The Department of Mental Health (DMH) was officially established on July 1, 1974 as a cabinet-level state agency by the Omnibus State Government Reorganization Act; however, its functions date back to 1847. The department serves as the state’s mental health authority, establishing philosophy, policy and standards of care.

State law provides three principal missions for the department: 1) the prevention of mental disorders, developmental disabilities, substance abuse and compulsive gambling; 2) the treatment, habilitation and rehabilitation of Missourians who have those conditions; and 3) the improvement of public understanding and attitudes about mental disorders, developmental disabilities, substance abuse and compulsive gambling.

The vision for the Missouri Department of Mental Health is that “Missourians receiving mental health services will have the opportunity to pursue their dreams and live their lives as valued members of their communities.”

Missourians must know that mental illness is treatable, that persons with substance abuse problems can triumph over their addictions and that persons with developmental disabilities can be productive citizens and good neighbors in their communities.

Mental Health Commission

The commission, composed of seven members, appoints the director of the Department of Mental Health with confirmation of the Senate. Commissioners are appointed to four-year terms by the governor, again with the confirmation of the Senate. The commissioners serve as policy advisors to the department director. The commission, by law, must include an advocate of community mental health centers, a physician who is an expert in the treatment of mental illness, a physician concerned with developmental disabilities, a member with business expertise, an advocate of substance abuse treatment, a citizen who represents the interests of consumers of psychiatric services and a citizen who represents the interests of consumers of developmental disabilities services.

Mental Health Commission*

Leykam, Joann, chair, St. Charles;
Carter, Kathy, secretary, Four Seasons;
Roling, Steve, Kansas City;
Tesreau, Dennis, Herculaneum;
Thurston, Neva, Jefferson City;
Vlach, David L., M.D., member, Kansas City;
Vacancy (1)

*$100 per diem.

Office of the Director

The seven-member Missouri Mental Health Commission serves as the principal policy advisory body to the department director. The director’s duties include planning, supervising and evaluating the provision of services for Missourians with mental illness, developmental disabilities and addiction disorders. The Department of Mental Health (DMH) is composed of three program divisions: the Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services, the Division of Developmental Disabilities and the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse, as well as ten support services. In addition, six habilitation centers and 11 regional

Department of Mental Health (DMH) is composed of three program divisions: the Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services, the Division of Developmental Disabilities and the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse, as well as ten support services. In addition, six habilitation centers and 11 regional
centers serve individuals with developmental disabilities. Other services are purchased from a variety of privately operated programs statewide through approximately 2,500 contracts managed annually by DMH.

**Deputy Director**

The Office of the Deputy Director provides the leadership and direction for a variety of department-wide and statewide functions that support program operations and services to DMH consumers. These include supervisory responsibility for administrative services, human resources, deaf services, Office of General Counsel, and the investigations unit, which responds to consumer safety complaints as well as other special projects at the director’s discretion.

**General Counsel**

The Office of the General Counsel is responsible for providing legal advice and assistance for the department and its facilities and division offices in a variety of areas including: personnel and forensic litigation; rules and policy development; compliance with privacy, administration and coordination under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; and ensuring the provision of administrative due process hearings before the department hearings administrator.

**Administration**

The Office of Administration, headed by the department’s deputy director for administration, provides administrative and financial services to help the department achieve effective results. The Office of Administration includes the following units: 1) Budget and Finance, which develops and monitors the annual budget, oversees the legislative fiscal note process, provides expenditure oversight, and analyzes and compiles financial and other related reports; 2) Accounting, which oversees and monitors all funds, manages expenditures, administers grant funds, and prepares revenue fiscal summaries, financial and other related reports; 3) Purchasing and General Services, which establishes and administers contracts with private agencies or individuals to provide services in the community and is also responsible for various general services functions in the central office; 4) Reimbursements, which collects payments from private insurance, Medicaid and Medicare, and private pay for department services and coordinates revenue maximization activities; and 5) the Medicaid Office, which serves as the primary liaison with MO HealthNet on mental health issues and provides Medicaid guidance and support to all three program divisions.

**Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse**

The Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse was created in 1975 and established in statute in 1980 (§31.010, RSMo) as part of the Department of Mental Health, with responsibility for ensuring that quality alcohol and drug abuse prevention, evaluation, treatment and rehabilitation services are accessible to all Missourians.

