oath prescribed by the Convention, and provided that persons taking that oath within the time limited should be freed from all molestation by the State authorities. As an expression of loyalty, the oath has the same effect when taken at any time. As the gentlemen named did not take it within the time, it would be proper that the authorities should be satisfied that it is their real purpose fully to keep it. When

thus satisfied I think the authorities should give the same effect to the oath as if taken at the time required.

If there be any rule of the United States authorities, which requires more, and if such rule is invariable, of course the rule for the State authorities would not apply, but if it stands as a matter of discretion, the oath prescribed by the Convention would seem to afford a safe guide for the action of such authorities.

H. R. Gamble

St. Louis, April 15, 1862.

The undersigned apply, respectfully, for discharge, upon the terms above specified, - requesting the penalty of the Bond to be made as light as your estimate of your duty will permit.

To Col. B. G. Harris, }
Pro Port Marshal Genl. }
St. Louis, Mo. }
3

M. B. Collins
Solow Shepherd
M. H. Stapleton
W. Loughby Williams
J. A. Charles.

1067 Apr. 24, 1862

List of Prisoners
under sentence of
Confinement, in the
Alton prison

All been sent to the
Alton but Hawkins
and Howard.

Capt. [unclear]

Apr 24

List of Prisoners under sentence of Confinement in the Alton Prison.

Name	Sentence	Where Confined
John W Owen	Death	McDowells College
Wm Combes	"	" "
James Penn	Prison during War	" "
Thos Henly	" " "	" "
John H Bentley	" " "	" "
Wm Matthews	" " "	" "
John R. Williams	" " "	" "
Robert Hawkins	" " "	Hospital at St Charles
Jas Howard	" " "	St Charles
Marshall Boswell	" " "	McDowells College
Samuel Rice	" " "	" "
Wm Y Lusk	At Alton till further order	5 th Myrtle Prison
Joseph Fullert	Prison during War	5 th St. Barnacks

St Louis

April 24 1862

Archibald Engle
Lieut. and A.D.C.

1068

April 62

Cataglyphis

Mountain
Headquarters Department of Western Virginia,
OFFICE OF PROVOST MARSHAL.

Wheeling, W. Va.,

April 17 1862.

Col Albert Tracy
a. a. g.

Sir.

The following prisoners
in enclosed lists, have been forwarded to Camp
Chase, O., with others intended for that Post.
on hand before their arrival.

- | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Andrew Snyder | 13. Tobias Reines | 25. Tho. B. Healer |
| 2. A. P. Courtney | 14. Tho. Paul | 26. Dennis Hato |
| 3. J. A. Barnett | 15. Jas. Paul | 27. John Lear |
| 4. Isaac Thibault | 16. Luther Seisson | 28. Geo. W. Hance |
| 5. J. W. Dolly | 17. H. Arbough | 29. J. L. Rutz |
| 6. Wick Beavens | 18. J. H. Rivers | 30. Wm Martin |
| 7. J. D. Papp | 19. Jas. Stover | 31. H. G. Bean |
| 8. Levi Rivington | 20. Henry Lick | 32. J. G. Newhouse |
| 9. Geo. Sharp | 21. Eli Amick | 33. A. J. Bean |
| 10. Tho. Barnett | 22. J. H. Brammer | 34. J. H. Rutz |
| 11. Phil. Harper | 23. Geo. J. Cooper | |
| 12. A. P. Hinkley | 24. Wm Apperson | |

Very respectfully,
Joseph Darr
Maj. 1st Regt
Prov. Marshal

List

No. 4.

List of prisoners

April 14th / 60

List of prisoners received April 14 1862.

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
1	John J. Newhouse	Hardy Co	Apr 11/62	get to help at in Rebel Army	
2	Adam Ketterman	"	" 5 "	\$20.00	aiding rebels
3	Jas G. Bean	"	" 11 "	Comm. Cav	in Rebel Army
4	G. W. Howard	"	" " "	Do	Do
5	A. J. Bean	"	" " "	Do	Do
6	Wm Martin	"	Mar 30/62	Union Scout	Do
7	Jos L. Rutz	"	Apr 11/62	Comm. Cav	Do
8	Jos H. Rutz	"	" " "	Do	Do
9	D. M. David Parboul		Mar 10/62	Col 250	Col 159 th Militia

No. 1.