The division provides services in four program areas: substance abuse prevention, substance abuse treatment, compulsive gambling counseling and the Substance Abuse Traffic Offenders Program. Services are delivered through a network of contracted providers. The division promotes access, quality treatment, accountability and consumer safety through its administrative standards and policies; ensures that its service providers are implementing evidence-based practices; monitors, evaluates and provides technical assistance to its network of providers; and collaborates with other state and federal agencies to stay abreast of the latest developments in the field and coordinate the delivery of services across multiple entities.

The impact of substance abuse is substantial—societal costs for Missouri are estimated at $7 billion annually. The average cost to treat a substance-addicted individual is $1,392 vs. a $16,000 cost to society if untreated. The impact is felt by individuals and families at all income levels. Addiction to alcohol or other drugs is a chronic condition that has no cure but can be treated through a range of services including intensive day treatment, outpatient services, medications and community support services. Recovery is a long-term process that is unique to each individual. Treatment is effective and far less costly to the state than the burden of substance abuse and addiction.

**Missouri Advisory Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse**

The Missouri Advisory Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse was established in state statute in 1980. The council serves as an advisory body to the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse on policy, prevention and treatment activities in the state of Missouri. The council is composed of up to 25 members appointed by the division director. Members have professional, research and/or personal interest in the delivery of substance abuse prevention and treatment services.

**Members**

Hammond, Robin, chair, St. Joseph;
Harris, Diana, vice chair, St. Louis;
Britt, Phillip, Kennett;
Brown, Dave, St. Joseph;
Brunening, Benjamin, Jefferson City;
Carter, Dana, Columbia;
Carter, Michael, Springfield;
Casey, Thomas, Richmond Heights;
Doherty, Stephen, St. Louis;
Eschmann, Theresa, Festus;
Flowers, Ladell, Kansas City;
Gardine, Cheryl, Maryland Heights;
Gibson, Marilyn, Springfield;
Hagens, Edgar, Springfield;
Hentges, Sandra, Jefferson City;
Jackson, Sandra, Poplar Bluff;
Johnson, Cliff, Farmington;
Johnston, Nancy, Kirksville;
Menzies, Percy, St. Louis;
Persky, Sylvia, Springfield;
Robinson, Crystal, Poplar Bluff;
Stueber, Cynthia, Fulton.
Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services

The Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services provides inpatient and residential services for children and adults at nine state-operated facilities. These include one children’s psychiatric hospital, one children’s residential treatment center and seven psychiatric hospitals serving adults who are suffering from severe and persistent mental illnesses, some of whom have been adjudicated by a criminal court as incompetent to stand trial or not guilty by reason of insanity. Two of the hospitals also serve individuals who have been civilly committed as sexual predators, as well as individuals from the Department of Corrections who are in need of psychiatric hospitalization. The majority of the inpatients served in these facilities are in need of long-term treatment in a hospital environment. Historically, such patients demonstrate substantial psychiatric symptoms, or patterns of high-risk behavior that triggers psychiatric instability associated with a significant potential for harm to self or others. Substance abuse and/or personality disorders are common complications, as is impairment in social role functioning and daily living skills. Many of the patients, particularly those with criminal involvement, are likely to have required multiple inpatient admissions with a demonstrable inability to be successful in community placement, even with enhanced community-based services and residential supports. All patients admitted require intensive treatment and psychosocial rehabilitation services to develop an adequate relapse prevention plan and to achieve the psychiatric stability necessary for discharge from hospital-based care and for safe and successful reintegration into the community.

The majority of the division’s services, however, are provided on an outpatient basis as part of its ongoing commitment to ensure community-based care. In pursuit of that goal, the division contracts with not-for-profit community mental health centers to provide services to persons with mental illness in each of its 25 geographic service areas. The agency responsibility for service provision in each area is designated as an administrative agent of the division. Within their service area, the administrative agents are responsible for screening, assessment, treatment planning and service delivery to eligible individuals, including adults, children, youth and their families. This includes responsibility for follow-up services to persons who have been discharged from state-operated inpatient services. The community mental health centers provide medication, individual and group therapy, case management and community psychiatric rehabilitation services, all designed to help the persons served better manage their psychiatric illness and to develop the skills and resources needed to recover valued roles, to fulfill their aspirations for work and social connection and to function successfully in the community. Many of the persons served are in need of residential treatment and supports in an integrated community environment, which are provided either directly by the administrative agents or through departmental contract with other residential providers. Living arrangements range from independent and clustered apartments to residential care facilities and individualized supported living environments.

Both the inpatient facilities and the community mental health centers are divided into five regions across the state: the Central, Eastern, Southeast, Southwest and Western regions. Each region is directed by a regional executive officer who oversees the chief operating officer at each facility and who coordinates outpatient care with the executive directors of the administrative agents within the region. During fiscal year 2010, the division provided inpatient services to 3,824 adults and 82 children; outpatient services (including residential) to 59,066 adults; and 16,052 supported community living services to 4,942 adults and 331 children.

State Advisory Council for Comprehensive Psychiatric Services

The State Advisory Council for Comprehensive Psychiatric Services was first established in 1977 by the governor’s executive order. Members are appointed by the director of the Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services. The council is composed of 25 members who advise and make recommendations on the development and coordination of a statewide interagency/interdepartmental system of care for children/youth with serious emotional disorders and persons with mental illness and their families. Council members are primary consumers, family members, service providers and state agency representatives. The council bylaws state the council will: 1) advise the division in the development of models of services, long-range planning and budgeting priorities; 2) identify statewide needs, gaps in services and movement toward filling gaps; 3) provide education and information about mental health issues; and 4) monitor, evaluate and review the adequacy and adequacy of mental health services within the state.

The state of Missouri is committed to ensuring the voice and perspective of mental health consumers and their families inform the provision of mental health services throughout the state. The council has played an active role in developing and fulfilling this commitment. Examples of council activities include initiating the certified peer specialist process and consumer/family monitoring of treatment providers, participating in mental health transformation activities and educating communities on mental health issues.

Members

Anderson, Barbara, Eastern Region; Bussabarger, Mary Lou, Central Region; Charles, Bruce, Central Region; Chase, Stewart, Western Region; Clements, Lisa, Social Services & Medicaid; Cushing, Heather, Eastern Region; Earil, Sarah, Eastern Region; Betty K. Farley, Central Region; Giovannetti, Scott, Mental Health; Greening, Andrew, Eastern Region; Hagar-Mace, Liz, Housing; Harper, John, Vocational Rehabilitation; Hawkins, Robert, Eastern Region; Johnson, Jessica, Vice Chair, Central Region; Markway, Dr. Gregory, Criminal Justice; McDowell Mickie, Chair, Southern Region;
The Center for Behavioral Medicine (CBM), formerly known as Western Missouri Mental Health Center, opened in 1966 after legislation authorized state operation of community mental health centers in St. Louis, Columbia and Kansas City.

The center’s 65-bed inpatient care and 68 residential beds serve greater Kansas City, including the counties of Jackson, Johnson, Cass, Lafayette, Clay, Platte and Ray. The facility, accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO), is certified by the Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services.

Through affiliation with several academic institutions, including the University of Missouri–Kansas City, CBM provides training for students in psychiatry, clinical psychology, psychiatric social work, psychiatric nursing and activity therapy. CBM moved into a new facility in January 2004.

Cottonwood Residential Treatment Center
1025 N. Sprigg
Cape Girardeau 63701
Telephone: (573) 290-5888 / TT: (573) 290-5293
www.dmh.mo.gov/cottonwood

Cottonwood is a 32-bed residential treatment center designed to meet the emotional and mental health needs of seriously emotionally disturbed children and adolescents, ages six to 17. Children served include those with diagnoses of mild mental retardation in addition to severe emotional disturbance.

The trauma informed treatment center, which opened in 1987, provides intensive residential programming for children who are unable to be successfully maintained in the community and have behavioral and emotional problems. The program focuses on developing the skills necessary to successfully return the child to family and community.

Fulton State Hospital
600 E. Fifth St.
Fulton 65251
Telephone: (573) 592-4100 / FAX: (573) 592-3000
TT: (573) 592-3498
www.dmh.mo.gov/fulton

Fulton State Hospital, authorized in 1847 and opened in 1851, is the oldest public mental health facility west of the Mississippi River. The hospital is certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and has been accredited by JCAHO since 1984.