List of prisoners

April 11th / 62

Descriptive List of Prisoners received April 11, 1862

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks	
1	Inst. Murrell	Wirt Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	violeut secessionist	
<i>Description</i>						
	Complexion	Hair	Height feet - inches	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
	dark	dark	5 - 7	blue	36	red
2	James H. Stacy	Marion Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	arrested for failure to give bond, turned over to U.S.M.	
<i>Description</i>						
	Complexion	Hair	Height feet - inches	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
	dark	dark	5 - 10	gray	58	dark
3	John Reddick	Taylor Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	charged with violating oath of allegiance	
<i>Description</i>						
	Complexion	Hair	Height feet - inches	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
	fair	dark	5 - 8 1/4	gray	62	None
4	Jonathan Ogden	Harrison Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	In league with Guerrillas	
<i>Description</i>						
	Complexion	Hair	Height feet - inches	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
	dark	black	6 - -	gray	46	None
5	Smith & Robinson	Taylor Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	charged with violating oath of allegiance	
<i>Description</i>						
	Complexion	Hair	Height feet - inches	Eyes	Age	Whiskers
	dark	blond	5 - 11 1/2	gray	25	black
6	Geo. F. Cooper	Taylor Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	charged as a "Guerrilla"	
7	John Tucker	Taylor Co Va	April 9 1862	Capt Shrawalter	violating oath of allegiance	

List No 2.

List of prisoners

April 12th / 62

List of prisoners received April 12 1862

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
1	Philip Harper	Andleton Co Va	April 2 1862	men of the 25 th Reg	charged as a Guerrilla
2	John W. Dally	Andleton Co Va	April 3 1862	men of the 25 th Reg	charged as a Guerrilla
3	Abel P. Heimbach	Andleton Co Va	April 3 1862	men of the 25 th Reg	in league with Guerrillas
4	John Sharp	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	men of the 8 th Reg	charged as Guerrilla found in arms
5	Anderson Snyder	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	men of the 8 th Reg	" DO "
6	Solomon Hedrick	Andleton Co Va	April 2 1862	Sirist A. Higgins	aiding rebels
7	James Sheinberg	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	Sirist Higgins 25 th Reg	charged as Guerrilla found in arms
8	Thos Barnett	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	men of the 8 th Reg	charged as Guerrilla found in arms
9	Leri Conway	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	men of the 25 th Reg	" DO "
10	Uriah Hopper	Proabontas Co Va	April 3 1862	Maj Webster 25 th Reg	Carrying Rebel mail
11	Thomas Raines	Andleton Co Va	April 4 1862	Maj Webster 25 th Reg	in Rebel Army
12	John D Payne	Andleton Co Va	April 4 1862	Maj Webster 25 th Reg	in Rebel Army
13	Andrew J. Courtney	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	Capt. Higgins 25 th Reg	in Rebel Army
14	James O. Barnett	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	Capt. Higgins 25 th Reg	charged as a Guerrilla
15	William Swindler	Proabontas Co Va	April 4 1862	Maj Webster 25 th Reg	escaped prisoner from the enemy

No. 3.

List of prisoners

April 12th / 62

Descriptive list of specimens received April 19. 1862

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
1	J. W. Stannard	Massachusetts	April 7 1862	Capt. Jackson	Arrested at request of Gov. Pierpont
2	Ernest Powell	Massachusetts	April 10 1862	Capt. Myers	" Do "
3	James Rockman	Massachusetts	April 7 1862	Capt. Jackson	" Do "
4	William Long	Jackson Co. N.Y.	April 10 1862	Lucas Ross	" Do "
5	Edw. Brown	Massachusetts	April 7 1862	Capt. Myers	" Do "
6	Robert H. Brown	Massachusetts	April 7 1862	Capt. Myers	" Do "

Under order March 26/62
Copy enclosed.

List

No. 4.

List of prisoners

April 14th / 60

No. 5.

List of prisoners

April 15th/62

List of prisoners received April 15 1862

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
1	Charles Lockman	Pleasants Co. Va.	April 13 1862	Capt. Myers 11 th Inf	Original Sw. Perpoint order Mar 26/62
2	J. A. Howard	Pleasants Co. Va.	April 13 1862	Capt. Myers 11 th Inf	Original Sw. Perpoint order Mar 26/62
3	James Parker	Pleasants Co. Va.	April 13 1862	Men of the 11 th Inf	Do "
4	C. P. Conrad	Gilmore	April 13 1862	Capt. Cohen 10 th Inf	Returned Rebel

List of prisoners

April 19th / 62

List of prisoners received April 19. 1862

No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
1	Abraham Ketterman	Hardy Co Va	April 16. 1862	Capt Fitch County	Post Master in C.S.A.
No	Name	Residence	Date of arrest	By whom arrested	Remarks
2	Harvey M. Jockey	Hardy Co Va	April 16. 1862	Capt Fitch County	aiding and Confessing rebels

1069

[Faint handwritten scribbles]

[Faint handwritten scribbles]

Prisoner in Charge ~~Prisoner~~ ~~Prisoner~~ ~~Prisoner~~
and Asst. Montgomery of the Militia

Prisoner states that he was a soldier six months in the Southern army, that he was in company with one Raley, Matthal, and John ~~son~~, when James Underwood, horse ~~was~~ ~~take~~ ~~also~~ ~~that~~ ~~he~~ ~~was~~ ~~in~~ ~~a~~ ~~company~~ ~~of~~ ~~men~~ headed by Frank Walker who went to horse creek and it can be proved that said company ~~robbed~~ ~~houses~~. ~~he~~ ~~also~~ ~~states~~ ~~that~~ ~~he~~ ~~was~~ ~~in~~ ~~company~~ ~~with~~ ~~Man~~ ~~Johnson~~ ~~&~~ ~~David~~ ~~Hasting~~ ~~&~~ ~~Julius~~ ~~Appleby~~ ~~in~~ ~~search~~ ~~of~~ ~~a~~ ~~company~~ ~~of~~ ~~union~~ ~~men~~ ~~and~~ ~~both~~ ~~the~~ ~~other~~ ~~men~~ ~~were~~ ~~well~~ ~~armed~~.

Prisoner states that his connection with these small parties was since he left the army.

It is believed that it can be proved that he was one of a party who took a horse or horses from loyal men.

Col Mills
Comdg Post Springfield — The Prisoner
& Scardoff is said to be navigable
his own admission and the declaration
of many loyal citizens induces me
to send him to you for safe keeping.
The above statement furnished to me
is admitted by himself to be true.

Respectfully
Apr 5, 1862

A. Williamson
U. S. Com' for District

B. III - A. P. O. 1862
Departments of ~~War~~
Museum

1070 In the case of
Brown and King =

Are there more
litigations or caught
crates 5
2

Apr 5, 62

The deposition of James Gilmore taken on
the 5th day of April 1862 at Rockwell
Va, to be read as evidence of rebellion
and treason against the United States
Government by J No King
at Gen. Bull's Head Quarters

James Gilmore states that about the
last of November 1861 he saw
J No King conducting a
company of rebel cavalry
about the town of Azulrie

James Gilmore

The deposition of James Gilmore
taken the 5th day of April 1862
at Rockwell Va to be read as
evidence of rebellion and treason
against the United States Gov-
ernment by J No King, at
Gen. Bull's Head Quarters.

James Gilmore state that he
saw J No King conducting
a company of rebel cavalry
as a guide to the town of
Azulrie about the last of
November 1861. Three of the
company pursued him and de-
manded of him to give up his
arms.

James Gilmore

The deposition of James Miles taken on the
5th day of April 1862

James Mills

The deposition of James Mills taken on the
5th day of April 1862 at my office in
Rochester N.Y. to be used as evidence
of treason and rebellion against the
United States Government by
Y H Young, at the request of Esquire
at Gen. Buell's Head Quarters

James Mills states at the time
Gen. Buell was with his command
was encamped near Muddy
Creek about the last of Sept. 1861
that Capt. Fox sent for him to come
to him ~~home~~ He did so. While talking
with Capt. Fox, Y H Young and
Jared Brown rode towards
them, when Y H Young was
about fifteen steps from them
he drew a revolver from his
coat, cocked and presented it
to Capt. Fox and said, Mr
Fox we are after you to take
you prisoner. to take you to
camp. Young advanced on Capt
Fox with his revolver pointed
towards him seemingly
with the intention of making
Fox his prisoner. Young said
to Brown, "Shoot the d. n. rascal"
as Capt. Fox rode hastily away
from them.

James Mills

The deposition of Elizabeth Ann Welch taken
at the city of Ash Grove 1862 at my office
in Rockport Mo. to be read at evidence
of treason and rebellion against the
United States Government by J. H.
King at the recent enquiry at Gen.
Buell's Head Quarters.

Elizabeth Ann Welch states
that about the last of November
1861 J. H. King acted as guide
to a scout of rebel Cavalry
and conducted them to the
town of Ash Grove and went with
them to several different houses
belonging to Union men.
Elizabeth Ann Welch

State of Missouri, Rockport.