The 341-bed hospital provides inpatient adult psychiatric services, including treatment and psychosocial rehabilitation for forensic patients and other patients requiring long-term inpatient care. The term “forensic” is used to describe individuals who are charged with a crime and have been committed to the Department of Mental Health by a circuit court for either a pretrial or presentence evaluation, for restoration of competence to stand trial or as a result of an adjudication of Not Guilty by Reason of Mental Disease or Defect (NGRI). Specifically, the hospital serves: 1) patients from the entire state of Missouri who require hospitalization in maximum and intermediate security settings; 2) individuals who have been committed to the Department of Mental Health as sexually violent predators; and 3) forensic patients with developmental disabilities who are able to reside in a minimum-security setting.

Fulton has Missouri’s only maximum and intermediate security units. The 201-bed Biggs Forensic Center provides treatment for individuals who have committed major offenses or those whose behavior in other settings demonstrates a need for a maximum-security setting. Included is a program run in cooperation with the Department of Corrections (DOC) to provide acute mental health services for inmates from DOC and for jail detainees across the state whose charges or behavior require maximum security.

The 91-bed Guhleman Forensic Center offers an intermediate security environment for former Biggs patients to progress toward increased liberty and responsibility. In addition, it provides a security setting for individuals whose charges or behavior do not require maximum security, but are nonetheless in need of a higher level of security than is available in other inpatient settings.

A 24-bed Sexual Offender Rehabilitation and Treatment Services program serves individuals committed to the Department of Mental Health as sexually violent predators. Another 24-bed program serves developmentally disabled patients on forensic commitments who can be safely treated within a minimum-security setting.

The hospital has a training affiliation with the University of Missouri’s Department of Psychiatry. In addition, it provides training experience to students from various clinical disciplines, including nursing, social work and occupational therapy, and an internship and fellowship program in psychology.

Hawthorn Children’s Psychiatric Hospital
1901 Pennsylvania Ave.
St. Louis 63133
Telephone: (314) 512-7800 / FAX: (314) 512-7812
www.dmh.mo.gov/hcph/

Hawthorn Children’s Psychiatric Hospital provides inpatient and residential psychiatric treatment services for severely emotionally disturbed children and adolescents, ages six to 17. The hospital serves residents of Missouri.

Hawthorn has been a freestanding child psychiatric facility in St. Louis County since 1989. The hospital is accredited by JCAHO and certified for federal Medicaid reimbursement. The 26-acre campus consists of a main building and five cottages that can house 60 psychiatric treatment beds. Hawthorn currently maintains 28 inpatient and 24 residential treatment beds.

Youth admitted to Hawthorn are provided comprehensive mental health treatment services designed to address their psychiatric, psychological, social, educational, vocational and recreational needs. The treatment programs rely on evidence-based practices and deliver services in a trauma-informed milieu. As a service to the community, Hawthorn also provides mental health information and consultation regarding the treatment of children and adolescents. The hospital serves as a training facility for a wide range of mental health professionals. Hawthorn also participates fully with other community agencies in the planning and development of mental health services for the children in the community.
Metropolitan St. Louis Psychiatric Center (MPC) is a 50-bed Medicare-certified Forensic Psychiatric Hospital operated by the Department of Mental Health of the state of Missouri. The facility provides forensic evaluations and inpatient competency restoration services to residents of the 61 counties of the eastern half of Missouri. The Forensic Pretrial Program at MPC is composed of two units: The inpatient Competency Restoration Service and the Forensic Evaluation Service.

The purpose of the inpatient Competency Restoration Service is to restore competency for those individuals who have been committed by the courts to the Department of Mental Health as incompetent to stand trial. Criminal defendants are found incompetent to stand trial when a major mental illness, cognitive disorder or mental retardation causes the defendant to lack the capacity to understand the legal proceedings against him/her or to be unable to assist the attorney in his/her defense. The Competency Restoration Service provides state-of-the-art psychiatric treatment and psychosocial interventions to restore defendants to competency to proceed to trial. Interventions include: 1) stabilization of Axis I disorders that result in the defendant being found incompetent to stand trial; 2) in-depth education regarding court-related terminology and procedures; 3) modification of faulty beliefs about the legal system and the individual’s mental illness; and 4) individual or group interventions to assist the defendant in applying what is learned to that person’s case. For those defendants who return to the community, thorough discharge planning takes into account the client’s treatment needs and the public safety.