J. H. B. Wiggin, Police Judge of the Town of
Rockport, do certify that the foregoing dep-
ositions of Jane Gilmon, James Gilmore
James Miles and Elizabeth Ann Welch
were taken before me, were read to them, and
subscribed to, by each of them, after being
each of them sworn by me that the evidence
they should give, should be true.
Witness my hand this 5th day of April
1862
J. H. B. Wiggin P. J. R.

The depositions of James Miles, Elius G
Neil, Elizabeth Ann Welch, Jane
Gilmour, Agnes Caspshelle, Agnes
Meure and Andrew Durman
at the office in Rochester N.Y. on
the 8th day of April 1862 to be
read as evidence of treason
and rebellion against the Govern-
ment of the United States, at
the court of Enquiry at Gen.
Quinn's Head Quarters

James Miles states that about the
the last of Sept. 1862, Jared Brown
with J. H. Kim, Jr. came up to Capt.
Fox, to make him a prisoner.
Brown attempted to head Capt.
Fox, who arrived with a double
hored shot-gun. As Capt. Fox
attempted to get away from them
Brown resorted to firing.
Let us head the d. & mural,
and both rode after Fox.
James Miles

Elius G Neil states that he is now Post
Master at Paradise N.Y. that Jared
Brown was his predecessor, and
to the best of his knowledge
is a defaulter to the United
States to the amount of Six
Dollars & eighty seven cents.
E. G. Neil P.M.

Elizabeth Ann Welsh states that she saw
Jared Bracon acting as a guide
to a company of rebel cavalry in
conducting them about the
town of Ardee, about the
the last of Nov. 1861.

Elizabeth Ann Welsh

Jane Gilmore states that she saw
Jared Bracon conducting a
company of rebel cavalry from
house to house. Houses occupied
by Union men, ^{in the town of Ardee} about the last of
Nov. 1861.

Jane Gilmore

Agnes Campbell states ~~that~~ Jared Bracon
came into her house with a company
of rebel cavalry, assisted in searching
my house. Said he wanted arms
and ~~arms~~ he would have Agnes Campbell

Agnes Muir states that she saw Jared
Bracon, ~~detention~~ in Nov. 1861, con-
ducting rebel cavalry from
house to house in the town of
Ardee.

Agnes Muir

Andrew Durman states that James
Brazon was in company with a party
of rebel cavalry who took his
gun from him in the town
of Adrie about the last of
Nov. 1862. Andrew Durman

State of N.Y. Rochester

I W.B. Wiggin Police Judge of the
Town of Rochester, do certify that the
foregoing depositions of James Child,
Elvis Neil, Elizabeth Ann Walsh, Jane
Gilman Agnes Campbell, Agnes Munn
and Andrew Durman, were taken before
me were read to them and subscribed
to in my presence, after being ~~sworn~~
each of them ~~sworn~~ by me, that the
evidence they should give, should
be the truth.

Given under my hand this 21st day of
April 1862

W.B. Wiggin P. J. R.

8, 235

071 Nashville April 17

Seat Knapp & C

Wm G Birch

Clark & Parker Critique

Submits their cases to
Board Commissioners and
asks to remove certain
articles, now in possession
of U. S. authorities

Recd. Quarter District of the Ohio,
Nashville, April 7, 1862.

Proceedings approved. The Provost
Marshal will release the property

of Samuel M. Bell
O. S. Union

3 Enclosure

Property released by order
of the Provost Marshal
Recd

Wd you Nashville

There is no evidence that this property
is subject to seizure by the Government.

Stanley Matthews
C/o Howard Mansfield

Case of
Wm J. Dorch
before
Board Examiners

The Allow & Bm
within discribed being
private the Board recom-
mend its release

B. H. Lumber Co
Pres

David H. Lane H. Co

Col Scribner
Chairman Board of Comm }
Nashville - } Sir

I wish to remove from the
Freight Depot of Nashville & Chattanooga R. R. Co, certain
lots of flour and bran (my property) marked as follows,
Flour, marked, "La Fayette Mills" - "Southern Mills"
"Baltimore Mills" - Bran, marked - D.

Nashville April 4th 1862.

Wm. J. Fortch
of Mr. H. Clark

Case of
Knapp & Co
before
Board Examiners


Rockville Apr 4/62

The Firm with disburse
being private property
the Board recommend
its release

B. H. Benbow to
Per-

David H. Lane H. Col

Col Scribner
Chairman Board of Common }
Nashville Tenn } Sir

We wish to remove certain
lots of flour & bran, (our property) from Depot of Nashville
& Chattanooga R.R. Co. marked as follows - Flour marked
"Clarksville City Mills", "Swanee", "Andrew Jackson", and
sacks of bran, marked  -
Nashville April 4th 1862.

Scat Kropp & Co

Case of
Clock & Borker
before
Board Examiners

Rothville Apr 4th / 62

The Tobacco within
described being private
property the Board recom-
mend its release

B. H. Senter
Pres

David H. Lane Secy

Col Scribner
Chairman Board of Commissioners
Nashville - Tenn

}
30th

We have twenty-five
Hds Leaf Tobacco in the freight depot of the Nashville &
Chattanooga R.R. which we wish to remove. The tobacco
marked and numbered as below PK 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121,
122, 123, 125, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 143, 144, 145, 149, 150
151, 152, 153 - 25 Hds Tobacco.

Nashville April 4th 1862

Black & Barker

1072 April 24 1961
Columbia

R. S. Todd - write ad-
-dition Rev. John W.
Willis and son who were
arrested last fall - They
now desire to take the
case and be released

Cliff
and I

most honest
country

Released

Rec: May 11 1961

Prov: Mar: Gen: Office

There may be some
from: name; find; office

Released

Col. Harrar

Prov. Marshal Genl

St Louis

11

R.S. Todd - interview
re: Rev. John M.
Mills and son who was
arrested last fall - they
now live in St. Louis
and are being
held in St. Louis

1072 April 24 1962
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Columbia, Mo.
Apr 24, 1862.

Sir,
Rev Geo. M. Willis & his
son Stinson B. Willis, were ar-
rested last fall, at their home,
in this County, by a body of troops
not stationed here - but simply
passing through the County.

Without personally knowing their
movements intimately, I have never
heard either of them charged with
any other offence than that of being
decided secessionists - and do not
think any other charge has been
made against them. They have hitherto refused
to take the oath of loyalty - but,
I understand, are now anxious to
avail themselves of the terms of
release offered by the Government.

I hope they may be allowed to
do so. They are both poor, &
their families are in a distressed
condition - and recent domestic
& foreign news render their presence at
home very desirable.

Neither of them have I ever
regarded as men of activity or
unusual influence - and I see
no good likely to be accomplished
by their desertion, if - as I am
advised - they are willing to take the
oath of loyalty &c.

Very Respy

R. Todd

To

Col Farrer

Provoit Marchant Genl.
St Louis

1073

Smith & Handy.

two negro men

Apr 13/62

Chas

Reply referred to by Col
B. G. Farrow & W. S. W.

W. B. Lighter

Apr 30th 62

W. B.

St Louis Mo April 30/62

G. C. Eaton Provost Marshall, St Louis Mo

Sir the undersigned would respectfully -
Invite you to give them case a few moments of your
Attention having been now confined in prison nearly
~~for~~ 9 months for no crime of their own but for
The Crimes & disloyalty of their Deserth master
Mr Priest, who with two others of his friends in
Rebellion Mr Davis & Mr Juke took the undersigned
with five others to get into Dixie But were stopped
& searched at Cairo when they were found to have
A Box of Sabers & other implements of war for the
Southern army, Previous to the above facts Mr Priest
was in the habit of supplying the Rebel army with
Provisions & supplies of every thing in his line
of business & he was arrested by the United States
Troops and fettered to St Louis where he gave
Bonds for his good faith to the Union & then
Came Right home to run us into the South
& Beat us & cursed us for telling on him
as he said it was us that informed to the Government
& Brought him into all this trouble

Hoping

Dear Sir you will attend to the above
as soon as convenient as we have been in Jail so
long without a change of clothing of any kind
we remain

Dear Sir your most humble
servants

Benjⁿ Smith
Ch^s Handy

014 Letter - Apr. 18/60

Anonymous - Regarding
Beethold & Smith.

Copy

1875

Apr 21

C. J. Jones

TO THE CITIZENS OF JACKSON COUNTY!