The Forensic Evaluation Service serves the courts of Missouri by providing comprehensive, court-ordered evaluations regarding various legal issues. The most common court-ordered evaluation addresses competency to stand trial. Questions of the mental state of a defendant at the time of an alleged crime are evaluated, including criminal responsibility (insanity), diminished capacity and battered spouse syndrome. Risk assessments and other evaluations are conducted on defendants whose probation has been revoked to assist the courts in determining the best sentencing options. Finally, persons detained under the sexual predator act are evaluated to determine if they meet the definition of a sexually violent predator. Most evaluations are done on an outpatient basis either at MPC or at a jail, while some are conducted on an inpatient basis to gather additional data when challenging diagnostic questions or malingering of mental illness are raised. The Forensic Evaluation Service conducts between 180 and 200 evaluations per year, though the redesign of the service areas means that this number will grow.

Northwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center

3505 Frederick Ave.
St. Joseph 64506
Telephone: (816) 387-2300 / FAX: (816) 387-2329
TT: (816) 387-2300
www.dmh.mo.gov/nmprc

Northwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center (NMPRC) provides inpatient psychiatric treatment and rehabilitation to adults (18 years and older) who are considered persistently mentally ill and who are in need of hospital-based treatment and rehabilitation.

The facility covers eight service areas in coordination with the regional mental health centers, private service providers and other Department of Mental Health (DMH) facilities. NMPRC operates under the authority of the Missouri DMH and provides inpatient psychiatric treatment, rehabilitation, and forensic services.

The hospital opened as State Lunatic Asylum No. 2 in November 1874 on land east of St. Joseph. The capacity ranged from 250 beds to nearly 3,000 in the 1950s, and the name was changed to St. Joseph State Hospital. Over the years, downsizing occurred with the advent of better treatment options and emphasis on returning patients to the community.

In 1997, St. Joseph State Hospital was replaced with the current facility and renamed Northwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center (NMPRC). NMPRC currently provides 108 beds for adult psychiatric patients age 18 and older. Three wings—Carver, Lincoln and Twain—have 20 beds each and are designated as minimum security. Six cottages with eight beds each are designated as open campus security.

Within NMPRC there are three 20-bed coed wings (Lincoln, Carver and Twain) and six eight-bed cottages (1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11), for a combined total of 108 beds. All three wings serve as the entry point for patients transferring from the jail setting, acute care hospitals and other DMH psychiatric hospitals for psychiatric treatment and rehabilitation. Included are individuals who are committed under Chapter 552, RSMo, for pretrial evaluation and restoration to competency to stand trial as Not Guilty by Reason of Mental Disease or Defect (NGRI), for individuals whose conditional release has been revoked; transfers from other psychiatric facilities and forensic patients returning from conditional release, either voluntarily or by revocation. Six eight-bed coed cottages are designed to prepare patients for a community-living-type environment in which individuals learn and practice those critical skills necessary to be successful in their community. Patients are expected to take responsibility for their own actions and recovery as they make more choices in their lives while living in a structured, secure and supportive setting. Two cottages are aligned with each wing to form treatment teams.

NMPRC is fully accredited by JCAHO and one unit (Twain) is CMS certified as a distinct part unit.

Crisis access to the mental health system is through the appropriate geographic Community Mental Health Center, which assesses the patient for services and, if appropriate, refers for possible admission to a local hospital’s acute mental health unit. After a stay of usually seven to 28 days (with exceptions for civil and criminal court commitment), in an acute mental health unit, patients can be referred to Northwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center for ongoing hospital treatment.

St. Louis Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center

5300 Arsenal St.
St. Louis 63139
Telephone: (314) 877-6500 / FAX: (314) 877-5982
www.dmh.mo.gov/slprc

St. Louis Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center (formerly known as St. Louis State Hospital), originally founded in 1869, is a 196-bed facility providing care, treatment and rehabilitation for adults with mental illness. SLPRC is a minimum-security facility serving the eastern region of Missouri.

The facility currently accepts those persons in need of forensic psychiatric services and psychiatric services for severe and persistent mental illness. The staff of the center provides a variety of intensive psychosocial rehabilitation programs that...
facilitate a return to independent living within the community while preserving public safety.

The St. Louis Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center continues to maintain its accreditation from the JCAHO, receiving its most recent accreditation in 2009.