In the progress of the present unhappy civil strife in which we are involved we have arrived at a point, when it becomes an imperative necessity to interpose some barrier, against the desolation which threatens to overwhelm us. The condition of our county contrasted with that which it presented but twelve months since, when we had all the elements of wealth and prosperity within and around us, and when thrift and contentment were diffused among all classes, is indeed painful to contemplate. Instead of rejoicing as we then did in the protection of a beneficent government, and the wholesome restraints of civil law, it is but too apparent that we now live in a state of anarchy and lawless violence. The peaceful pursuits of industry have been measurably abandoned, the person and property of the citizen are no longer sacred, the administration of justice is totally suspended, and even life is held by the uncertain tenure of the will of him who demands it.

To whatever causes these results may be attributable, or by whatever means they have been brought about, we can derive but little benefit now in discussing or rehearsing them. It is sufficient that we can all plainly see and realize the fact, that if

the existing disorder and confusion are permitted to continue, the certain and inevitable end will be absolute ruin to every substantial interest, and the total extinction of all our available resources.

We think we may safely assert that the productive personal property of the county, has already been diminished largely more than one half, and the prostration of business of every character is so complete, that Real Estate may be said to have no value at all affixed to it. The contest in which we are engaged is an unequal one, and our daily observation cannot but show us, that in the various influences which are brought to bear upon us, in the legitimate exercise of military power, and the irregular excesses that in civil war invariably grow out of it, together with its equally invariable consequent, subjection to irresponsible bands of marauders, we are literally "being ground between the upper and nether millstone."

Whatever may be the issue in other of the Southern States, we must be satisfied that in Missouri, at least, a further opposition to the power and authority of the Federal Government will be fruitless, and will result in nothing but disaster. Her essential value to the National Confederacy, arising from her central position and her great natural resources, is such, that all

the appliances of the Government will be used if necessary to enforce a continuance of her present relation. Surrounded as she is by free States upon three sides, with her borders at all times exposed, and accessible in every part by means of her great natural artery, and the railroads that radiate from St. Louis, to which point troops can be so easily transported from every part of the Northern area, it is the most utter fatuity, to suppose that we can maintain successful resistance. Shall we then persistently sacrifice our present and future prospects, and wilfully become our own destroyers? Let calm reflection take the place of impulsive feeling, and a sober and thoughtful triumph over a misdirected zeal.

If we have been misled by exciting appeals to our passions, or if we have been moved by the generous sympathies of our nature, to turn the channel of our thought and action in a wrong direction, it is not too late to retrace our steps. Notwithstanding the wasting deprivations that have fallen upon us, and notwithstanding the deserted habitations that everywhere meet our view, and the many hearthstones that have been made desolate, there is yet sufficient energy of recuperative power in our people

to "build again our waste places" and to again bring peace and gladness to our disturbed homes.

But if the scenes of the last summer are to be re-enacted, if we are again to be plunged in turmoil and confusion, who does not know, that the fertile fields of Jackson and adjacent counties will lie uncultivated, and their citizens, if any remain, be made to encounter in addition to the complicated miseries of this unnatural war, the dread horrors of famine, with perhaps pestilence in its train. It is true the productive means by which we may hope to recover our former prosperity are much exhausted, but is it not extreme madness, to continue the exhausting process until we have nothing left, and the whole community is engulfed in total bankruptcy?

If we can be once more assured of peace and quietness, the gloom and despondency which now paralyze every effort will vanish, and in the bounding elasticity of revived hope, we may soon amply repair the damage we have suffered.

We propose then Fellow Citizens, that forgetting past differences, and laying aside past animosities, we all assemble in Mass Meeting, in the City of Independence on

Sunday, 19th day of

April, 1862.

and renew our fealty to the Government by mutually pledging our faith to each other in the instrument hereto appended, which asks no higher obligation than that which every American citizen has heretofore been proud to acknowledge. We desire you to come in no half way spirit, and not unless you have determined to make this declaration with "pure hearts and clean hands."

It will not do to suppose there is no need of your individual presence that your neighbor will do, as well; but let the Farmer and the Mechanic, the Merchant, the Laborer and the Professional man alike come, for all are equally and vitally interested. If such a manifesta-

tion of our purpose is thus made, then will there no longer be any pretext or necessity for armed troops amongst us, and then will depredating bands and individuals go unpunished, under the overpowering influence of a united public sentiment, and the sanction of restored Law.

DECLARATION!

We the undersigned citizens of Jackson County, Missouri, desiring to make known to the Public Authorities and all others whom it may concern, our position in reference to the present deplorable civil strife in which our beloved country is involved, do not hesitate to declare

That whatever prejudices, feelings or opinions, may have temporarily swayed our judgments during the political excitements of the past, we are now fully assured, that the interest as well as the geographical position of our State, unites her indissolubly to the Federal Union established by our Fathers; and attached as we are to her soil, and by education and habit devoted to her institutions, we earnestly desire to share her destiny therein.