**Southeast Missouri Mental Health Center**

1010 W. Columbia
Farmington 63640
Telephone: (573) 218-6792 / FAX: (573) 218-6703
www.dmh.mo.gov/southeast

Southwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center opened clinical operations at the new location in 1997. The facility also maintains a location at 2201 N. Elm in Nevada, for business, regional supported community living and forensic case monitoring operations. The clinical facility provides inpatient psychosocial rehabilitation services for individuals at least 18 years of age and older. Southwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center is a 16-bed facility that is a regional backup program. The Distinct Part Hospital is a Medicare certified program. The facility provides services to areas 8, 9 and 10 in the 21 counties that makeup the Southwest region.

Administrative agents are the entry and exit points for all DMH-funded psychiatric services in the Southwest region. Each administrative agent manages admissions and discharges through bed assignments at Southwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center. The facility maintains partnering relationships with the Community Mental Health Centers in order to offer a continuous treatment model designed to facilitate person-directed recovery and full community membership for individuals who receive the services of the Southwest regional system. This requires that administrative agents be given control of the use of their bed assignments at the facility.

**Division of Developmental Disabilities**

The Division of Developmental Disabilities (DD), established in 1974, serves persons with developmental disabilities such as mental retardation, cerebral palsy, head injuries, autism, epilepsy and certain learning disabilities. Such conditions must have occurred before age 22 with the expectation that they will continue. To be eligible for services from the division, persons with these disabilities must have substantial functional limitations in two or more of the following six areas of major life activities: self-care, receptive and expressive language development and use, learning, self-direction, capacity for independent living or economic self-sufficiency and mobility.

The division’s focus is on improving the lives of persons with developmental disabilities and their families through programs, supports and services to enable persons with developmental disabilities to live independently and productively. In 1988, the division began participation in the Medicaid home- and community-based waiver program designed to help expand needed services throughout the state.

Specialized services are either provided directly or purchased through contracts by 17 entities operated by the division. The division’s 11 regional offices are the primary points of entry into and exit from the system. The regional offices determine eligibility, provide service coordination and work with individuals and families, and contract with SB40 boards (local county boards for mentally retarded and developmentally disabled adults founded by Mentally Retarded Citizens of Missouri in 1968), Affiliated Community Service Providers (ACSP) and private providers for the provision of a comprehensive array of services in the following areas: Albany, Central Missouri, Hannibal, Joplin, Kansas City, Kirksville, Poplar Bluff, Rolla, Silkstone, Springfield and St. Louis. There are also six state operated habilitation centers: Bellefontaine Habilitation Center, Higginson Habilitation Center, Marshall Habilitation Center, Nevada Habilitation Center, Southeast Missouri Residential Services, and St. Louis Develop-
mental Disabilities Treatment Center, which primarily provide residential care and habilitation services to persons who are medically and behaviorally challenged or court committed. All habilitation centers are Title XIX certified as Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICF/MR).

State and Regional Planning and Advisory Councils

The Missouri Planning Council for Developmental Disabilities was created in 1971 under federal legislation. The council’s federal mandate is to plan, advocate for and give advice concerning programs and services for persons with developmental disabilities that will increase their opportunities for independence, productivity and integration into communities. The council also serves, under Missouri statute, as the Missouri Advisory Council on Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, providing advice to the division and the division director. The council consists of up to 25 members, which are appointed by the governor.

Additionally, Missouri statute allows the director of the division of DD to establish Regional Developmental Disabilities Advisory Councils in any of the regions of the state to advise and participate in the development of regional plans of programs and support and services for persons with developmental disabilities. The regional councils may have up to 20 members who reside in the region and serve staggered three-year terms. The division director appoints the regional council members.

Missouri Planning Council for Developmental Disabilities

Briscoe, Stephanie, chair, Lathrop; Bonney, Paula, Waynesville; Brewer, Michael, Jefferson City; Dillender, Wendy, Columbia; Dowell, Dale, Mexico; Eckles, Susan, St. Louis; Enfield, Cathy, Independence; Harper, John, Jefferson City; Hoffmeiser, Michelle, Farmington; McKim, Jackie, Jefferson City; McVeigh, Tom, Kansas City; Nelson, Allen, Bolivar; Niemeyer, Brenda, Edina; Ohrenberg, Mark, Columbia; Riggs, Doug, Kirkwood; Stahlberg, Kit, Fredericktown; Swinnie, Jackie, Baldwin; Valdes, Theresa, Jefferson City; Welch, Petrice, Kansas City; Willard, Diana, Joplin; Williams, Sharon, Lee’s Summit.