In harmony with the above declaration thus voluntarily made, we hereby solemnly pledge ourselves that we will give no countenance, aid or support, in any manner whatsoever to any persons, combinations of persons, or States, who are endeavoring by force of arms or otherwise, to overthrow the Government of the United States, or impair its constitutional authority within the limits of our State.

William McCoy
Samuel D Lucas
Wm L Bone
Jno Bryant
J P Henry

David Waldo
B F Wallace
J R Healy
Wm Chrisman
Wm Taylor

J C Riggs
John Landis
M W Miller
J M Frazier
P B Pollock
Robert Weston
Henry Buglar
J Brown Hovey
O G Cates
F F Yeager
A Farrar
T B Scruggs
John O'Kane
T Westmoreland
A L Beatty
Bryan Whitson
Henry Crump
J H Davis
M C Masters
N H Scruggs
B W Todd
Wm Ruffner
Ruben Wallace
Geo A Morris
H M McCarty
J Montgomery
Alex Tod
Jacob Martel
Jno O Buchanan
Wm Hill
Ben Basham
O R Gregg
O B L Booth
J H Francis
Harmon Gregg
Jesse Barnett
Noah McAlexander
Joab Barnett
Alex. McAlexander
O L Winn
J R Thomas
James A Willson
James Carr
E W Ryne
Jacob Gregg
G P Harding
A Joyce
J F Bownan
James H Barney

O H Cogswell
Alex Procter
E M Sea
Thos Hutchison
D R Taylor
Medley Shelton
R A Stone
O P W Bailey
T W Arnold
G R Hotsetpiller
Jhon R Swearingen
Wm Peacock
John H Taylor
Geo W Buchanan
Jno O Agnew
N B Stone
Jas Knowles
Jno J Armstrong
P McClunahan
H L Dodds
Jno M Robinson
W M Leftwich
David L Young
H K Dodgion
A A Meador
James McCormick
J A Lobb
Jesse Noland
Chas H Thornton
Wm Helloway
T A Barnes
Thomas J Tatum
Mathew Scott
Jeremiah Massie
O H Garner
Wm A Snodgrass
Samuel Steale
Ben Sharp
J Farmer
Wm Russell
O H Frick
John Ryan
R A Black
Lewis Seloy
G F Seloy
Henry Helum
John Montague
Barnet Snodgrass
Adam Litchford

Debate of April 22nd 1840

1078

Anonymous. *etc*

Endorsed by Logan Clark.

Having the witnesses
in cases of the Mitchells
Niece - and Miller
charged with the murder
of Andrew Ramsey.

Jedalia mo april 22nd 1862

Brig. Gen. Follen


Jefferson City Mo. --

In the case of Henry Mitchell, Jasper Mitchell, William Niece and -- Miller charged with the murder of Andrew Ramsey, late of Benton County Mo. The following persons can give important testimony -- 1st Miss Sarah Bowman, who was present at Mitchell's house when the party left; M^{rs} Mowmet, who saw them soon after and before the murder; M^{rs} Elizabeth Shobe who saw them at her own house before they went to Ramsey's; M^{rs} Ramsey, wife of the murdered man, a lady whose veracity is above suspicion; M^r Richard Minter, who saw them soon after the murder and had conversation with them; M^r Minter is an uncompromising union man; M^r Abram Hunt, also a union man of unquestionable integrity, who saw them after the murder; D^r Augustus Oberle who was a moderate secessionist, but has taken the oath, and in the judgment of union men who know him well, is a man of strict veracity, acting in good faith towards the government, he has sworn to

Support; Mr Alexander Mowmet, a staunch
union man, at present a member of Capt
Haverly's company, Col Phillips' reg. Mo. S. Mo.

Mrs Shobe now resides one mile from
Sedalia. Mrs Ramsey, since the death of
her husband, resides with Mr Hillbuck
near Warsaw Mo. Mr Mowmet will be found
with his company; The other witnesses all
live in White Township, Benton co. Mo.

Prompt and vigorous action in this
case with all the guilty parties, is neces-
-sary to save a quiet an unoffending Com-
-munity from what now bids fair to
be utter ruin. A general inquiry into
the doings of said Henry Mitchell and
others in the vicinity of Cole Camp Mo. would
doubtless elicit important facts. We ask
simply that we shall be protected from
violence - that justice shall be administered.
We can not believe that we shall ask
in vain -

Very respectfully


Geo Totten

Or see

I am personally acqu-
-ainted with the gentlemen who are sending
you the above communication and fully vouch
for them as loyal gentlemen upon whom you can rely.
Lozan Clark

Sedalia April 22^d 1862

Geo. R. Smith

Enclosing anonymous
communication and
endorsing the writers
thereof as staunch
Union men from the first
in whose every statement
all confidence can be
placed.

Citizens

Seattle 22^d April 1862

Friend L. Lottum,
Sipperson City MO

Dear Sir

Accompanying
This is a communication addressed to
you without a signature, the authenticity
of which you will at once understand.
The parties making the statement
are well known to me, you can
place the most implicit confidence
in any & every statement they have
made. If there is a case demanding
a rigid investigation the one they
write about is that one, Of course
I know nothing of the case, I only write
you to say the writers of the article are
gentlemen in the broadest sense of that
term, Union men of unquestioned loy-
alty from the beginning, and are promp-
-ted alone in their statement to protect un-
-fortunate citizens from the violence of the
-oppressors. I am ever very respectfully
Your most Obedt Servt G. B. Smith

Jefferson City Mo. Apr. 29th 1862

1077

W. H. Lusk
Citizens

Gives names and proclivities of men appointed as police by the County Court. The record shows that Capt. McKenzie (Cabel) has power to appoint additional police. It is believed by prominent Union citizens that this patrol is intended as a secret espionage over loyal men & support of state rebels.

Headquarters District of Central Mo.
Jefferson City Mo. Day 27 1862

Respectfully referred to the Brig. Genl. Comdg. M. S. M. with the request that the subject may be brought to the notice of the Federal and State authorities for their action in the case.

The undersigned respectfully represents that the evidence is conclusive that the names mentioned in the within communication by Mr. Lusk as rebels have been more or less active and in sympathy with the opponents of the Federal Government and Provisional Government of Missouri and that the Court which has appointed such men to such positions cannot be acting wisely and it is feared not in good faith to the authorities of the United States.

While instructions are received from the proper authorities the undersigned has this day issued an order prohibiting Captain McKenzie, Dixon Bolton, James Bolton, Robert Liefers, and Wm. A. Ferguson from exercising the functions of the offices to which they have been appointed by the county court being persuaded that such men should not at this time be permitted

to hold such offices whereby they exercise surveillance over Union men who have been always faithful to the established authorities.

J. E. Fother

Brig Genl

Comd District

H. C. S. M. Militia

May 13. 1862

The action of Brig Genl Fother in this case is approved. The propriety of also suspending the functions of the Court has been considered, but the action taken by Genl Fother is deemed sufficient for the present case. Further conduct of ~~the~~ similar nature will unquestionably result in the suspension of the Court.

J. W. Schofield
Brig Genl

Jefferson City Mo
29th April 1862

Col. P. E. Bland Comdg Post -

Colonel

The following are
the names and political sentiments of the police
appointed by our County Court viz;

James Mc Kenzie Capt Police & formerly Capt in Price's Army
Dixon Bolton formerly a private soldier in do do
James Bolton - Rebel -
Robert Crip politics unknown
John Crandall Union
Wm H Ferguson - Rebel

The record of the County
Court shows that Capt Mc Kenzie has power to
appoint other patrols at his discretion -

It is believed by the Union men of this com-
munity that this patrol is intended for a system
of secret espionage to have surveillance over union
men and to support and promote the influence of
prominent rebel in the community. Very Respectfully

W. H. Austin

1078

A 24

70
E

Washington
April 4th 1862

L. Thomas,
Adjutant General

Authorizing Ros. W.
Thomas and John Richay
to raise two Regts.
of loyal Indians. &c.

Rec'd 9/1/62

1877

But to Sweden
to Sweden

Adjutant General's Office,

Washington, April 4th 1862

Major General H. W. Halleck U. S. A
Commanding Department of the Mississippi
St Louis Mo. }

General:

The Secretary of War with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Interior has granted authority to Robert M. Furnas and John Richay Esqrs to raise two Regiments from such Loyal Indians as have been driven from their own Country into Kansas by other Indians in rebellion against the United States' Government. These Regiments are to be raised for the purpose of restoring their lands to the Loyal Indians and affording them protection while planting their crops.

The Colonels of these Regiments will report to you for instructions when their Commands shall

OPY

66

1