Habilitation Centers

http://dmh.mo.gov/dd/facilities/habcenters.htm

Bellefontaine Habilitation Center
10695 Bellefontaine Rd., St. Louis 63137
Telephone: (314) 340-6000

Higginsville Habilitation Center
100 W. First St., Higginsville 64037
Telephone: (660) 584-2142

Marshall Habilitation Center
PO Box 190, Marshall 65340
Telephone: (660) 886-2201

Nevada Habilitation Center
2323 N. Ash, Nevada 64772
Telephone: (417) 667-7833

Sikeston
PO Box 966, 112 Plaza Dr., Sikeston 63801
Telephone: (573) 472-5305

Southeast Missouri Residential Services Poplar Bluff
2351 Kanell Blvd., Poplar Bluff 63902
Telephone: (573) 840-9370

St. Louis Developmental Disabilities Treatment Centers

Administrative Offices
11 Brady Circle, St. Louis 63114
Telephone: (314) 877-1624

Northwest Habilitation Center
11 Brady Circle, St. Louis 63114
Telephone: (314) 877-5650

South County Habilitation Center
2312 Lemay Ferry Rd., St. Louis 63125
Telephone: (314) 894-5400

St. Charles Habilitation Center
22 Marr Ln., St. Charles 63303
Telephone: (636) 926-1300

Regional Offices

http://dmh.mo.gov/dd/facilities/

Albany Regional Office
809 N. 13th St., Albany 64402
Telephone: (660) 726-5246

Central Missouri Regional Office
1500 Vandiver Dr., Ste. 100, Columbia 65202
Telephone: (573) 882-9835

Hannibal Regional Office
805 Clinic Rd., PO Box 1108, Hannibal 63401
Telephone: (573) 248-2400

Joplin Regional Office
3600 E. Newman Rd., Joplin 64802
Telephone: (417) 629-3020
TOM SINCLAIR
Director
Albany Regional Office

WENDY DAVIS
Director, Central Missouri Regional Office

LOIS WARREN
Director, Hannibal Regional Office

MATT FERGUSON
Director, Joplin Regional Office

AMANDA CADE
Director, Kansas City Regional Office

LINDA BOWERS
Director, Kirksville Regional Office

KIM CRITES
Director, Poplar Bluff Regional Office

JENNIFER O’DAY
Director, Rolla Regional Office

TERRY REGENOLD
Director, Sikeston Regional Office

KATHELEEN FEATHERSTONE
Director, Springfield Regional Office

SUELENN WHITE
Director, St. Louis County Regional Office

TERRY REGENOLD
Director, Kirksville Regional Office

KATHLEEN FEATHERSTONE
Director, Springfield Regional Office

JULIA HILLYER
Director, St. Louis Regional Tri-County Office

JENNIFER O’DAY
Director, Central Missouri Regional Office

TERRY REGENOLD
Director, Sikeston Regional Office

KATHLEEN FEATHERSTONE
Director, Springfield Regional Office

JULIA HILLYER
Director, St. Louis Regional Tri-County Office

383 EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS — DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH

Kansas City Regional Office
821 E. Admiral Blvd., Kansas City 64106
Telephone: (816) 889-3400

Kirkville Regional Office
1702 E. LaHarpe, Kirksville 63501
Telephone: (660) 785-2500

Poplar Bluff Regional Office
2351 Kanell Blvd., Poplar Bluff 63901
Telephone: (573) 840-9300

Rolla Regional Office
105 Fairgrounds Rd., PO Box 1098, Rolla 65402
Telephone: (573) 368-2200

Sikeston Regional Office
112 Plaza Dr., Sikeston 63801
Telephone: (573) 472-5300

Springfield Regional Office
1515 E. Pythian, Springfield 65801
Telephone: (417) 895-7400

St. Louis County Regional Office
9900 Page Ave., Suite 106, St. Louis 63132
Telephone: (314) 877-2711

St. Louis Tri-County Regional Office
Wainwright Bldg., 111 N. 7th St., 6th Floor, St. Louis 63101
Telephone: (314) 244-8800